



What's New In the IBM Problem Determination Tools

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Agenda

- What are the IBM Problem Determination Tools
- Ongoing Enhancements
- Application Performance Analyzer Enhancements
- File Manager Enhancement
- Fault Analyzer Enhancements
- Debug Tool Enhancements
- New Fault Analyzer COBOL Explorer
- Debug Tool IMS Private Message Region Creation and Dynamic rerouting of transactions.



IBM Problem Determination Tools for z/OS (PD Tools)



Application Performance Analyzer for 7/0S

Identify performance and response time problems. Assists in reducing resource consumption.

Fault Analyzer for z/OS

Abend analysis at source-level to speed up problem analysis.

Debug Tool for z/OS

Interactive program debugging to monitor and control the execution of application programs on z/OS, COBOL modernization, code coverage

File Manager for z/OS

Advanced editor, viewer, and z/OS data handling utilities to work with data sets, DB2, IMS, CICS, MQ, and HFS files

IBM Problem Determination Tools Modernization Solution Pack

Workload Simulator for z/OS & OS/390

HourGlass

Data Set Commander (formerly IPT)

Migration Utility



✓ Choice of User Interfaces (3270, Eclipse, CICS, Web)



ISPF interface

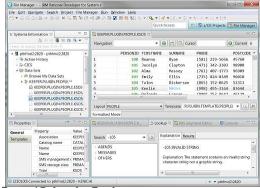
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000005		Ted Dext	er		3327			60250		14
000006		Roddy Ar	mstrong		5683		34	77000		28
000007		Cliff Ro	berts		2265			100000		44
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000010		Dan Pete	rs.		4479			63000		38
000011		John Law			3422			46750		14
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F1=He	lp:	F2=Zoom	F3=Exit	F4=	CRetri	ev:	F5=F	Find	F6=RCh	ange
F7=Up		F8=Down	F9=Swap	F10=	Left	F	11=F	light	F12=Can	cel

- •PD Tools can be used in a variety of environments and interfaces, because we recognise that you work with heterogeneous environments with a diverse workforce.
- ISPF interface is still the most commonly used interface for most products.
- Our IPV technology allows us to display ISPF-like panels under CICS. This enables usage of FA and FM functionality directly from CICS environment without switching to ISPF environment.
- Eclipse interface is available for all products. Integrates with seamlessly with IBM's key Eclipse-based products (RDz, CICS Expolorer and others).
- Browser interface is available for Fault Analyzer.

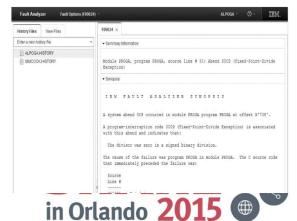
CICS interface



3. Eclipse interface



Browser interface



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Implementation of GUIs made Simple!



Simplicity

- ■PD Tools GUIs (FM, FA, APA, DT) talk to a single PD Tools Common Server address space
- ■PD Tools Studio: All PD Tools GUIs package together including z/OS Explorer
- ■You can integrate into RDz or CICS Explorer or IMS Explorer or your own Eclipse for Development.
- Select capabilities you need from a single update site.



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Choice of interfaces supports varying developer skills



- Reusing mainframe application assets requires expertise in both traditional and new zOS technologies
- To maximize productivity:
 - Some developers may prefer traditional interfaces
 - Others prefer GUIs
- Use common Eclipse-based tooling across multiple platforms and languages
 - GUIs can reduce training costs, and provide a more familiar environment for developers with experience on environments other than z/OS



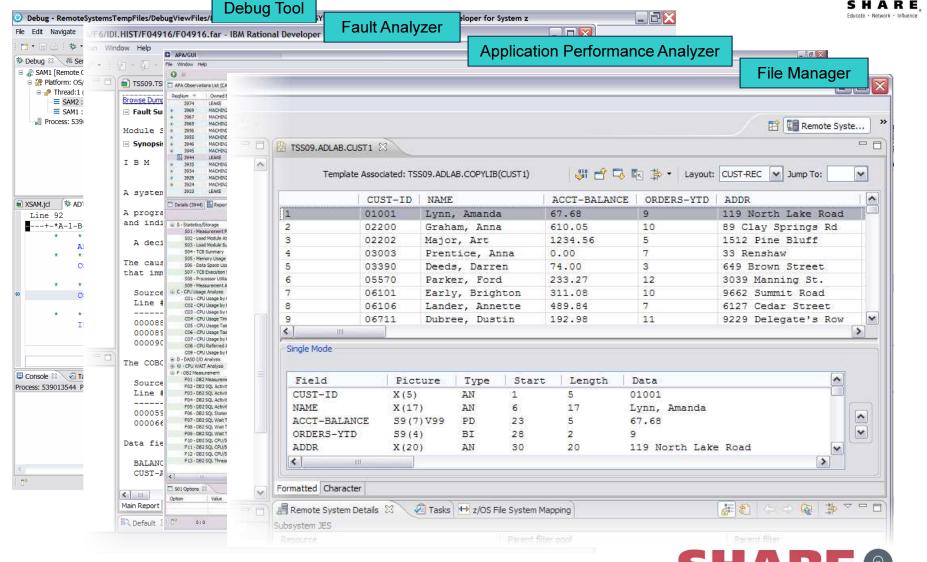




Graphical user interfaces for PD Tools



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PD Tools GUIs are Eclipse plug-ins

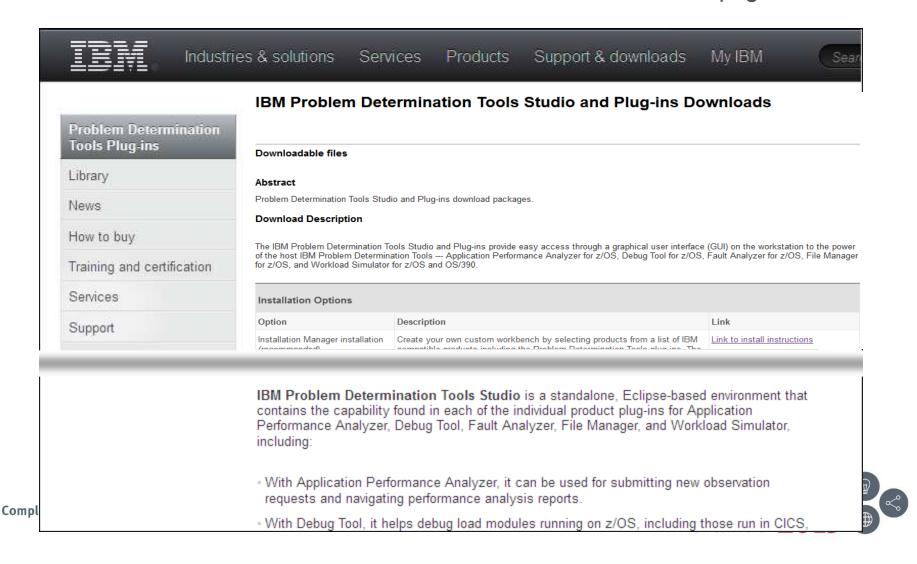


- The graphical interfaces are plug-ins for Eclipse platforms, such as:
 - The PD Tools Studio
 - Rational Developer for System z (RDz)
 - CICS Explorer
 - IMS Explorer
- If you do not already have RDz or other Eclipse software installed on your workstation:
 - Install the PD Tools Studio
 - It is a free download from IBM
 - It is a complete Eclipse environment, with the PD Tools plug-ins already installed
- If you are already using an Eclipse platform, you can:
 - 1. Install the PD Tools GUI plug-ins into your favorite Eclipse
 - The plug-ins are available as new perspectives and views after they are added
 - 2. Or, install the PD Tool Studio separately
 - Your original Eclipse platform is unchanged, and you can use the PD Tools
 Studio as a completely separate Eclipse environment

PD Tools Studio free download



- www.ibm.com/software/awdtools/deployment/pdtplugins/
- Download and follow the installation instructions on the download page

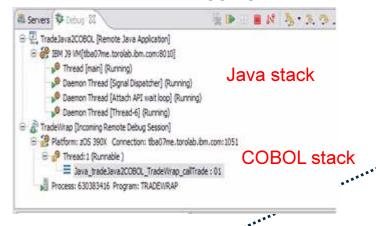


Java on z/OS? It's real – Mobile, SOA, batch,

modernization...

Debugging legacy and Java workload together – stepping through both programs smoothly.

Debugging



Understand WAS resource consumption and WAS initiated workload together – reports call count, response time and more for CICS DPL calls and DB2 SQL calls.

Performance Analysis



Abend analysis involving mixed legacy and Java workload



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NEW

✓ Day 1 support for upgrades of of z Systems hardware, z/OS, languages and middleware



- IBM z13 hardware and z/OS V2.1
 - Support for all new compilers that exploits z13 hardware.
- Enterprise COBOL V5.2 and V5.1 compilers
 - Support for the latest compiler advancements.
 - Direct support for the new DWARF format side file.
- CICS Transaction Server V5.2
 - PD Tools support CICS TS V5.2 environment.
 - Exploitations of the key CICS TS V5.2 enhancements (eg. Support for "applications").
 - Support for CICS TS V5.3 Open Beta program.
- Enhancements in support of major languages and subsystems
 - Enterprise PL/I V4.5 and z/OS XL C/C++ V2.1 compilers
 - DB2 11 for z/OS
 - IMS 13 Transaction and Database Servers
 - WebSphere Application Server for z/OS V8.5
 - WebSphere MQ for z/OS V8.0



Upgrade example... SIMD (Single Instruction Multiple Data) A new instruction set with z13



Operate on multiple data-elements (vectors) simultaneously

Can offer dramatic speed-up to data-parallel operations. For COBOL and PL/I we can speed up some string operations

Vector registers are 128-bits wide and can be used to operate concurrently on:

- Sixteen 8-bit characters
- Four 32-bit integer values
- Two 64-bit floating point values
- Four 32-bit floating point values
- Etc

a[i]	a[i+1]	a[i+2]	a[i+3]
		+	
b[i]	b[i+1]	b[i+2]	b [i+3]
c[i]	c[i+1]	c[i+2]	c[i+3]

```
## descriptions in the SIMD loop

//SISD C example, adding two arrays

for (i=0;i<128;i++)

{
    c[i] = a[i] + b[i];
    vec_add(c[i*4], a[i*4], b[i*4]);
    }
```





- INSPECT TALLYING counts characters in a string
- INSPECT REPLACING replaces characters in a string

Sample code:

```
WORKING-STORAGE SECTION.

01 VARS.

02 STR PIC X(255).

02 C PIC 9(5) COMP-5 VALUE 0.

PROCEDURE DIVISION.

MOVE ALL 'abc def ghi jkl ' TO STR

PERFORM 100000000 TIMES

INSPECT STR TALLYING C FOR ALL ' '

END-PERFORM

GOBACK
```

30 times faster 97% less CPU



INSPECT TALLYING/REPLACING



```
LHI R0,0xff

XR R1,R1

LA R12,152(,R8) # STR

L1: EQU *

CLI 0(,R12),X'40'

JNOP L2

LA R1,1(,R1)

L2: EQU *

LA R12,1(,R12)

BRCT R0,L1

A R1,407(,R8) # C

ST R1,407(,R8) # C
```

Timing (100 million times in a loop)

V5.1: 46.63 cpu seconds V5.2: 1.54 cpu seconds

```
V5.2 -- ARCH(11)
    LHI R0,0xfe
    XR R1,R1
                           # STR
    LA R12,152(,R8)
    VREPIB VRF27,0x40
    VGBM VRF25,0x0
L1: EQU *
    VLL VRF24,R0,0(,R12)
    AHI R12,0x10
    VCEQB VRF24, VRF24, VRF27
    AHI R0,0xfff0
    VLCB VRF24, VRF24
    VAB VRF25, VRF25, VRF24
    JNL L1
    VGBM VRF26,0x0
    VSUMB VRF25, VRF25, VRF26
    VSUMOF VRF25, VRF25, VRF26
    VLGVG R1, VRF25, 1(,R1)
    A R1,407(,R8)
                           # C
    ST R1,407(,R8)
```



Decimal Floating Point



 Packed Decimal (COMP-3) data items convert directly from/to DFP (decimal floating point)

Sample code:

```
WORKING-STORAGE SECTION.

01 VARS.

02 A PIC S9(25) Packed-Decimal VALUE +1234567890123456789012345.

02 B PIC S9(25) Packed-Decimal VALUE +2468097531246809753124680.

02 C PIC S9(25) Packed-Decimal VALUE 0.

PROCEDURE DIVISION.

PERFORM 100000000 TIMES

DIVIDE A BY B GIVING C

END-PERFORM

V5.1: 2.53 cpu seconds

V5.2: 1.65 cpu seconds
```



Using new instructions for Decimal Floating Point



```
V5.1 -- ARCH(10)
XGR R0,R0
ICMH R0,X'1',152(,R8)
                          # A
                          # A
L R0,153(,R8)
LG R1,157(,R8)
                          # A
CXSTR FP0,R0
XGR RO, RO
ICMH R0,X'1',165(,R8)
                          # B
                          # B
L R0,166(,R8)
LG R1,170(,R8)
                           # B
CXSTR FP1,R0
DXTR FP4:FP6,FP0:FP2,FP1:FP3
FIXTR FP0:FP2,9,FP4:FP6
CSXTR R0:R1,0,FP0:FP2
STCMH R0,X'1',178(,R8)
                          # C
ST R0,179(,R8)
                          # C
STG R1,183(,R8)
                           # C
ZAP 178(13,R8),178(13,R8) # C
```

```
V5.2 -- ARCH(11)
```

```
CXPT FP0:FP2,152(13,R8),0x8

CXPT FP1:FP3,165(13,R8),0x8

DXTR FP4:FP6,FP0:FP2,FP1:FP3

FIXTR FP0:FP2,9,FP4:FP6

CPXT FP0:FP2,178(13,R8),0x9
```

Timing (100 million times in a loop)

V5.1 : 2.53 cpu seconds V5.2 : 1.65 cpu seconds

36% less CPU



✓ Enterprise COBOL V5.1 and 5.2 Support



- Enterprise COBOL V5.2
- Includes all enhancements delivered in COBOL V5.1 PTFs
- Provides Day 1 support for z13 processor
 - -Expanded use of Decimal Floating Point for PACKED-DECIMAL data
 - -Uses new SIMD instructions for **INSPECT TALLYING or** RFPI ACING statements
- Improves Application Performance
 - -Well-structured, compute intensive applications running on z13 have shown CPU reduction up to 14%
 - (compared with COBOL v5.1 on **ZEC12)**

- •The new DWARF format side file of COBOL V5.1 brings a significant advantage
 - -Program information required for problem diagnosis is stored in the same member as the load module
 - -Simper management of side files it is no longer necessary to maintain load modules and matching side files in separate libraries
 - -It eliminates the possibility of side file mismatch
 - –No performance penalty for selecting the DWARF option, DWARF information is not loaded into storage while program executes normally. It is only read from when it is needed by PD Tools
- •This new DWARF format is used by:
 - -Debug Tool
 - -Fault Analyzer
 - -Application Performance Analyzer
- •All PD Tools support new z13 hardware instructions exploited by the compiler.
- •File Manager for z/OS continues to support COBOL V5.1 level COPYBOOKs.

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PD Tools Exploitation

¹ Results are based on an internal compute-intensive test suite. Performance results from other applications may vary

✓ Automatic Binary Optimizer for z/OS Open Beta Support



- Standalone Optimization Technology based on Enterprise COBOL V5
 - -Automatically performs optimization for existing programs without recompiling the source program
- Value To Clients
 - -Increase performance of business critical applications
 - -IBM internal benchmarks show performance averaging > 20% over already optimized COBOL benchmarks
 - -Requires no source recompiling or intensive performance options tuning
 - -Initial support planned for COBOL but technology can be extended to benefit PL/I and C/C++ applications
- •Supports programs compiled by COBOL compiler V3 and V4. Investigating support for OS/VS COBOL and VS COBOL II.

PD Tools Support

- FA can analyze abends in Optimus optimised programs and offer source level reporting
- APA can report performance with source mapping
- DT: planned support for debugging of Optimus optimized programs, with some limitations



existing COBOL module: base (e.g. COBOL V4)





optimized COBOL module: latest (e.g. z13) instructions and latest optimization technology

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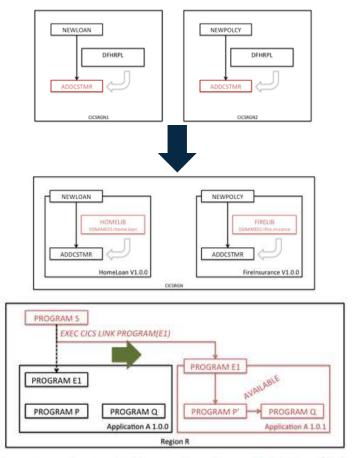
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✓ CICS TS V5.2 Exploitation and CICS TS V5.3 Open Beta



CICS Multi-Versioning

 Increased operational efficiency – reducing # of CICS regions

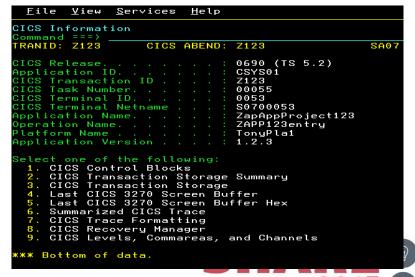


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•Debug Tool supports CICS multiversioning through DTCN remote plug-in.

Application	
Platform Name:	
Application Name:	
Operation Name:	
Application Version:	

•Fault Analyzer reports the application information.



Problem Determination Tools V13.1 Highlights



Key focus on Optimization and Modernization

PD Tools capabilities are continued to be enhanced to meet the requirements of problem diagnosis scenarios in the mainframe operating environments today and future. We are continuing to invest in supporting 3270 terminal based users while we are making significant improvements for Eclipse-based graphical user interface (aka PD Tools Studio) for those who are taking advantage of modern integrated development environment.

Simplification

Continuing to simplify the deployment of our products. With PD Tools V13.1, 1) all GUI capabilities are supported using the PD Tools common server technology which enables quick deployment of PD Tools Studio, Studio, File Manager provides XML-based APIs for creating templates to simplified the preparation of templates which describe your data layout and 3) Fault Analyzer side-file mismatch reporting capability for identifying programs with wrong side-file information for analysis just to name a few.

Support for the latest z/OS, subsystems and languages

Continuing to support the latest level of z/OS (V2.1), languages (COBC 0024 V5.1, PL/I V4.4, C/C++ for z/OS V2.1, Java V7, and HLASM) and subsystems (CICS V5.1, DB2 V11, IMS V13, MQ 7.5, and WASz 8.5).

Other enhancements

- Improved code coverage reporting.
- GUI for working with IMS databases.
- Enhanced debugging capabilities for mixed workload and IMS transactions.
- Browser-based access to Fault Analyzer reports.

Announcement: October 1, 2013 eGA: October 18, 2013



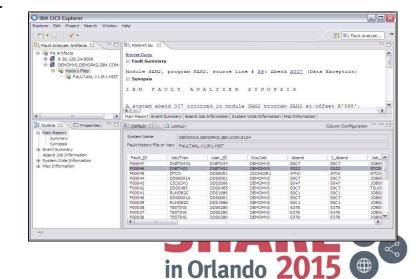




What's new?

- Smooth debugging mixed apps JAVA/COBOL/PLI
- Improved Code Coverage. Support for E PL/1
- Automatic start IMS MPP regions, dynamic routing of transactions
- IMS Startup Cross Reference table for WASz and Web started transactions
- RDz Playback
- Support for DB2 V11, IMS V13, CICS TS 5.1, z/OS 2.1, WASz 8.5,, COBOL V5.1, Enterprise PLI V4.4, C/C++ for z/OS 2.1, RDz 9.0
- JCL Instrumentation plugin

File View Services Help Line 12 Col 1 80 Synopsis Command ===> Scroll ===> CSR JOBNAME: DNET246S SYSTEM ABEND: 0C7 2007/10/30 20:00:12 Source Line # *** Add this customer's BALANCE to the grand total *** COMPUTE BALANCE-TOTAL = 000090 BALANCE-TOTAL + CUST-ACCT-BALANCE The COBOL source code for data fields involved in the failure: Source Line # 05 CUST-ACCT-BALANCE PIC S9(7) V99 COMP-3. 05 BALANCE-TOTAL PIC 59(7) V99 COMP-3. Data field values at time of abend = 10948.44 CUST-ACCT-BALANCE = X'7C7B5B6C50' *** Cause of error *** *** Bottom of data.



IMS/TM debugging wizard and automatic submission of a message processing region

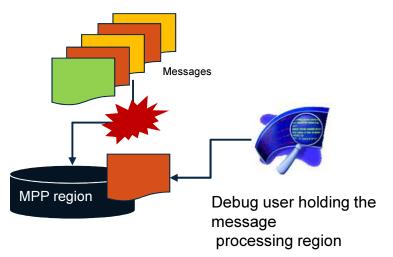


•Problem trying to address:

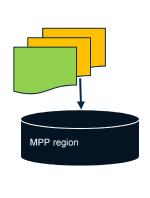
- In IMS online environments, debugging a transaction in Debug Tool can monopolize the scheduling environment for a given message class
- Isolate debug users in private message regions, serving a class dedicated to Debug Tool. This will allow the normal class to continue scheduling non-debug transactions.

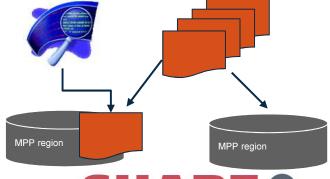
•Solution:

- In Debug Tool utilities, allow administrators to create Message Region Templates, with dedicated message classes.
- Allow debug users to select a Message Region Template to launch as a private message region.
- Also, allow debug users to specify a transaction to schedule in their private message region and debug.



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A message is posted to trigger a debug session. This is processed in a dedicated region.

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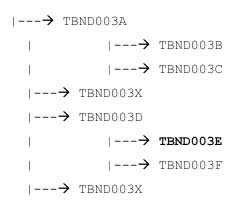
The rest of transactions a routed to a different MPP region for processing.

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✓ Delayed Debug capability



- By default, Debug Tool starts a debug session at the main program
 - (The first entry compile unit of the initial load module of an application)
- Without delay Debug, you can set an 'AT ENTRY' breakpoint to stop at a subroutine after the debugger starts
- With the Delay Debug feature, you can bypass the startup of Debug Tool at the main program, and begin the debugging session at a named subprogram
 - This can simplify debugging
 - It can also improve performance for complex long-running applications
- Debug Tool is in a dormant state in delay debug mode, and monitors only a few events



http://www-01.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=swg21422089&aid=5
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✓ Other debug Tool enhancements



Code coverage eclipse and web interface

- Browser interface for reviewing code coverage report.
- Quickly understand coverage of regression testing effort.
- Drill down to source line level for detailed analysis.
- Code coverage services can be accessed via APIs.

Load Module Analyzer Eclipse plug-in

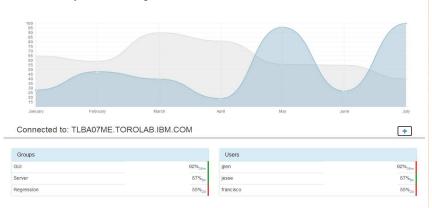
- Analyzes MVS load modules or program objects to determine the language translator (compiler or assembler) used to generate the object for each CSECT.
- Invoke Load Module Analyzer from Eclipse environment.

JCL Wizard

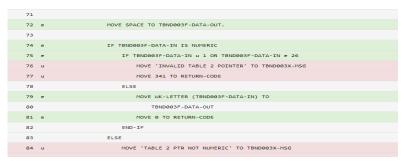
- An ISPF edit macro that can be used to modify a JCL or procedure member, creating the statements to invoke Debug Tool in various environments.
- It has the capability to create statements that can be used to invoke Debug Tool for z/OS for the Terminal Interface Manager, Mainframe Interface, or Remote GUI.

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Summary and chronological Information



Working with CC reports expanding on a user: Annotated and color coded





✓ Other debug Tool enhancements



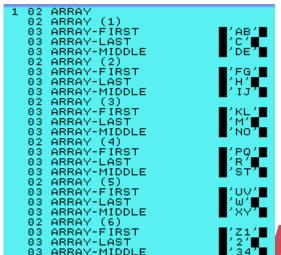
- Debug Tool usage log
- Log when each Debug Tool session starts and ends
- TRACE LOAD and LIST TRACE LOAD commands
- Displays an ongoing trace of all load modules loaded by the application
- Consolidation of Debug Tool LE user exits
- User exits EQADBCXT, EQADCCXT and EQADICXT have been consolidated into EQAD3CXT
- Use the same exit now for all environments: batch, CICS, IMS

SET LIST BY SUBSCRIPT ON support for COBOL

for 3270

1 02 ARRAY	
03 ARRAY-FIRST	
SUB(1)	■'AB'
SUB(2)	1EG 1
SUB(3)	7267
SUB(4)	7887
	5585
SUB(5)	10V1
SUB(6)	'Z1'
03 ARRAY-LAST	
SUB(1)	101
SUB(2)	1H1
SUB(3)	1M1
SUB(4)	1R1
SUB(5)	2 W 2
SUB(6)	121
03 ARRAY-MIDDLE	
SUB(1)	■'DE'■
SUB(2)	, , ,
	15
SUB(3)	(NO)
SUB (4)	(ST)
SUB(5)	(XY)
SUB(6)	1341

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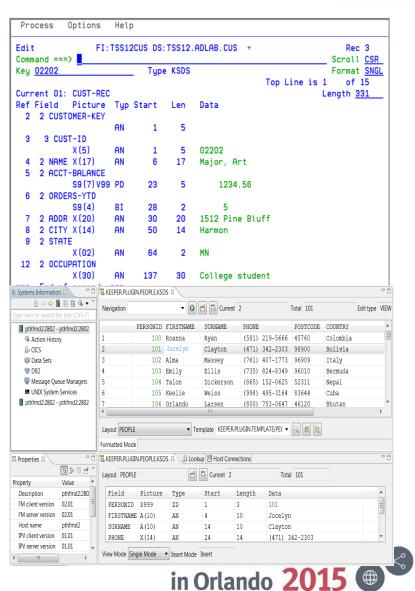
IBM File Manager Version 13

- IBM File Manager allows you to manage production, test, and development data across multiple formats and storage media.
- Create, edit, copy, browse, extract, print, and compare enterprise data (VSAM/DB2/IMS,CICS/MQ)
- Proven 3270-based interface and free graphica user interface.

What's new?

- IMS GUI
- FM DB2 enhancements
- Batch template and update support
- UNICODE and various CCSIDs support
- Support for DB2 V11, IMS V13, CICS TS 5.1, MQ8.5, z/OS2.1, PL/I 4.4,
- DB2 Large Object (LOB) including XML columns
- A range of other enhancements to address key customer requirements

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✓ File Manager enhancements



•IMS enhancements:

- •Support for viewing / editing IMS Databases using the eclipse plug-in
- •IMS Template Editor Create / Modify in the eclipse plug-in
- Extract and Print have new keywords KEYRANGE and MAXRSEGS

Multiple Layout Dynamic Templates

•You can now create a template, without using copybooks, that supports files with multiple types of records

Template editor, and support for XML templates

- You can create and update templates using a batch utility
- •You can export/import a template to an XML file. Also the XML file can be used directly as a template.

•DB2 support enhancements:

XML and LOB (large object) support





File Manager: Features added since V13 GA

- For FM/IMS, session timeout support via Pl09504. Aimed at resolving resource contention problems.
- For FM/DB2, Clone and History table support via PI05860. File Manager DB2 component has been updated to support edit of DB2 clone and history tables.
- DB2 Editor Time Out support via PI19147. Specifies whether FM/DB2 editor edit sessions are subject to an inactivity time-out, and the length of time that must elapse before the inactivity time-out is triggered. The inactivity time-out applies to edit sessions, not to view or browse.
- Support inserting and deleting data segments when editing data using a segmented template – via PI04887.





File Manager: Features added since V13 GA

Improve performance of copy with reformatting – via PI07105. This
APAR significantly improves reformatting performance especially
for packed to zoned field type conversions and for when a large
number of fields are present and most fields are copied as-is.

FM Plugin

- Support files with large number of columns in formatted editor by implementing segmented columns.
- Support browsing files with large record length (more than tens of thousands) by implementing segmented records.
- Added 'Structure Mode' to Single Record view.





✓ Little known / under-used features of File Manager



Support for MQ queues, CICS TS/TD queues, HFS file

- •Interactively edit/view queues with the File Manager editor and viewer
- •Use a queue or HFS file as either input or output for the copy utility. For example:
 - -Copy from a file to an MQ queue
 - -Copy from an MQ queue to a TS queue
- Similar access from the Print and Compare utilities

Data scrambling

- While copying data, replace data with a different characters (or bytes) of data.
- Protecting sensitive information in data, typically used while preparing test data from production data sources.

File Manager provides four types of scrambling:

- "Random": data scrambled to produce a random output value on each invocation.
- "Repeatable": data scrambled to produce the same output value on each invocation.
- "Translate": data scrambled using input and output values held in the value data set.
- "Exit": data scrambled using a scrambling exit (write your own scrambling algorithm).



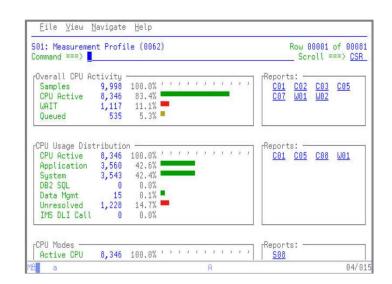


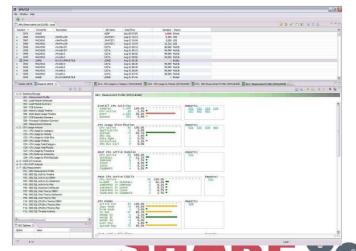
IBM Application Performance Analyzer Version 13

- IBM Application Performance Analyzer helps maximize the performance of your applications and improve the response time of your online transactions and batch turnaround.
- Identify constraints and improve the entire application's performance no matter where the problem resides (CICS/ IMS/DB2/MQ/COBOL/PLI/ ASM/JAVA)
- Proven 3270-based interface and free graphical user interface.

What new?

- Enhanced support for WebSphere and Java
- Sampling enhancements to improve accuracy of reports
- WAS Phase 2 to support simultaneous sampling of servant regions, CICS and DB2 activity
- Support for DB2 V11, IMS V13, CICS TS V5.1, z/OS 2.1, WASz V8.5, COBOL V5.1, PL/I V4.4, Java V7
- A range of key customer requirements





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Application Performance Analyzer: Features added since V13 GA

- Enhancement to CAZBATCH and CAZAPI01 allows override of sample file name
- New S10 Error Messages report.
- Enhancement to the C09 report, to display up to three possible interpretations of the instruction before the PSW
- Enhancement to enforce user level security in APA when creating, updating, reading and deleting sample file data sets, and data sets containing exported sample files.
- Enhancement to the configuration setting AltCICSStepNm to allow alternate CICS execution module names.
- Support for CICS TS 5.2



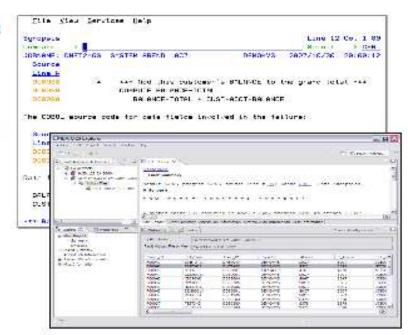


IBM Fault Analyzer Version 13

- IBM Fault Analyzer improves developer productivity and decreases deployment costs by helping to analyze and correct application failures quickly (CICS/DB2/IMS/MQ/COBOL/PLI/ASM/ C/C++/ASM/JAVA).
- Develop and test new and existing applications more productively, helping to reduce costs along the way.
- Proven 3270-based interface and free graphical user interface.

What's new?

- Optimize
 - Sidefile checking and reporting
 - Customer specific module and abend descriptions
 - ISPF Virtual Relief
- Modemize
 - Enhanced web interface using Dojo
- Enhanced Java support
- Support for DB2 V11, IMS V13, CICS TS 5.1, z/OS 2.1, COBOL V5, PL/I V4.4, Java V7
- A range of key customer requirements



Helps to identify the cause, analyze the failure, and fix the problem





Fault Analyzer: Features added since V13 GA

- Enhanced with COBOL Explorer. A post-mortem debugger
- Support for CICS 5.2
- Implemented FAAPI. An OpenReport API which enables users to open a Fault Analyzer report from their own application.





z/OS Problem Determination Tools



IBM Fault Analyzer COBOL Explorer

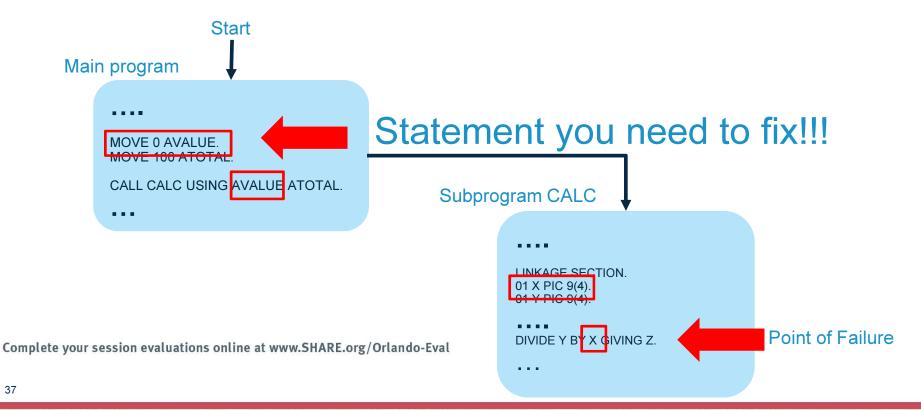
(an interactive post-mortem debugger)



COBOL Explorer: Post-mortem debugger



- Want to better understand the execution path which led to a failure from a dump?
- Want to see how value of a variable changed which contributed to a failure?
- COBOL Explorer is a new feature of Fault Analyzer
 - Navigate your application's execution path from a point of failure interactively
 - Examine a variable and how the value changed which led to failure



What exactly is a view?

You create views of your program based on an executable source line and one or more variables from that source line. In FA we'd usually start with the abending source line, for example:

COMPUTE BASE-AMOUNT = PRICE / CC

if the program abended because of a divide by zero, we'd only really be interested in variable CC and we'd create a view with just one variable.

- The view shows a procedure traceback from the source line back to the origin. Any other source lines that reference selected variables are inserted into the view. Selected variable declarations also appear in the view. The view is a summary of your source program, showing only the parts you need to know about.
- Views use collapse/expand rather than the traditional source editor viewer. You can expand the view incrementally to see all variables in a DATA DIVISION section, all members of a structure, all procedures in the PROCEDURE DIVISION, all lines in a procedure.





How does the Collapse/Expand viewer work?

- The COBOL source program is made up of sections. In the DATA DIVISION sections are FILE SECTION, WORKING-STORAGE SECTION, LOCAL-STORAGE SECTION and LINKAGE SECTION. In the PROCEDURE DIVISION sections are procedures (SECTIONs and Paragraphs).
- The view uses collapse/expand rather than the traditional source editor to view the source program.
- The view shows a procedure traceback from the source line to the beginning of the program, any source lines that use selected variables are inserted into the view.



What else does it do?

- Shows all variables and their values in a given Data Division section (ie. FILE SECTION, WORKING-STORAGE SECTION, LOCAL-STORAGE SECTION, LINKAGE SECTION).
- Invoke FM (File Manager) with or without a template from any FD in the FILE SECTION (provided the dataset is still available).



Starting point: Fault Entry List

Select an entry by typing I next to it

IBM Fault Analyzer - Fault Entry List Line 1 Col 1 80 Command ===> Scroll ===> CSR Fault History File or View : <u>'ADTCFG.IDI.HIST'</u> äThe following line commands are available: ? (Query), V or S (View saved report), I (Interactive reanalysis), B (Batch reanalysis), D (Delete), H (Duplicate history), C (Copy fault entry), M (Move fault entry), X (XMIT fault entry).ü Fault_ID Job/Tran User_ID Sys/Job Abend Date Time Dups Lock F14832 VHECKEA VHECKE ZTO1 SOCB 2014/07/08 12:42:44 F14827 CINT STC ADTMONO TUZ4 2014/07/04 12:53:06

Select 2 to specify the location of your listing or side file

Compiler Listing Not Found Line 1 Col 1 76 Command ===> 2Scroll ===> CSR Module ADTCFG.ADLAB.LOAD(COBEX1) containing COBOL program COBEX1 entry point COBEX1 compiled date 2014/07/08 time 12:42:44 does not have a matching listing/side-file/DWARF load module. This is the point-of-failure program. Select one of the following options and press Enter: 1. (F3) Continue without compiler listing or side file for COBEX1 Specify compiler listing or side file to use for COBEX1 3. Petry search for compiler listing or side file for COBEX1 4. Do not prompt again for any missing listing or side file 5. Only prompt for the point-of-failure program listing or side file 6. Add COBEX1 to your side file search exclude list The trace of the listing/side-file search follows. Rejected - ADTCFG.ADLAB.SYSDEBUG SYSDEBUG side file Failed - IDISYSDB Member COBEX1 not found



Provide listing or side file location. IDILANGX files are also supported

Specify Compiler Listing or Side File

Command ===> Line 1 Col 1 76
Scroll ===> CSR

Specify the data set and member name containing the compiler listing or side file and press Enter.

Data Set Name . . . : 'ADTCFG.ADLAB.LISTING'

Member. : COBEX1

Alternatively, place cursor on choice and press Enter to use previously specified load module data set name.

=> 'ADTCFG.ADLAB.LISTING'

==> 'ADTCFG.ADLAB.LISTING'

==> 'ADTCFG.BOLAB.LISTING'

From the Interactive Reanalysis Report panel select 2 for Event Summary

Interactive Reanalysis Report Line 1 Col 1 80 Command ===> Scroll ===> CSR JOBNAME: VHECKEA SYSTEM ABEND: OCB ZTO1 2014/07/08 12:42:44 Fault Summary: Module COBEX1, program COBEX1, source line # 175 : Abend SOCB (Decimal-Divide Exception). Select one of the following options to access further fault information: 1. Sunopsis 2. Event Summary 3. Open Files 4. Storage Areas 5. Messages 6. Language Environment Heap Analysis 7. Abend Job Information 8. Fault Analyzer Options äFault Analyzer maximum storage allocated: 2.12 megabytes.ü





Select the event of interest, in this case the Abend by typing 1

Event Summary Line 1 Col 1 80 Command ===> Scroll ===> CSR JOBNAME: VHECKEA SYSTEM ABEND: OCB ZTO1 2014/07/08 12:42:44 äThe following events are presented in chronological order.ü Event Module Program EP Fail # Type <u>Point Name</u> Name <u> Event Location (*) Descriptio</u> Name 1 Abend SOCB **** COBEX1 COBEX1 L#175 E+96E COBEX1 From ADTCF

The cause of the Abend is a decimal-divide exception at line 175. Notice the COBOL Explorer selection (red circle). Cursor-select "COBOL Explorer".

Program-Interruption Code . : 000B (Decimal-Divide Exception) The divisor was zero in a signed decimal division. The source code below was executed via the following sequence of PERFORM statements 🖟 Source Line # 000105 PERFORM READ-FILE UNTIL END-OF-FILE = '1'. NOT AT END PERFORM PROCESS-VEHICLE 000122 000133 PERFORM PROCESS-CAR 000151 PERFORM CALC-TAX. COBOL Source Code: Source Line # 000175 COMPUTE BASE-AMOUNT = PRICE / CC Data Field Declarations: Source Line # 000033 03 PRICE PIC 9(6). 000049 07 CC PIC 9(4). 000094 01 BASE-AMOUNT PIC 9(3) V99 COMP-3. Data Field Values: BASE-AMOUNT = 0.00= 0 *** Cause of error *** = 50000 PRICE COBOL Explorer



Source Line and Data Values Line 1 Col 1 76 Command ===> _ Scroll ===> CSR Source: COMPUTE BASE-AMOUNT = PRICE / CC 000175 Data Field Declarations: 000033 03 PRICE PIC 9(6). 07 CC 000049 PIC 9(4). 000094 01 BASE-AMOUNT PIC 9(3) V99 COMP-3. Data Field Values: s BASE-AMOUNT = 0.00 = 0 *** Cause of error *** s CC PRICE = 50000 Select data fields to use with source line to create view.

Since we know the issue is with the value in variable CC, deselect the other two variables and press enter to create a new Explorer View with only the elements causing the Abend.

Source Line and Data Values Line 1 Col 1 76 Command ===> Scroll ===> CSR Source: 000175 COMPUTE BASE-AMOUNT = PRICE / CC Data Field Declarations: 000033 03 PRICE PIC 9(6). 000049 07 CC PIC 9(4). 000094 01 BASE-AMOUNT PIC 9(3) V99 COMP-3. Data Field Values: BASE-AMOUNT = 0.00 \subseteq C = 0 *** Cause of error *** PRICE = 50000 Select data fields to use with source line to create view.

Complete your session evaluations online at www.snake.org/ortanuo-eval





The Explorer View

```
Exploring COBOL Program COBEX1
Command ===>
JOBNAME: VHECKEA
                   SYSTEM ABEND:
                                                  ZTO1
                                                            2014/07/08
                                                                         12:42:44

    Expand all / - Collapse all

                                    Comments
                                                           - Redefines
                                              - Level 88
  000001 IDENTIFICATION DIVISION.
  000003 ENVIRONMENT DIVISION.
  000011 FILE SECTION.
  000017 WORKING-STORAGE SECTION.
+ 000026 01 VEHICLE-RECORD.
  000038
            03 SPECIFICATION.
  000042
               05 ENGINE.
  000049
                  07 CC
                                  PIC 9(4).
+ 000081 01 HEADINGS REDEFINES VEHICLE-RECORD.
+ 000084 01 WS-REC REDEFINES VEHICLE-RECORD.
+ 000098 LINKAGE SECTION.
+ 000101 PROCEDURE DIVISION USING PARMS.
             PERFORM READ-FILE UNTIL END-OF-FILE = '1'.
  000105
+ 000119 READ-FILE.
  000122
               NOT AT END PERFORM PROCESS-VEHICLE
+ 000125 PROCESS-VEHICLE.
  000126
             MOVE FS-REC TO WS-REC.
  000133
                 PERFORM PROCESS-CAR
+ 000149 PROCESS-CAR.
  000151
               PERFORM CALC-TAX.
+ 000173 CALC-TAX.
  000175
               COMPUTE BASE-AMOUNT = PRICE / CC
  000178
               COMPUTE BASE-AMOUNT = CC / CYLINDERS
```

Notice:

- •A collapsed view is displayed, showing only the execution path to the abend
- •It also shows the place where CC is declared. Line 26 in the view.





Next lets take a look at variable CC more closely. We expand line 26 by cursor-selecting the + sign

```
Exploring COBOL Program COBEX1
Command ===>
                                                               Scroll ===> CSR
JOBNAME: VHECKEA
                   SYSTEM ABEND: CB
                                                ZT01
                                                           2014/07/08
                                                                       12:42:44
                                   Comments
                                               Level 88
                                                           Redefines
 Expand all / - Collapse all
 000001 IDENTIFICATION DIVISION.
 000003 ENVIRONMENT DIVISION.
 000011 FILE SECTION.
 000017 WORKING-STORAGE SECTION.
 000026 01 VEHICLE-RECORD.
  000027
            03 VEHICLE-NUMBER
                                 PIC 9(5).
  000028
            03 VEHICLE-TYPE
                                 PIC 9.
  000029
               88 CAR VALUE 1.
  000030
               88 VAN VALUE 2.
  000031
               88 UTE VALUE 3.
  000032
               88 TRUCK VALUE 4.
                                 PIC 9(6).
  000033
            03 PRICE
  000034
            03 CARBON-TAX
  000035***********
  000036* VEHICLE SPECIFICATION
  000037************************
  000038
            03 SPECIFICATION.
  000039
               05 MAKE
                                 PIC X(20).
  000040
               05 MODEL
                                 PIC X(20).
               05 YEAR
                                 PIC 9(4).
  000041
  000042
               05 ENGINE.
                                 PIC 9.
  000043
                  07 FUEL
                                 VALUE 1.
                     88 PETROL
  000044
                                 VALUE 2.
  000045
                     88 DIESEL
  000046
                     88 LPG
                                 VALUE 3.
                     88 ELECTRIC VALUE 4.
  000047
  000048
                  07 CYLINDERS
                                 PIC 9(2).
  000049
                  07 CC
                                 PIC 9(4).
                  07 KW
  000050
                                 PIC 9(4).
  000051
                  07 ZERO-100
                                 PIC 9(2) V9.
  000052***********
  000053* VEHICLE FEATURES
  000054***********
```

In the circled areas above you can comments, 88 levels, or redefines





If you want to see all the variables in a section then from the same view then cursor-select the + sign next to the section wanted.

After selecting the Working-Storage Section.

Associated Storage Areas Line 1 Col 1 80 Command ===> Scroll ===> CSR JOBNAME: VHECKEA SYSTEM ABEND: OCB 2014/07/08 ZTO1 WORKING-STORAGE SECTION Collapse hex + Expand level 88 Off Hex Value Data Value Source (Starting a BLW=0000 at address 193B70D0 0 E6D6D9D2 C9D5C760 E2E3D6D9 C1C7C540 *WORKING-STORAGE * 01 FILLER 10 40404040 18 F1 *** 1** 01 INIT-FLAG 20 F0 ж⊙ 01 END-OF-FILE 28 F0 ж⊙ 01 TAX-CALCULATED 01 VEHICLE-RECORD 30 F0F0F0F0 F8 8 **03 VEHICLE-NUM** 35 F1 1 03 VEHICLE-TYP evel 88 Items 36 F0F5F0F0 F0F0 50000 03 PRICE 3C F0F0F0F0 F0 0.0003 CARBON-TAX 03 SPECIFICATI 41 E3C5E2D3 C1404040 40404040 40404040 *TESLA 05 MAKE 51 40404040 55 D4D6C4C5 D340E240 40404040 40404040 *MODEL S 05 MODEL 65 40404040 2010 05 YEAR 69 F2F0F1F0 05 ENGINE. 6D F4 4 07 FUEL <u>evel 88 Items</u> 6E F0F0 \odot 07 CYLIN 70 F0F0F0F0 Θ 07 CC 74 F0F0F0F0 07 KW \odot 78 F0F3F9 07 ZERO-03 FEATURES. 7B F0F2 2 05 SEATING 7D F1 05 TRANSMIS 1 evel 88 Items 7E F8 8 05 COLOUR evel 88 Items





Lets go back to the source view. You now know that the + and - signs next to each entry in the source are used to expand/collapse sections of the view.

Exploring COBOL Program COBEX1 Command ===> Scroll ===> CSR JOBNAME: VHECKEA SYSTEM ABEND: OCB ZTO1 2014/07/08 12:42:44 + Comments + Level 88 Expand all / - Collapse all Redefines 000001 IDENTIFICATION DIVISION. 000003 ENVIRONMENT DIVISION. 000011 FILE SECTION. 000017 WORKING-STORAGE SECTION. 000026 01 VEHICLE-RECORD. 000038 03 SPECIFICATION. 000042 05 ENGINE. 07 CC 000049 PIC 9(4). 000081 01 HEADINGS REDEFINES VEHICLE-RECORD. 000084 01 WS-REC REDEFINES VEHICLE-RECORD. 000098 LINKAGE SECTION. 000101 PROCEDURE DIVISION USING PARMS. 000105 PERFORM READ-FILE UNTIL END-OF-FILE = '1'. 000119 READ-FILE. NOT AT END PERFORM PROCESS-VEHICLE 000122 000125 PROCESS-VEHICLE. 000126 MOVE FS-REC TO WS-REC. 000133 PERFORM PROCESS-CAR 000149 PROCESS-CAR. 000151 PERFORM CALC-TAX. 000173 CALC-TAX. 000175 COMPUTE BASE-AMOUNT = PRICE / CC 000178 COMPUTE BASE-AMOUNT = CC / CYLINDERS

Next we are going to expand the Procedure Division by Double Clicking on the + sign on line 101.





The Procedure Division is now expanded:

•All procedures are still collapsed

Exploring COBOL Program COBEX1 Command ===> JOBNAME: VHECKEA SYSTEM ABEND: OCB ZTO1 Expand all / - Collapse all + Comments + Level 88 000001 IDENTIFICATION DIVISION. 000003 ENVIRONMENT DIVISION. + 000011 FILE SECTION. + 000017 WORKING-STORAGE SECTION. 000026 01 VEHICLE-RECORD. 000038 03 SPECIFICATION. 000042 05 ENGINE. 000049 07 CC PIC 9(4). + 000081 01 HEADINGS REDEFINES VEHICLE-RECORD. + 000084 01 WS-REC REDEFINES VEHICLE-RECORD. + 000098 LINKAGE SECTION. 000101 PROCEDURE DIVISION USING PARMS. 000102 DISPLAY '*** COBEX1 - STARTING...'. 000103 PERFORM INIT. 000104 OPEN I-O VEHICLE-FILE. 000105 PERFORM READ-FILE UNTIL END-OF-FILE = '1'. CLOSE VEHICLE-FILE. 000106 000107 PERFORM PRINT-TOTALS. 000108 DISPLAY '*** COBEX1 - END OF PROGRAM'. 000109 GOBACK. 000111 INIT. 000119 READ-FILE. 000122 NOT AT END PERFORM PROCESS-VEHICLE + 000125 PROCESS-VEHICLE. 000126 MOVE FS-REC TO WS-REC. 000133 PERFORM PROCESS-CAR + 000149 PROCESS-CAR. 000151 PERFORM CALC-TAX. 000153 PROCESS-COMMERCIAL. 000157 STRING-NAME. + 000165 UNDO-TAX. + 000170 REDO-TAX. + 000173 CALC-TAX.



Scroll ===> CSR

12:42:44

2014/07/08



After all the navigation hints, lets go back to finding more about what caused the abend. Remember that the issue was a divide by zero because CC = 0.

Notice in the view the following:

- •Line 126 is colored differently, because WS-REC is a redefine for VEHICLE-RECORD and CC is part of it.
- •The collapsed view is showing all the relevant declarations
 - Line 26 the declare for VEHICLE-RECORD
 - Line 81 the redefine for HEADINGS
 - Line 84 the redefine for WS-RECORD

We need to take a close look at Line 126. Cursor-select the line.

Exploring COBOL Program COBEX1 Command ===> Scroll ===> CSR JOBNAME: VHECKEA SYSTEM ABEND: ZTO1 2014/07/08 12:42:44 Expand all / - Collapse all + Comments Redefines + Level 88 000001 IDENTIFICATION DIVISION. 000003 ENVIRONMENT DIVISION. 000011 FILE SECTION. 000017 WORKING-STORAGE SECTION. 000026 01 VEHICLE-RECORD. 000038 03 SPECIFICATION. 000042 05 ENGINE. 000049 07 CC PIC 9(4). 000081 01 HEADINGS REDEFINES VEHICLE-RECORD. + 000084 01 WS-REC REDEFINES VEHICLE-RECORD. + 000098 LINKAGE SECTION. 000101 PROCEDURE DIVISION USING PARMS. 000105 PERFORM READ-FILE UNTIL END-OF-FILE = '1'. 000119 READ-FILE. 000122 NOT AT END PERFORM PROCESS-VEHICLE 000125 PROCESS-VEHICLE. 000126 MOVE FS-REC TO WS-REC. 000133 PERFORM PROCESS-CAR 000149 PROCESS-CAR. 000151 PERFORM CALC-TAX. + 000173 CALC-TAX. 000175 COMPUTE BASE-AMOUNT = PRICE / CC COMPUTE BASE-AMOUNT = CC / 000178 CYLINDERS





All important data associated with line 26 shows in the new view

Source Line and Data Values Line 1 Col 1 76 Command ===> Scroll ===> CSR Source: 000126 MOVE FS-REC TO WS-REC. Data Field Declarations: 000013 01 FS-REC. 000026 01 VEHICLE-RECORD. 01 WS-REC REDEFINES VEHICLE-RECORD. 000084 Data Field Values: **S** FS-REC = 0000810500000000TESLA MODEL S NOTE: Above value truncated after 113 bytes. VEHICLE-RECORD = 00008105000000000TESLA MODEL S <u>W</u>S-REC = 00008105000000000TESLA NOTE: Above value truncated after 113 bytes. Select data fields to use with source line to create view. F5=RptFind F7=Up F3=E×it F12=Cancel

After selecting FS-REC we get a new view that includes where it is declared as well as the statements where FS-REC is used. Notice that it is part of FILE SECTION

Exploring COBOL Program COBEX1 Command ===> Scroll ===> CSR JOBNAME: VHECKEA SYSTEM ABEND: OCB 2014/07/08 12:42:44 + Expand all / - Collapse all - Comments + Level 88 - Redefines + 000001 IDENTIFICATION DIVISION. 000003 ENVIRONMENT DIVISION. 000011 FILE SECTION. 000013 01 FS-REC. 000017 WORKING-STORAGE SECTION. 000098 LINKAGE SECTION. 000101 PROCEDURE DIVISION USING PARMS. PERFORM READ-FILE UNTIL END-OF-FILE = '1'. 000105 000119 READ-FILE. NOT AT END PERFORM PROCESS-VEHICLE 000122 000125 PROCESS-VEHICLE. 000126 MOVE FS-REC TO WS-REC. 000142 MOVE WS-REC TO FS-REC

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REWRITE FS-REC



Integration with IBM File Manager

Previous slide showed the FILE SECTION where FS-REC is declared. If you expand that section and then double click on the FD for FS-REC the IBM File Manager is invoked to provide additional information about the record.

+ 000101 PROCEDURE DIVISION USING PARMS.
000105 PERFORM READ-FILE UNTIL END-OF-FILE = '1'.
+ 000119 READ-FILE.
000122 NOT AT END PERFORM PROCESS-VEHICLE
+ 000125 PROCESS-VEHICLE.
000126 MOVE FS-REC TO WS-REC.
000142 MOVE WS-REC TO FS-REC
000143 REWRITE FS-REC

This is a VSAM record and because I choose Edit I can modify the value of CC directly. Since I don't have a FM template defined the display is not a neat as expected for File Manager.

ADTCFG. VEHICLES. VSAM Command ===> Scroll PAGE Type KSDS Format CHAR Insert Length <u>128</u> <===>----+---++---++---++ ***** **** Key used to set start point **** 000001 **00008**105000000000TESLA MODEL S 000002 **00009**102550000000MAZDA 3 MPS 201210412261199 000003 00010102399900000PEUGOT 207 GTI 200710419510128 000004 00011105000000000BMW 201210423000175 ***** *** End of data ****







Cross reference data and other navigation facilities available with the COBOL Explorer.

You can double click on any data item. I am choosing MAKE on line 39

Exploring COBOL Program COBEX1 Command ===> Scroll ===> CSR JOBNAME: VHECKEA SYSTEM ABEND: ZTO1 2014/07/08 12:42:44 + Expand all / - Collapse all + Comments <u>+</u> Level 88 - Redefines + 000001 IDENTIFICATION DIVISION. 000003 ENVIRONMENT DIVISION. 000011 FILE SECTION. 000017 WORKING-STORAGE SECTION. 000026 01 VEHICLE-RECORD. 03 VEHICLE-NUMBER PIC 9(5). 000027 000028 03 VEHICLE-TYPE PIC 9. PIC 9(6). 000033 03 PRICE PIC 9(3) V99. 000034 03 CARBON-TAX 03 SPECIFICHTIO 000039 05 MAKE PIC X(20). 000040 PIC X (20). 05 YEAR PIC 9(4). 000041 000042 05 ENGINE. 000043 07 FUEL PIC 9. PIC 9(2). 000048 **07 CYLINDERS** 000049 07 CC PIC 9(4). 000050 07 KW PIC 9(4). 07 ZERO-100 PIC 9(2) V9. 000051 000055 03 FEATURES. 000056 05 SEATING PIC 9(2). PIC 9. 000057 05 TRANSMISSION PIC 9. 000062 05 COLOUR 000072 05 BODY PIC 9. 000081 01 HEADINGS REDEFINES VEHICLE-RECORD. 000084 01 WS-REC REDEFINES VEHICLE-RECORD. 000098 LINKAGE SECTION. 000101 PROCEDURE DIVISION USING PARMS. 000105 PERFORM READ-FILE UNTIL END-OF-FILE = '1'. 000119 READ-FILE. NOT AT END PERFORM PROCESS-VEHICLE 000122 000125 PROCESS-VEHICLE. MOVE FS-REC TO WS-REC. 000126



The Data Cross-Reference view

- •In the view you can see all statements that reference MAKE.
- •If the variable is a GROUP then its MAP is shown. See red circle
- •Double clicking on any entry in the popup view will navigate to that line and expand the source around the line.

Data Cross-Reference Line 1 Col 1 76 Scroll ===> CSR Command ===> Data Item: 000039 05 MAKE PIC X(20). References: 000125 PROCESS-VEHICLE. DISPLAY 'VEHICLE: ' MAKE MODEL 000128 000157 STRING-NAME. MAKE DELIMITED BY SPACES 000160 000161 ' ' DELIMITED BY SIZE 000162 MODEL DELIMITED BY SPACES 000163 INTO NAME-STRING. Map: VEHICLE-RECORD DS OCL80 Group 2 SPECIFICATION DS OCL58 Group 1 1 × 3 MAKE DS 20C Display F1=Help F5=RptFind F7=Up F8=Down F12=Cancel F3=Exit 000048 **07 CYLINDERS** PIC 9(2). 000049 07 CC PIC 9(4). 000050 07 KW PIC 9(4). 07 ZERO-100 PIC 9(2) V9 000051 000052************ 000053* VEHICLE FEATURES 000054*********** 000055 03 FEATURES. 000056 05 SEATING PIC 9(2). 05 TRANSMISSION 000057 PIC 9. 000062 05 COLOUR PIC 9.

PIC 9.

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+ 000081 01 HEADINGS REDEFINES VEHICLE-RECORD. + 000084 01 WS-REC REDEFINES VEHICLE-RECORD.

05 BODY

+ 000098 LINKAGE SECTION.

000072







After expanding the source by double clicking on line 160, the Explorer creates a new view starting with that line.

Exploring COBOL Program COBEX1 Command ===> Scroll ===> CSR JOBNAME: VHECKEA SYSTEM ABEND: OCB ZTO1 2014/07/08 xpand all / - Collapse all Comments + Level 88 Redefines 000160 MAKE DELIMITED BY SPACES 000161 ' DELIMITED BY SIZE MODEL DELIMITED BY SPACES 000162 000163 INTO NAME-STRING. 000173 CALC-TAX. COMPUTE BASE-AMOUNT = CC / CYLINDERS

Using PF7 (Scroll Up) you can see that line 160 is part of STRING-NAME proc.

Exploring COBOL Program COBEX1 Command ===> Scroll ===> CSR JOBNAME: VHECKEA SYSTEM ABEND: OCB 2014/07/08 12:42:44 Expand all / - Collapse all Comments + Level 88 Redefines 000036* VEHICLE SPECIFICATION 000037************* 03 SPECIFICATION. 000038 000039 05 MAKE PIC X(20). 05 MODEL 000040 PIC X(20). 000041 05 YEAR PIC 9(4). 000042 05 ENGINE. 000043 07 FUEL PIC 9. 000048 **07 CYLINDERS** PIC 9(2). 000049 07 CC PIC 9(4). PIC 9(4) 000050 07 KW 000051 07 ZERO-100 PIC 9(2) V9. 000052************* 000053* VEHICLE FEATURES 000054************** 000055 03 FEATURES. 000056 **05 SEATING** PIC 9(2). 000057 05 TRANSMISSION PIC 9. 000062 05 COLOUR PIC 9. 000072 05 BODY PIC 9. 000081 01 HEADINGS REDEFINES VEHICLE-RECORD. 000084 01 WS-REC REDEFINES VEHICLE-RECORD. 000098 LINKAGE SECTION. 000101 PROCEDURE DIVISION USING PARMS. 000105 PERFORM READ-FILE UNTIL END-OF-FILE = '1'. 000119 READ-FILE. 000122 NOT AT END PERFORM PROCESS-VEHICLE 000125 PROCESS-VEHICLE. 000126 MOVE FS-REC TO WS-REC. 000133 PERFORM PROCESS-CAR 000149 PROCESS-CAR. PERFORM CALC-TAX. 000151 [50m]_ 000157 (STRING-NAME)



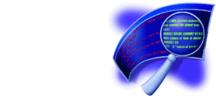




Procedure Cross-Reference: In the previous slide we found about Procedure STRING-NAME. By double clicking on STRING-NAME the explorer creates the Cross-Reference View.

The Cross-Reference shows us that STRING-NAME is called from PROCESS-VEHICLE

000062 05 COLOUR PIC 9. 000072 05 BODY PIC 9. 000081 01 HEADINGS REDEFINES VEHICLE-RECORD. 000084 01 WS-REC REDEFINES VEHICLE-RECORD. 000098 LINKAGE SECTION. 000101 PROCEDURE DIVISION USING PARMS. PERFORM READ-FILE UNTIL END-OF-FILE = '1'. 000105 000119 READ-FILE. NOT AT END PERFORM PROCESS-VEHICLE 000122 000125 PROCESS-VEHICLE. 000126 MOVE FS-REC TO WS-REC. PERFORM PROCESS-CAR 000133 000149 PROCESS-CAR. PERFORM CALC-TAX. 000151 000157 STRING-NAME







Procedure Cross-Reference. After double clicking on PROCESS-VEHICLE the view is updated to show the start of the procedure

Exploring COBOL Program COBEX1 Scroll ===> <u>CS</u>R Command ===> JOBNAME: VHECKEA 12:42:44 SYSTEM ABEND: OCB 2014/07/08 + Expand all / - Collapse all - Comments + Level 88 Redefines 000001 IDENTIFICATION DIVISION. 000003 ENVIRONMENT DIVISION. 000011 FILE SECTION. 000013 01 FS-REC. 000017 WORKING-STORAGE SECTION. 000098 LINKAGE SECTION. 000101 PROCEDURE DIVISION USING PARMS. DISPLAY '*** COBEX1 - STARTING...'. 000102 000103 PERFORM INIT. OPEN I-O VEHICLE-FILE. 000104 000105 PERFORM READ-FILE UNTIL END-OF-FILE = '1'. CLOSE VEHICLE-FILE. 000106 000107 PERFORM PRINT-TOTALS. 000108 DISPLAY '*** COBEX1 - END OF PROGRAM'. 000109 GOBACK. 000111 INIT. 000119 READ-FILE. NOT AT END PERFORM PROCESS-VEHICLE 000122 000125 PROCESS-VEHICLE. MOVE FS-REC TO WS-REC.
IF WS-KEY NOT = 'KEY.. 000126 000127 DISPLAY 'VEHICLE: ' MAKE MODEL 000128 ADD 1 TO TOTAL-VEHICLES 000129 000130 MOVE ZERO TO BASE-AMOUNT MOVE 0 TO TAX-CALCULATED 000131 000132 IF CAR 000133 PERFORM PROCESS 000134 ELSE 000135 PERFORM PROCESS-COMMERCIAL 000136 FND-IF 000137 IF TAX-CALCULATED IF TAX-AMOUNT > HIGHEST-TAX 000138 000139 PERFORM STRING-NAME

You can double click on any procedure or GOTO. In this example the view is repositioned to show PROCESS-COMMERCIAL

Exploring COBOL Program COBEX1

Command ===> Scroll ===> CSR

JOBNAME: VHECKEA SYSTEM ABEND: OCB ZT01 2014/07/08 12:42:44

+ Expand all / - Collapse all - Comments + Level 88 - Redefines

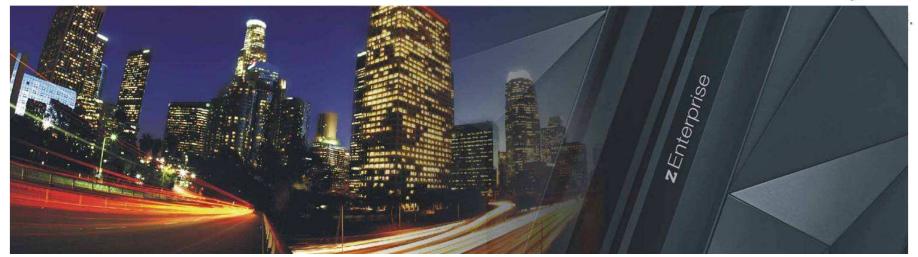
000153 PROCESS-COMMERCIAL 000154 IF INIT-FLAG = '1' 000155 PERFORM UNDO-TAX.

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IBM Fault Analyzer COBOL Explorer

(an interactive post-mortem debugger)

Watch the video @ http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZXwsaBnfk2Q





Debug Tool IMS Private Message Region Enhancement

Insert
Custom
Session
QR if
Comp Desired.





Agenda

- IMS private message region enhancement
 - Customer requirement
 - Proposed solution
 - Demo





Customer Requirement

- In IMS online environments, one or more users debugging transactions in Debug Tool can monopolize the scheduling environment for a given message class.
- Customers would like a way to isolate debug users in private message regions, serving a class dedicated to Debug Tool. This will allow the normal class to continue scheduling non-debug transactions.





Solution

- Debug Tool 's Debug Tool Utilities (ISPF) enhanced to facilitate the following:
 - Allow administrators to create Message Region Templates, with dedicated message classes.
 - Allow debug users to select a Message Region Template to launch as a private message region.
 - Also, allow debug users to specify a transaction to schedule in their private message region and debug.





Installer Actions

- The Debug Tool installer will need to perform some customization of DTU and RACF.
 - Set defaults in EQAZDFLT for the default message region template data set, and the default job names for private message regions.
 - Give authority to the EQANBSWT BMP AOI to issue the /START, /STOP, /ASSIGN and /DISPLAY IMS commands.
 - Authorize administrators to the EQADTOOL.IMSTEMPCREATE FACILITY.





Administrator Use Case

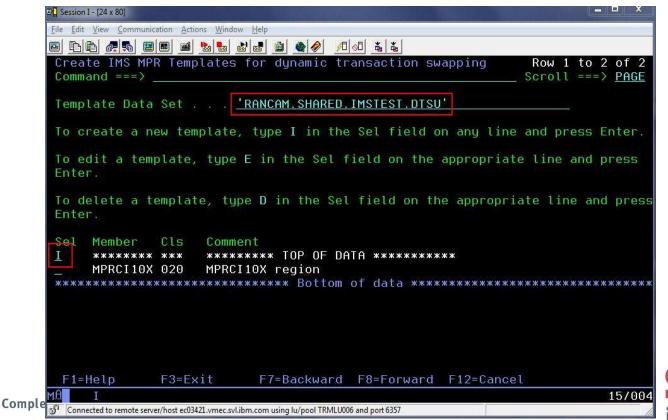
- Administrator needs to create a new message region template.
- Use DTU option 4, sub-option 4.
- Copy from the JCL of an existing IMS message region.





Administrator panel

- This is the panel the administrator sees after selecting DTU option 4.4.
- The administrator may overtype the name of the template data set.
- To create a new template, the administrator enters "I" in the table.

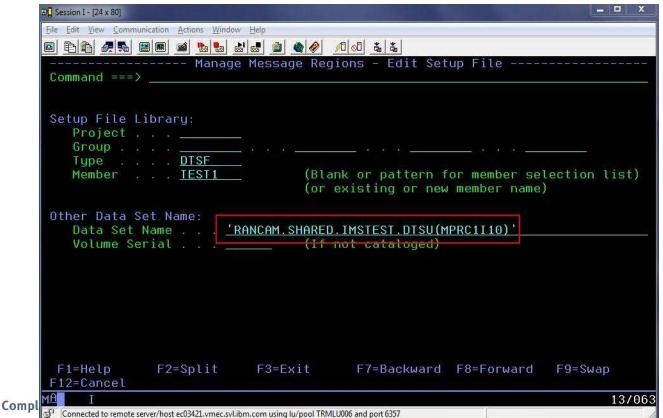






Supply data set name for template

 The data set name will be pre-filled with the template name. The administrator adds a member name and presses Enter.

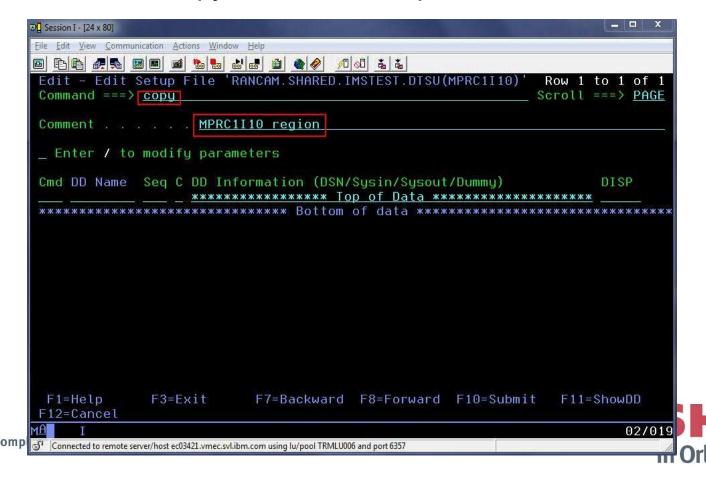






Enter the COPY command

 The administrator types in a region comment, and then enters the "copy" command and presses Enter.





Supply JCL data set name

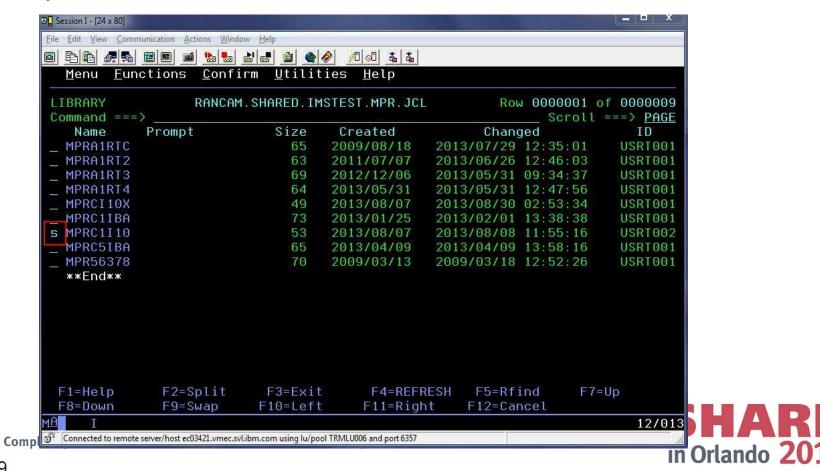
 The administrator will type the name of a data set which contains IMS MPR JCLs and press Enter.

<u>File Edit View Commu</u>	nication <u>A</u> ctions <u>W</u> indov	v <u>H</u> elp				
			Ø Ø ¾ ¾			
	- Debug Tool		Copy from Setu	up File or JCI		
Select data	to copy into	'RANCAM.SHAR	RED.IMSTEST.DTSU	J(MPRC1I10)'		
Project .	r JCL Librarı					
Group	DICE	_3 × × × 3 <u>.</u>			# 1 m	
Member .	<u>DTSF</u>		nk or pattern f existing or new)
Other Data S Data Set	Name <u>'I</u>	RANCAM. SHARED	.IMSTEST.MPR.JC	CL'		<u>n</u>
Volume Se	rial —	(If	not cataloged)			
			up file the enti select the infor			
F1=Help F12=Cancel	F2=Split	F3=Exit	F7=Backward	F8=Forward	F9=Swap	
MAN I					02/0	



Select member from JCL data set

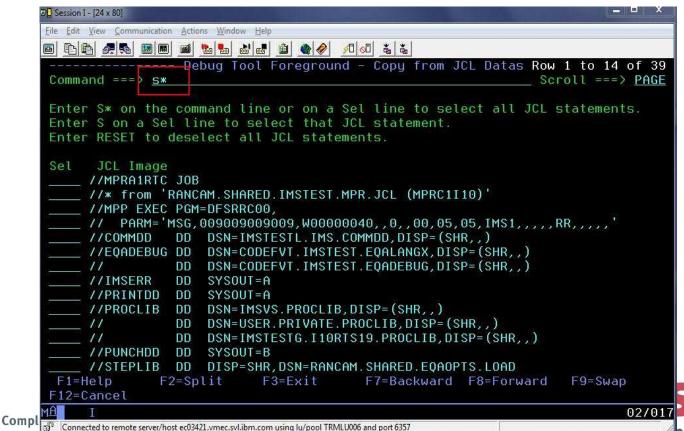
 The administrator selects the member to copy and presses Enter.





Select JCL cards to import to template

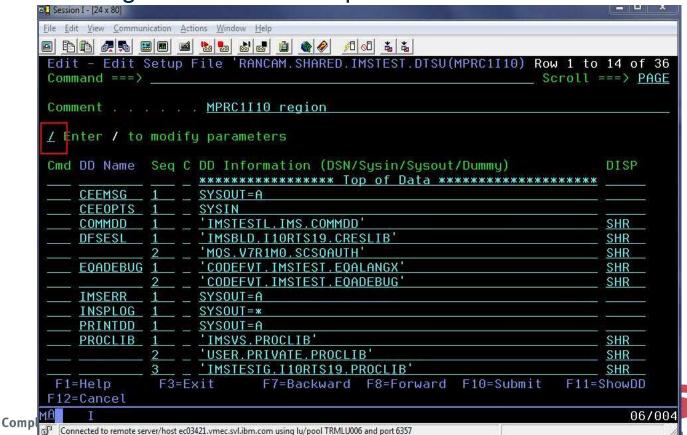
- This will present a panel with the JCL cards for the MPR.
- To select the entire job, the administrator types the command S* and hits Enter, and then presses PF3 to populate the template from the JCL.





Modify parameters to set message class

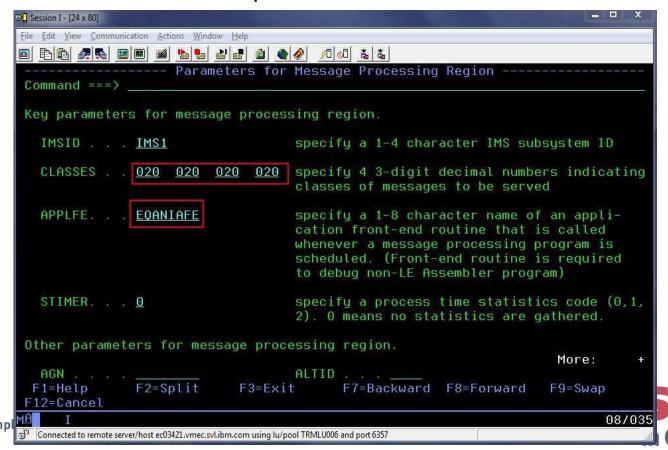
 The administrator types a forward slash (/) to modify the parameters. This allows the administrator to assign a message class to the template.





"Classes" field will contain new message class.

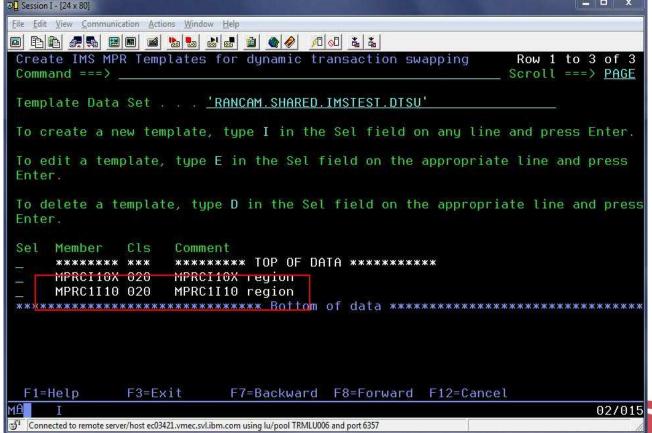
- The administrator changes the message classes.
- Also, note that APPLFE of EQANIAFE is required and will be forced on if not specified.





New template is now in the list

 Once the administrator presses PF3 to back all the way out, the new template will appear in the list.





Developer Use Case

- A developer knows that a certain transaction has a problem.
- The developer would like to debug to determine the location & cause of the failure, in a private message region.
- After debugging, the developer codes a fix and would like to test it without affecting other users.
- The developer would use a private message region template to accomplish these tasks.





Select DTU option 4, sub-option 3

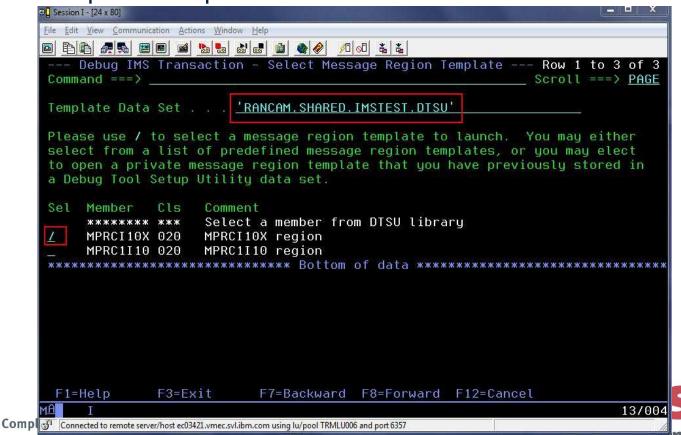
 User selects sub-option 3 to test with a private message region template.





Select a pre-defined IMS region template

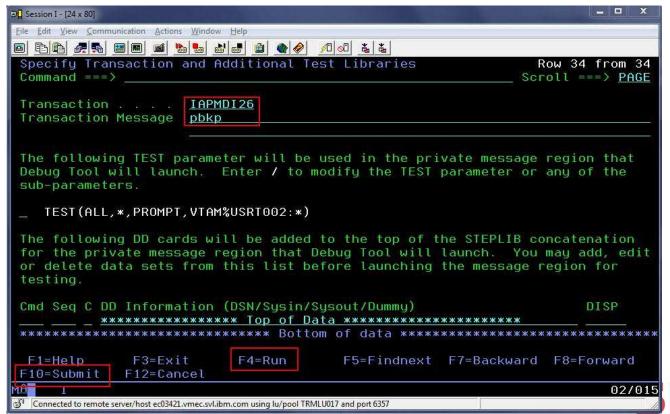
User can overtype the template data set name, if desired.
 Then, user enters forward slash (/) next to the desired template and presses Enter.





Supply a transaction name and message

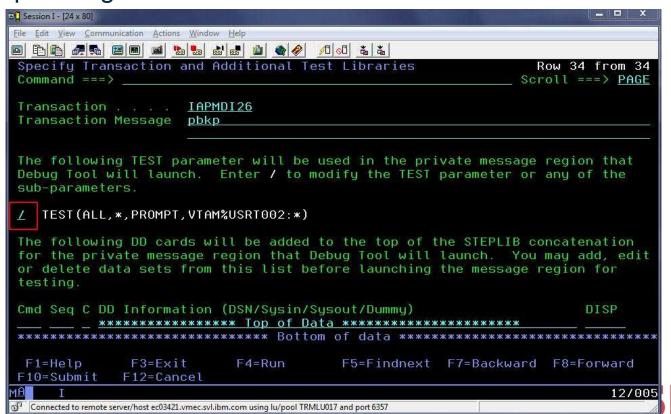
 To debug with the template, the user will fill in the transaction and any message for the transaction, then hit PF4 to "Run" or PF10 to "Submit".





Edit the TEST parameter string

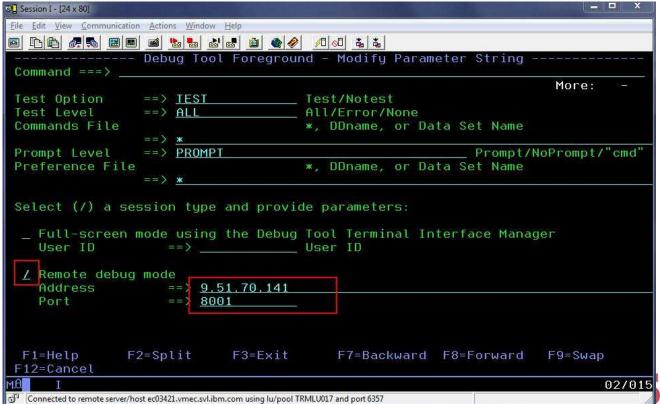
 The user can modify the TEST parameter by placing a forward slash (/) next to the existing parameter and pressing Enter.





Panel to modify the parameter string

 On this panel, the user can change the TEST string to specify a commands or preference file, and also change the "session type" (VTAM or via the remote plugin).

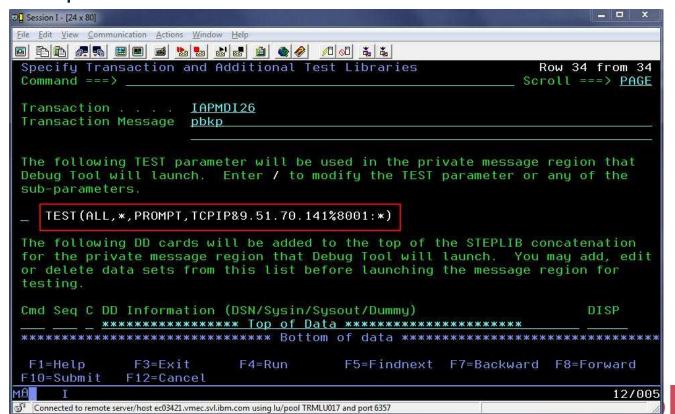






TEST parameter has been modified

 Note that the TEST parameter will now direct debug sessions to the remote plugin at the specified IP address and port.





Notes on "Run" and "Submit"

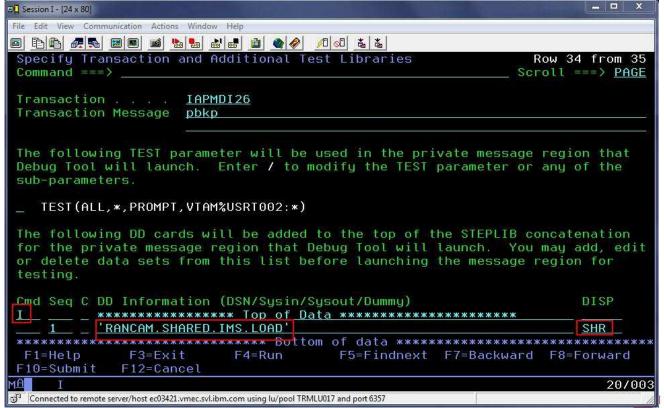
- Both options run an IMS BMP called EQANBSWT.
- EQANBSWT will launch two message regions based on the selected template, will assign the selected transaction to the new message class, and will send a message to the transaction.
- The first region will hard code the TEST parameter selected by the user.
- The second region will hard code NOTEST.
- "Run" executes EQANBSWT in the foreground.
- "Submit" shows JCL to run EQANBSWT, which the user can SUBMIT to JES.





Adding a personal library to template JCL

The user determines the cause of the failure and codes a fix. To test the fix, the user may use a private message region template with an additional test library. The user accesses the same panel as before, but now uses "I" to insert a library at the top of the STEPLIB concatenation, and then presses PF4 or PF10.







Saving a test case

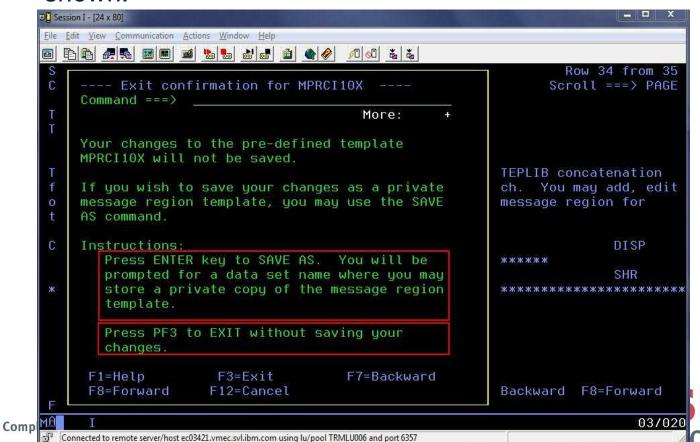
- After successful completion of testing, the user may wish to save a test case for later.
- To do this, the user may use the "SAVE AS" command.
- If the user attempts to exit without saving, he/she will be prompted.
- To use the test case later, the user may choose "Select a member from DTSU library" on the "Select Message Region Template" panel.





SAVE AS

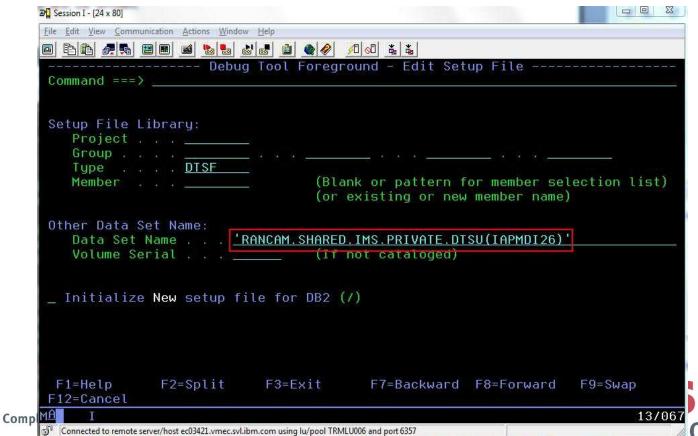
 After testing, the user can enter SAVE AS or simply press F3 to exit. If the changes are not saved, a prompt will be shown.





SAVE AS Step 2

 The user can type the name of a DTSU data set and a member name to store the private template. If a member is not specified, a member list will be shown.

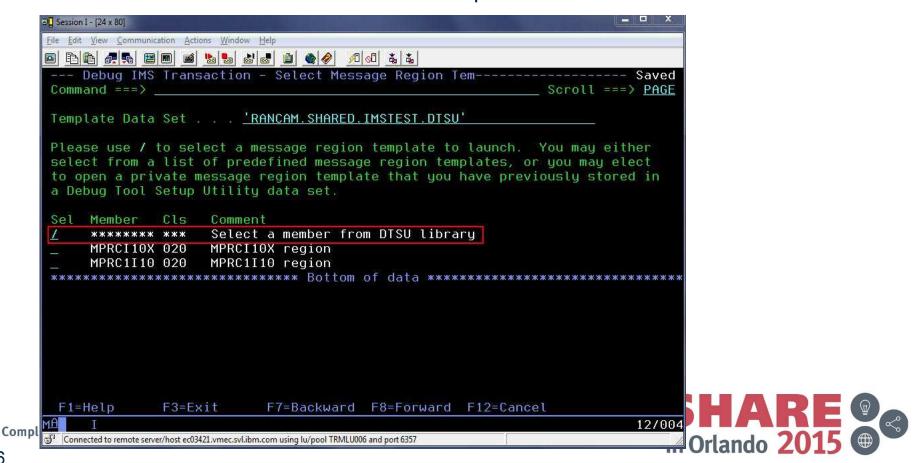






Using a saved test case

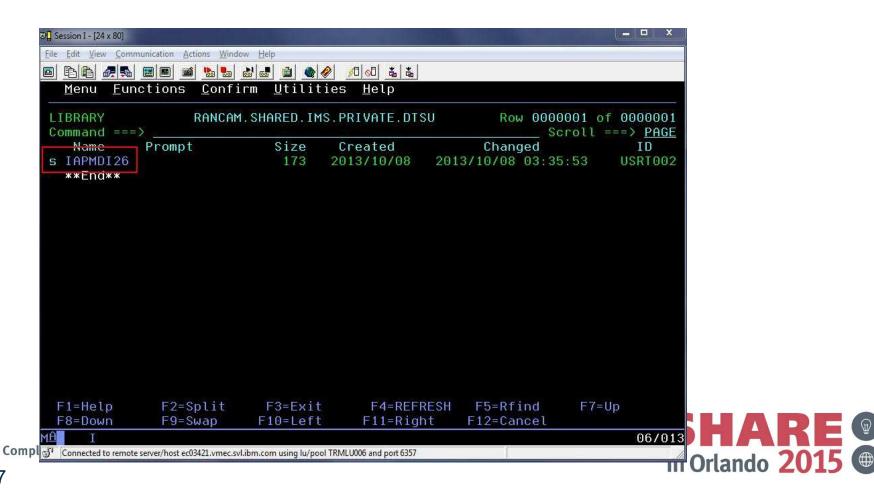
 To use the template later, the user will choose "Select a member from DTSU library" and press Enter. This will allow the user to browse a DTSU data set and choose a specific member.





Select test case member

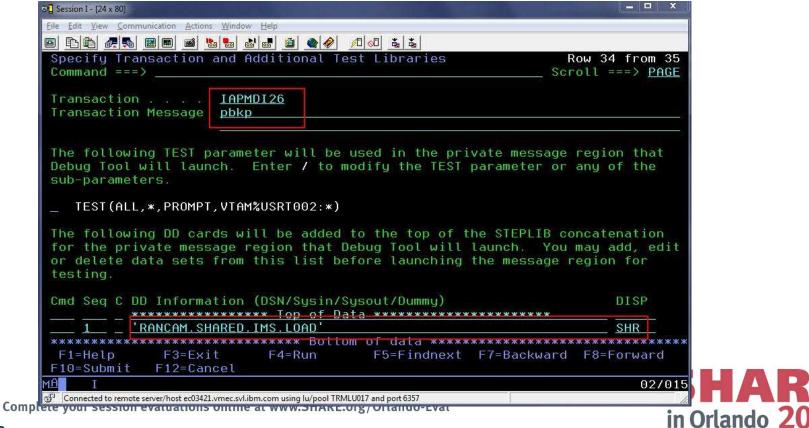
The user selects the member to use for testing.





Running the saved test case

The saved template will be shown. Note that the Transaction, Transaction Message and additional libraries have been saved.





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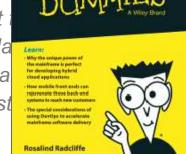
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