

Certificate Authority on z/OS –PKI Services Hands-on Lab

Wai Choi, CISSP® IBM Corporation

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## **Objectives of this Lab**

## At the end of this lab, you will be able to

- Submit and approve a certificate request for
  - A certificate with key pair generated by the browser EX 1
  - A certificate with key pair generated by PKI Services EX 2
  - A certificate with key pair generated on a z/OS server EX 3
- View the installed certificate from the IE broswer EX 4
- Revoke/Suspend a certificate EX 5
- Check the certificate status EX 6
  - Certificate Revocation List (CRL)
  - Online Certificate Status Protocol (OCSP)
- Customize PKI Services EX 7
  - Configuration file pkiserv.conf
  - Template file pkiserv.tmpl

Note: You may not have enough time to do all of them. Recommend to pick Ex 1, 4, 5, 6 first.

## **Exercise Instructions:**

Note 1: All the references of xx refer to the number part of your assigned id, eg. 01 if your assigned ID is sharb01)

Note 2: You will play both roles as an end user and as an administrator in the lab. The tasks performed by an end

user and an administrator are indicated by a male

and female

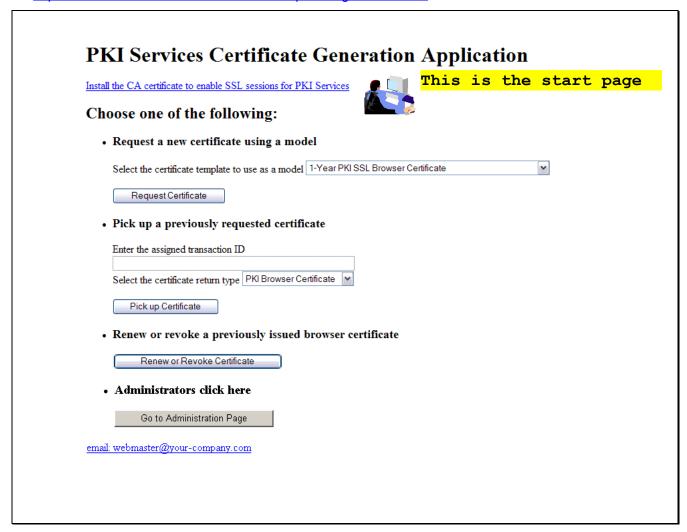
icon respectively.

Note 3: If you are not familiar with the MVS/OMVS system, you may refer to Appendix 1 to get some hints.

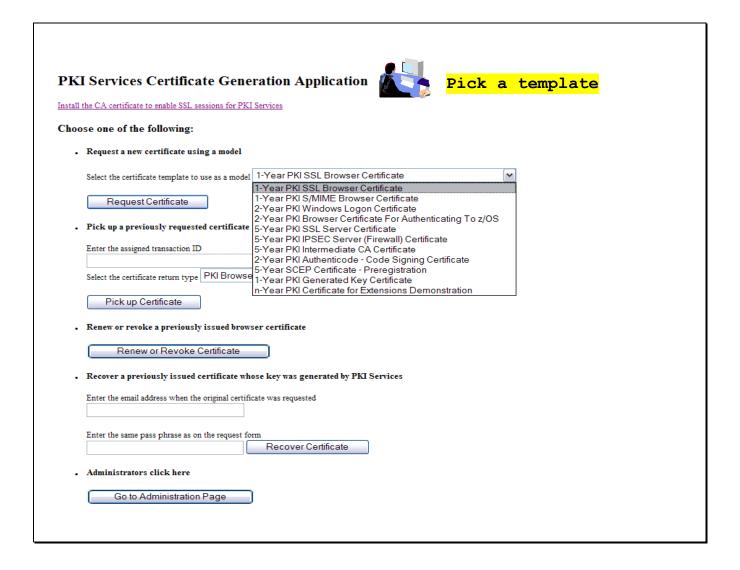
### Exercise 1 - Request a certificate with key pair generated from the browser

#### A. Submit a request

 Open the FireFox browser to go to the url (change xx to the number part of your assigned id): http://mvs1.centers.ihost.com:8041/Sharbxx/public-cgi/camain.rexx



- Choose the '1 Year PKI SSL Browser Certificate' template
- · Click 'Request Certificate'



- Fill in the values for the certificate request information
- Select a Keysize for the browser to generate key pair: High grade 2048 bits, Medium grade 1024 bits
- Click on 'Submit certificate request'

# 1-Year PKI SSL Browser Certificate Choose one of the following:

Fill in the info

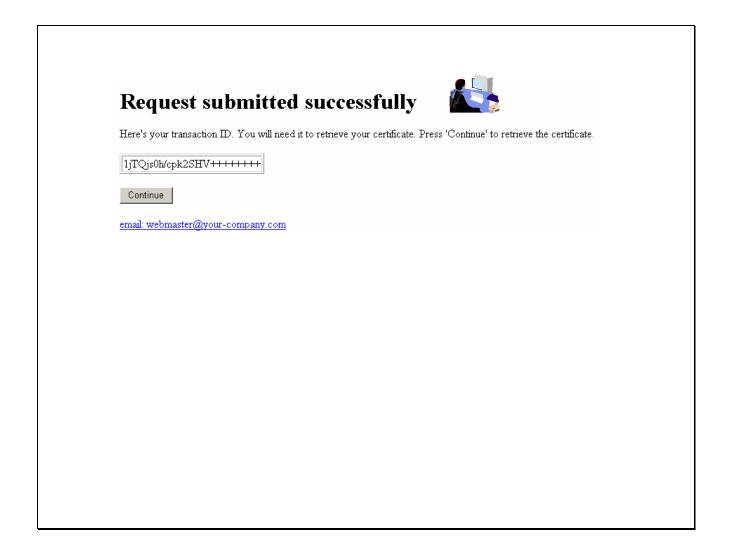
Request a New Certificate
Enter values for the following field(s)
Your name for tracking this request (optional)
Email address for notification purposes (optional)
Pass phrase for securing this request. You will need to supply this value when retrieving your certifications are considered to supply this value when retrieving your certifications.
Reenter your pass phrase to confirm
Email address for distinguished name MAIL= attribute (optional)
Common Name
Select a key size High Grade  High Grade  Submit certifical Medium Grade

• Pick Up a Previously Issued Certificate

Retrieve your certificate

Save this transaction ID into some file (eg. Open notepad and paste it)

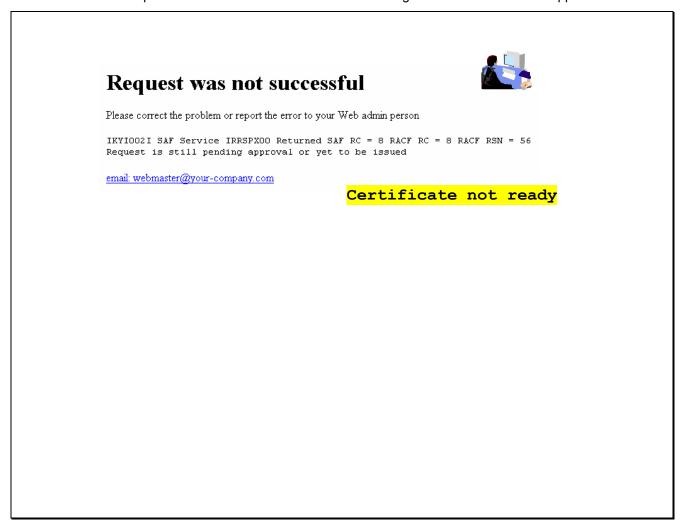
• Click 'Continue'



- Enter the passphrase that you entered when you made the request
- Click on 'Retrieve and Install Certificate' (It will fail, see next page)

Retrieve Your PKI Browser Certificat Please bookmark this page	
ince your certificate may not have been issued yet, we recommend the asiest way to check your status.	at you create a bookmark to this location so that when you return to this bookmark, the browser will display your transaction ID. This is the
inter the assigned transaction ID	
1kA6s3KFhriZ2Tc+++++++	
f you specified a pass phrase when submitting the certificate request,	type it here, exactly as you typed it on the request form
Retrieve and Install Certificate	
Home page	

• You will find the request was not successful because it is waiting for the administrator to approve it



#### B. Approve the certificate request

- Open another browser window to go to the same url (change xx to the number part of your assigned id): http://mvs1.centers.ihost.com:8041/Sharbxx/public-cgi/camain.rexx
- This time you act as an administrator, click on the 'Go to Administration Page'
- When prompted for userid and password, use your assigned sharbxx userid and password



Choose 'Show requests pending approval' and click on 'Find Certificates or Certificate Requests'

se one of the following:		
Work with a single certificate request		
Enter the Transaction ID:	cess Request	
Work with a single issued certificate		
Enter the Serial Number:		
	cess Certificate	
Specify search criteria for certificates ar	ad certificate requests	
Certificate Requests	Issued Certificates	
Show all requests	Show all issued certificates	
Show requests pending approval	Show revoked certificates	
Show approved requests	Show suspended certificates	
Show completed requests	Show expired certificates	
Show rejected requests	Show active certificates (not expired, not revoked, not suspended)	
O Show rejections in which the client has b	een notified O Show disabled certificates (suspended or revoked, not expired)	
Show preregistered requests	Show active, automatic renewal enabled certificates	
	Show active, automatic renewal disabled certificates	
	Show active, not renewable certificates	
Additional search criteria (Optional)		
Requestor's name		
(Not Salastad)	<u> </u>	
Show recent activity only (Not Selected)		
Show certificates that will expire (Not Sele	cled) (Only applicable to active certificates when recent activity is not selected)	
•		

- This shows the request summary
- Click on the Trans ID link to view the request details



## **Certificate Requests**

## Request summary info

The following certificate requests matched the search criteria specified:

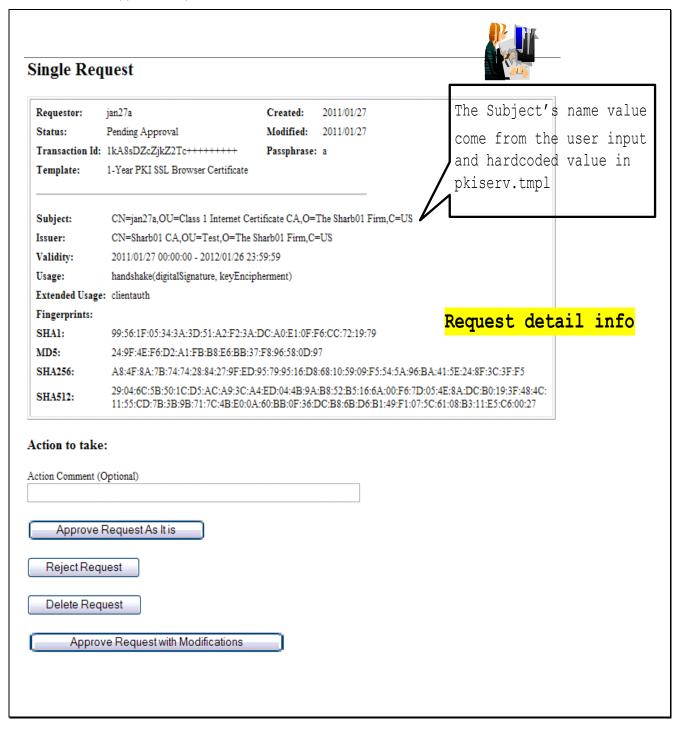


#### Choose one of the following:

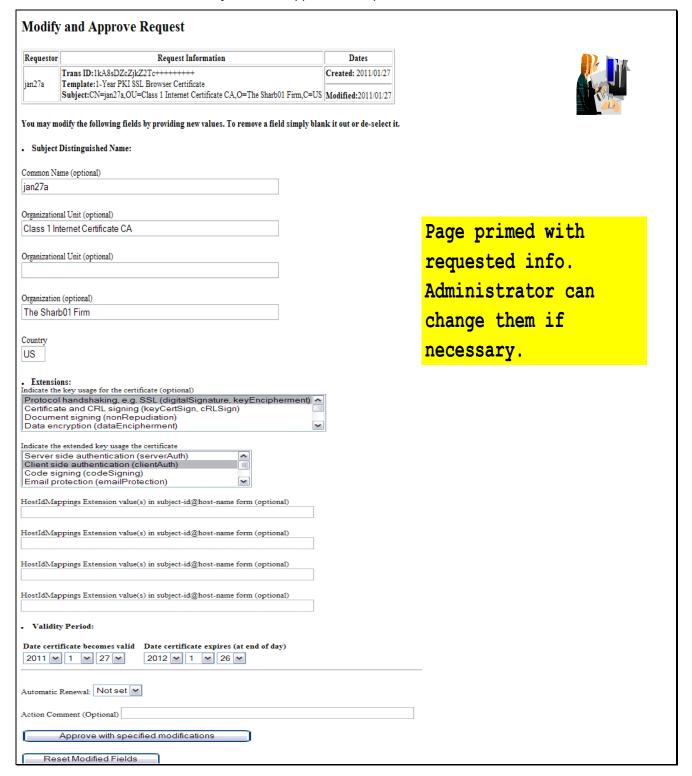
- · Click on a transaction ID to see more information or to modify, approve, reject, or delete requests individually
- · Select and take action against multiple requests at once

Action Comment (Optional)	
Approve - Approve without modification all requests se	elected above that are "Pending Approval"
Reject   - Reject all requests selected above that are "Pend	fing Approval"
Delete Delete all requests selected above	
	Respecify Your Search Criteria
	Home Page

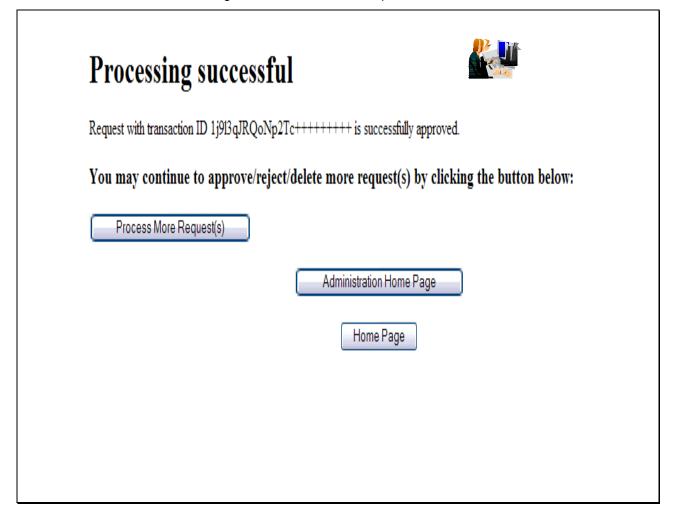
- Notice that Subject name value has values coming from both the user input (the CN value) and the hard coded value in pkiserv.tmpl under the <CONSTANT> section (the OU and O values)
- Click on 'Approve Request with Modifications'



- As an administrator, you can modify the info that the user input before you approve the request
- After the modification, if any, click on 'Approve with specified modifications'



- You will get a confirmation that the request is approved
- Click on 'Administration Home Page' to take a look at the request status



• Choose 'Show all requests' and click on 'Find Certificates or Certificate Requests'

Work with a single certificate request  Enter the Transaction ID:  Process Rec  Work with a single issued certificate  Enter the Serial Number:  Process Certificate Requests  Show all requests  Show requests pending approval  Show approved requests  Show completed requests  Show rejected requests	equest
Work with a single issued certificate  Enter the Serial Number:  Process Certificate and certificates and ce	equest
Enter the Serial Number:  Process Cer  Specify search criteria for certificates and certific  Certificate Requests  Show all requests  Show requests pending approval  Show approved requests  Show completed requests	
Process Certificates and certificates an	
Specify search criteria for certificates and certific  Certificate Requests  Show all requests Show requests pending approval Show approved requests Show completed requests	
Certificate Requests  Show all requests  Show requests pending approval Show approved requests Show completed requests	ertificate
Show all requests     Show requests pending approval     Show approved requests     Show completed requests	cate requests  Issued Certificates
Show requests pending approval     Show approved requests     Show completed requests	Show all issued certificates
Show approved requests     Show completed requests	Show revoked certificates
	O Show suspended certificates
O Show rejected requests	O Show expired certificates
	Show active certificates (not expired, not revoked, not suspended)
O Show rejections in which the client has been notified	ed O Show disabled certificates (suspended or revoked, not expired)
O Show preregistered requests	Show active, automatic renewal enabled certificates
	Show active, automatic renewal disabled certificates
	Show active, not renewable certificates
Additional search criteria (Optional)	
Requestor's name	
Show recent activity only (Not Selected)	
Show certificates that will expire (Not Selected)	(Only applicable to active certificates when recent activity is not selected)
Find Certificates or Certificate Reque	

- Notice that the status of the request became 'Approved'. If the certificate has been created, a serial number will also be displayed.
- Click on 'Re-specify Your Search Criteria' to check on the certificate

## **Certificate Requests**



The following certificate requests matched the search criteria specified:

All 🗹	Requestor	Certificate Request Information	Status	Dates
	inn27n	Trans ID: 1kA8sDZcZjkZ2Tc+++++++ Translated Ver DVI SSI Province Certificate	Approved	Created: 2011/01/27
	jan27a	Template: 1-Year PKI SSL Browser Certificate Subject: CN=jan27a,OU=Class 1 Internet Certificate CA,O=The Sharb01 Firm,C=US	Serial #: 3	Modified:2011/01/27

#### Choose one of the following:

- . Click on a transaction ID to see more information or to modify, approve, reject, or delete requests individually
- Select and take action against multiple requests at once

  Action Comment (Optional)

  Delete
   Delete all requests selected above

Request is approved. The presence of a serial number indicates the certificate is created.

Respecify Your Search Criteria

Home Page

• This time choose 'Show all issued certificates' and click on 'Find Certificates or Certificate Requests'

Work with a single certificate request Enter the Transaction ID:	
P	Process Request
Work with a single issued certificate	To display all the
Enter the Serial Number:	certificates certificates
	Process Certificate
Specify search criteria for certificates	s and certificate requests
Certificate Requests	Issued Certificates
O Show all requests	<ul> <li>Show all issued certificates</li> </ul>
O Show requests pending approval	Show revoked certificates
O Show approved requests	Show suspended certificates
O Show completed requests	Show expired certificates
O Show rejected requests	O Show active certificates (not expired, not revoked, not suspended)
O Show rejections in which the client ha	as been notified O Show disabled certificates (suspended or revoked, not expired)
O Show preregistered requests	O Show active, automatic renewal enabled certificates
	O Show active, automatic renewal disabled certificates
	Show active, not renewable certificates
Additional search criteria (Optional)	
Requestor's name	
Show recent activity only (Not Selecte	d) 💌

- Similar info as in the request. The status of the certificate is 'Active' when it is created
- Click on the Serial # link to display certificate details



#### **Issued Certificates**

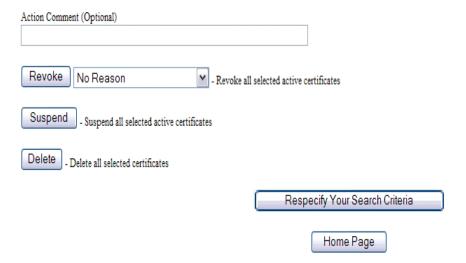
The following issued certificates matched the search criteria specified:



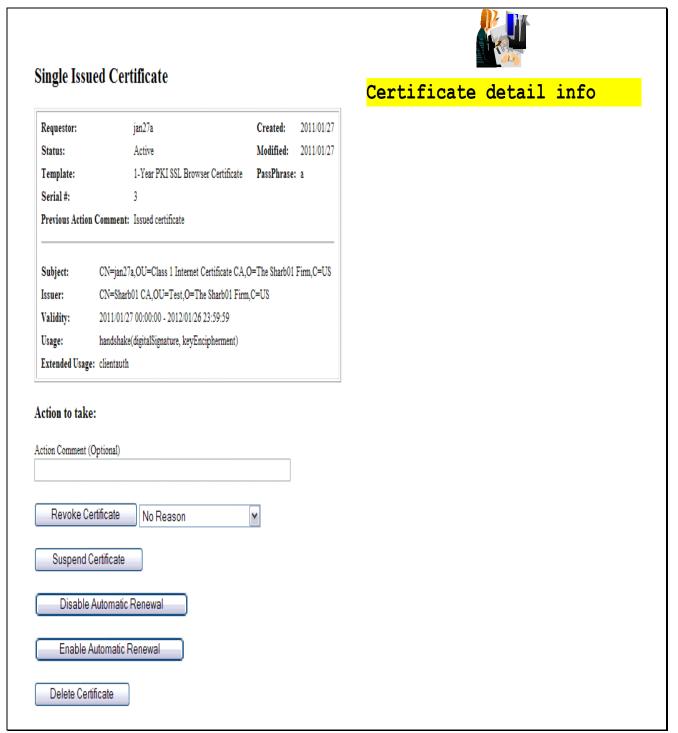
#### Choose one of the following:

## Certificate summary info

- . Click on a serial number to see more information or to perform action on a single certificate
- . Select and take action against multiple certificates at once

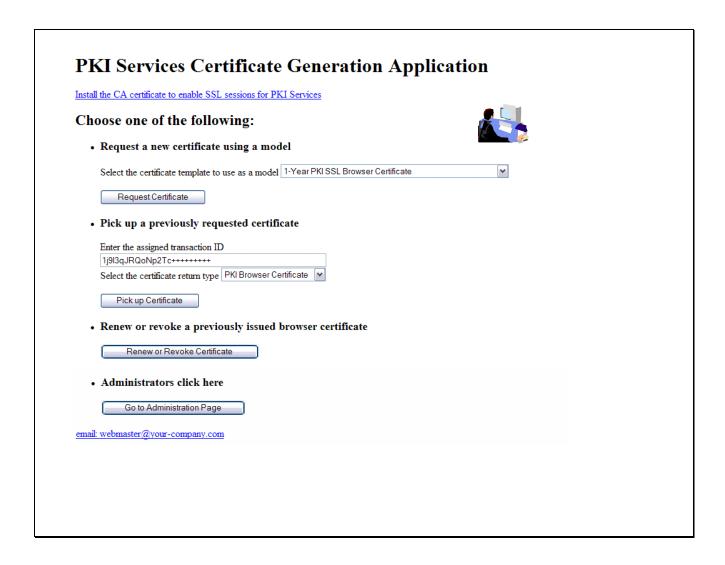


This page can also be reached from the Serial # link appeared on the Certificate Requests page (p. 20) The values of Validity, Usage, Extended Usage come from the template file pkiserv.tmpl.

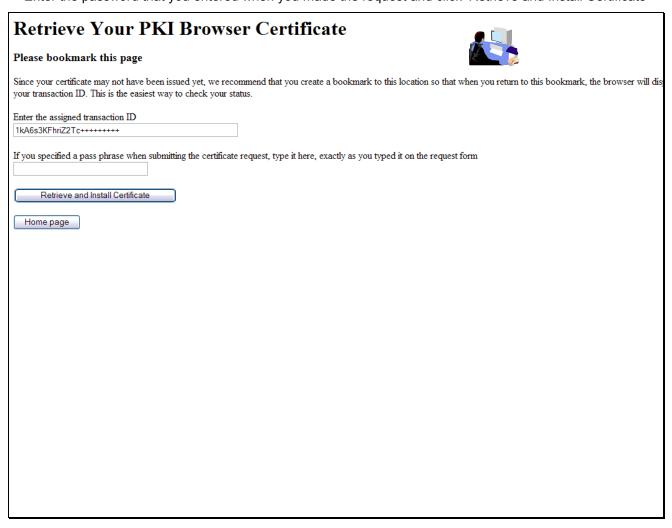


#### C. Pick up the certificate

- Switch back to the user browser window and go to this page again (p.11)
- Enter the transaction ID, select 'PKI Browser Certificate' as the certificate return type and click on 'Pick up Certificate'



• Enter the password that you entered when you made the request and click 'Retrieve and Install Certificate'



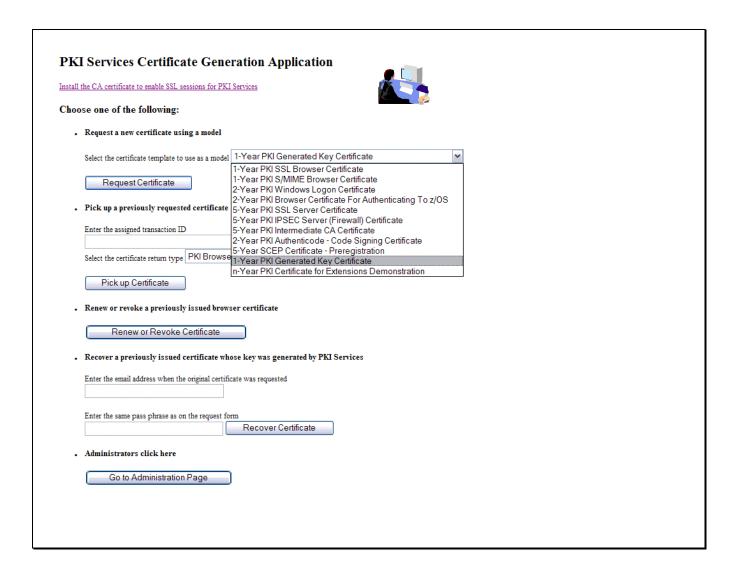


You will look at the certificate you installed from the browser in Exercise 4.

### Exercise 2 - Request a certificate with key pair generated by PKI Services

#### A. Submit a request

- Go to the main page again as in Exercise 1 (change xx to the number part of your assigned id): http://mvs1.centers.ihost.com:8041/Sharbxx/public-cqi/camain.rexx
- Choose the '1 Year PKI Generated Key Certificate' template
- Click 'Request Certificate'



- Fill in the values for the certificate request information
- Select the key type and key size for PKI to generate key pair
- Click on 'Submit certificate request'



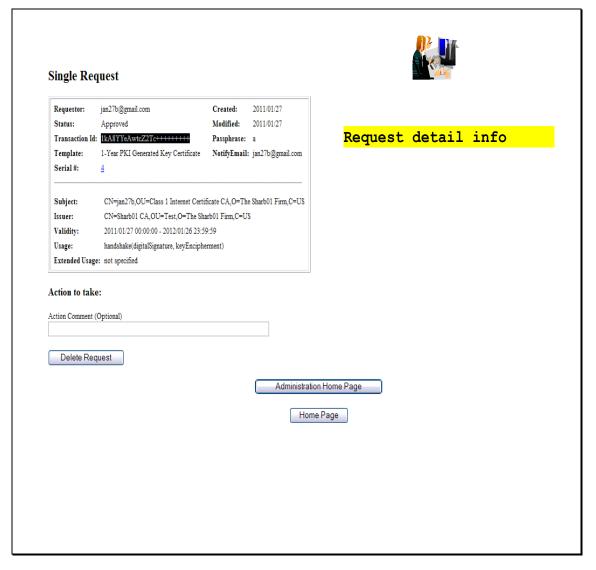
• Unlike the browser generated key certificate, you do not get back a transaction ID on this page

Request submitted successfully
A link to pick up the certificate was sent to the specified requestor's email address at jan27b@gmail.com.
Home Page
email: webmaster@your-company.com

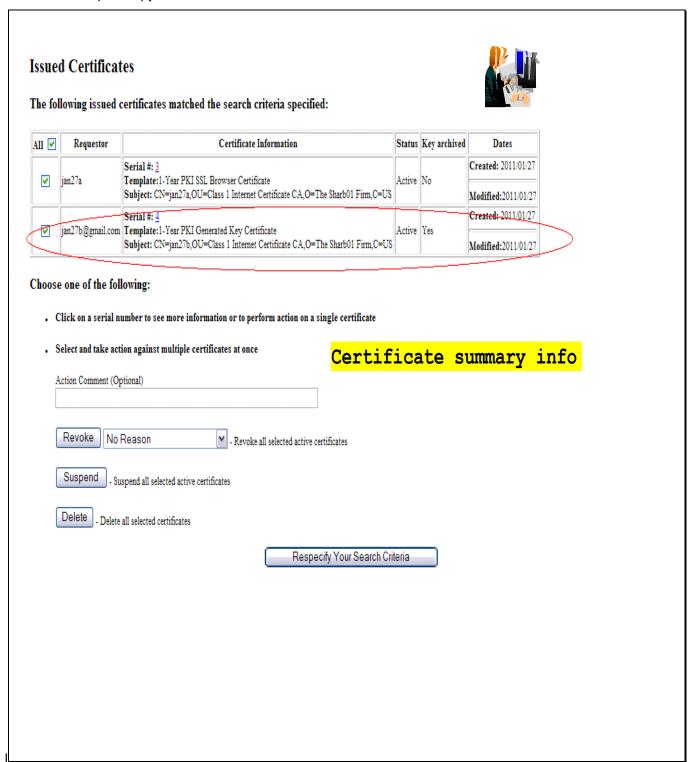
• Note: The lab system won't allow the sending out of email. We will use the administrator role to get the transaction ID to retrieve the certificate.

## **B.** Approve the request

- Go to the administrator's page to approve the request the same way you just did as in Exercise 1
- Save the Transaction Id from the request detail page. (You will need it to retrieve the certificate in Step C later.)

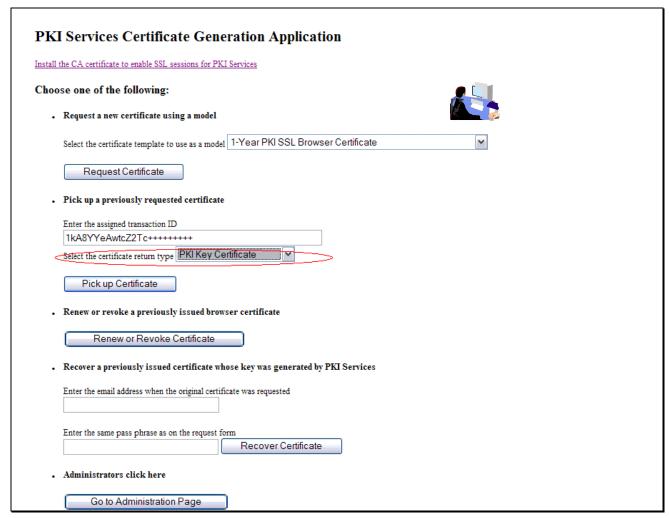


 Notice that the Key archived column for this certificate is Yes since the key pair was generated by PKI Services and PKI keeps a copy of it.



#### C. Pick up the certificate

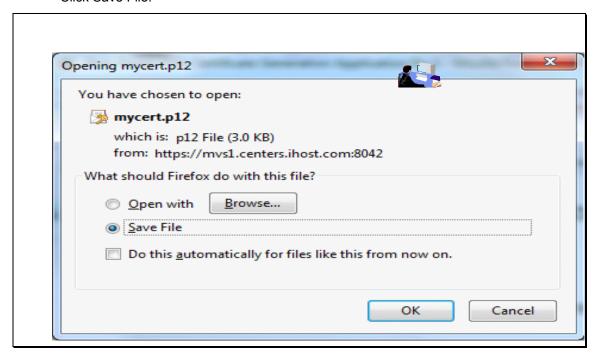
 Go back to the user home page to retrieve the PKI key generated certificate. Paste the Transaction ID and select 'PKI Key Certificate' as the certificate return type. Click on Pick up Certificate.



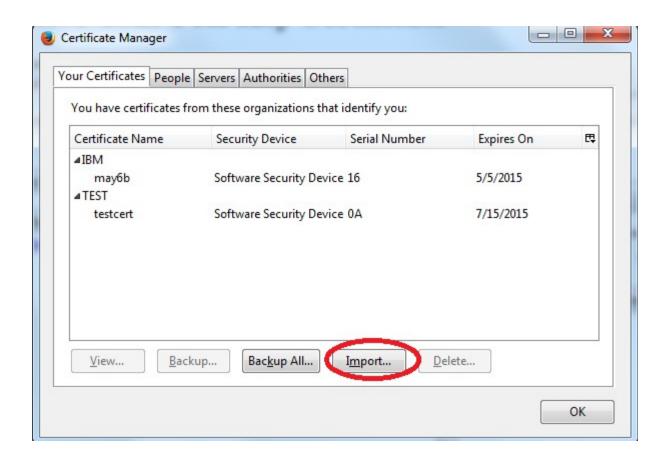
- Note: In real system, the end user will reach this page by clicking on the link sent to his email address
- Enter the pass phrase you entered when you made the request



Click Save File.



- The file will be saved in the download folder in your machine.
- From the browser menu, click on Tools -> Options...
- Click on the Advanced tab, click on the 'View Certificates' button
- Click on the 'Your Certificates' tab, click on the 'Import...' button



- Select the p12 file from the download folder to import the certificate and the key
- You will look at the certificate you installed from the browser in Exercise 4.

#### Exercise 3 - Request a certificate with key pair generated on z/OS

#### A. Create a request



- Log on the MVS system (See Appendix 1)
- Go to ISPF panel, enter option 6

```
File Edit View Communication Actions Window Help
SHARE ISPF 5.9 SCROLLABLE PRIMARY OPTION MENU ------
OPTION ===> 6
  D Alternate Dialog ===> CMD(%????)
  D2 Alternate Dialog ===> PANEL(???
                                                                 More:
  The time is 12:30 p.m. on Tuesday, July 22, 2008 (2008.204)
  Your uid is SHARB01 dsn prefix is SHARB01
                                              proc is SHARE
                                                              sys is $1
        SETTINGS
                    - Specify ISPF parameters
                    - View source data or output listing
        VIEW
                    - View/Browse files in the Open Edition file system
        VIEW-0E
                    - Create or change source data
        EDIT
        EDIT-0E
                    - Edit files in the Open Edition file system
        UTILITIES
                    - Perform utility functions
  3P
                    - Open Edition ISPF shell
        ISHELL-0E
                    - Invoke language processors in foreground
        FOREGROUND
                    - Submit job for language processing
        COMMAND
                    - Enter TSO command, CLIST, or REXX exec
        DIALOG TEST - Perform dialog testing
        LM UTILITIES - Perform library administrator utility functions
        IBM PRODUCTS - Additional IBM program development products
  10
                    - Software Configuration and Library Manager
        SCLM
```

- From ISPF 6, enter the RACDCERT command to create a certificate request by 2 commands: (*Note: Values are case sensitive within quotes*)
  - o RACDCERT id(Sharbxx) GENCERT SUBJECT(CN('MySSLCertxx')) WITHLABEL('MySSLCertxx')
  - RACDCERT id(Sharbxx) GENREQ(LABEL('MySSLCertxx')) DSN(myssl)

```
Menu List Mode Functions Utilities Help

ISPF Command Shell
Enter TSO or Workstation commands below:

===> RACDCERT id(Sharbxx) GENCERT SUBJECT(CN('MySSLCertxx'))
WITHLABEL('MySSLCertxx')
```

```
Menu List Mode Functions Utilities Help

ISPF Command Shell

Enter TSO or Workstation commands below:

===> RACDCERT id(Sharbxx) GENREQ(LABEL('MySSLCertxx')) DSN(myssl)
```

PF3 to exit out option 6 and go to ISPF 3.4, hit enter

```
File Edit View Communication Actions Window Help
SHARE ISPF 5.9 SCROLLABLE PRIMARY OPTION MENU ------
OPTION ===> 3.4_
  D Alternate Dialog ===> CMD(%????)
  D2 Alternate Dialog ===> PANEL(????)
                                                               More:
  The time is 12:45 p.m. on Tuesday, July 22, 2008 (2008.204)
  Your uid is SHARB01 dsn prefix is SHARB01 proc is SHARE
                                                            sys is $1
        SETTINGS
                    - Specify ISPF parameters
        VIEW
                    - View source data or output listing
       VIEW-OE
                    - View/Browse files in the Open Edition file system
       EDIT
                    - Create or change source data
                    - Edit files in the Open Edition file system
       EDIT-0E
       UTILITIES - Perform utility functions
```

• enter 'Sharbxx.myssl' on the 'Dsname Level' input line and hit enter

- Put letter 'e' next to 'Sharbxx.myssl'
- Select its entire content by using the mouse. Click on Edit->Copy. This will be used to paste on the PKCS#10
  Certificate Request box in the following steps.

Don't exit out of this file, leave it there.

#### **B.** Submit the request

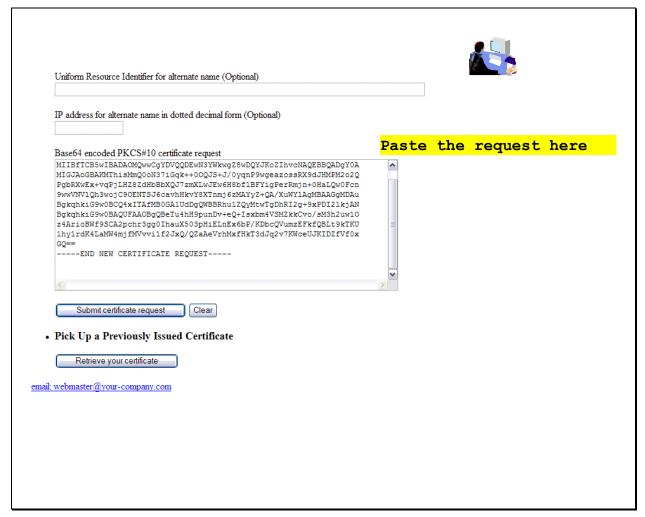
 Go to the PKI Services Start page (p.5). This time choose the '5 Year PKI SSL Server Certificate' template and click on 'Request Certificate'.



#### Fill in the information

oose one of the following:  • Request a New Certificate	
Enter values for the following field(s)	
Your name for tracking this request (Optional)	
Tour manner for accepting this request (optionia)	will in info inch lil
Email address for notification purposes (Optional)	Fill in info just lil
Pass phrase for securing this request. You will need to supply this value when retrieving your certificate	the browser cert case except
Reenter your pass phrase to confirm	
Email address for distinguished name MAIL= attribute (Optional)	
Common Name (Optional)	
Organizational Unit (Optional)	
Street address (Optional)	
Locality (Optional)	
State or Province (Optional)	
Zipcode or postal code (Optional)	
Country (Optional)	
Email address for alternate name (Optional)	

- Paste the request from the 'Sharbxx.myssl' dataset
- · Click on 'Submit certificate request' and save the transaction ID
- Go to the Administrator pages to approve this request in the same way you did in the browser certificate case



# C. Approve the request



· Same steps as in the previous exercises

## D. Pick up the certificate

- Retrieve the certificate in the same way shown on p. 22 and p. 23, except that this time you choose 'PKI Server Certificate' as the return type.
- Highlight the content to copy. (You may need to copy the entire content in parts.)

## Here's your Certificate. Cut and paste it to a file

----BEGIN CERTIFICATE----MIIGhwYJKoZIhvcNAQcCoIIGeDCCBnQCAQExADALBgkqhkiG9w0BBwGgggZcMIID 9TCCA16gAwIBAgIBBDANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQUFADAyMQswCQYDVQQGEwJVUzEMMAoG A1UEChMDSUJNMRUwEwYDVQQLEwxIUiBDZXJOIEF1dGgwHhcNMDQxMDA2MDAwMDAw WhenMDkxMDAOMjM10TU5WjBQMQswCQYDVQQGEwJVUzERMA8GA1UECBMITmV3IFlv cmsxFTATBgNVBAoTDE51dyBZb3JrIFJVRZEXMBUGA1UEAxMOU1VHIFd1YiBTZXJ2 ZXIwgZ8wDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEBBQADgYOAMIGJAoGBAJQLBDRIAd1hnFYyQE/MOZ9S eF+8zLv4AD6MyN1IP/Tr+Ij3T6c9mNYUB7fWqSpAIfmPt8W6KWLROMb31HVuYYtB oGaQ/FprcnHEkvP5QbOrvbxfqoZnrA1N4kGisGiBgv6evZ1fLAHpOJNLAaJfC2/h EbBOsdQ4RL8VCfzrSo2BAgMBAAGjggH7MIIB9zApBgNVHREEIjAghhhodHRw018v d3d3LnJ1Z3N1cnZlc15jb22HBA17LUMwDgYDVROPAQH/BAQDAgWgMBMGA1UdJQQM MAoGCCsGAQUFBwMBMIIBYwYDVROfBIIBWjCCAVYwSaBHoEWkQzBBMQswCQYDVQQG DAJVUZEMMAoGA1UECgwDSUJNMRUwEwYDVQQLDAxIUiBDZXJOIEF1dGgxDTALBgNV BAMMBENSTDEwXaBboFmGV2xkYXA6Ly85LjU2LjU0LjEzMDozODkvQ049Q1JMMSxP VT1IUiUvMEN1cnOlMjBBdXRoLE89SUJNLEM9VVM/Y2VvdGlmaWNhdGVSZXZvY2F0 aW9uTG1zdDBxoG+qbYZrbGRhcDovL215b3RoZXJsZGFwc2VvdmVvLm15Y29tcGFu eS5jb2O6Mzg5LONOPUNSTDEsT1U9SFI1MjBDZXJOJTIwQXVOaCxPPU1CTSxDPVVT P2N1cnRpZm1jYXR1UmV2b2NhdGlvbkxpc3QwN6A1oDOGMWhOdHA6Ly93d3cubX1j b21wYW55LmNvbS9QS01TZXJ2L2NhY2VydHMvQ1JMMS5jcmwwHQYDVROOBBYEFFp6 TKC8zJOGNu/lvjWmjqx/S2+NMB8GA1UdIwQYMBaAFLdu6pMUI9gIBAPXMeK3zu1Z M+arMAOGCSqGSIb3DQEBBQUAA4GBADpj6b1OeBL+z2GQmd9EQGXyP5zrPYoALIJ8 LP3ugJ5sI1R55mtNsUm358JzYwtT/46uP6zmDnn3hxAt6cwMiWYHNpKzIQHfx+02 lSL/fX/5u8QCFhR8E7a18Z+AeppcoOi6/YxHfHl+5qIcMv5/oekbH28foxSNwlRb n/tKWewmMIICXzCCAcigAwIBAgIBADANBgkqhkiG9wOBAQUFADAyMQswCQYDVQQG EwJVUzEMMAoGA1UEChMDSUJNMRUwEwYDVOOLEwxIUiBDZXJOIEF1dGawHhcNMDOx MDAOMDQwMDAwWhcNMjAwMTAyMDM1OTU5WjAyMQswCQYDVQQGEwJVUZEMMAoGA1UE ChMDSUJNMRUwEwYDVQQLEwxIUiBDZXJOIEF1dGgwgZ8wDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEBBQAD gYOAMIGJAoGBALAbZJJN/FEu/VDi+mRmuJzpwKl6V4ATqNHztjuEMbdzl3rtIpaR OqIh61atRRsddACuH4vkxaNxg/WHOdzFp/kknDHmrh1EwlIwRLCEfU3LAiBg8URO QiPhwV61cQUHSTW+uxnXJq560KQAOo4weiFr+GRm6ISa3i1/Yt4oIeIDAgMBAAGj gYQwgYEwPwYJYIZIAYb4QgENBDITMEdlbmVyYXR1ZCBieSBOaGUgU2VjdXJpdHkg U2VydmVyIGZvciB6L09TIChSQUNGKTAOBgNVHQ8BAf8EBAMCAQYwDwYDVROTAQH/ BAUwAwEB/zAdBgNVHQ4EFgQUt27qkxQj2AgEA9cx4rfO7Vkz5qswDQYJKoZIhvcN AQEFBQADgYEAqWTnhDcf7GUAww7hBk5XWbODsT5N/A/P2mVFs7mSpJpT3I1dbE+I Ipf4kRFruoN6bIFDw0yFnCp71BbWH8dF/OnMwBGMsFEhLrF6Fjw12ovObWVqCiAE --END CERTIFICATE-



The cert is returned in B64 format for you to cut and paste it to a file from the server side. You may not be able to paste the entire content into the server dataset. Do it in parts OR use a function provided by PCOMM: Edit->Paste, Paste Next.

email: webmaster@your-company.com

## E. Install the certificate in the server

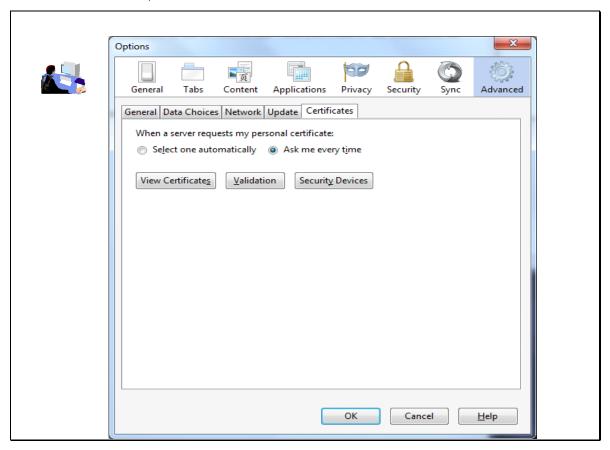


- Go back to the MVS system, the content of the 'Sharbxx.myssl' should be still displaying. Replace the content of the 'Sharbxx.myssl' dataset with this copied content by deleting its original content and \*paste the new content. (*This is a convenient way so that we don't have to allocate another dataset for this.*)
  - o A neat trick to paste multiple pages: Click on Edit->Paste, Edit->Paste Next
- Save the file by hitting PF3
- Go to ISPF 6, enter the following command to replace the original self-signed certificate with this one issued by PKI Services
  - o RACDCERT ID(Sharbxx) ADD('Sharbxx.myssl')

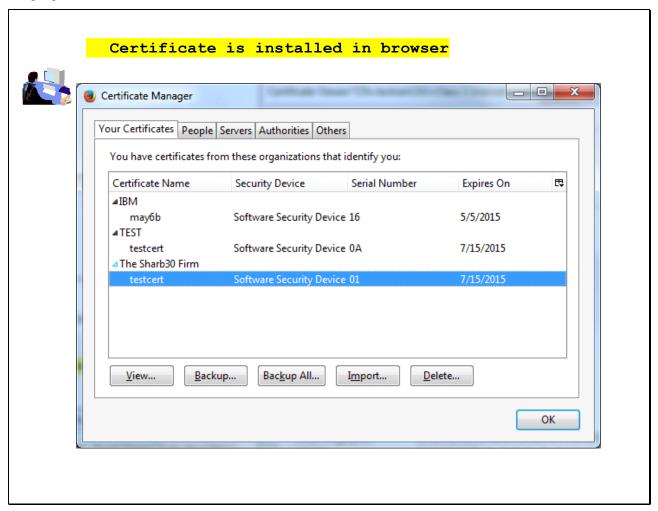
(You will get a warning message IRRD113I about incorrect range. That's fine since the CA cert in this lab was set up to have a very short validity period.)

## Exercise 4 - View the installed certificate from the FireFox browser

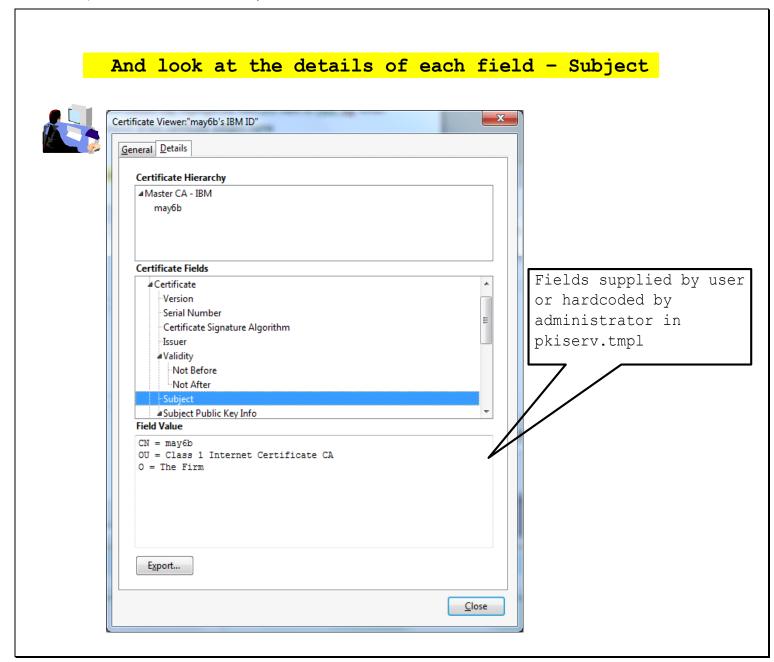
- From FireFox, click on Tools -> Options...
- Click on the Advanced tab, click on the 'View Certificates' button



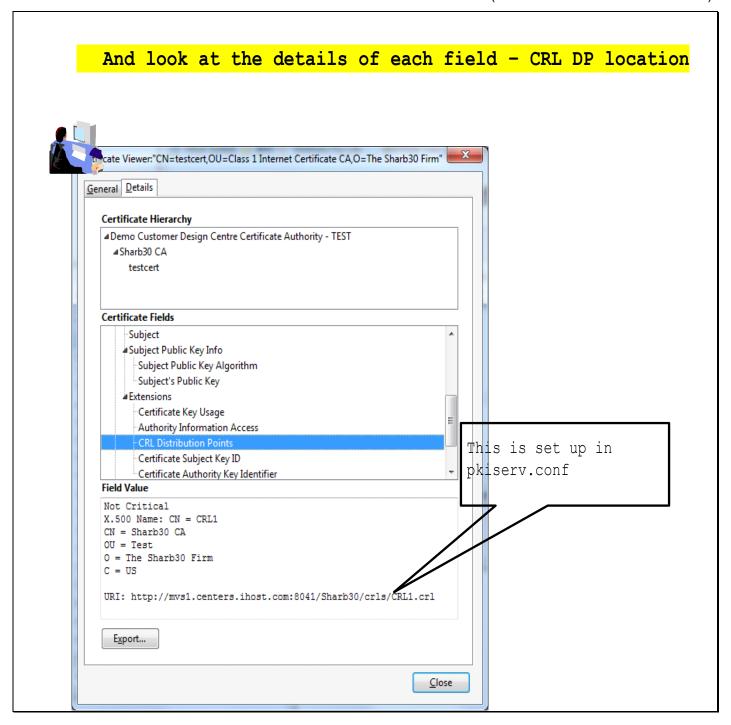
- Go to the 'Your Certificates' tab and find the certificate you have just installed. Find it by the name you entered when you made the request
- Highlight it and click on 'View...'



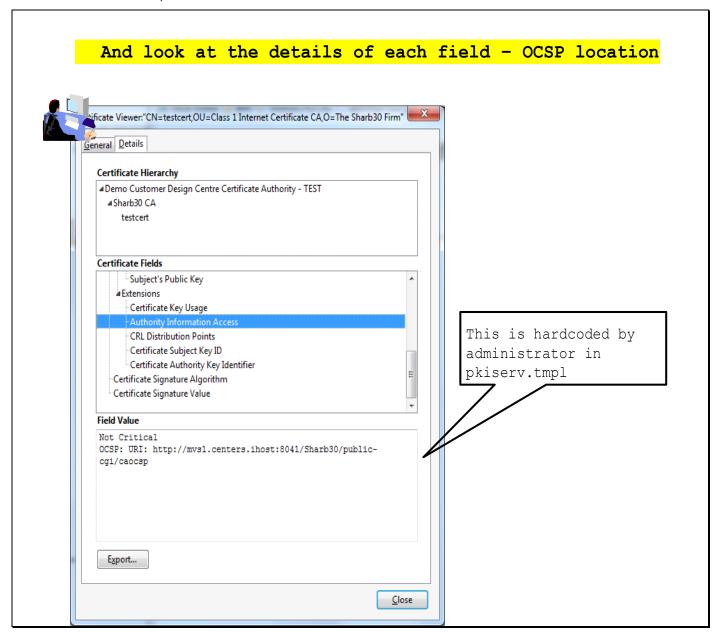
• Click on the Details tab, highlight the field you want to view eg. When Subject is highlighted, you can see all the components of the certificate subject name



• CRL Distribution Points shows the URL of the Certificate Revocation List (You will make use of it in Exercise 6)



 Authority Information Access shows the URL of the Online Certificate Status Protocol responder (You will need this in Exercise 6)

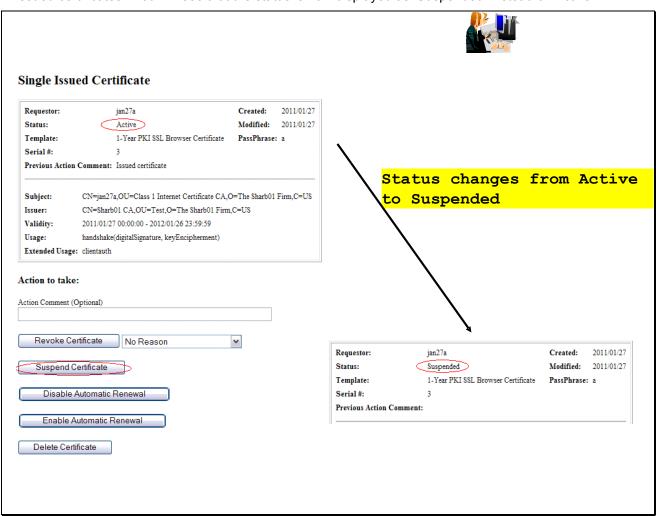


## Exercise 5 - Suspend a certificate by the administrator

(Both the end user and the administrator can revoke/suspend a certificate. The user can act on his own certificate while the administrator can act on any.

Both revoke and suspend will cause the certificate to be posted to a CRL. But the suspended one will not appear on the next CRL if the administrator resumes it.)

- This shows the administrator path. Go to the page to display the certificate details and click on 'Suspend Certificate' (p. 19, 20)
  - (If the user wants to suspend his own certificate, he can go to 'Home page' (p.5) and click on 'Renew or Revoke Certificate' and go through the subsequent pages)
- You may check the result. Click on 'Administration Home Page' which will bring you to p.19. Choose 'Show all issued certificates'. You will see that the status is now displayed as 'Suspended' instead of 'Active'



## Exercise 6 - Check the status of a certificate outside PKI Services



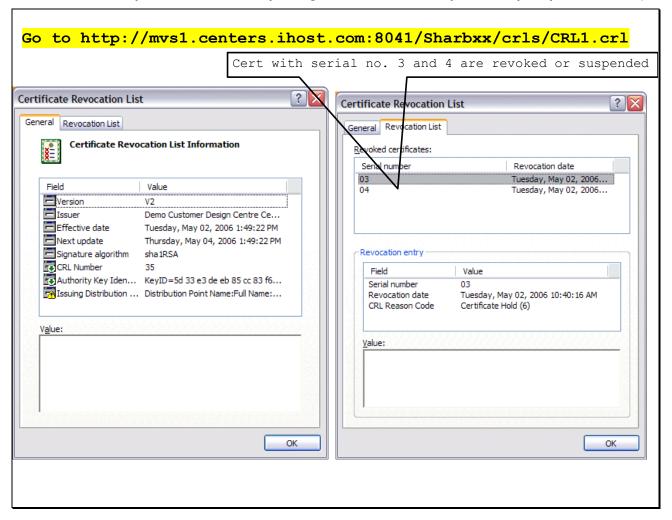
- through Certificate Revocation List (CRL)
  - o this is a snap shot of all the revoked/suspended certificates at the time of the query. Depending on the time the CRL is refreshed, a revoked certificate may not appear on the list
- through Online Certificate Status Protocol (OCSP)
  - o this provides the live status of a certificate at the time of the query

**Note**: In this lab, in addition to the roles of the certificate owner and the PKI Services administrator, you also play the role of any third party who wants to verify your certificate's status. In this lab setup, you can export the certificate you've just created, and its issuers' chain in the way described below. But in the real world, the third party needs to get all the related certificates in different ways, eg. get them from some public directory like LDAP.

### Method 1: Check the certificate status through CRL

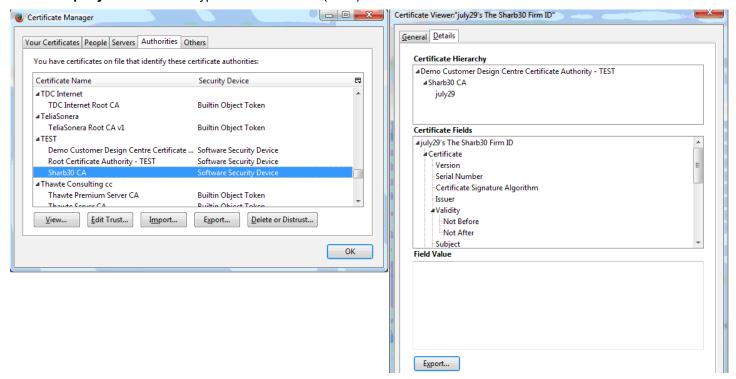
- Open the FireFox browser and enter the url displayed in the CRL Distribution Point field in the certificate you have installed (p.43) in Exercise 1 and click Open when prompted
- Click on the 'Revocation List' tab to look at the list of serial numbers of revoked/suspended certificates

(If you don't find the certificate you just revoked, wait for a few minutes and try again. You need to wait until the next CRL is posted. Where is the posting interval of CRL set? pkiserv.tmpl or pkiserv.conf?)



### Method 2: Check the certificate status through OCSP

- View the certificates from FireFox as shown in Ex 4.
- From the 'Your Certificates' tab, export the **user certificate** from Exercise 1. Save it to **c:\temp\mycert.crt** with type X509 Certificate (PEM).
- From the 'Authorities' tab, export its **signer certificate**. Highlight your CA certificate, its name should be Sharbxx CA (xx is the number part of your assigned id). Click on View...Click on the Details tab, click on Export. Save it to **c:\temp\mycacert.crt** with type X509 Certificate (PEM).



• Similarly export the **root certificate**. Its name is 'Demo Customer Design Centre Certificate Authority'. Save it to **c:\temp\cacert.crt** with type X509 Certificate (PEM).

(We will use the openssl command to send a status request to the PKI Services responder.

To save the typing, a batch file named 'statusof' that contains the command which expects 2 parameters (file contains the user cert and part of URL identifying your system) is placed under \openssl\bin. (The openssl command syntax is in the Appendix 2).)

- Open a Windows Command processor window,
  - o enter 'cd \openssl\bin'
  - o enter 'statusof c:\temp\mycert.crt xx' (xx is the number part of your assigned id)

- o Look at the Serial Number, Cert Status and Revocation Reason
- The first box shows the status after the certificate is suspended revoked status with reason 6 means suspension

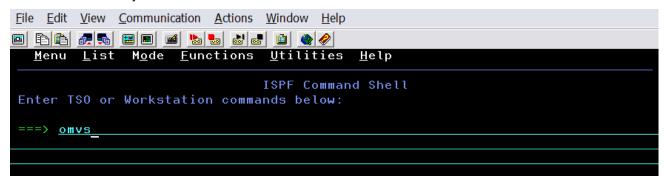
to click on the	'Resume Certif	icate' button)			

### **Exercise 7 – Customization**



## A. Customize a template in pkiserv.tmpl

- Choose the 'n-Year PKI Certificate for Extensions Demonstration' template from the Home page (p. 6) and take a
  look at all the input fields for that template. There are a lot of them. Don't fill in anything yet.
- Go to the MVS system's OMVS session



Edit the pkiserv.tmpl file under /sharelab/sharbxx/pkilab in a similar way shown below.

(Note: Save a copy before you make any changes - cp pkiserv.tmpl pkiserv.tmpl.backup)

```
MVS1:SHARA01:/sharelab/shara01: >

===> cd pkilab

RUNNING

MVS1:SHARA01:/sharelab/shara01: > cd pkilab

MVS1:SHARA01:/sharelab/shara01/pkilab: >

===> cp pkiserv.tmpl pkiserv.tmpl.backup

INPUT

MVS1:SHARA01:/sharelab/shara01: > cd pkilab

MVS1:SHARA01:/sharelab/shara01/pkilab: >

===> oedit pkiserv.tmpl

INPUT
```

You want to

1) change input field(s) to hard coded field(s),

Here are the steps:

Find the <TEMPLATE NAME= n-Year PKI Certificate for Extensions Demonstration> section, under <CONTENT>

Delete: ValidStateProv(frm) && Delete: ValidCountry(frm) &&

Delete: %%StateProv (optional)%%
Delete: %%Country (optional)%%

Under < CONSTANT>,

Add: %%StateProv=New York%%

Add: %%Country=US%%

2) change optional field(s) to required field(s)

Here is the step:

under < CONTENT>

Change: %%PostalCode (optional)%% to %%PostalCode%%

- Save the changes
- Open **another** browser window to go to the 'n-Year PKI Certificate for Extensions Demonstration' template again. Compare this page with the previous one. You will see:
  - o the input fields for 'State of Province' and 'Country' are no longer there.
  - o the 'Postal Code' field becomes a required field.
- You can fill in the info to make a request and check for the information in the certificate created using the steps you have learnt.

### B. Customize pkiserv.conf

- Go to the MVS system's OMVS session to edit the pkiserv.conf file under /sharelab/sharbxx/pkilab as follows.
  - (Note: Save a copy before you make any changes cp pkiserv.conf pkiserv.conf.backup)

You want to change the time interval to turn an approved request into a certificate.

- o Change: CreateInterval=1m to CreateInterval=5m
- PF3 to save the change
- Restart PKI Services (Any changes to pkiserv.conf need re-starting the daemon to pick up the changes)
  - o Go to MVS system, ISPF S.LOG

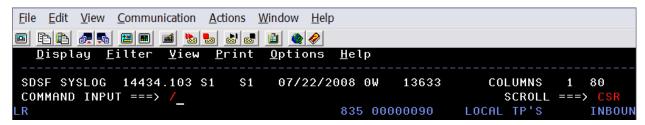
```
File Edit View Communication Actions Window Help

File Edit View Communication Action Ac
```

On COMMAND INPUT ===>, enter '/p pkisebxx' to stop the daemon first

```
SDSF SYSLOG 13317.101 S1 S1 01/28/2011 2W 14,836 COLUMNS 02- 81 COMMAND INPUT ===> /p pkisebxx_ SCROLL ===> CSR
```

Then restart PKI Services, enter '/', hit enter



Enter 's pkiservd,jobname=pkiseaxx,dir='/sharelab/sharbxx/pkilab'

```
Display Filter View Print Options Search Help

System Command Extension

Type or complete typing a system command, then press Enter.

===> s pkiservd,jobname=pkisebxx,dir='/sharelab/sharbxx/pkilab'
===>
```

• Go to the PKI Service web page to request a certificate and check if you have to wait longer to get back a certificate after it has been approved (See how long you will see a serial number displayed under the request status when you display the requests, p.18. You need to refresh the page to see the change if any.)

## Appendix 1

### Some commands for the TSO session (3270 interface)

#### Start emulator

a. Double Click on the provided icon provided

This starts a Pcomm 3270 session using mvs1.centers.ihost.com.

Note: The Enter key is the right Ctrl key

#### Logon to MVS system

a. When prompted for Userid/ Password/Appl, just enter TSO in the Application field and hit enter

File Edit View Communication Actions Window Help

Enter Your Userid:

Password:

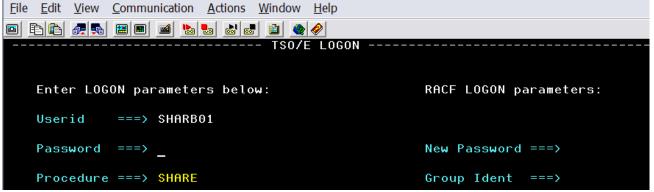
Application: tso
Application Required. No Installation Default

b. Enter Userid: sharbxx

(Wherever the lab shows sharbxx substitute your userid, e.g. sharb02)



c. Password: given by the instructor



d. Hit enter when you see \*\*\*, you will be in the ISPF main panel

#### Logoff from MVS system

a. Keep hitting PF3 until you are presented with this panel

```
Log Data Set (SHARBxx.SPFLOG1.LIST) Disposition:

Process Option . . . 1. Print data set and delete

2. Delete data set without printing

3. Keep data set - Same

(allocate same data set in next session)

4. Keep data set - New

(allocate new data set in next session)
```

- b. Enter option 2
- c. Enter logoff

### Open a OMVS session

- a. From ISPF main panel, enter option 6
- b. Enter: omvs

#### Exit a OMVS session

a. From OMVS shell, type 'exit'

### Using the oedit editor / ISPF editor

- a. From OMVS shell, type 'oedit <filename>
- b. From the line numbers columns (on the left side):
  - i insert a line (i 20 insert 20 lines)
  - c copy a line
  - m move a line
  - a paste a line that you've copied using 'c' or moved using 'm' after the current line
  - d delete a line (d 20 delete 20 lines)
- c. From Command ===>
  - f xx find the occurrences of xx
  - c xx yy change the occurrence of xx to yy (PF6 to repeat the change to the other occurrences)
- d. PF3 to save the file and exit (If you want to exit without saving, type 'cancel' on Command===> line)

### Open a OMVS session

- a. From ISPF main panel, enter option 6
- b. Enter: omvs

#### Exit a OMVS session

a. From OMVS shell, type 'exit'

### Using the oedit editor / ISPF editor

- a. From OMVS shell, type 'oedit <filename>
- b. From the line numbers columns (on the left side):
  - i insert a line (i 20 insert 20 lines)
  - c copy a line
  - m move a line
  - a paste a line that you've copied using 'c' or moved using 'm' after the current line
  - d delete a line (d 20 delete 20 lines)
- c. From Command ===>
  - f xx find the occurrences of xx
  - c xx yy change the occurrence of xx to yy (PF6 to repeat the change to the other occurrences)
- d. PF3 to save the file and exit (If you want to exit without saving, type 'cancel' on Command===> line)

## **Appendix 2**

### A sample openssl command to send a request to an OCSP responder

issuer: file contains the issuer cert of the target cert in Base-64 format

cert: file contains the target cert in Base-64 format, the one you want to check the status

url: location of the responder, in our case, it is PKI Services itself. (The CA and the responder can be different)

resp\_text: indicates the print out of the response text

respout: file contains the DER encoded response

CAfile: file contains the root certificate in Base-64 format

#### Get the status from OCSP using openSSL...

#### Send a request to the responder:

```
> openssl ocsp
```

-issuer \temp\mycacert.crt

-cert \temp\mycert.crt

-url http://mvs1.centers.ihost.com:8041/Sharbxx/publiccgi/caocsp

-resp text -respout \temp\resp.der

-CAfile \temp\cacert.crt

(Note: In the provided batch file, two input parameters are used:

-cert %1

-url http://mvs1.centers.ihost.com:8041/Sharb%2/publiccgi/caocsp)

Here is the link to install openSSL in windows:

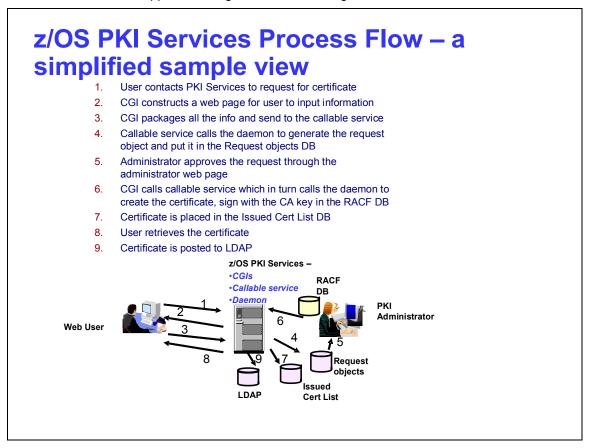
http://www.slproweb.com/products/Win32OpenSSL.html

The document:

http://www.openssl.org/docs/apps/openssl.html

## **Background information**

PKI Services is an application to generate and manage certificates.



- Configuration is done through 3 files pkiserv.envars, pkiserv.conf, pkiserv.tmpl.
- In z/OS V1R8, we support multiple instances of PKI Services running on the same LPAR. It is this feature that
  makes this lab possible since each of you can experiment with your own set up.
- Each user will have his own Certificate Authority (CA) Domain with its CA certificate issued by a Master CA with subject name 'OU=Demo Customer Design Centre Certificate Authority,O=TEST,C=US'
- The users' CA certificates are named 'CN=Sharb01CA,OU=Test,O=The Sharb01 Firm', 'CN=Sharb02CA...',
   'CN=Sharb03CA...' etc.

- This is the partial content of a sample **pkiserv.envars** file
- It sets up the environment variables for the CA Domain name and the location of the PKI Services configuration file, pkiserv.conf

```
# When running as a CA Domain, set the CA Domain name by assigning # desired value to the _PKISERV_CA_DOMAIN variable.
# Note: The first eight characters must be unique.
# example: _PKISERV_CA_DOMAIN=WebAppCA
_PKISERV_CA_DOMAIN=SHARB01
# Configuration File location and Message configuration Options
# PKISERV_CONFIG_PATH=/sharelab/sharb01/pkilab
_PKISERV_MSG_LOGGING=stdout_logging
_PKISERV_MSG_LEVEL=*.w
...
```

- This is the partial content of a sample **pkiserv.conf** file
- It specifies the names of the VSAM datasets used as the PKI Services databases
- It contains the time intervals for certain tasks to perform
- It has the global information needed to be in the certificates in all kinds of templates, eg. The CRL Distribution Point location
- Re-starting PKI Services is needed for any changes to this file

   # Data set name of the VSAM request (object store) base CLUSTER
ObjectDSN='pkisrvd.vsam.ost'
# Data set name of the VSAM issued certificate list (ICL) base CLUSTER
ICLDSN='pkisrvd.vsam.icl'
# How often to turn approved requests into certificates
CreateInterval=1m
# How often to create the CRL
TimeBetweenCRLs=10m
# CRL distribution point name
CRLDistName=CRL
# CRL distribution point extension containing the location
CRLDistURI1=http://mvs1.centers.ihost.com:8041/Sharb01/crls/
# Is OCSP responder enabled?
OCSPType=basic

- This is the partial content of a sample **pkiserv.tmpl** file
- It contains HTML like tags
- There are different types of templates for certificates with certain usage
- The certificate information needed are customizable per template basis, verses those global information specified in pkiserv.conf
- Under the <CONTENT> section is a list of fields that you expect user to input when a request is made
- Under the <CONSTANT> section is a list of hard coded fields
- The change to this file will be picked up dynamically

```
<TEMPLATE NAME=1-Year PKI SSL Browser Certificate>
<CONTENT>
%%Requestor (optional)%%
%%NotifyEmail (optional)%%
%%PassPhrase%%
%%Mail (optional)%%
%%CommonName%%
</CONTENT>
<CONSTANT>
%%OrgUnit=Class 1 Internet Certificate CA%%
 %%Org=The Sharbxx Firm%%
 %%KeyUsage=handshake%%
 %%ExtKeyUsage=clientauth%%
 %%AuthInfoAcc=OCSP,URL=http://mvs1.centers.ihost:8041/Sharb01/public-
  cgi/caocsp%%
 %%NotBefore=0%%
 %%NotAfter=365%%
</CONSTANT>
</TEMPLATE>
```

# References

PKI Services web site:

http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/zseries/zos/pki

PKI Services Red Book:

http://www.redbooks.ibm.com/abstracts/sg246968.html

RACF web site:

http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/zseries/zos/racf

• IBM Education Assistant:

http://publib.boulder.ibm.com/infocenter/ieduasst/stgv1r0/index.jsp

- Cryptographic Services
  - PKI Services Guide and Reference (SA22-7693)
  - OCSF Service Provider Developer's Guide and Reference (SC24-5900)
  - ICSF Administrator's Guide (SA22-7521)
  - System SSL Programming (SC24-5901)
- Security Server Manuals:
  - RACF Command Language Reference (SC28-1919)
  - RACF Security Administrator's Guide (SC28-1915)
  - RACF Callable Services Guide (SC28-1921)
  - LDAP Administration and Use (SC24-5923)
- IBM HTTP Server Manuals:
  - Planning, Installing, and Using (SC31-8690)
- Other Sources:
  - PKIX <a href="http://www.ietf.org/html.charters/pkix-charter.html">http://www.ietf.org/html.charters/pkix-charter.html</a>