



DB2 and Advanced Copy Services: All You Need to Know

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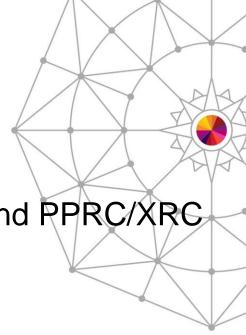






Agenda

- What is/are Advanced Copy Services
 - Deep dive into FlashCopy
 - Shallow dip into PPRC/XRC
- Using FlashCopy in z/OS
 - Consistency Groups
- Using DB2 with FlashCopy
- Considerations for using DB2, FlashCopy, and PPRC/XRC
- Conclusions

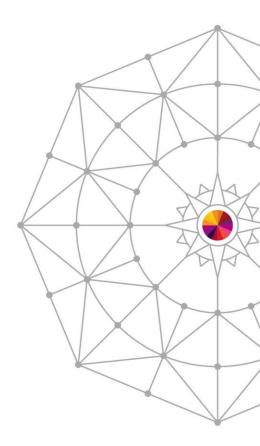






Introduction to Advanced Copy Services

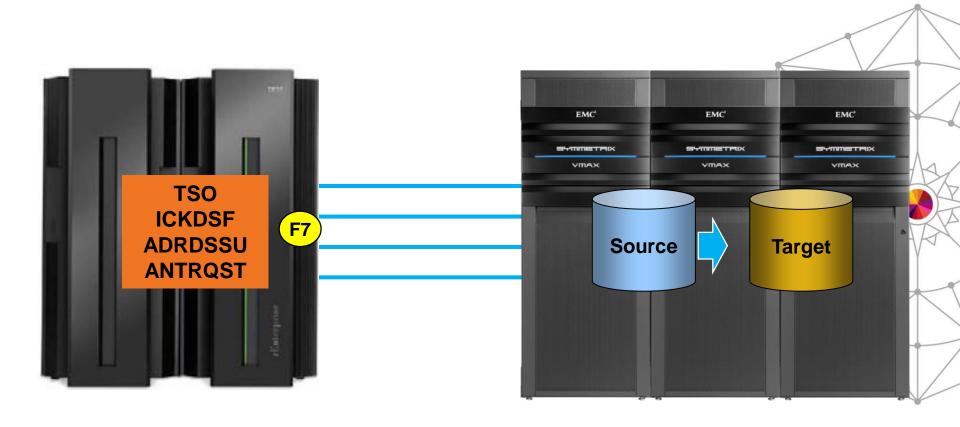
- Storage array facilities that replicate data
 - Locally (FlashCopy)
 - Volume to Volume
 - Dataset to dataset
 - Long distance (PPRC, XRC)
 - Synchronously and asynchronously
 - Volume to volume







Array-based Local Replication







Array-based Copy Advantages

- No host CPU or I/O to perform the data movement
- Extremely fast copies
- Both dataset and volume replication
- Allows incremental copies
- Can allow space efficient copies (FlashCopy \$E)
- Time-to-use very fast (before copy completion)





FlashCopy Primitives

- ESTABLISH
 - Creates a relationship between a source and target volume/dataset and in most cases copies the data from source to target
- WITHDRAW
 - Terminates a FlashCopy relationship between a source and target

What's missing?

- RESTORE !!!!!!!
 - ESTABLISH with FAST REVERSE RESTORE





FlashCopy Considerations

- Establish is three phases
 - Create the relationship (very fast)
 - Copy the tracks (optional: NOCOPY)
 - Withdraw the relationship (optional and very fast)
- Three FASTREPLICATION modes under DFDSS
 - PREFERRED (default)
 - REQUIRED
 - NONE
- Copy on first write (COFW) overhead
- Read indirection overhead





FlashCopy Relationships (Temporary)

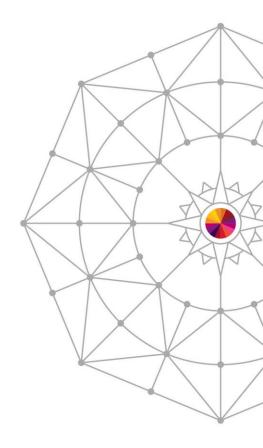


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Protection map

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Indirection map





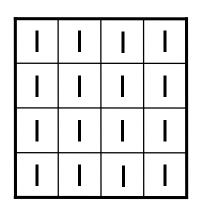


FlashCopy Relationship (Persistent)



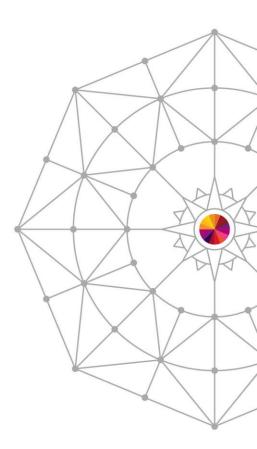
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Protection map



Indirection map

- Space Efficient
- NOCOPY
- Incremental





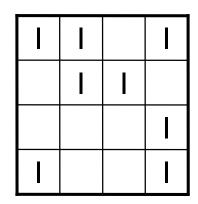


How Does Incremental Help?

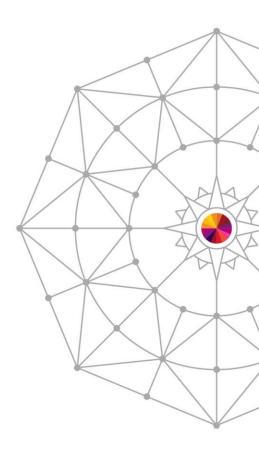


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Protection map



Indirection map







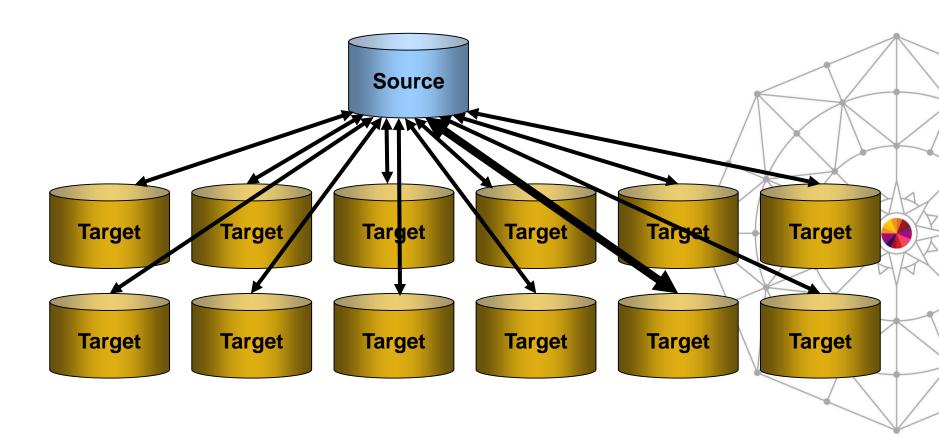
Incremental FlashCopy Considerations

- Reduced work for the storage controller
- Faster completion of background copy
- Reduced COFW impact
- Reduced indirected reads
- Only one FlashCopy session can be incremental
 - Others are withdrawn on completion





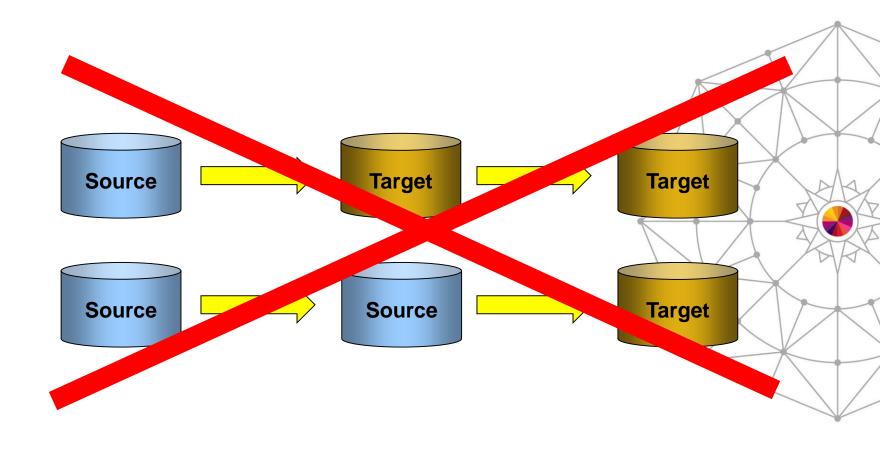
Incremental Limitation (Full Volume)







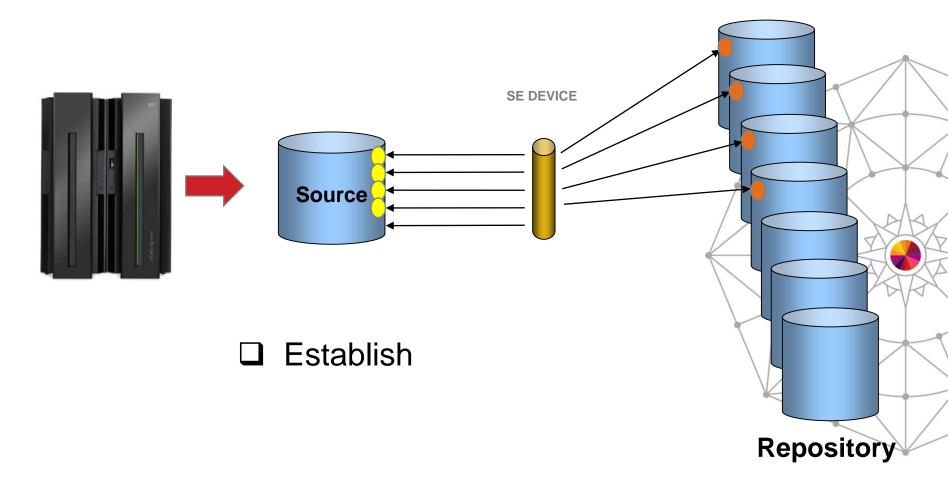
Cascading FlashCopy





Space Efficient FlashCopy

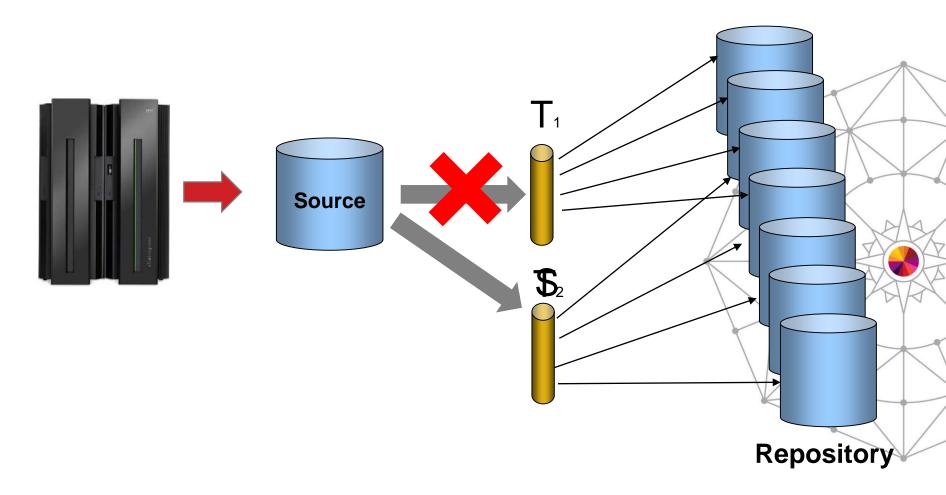






Space Efficient FlashCopy Restore



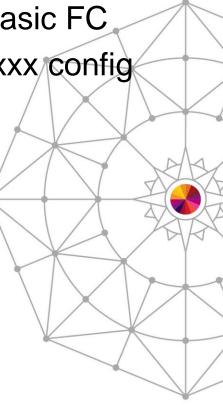






Space Efficient FlashCopy Planning

- On DS8xxx requires a separate license from basic FC
- Requires dedicated FCSE devices in the DS8xxx config
- Careful planning is required
- Has performance impact
- Change rate during life of FC session <5%
- Repository can fill up:
 - IEA499E warnings/errors
 - Repository cannot be dynamically expanded
 - Need to withdraw the relationship
 - Delete, reconfigure and redefine the repository







FlashCopy Consistency Groups



DB2 Status when replicating



For the purposes of the replicating operation there are only three states that a DB2 database can be in when you are going to copy it:

- Shut down
- In log suspend mode
- Running normally





SHARE
Technology • Connections • Results

DB2 never makes a change to the database without logging the change first (ARIES principle)

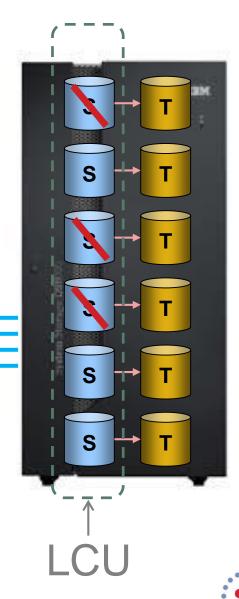
| Transaction Changes | Transaction state | Action on Restart |
|----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| In buffer pool | Uncommitted | Discarded |
| On disk | Uncommitted | Undo process |
| In buffer pool | Committed | Redo process |
| On disk | Committed | No action necessary |





FlashCopy Consistency



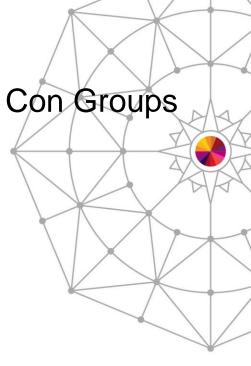






FlashCopy Outside of DB2

- Needs:
 - Consistency groups or
 - Log suspend
- Can replicate beyond the DB2 domain using Con Groups
 - IMS, Other DB2, MQ, VSAM, CICS
- Produces a restartable image







DB2 and FlashCopy

A brief history





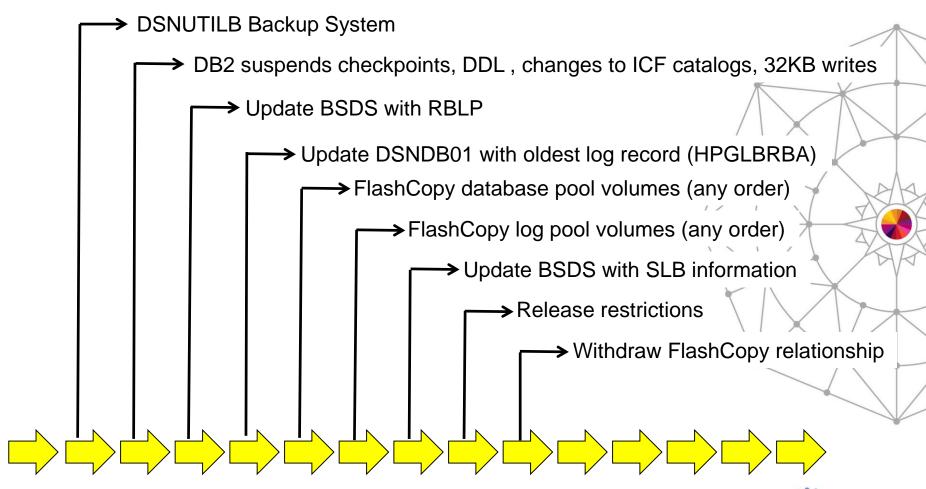
DB2 V8 and FlashCopy

- System Point-in-Time Recovery (SYSPITR)
 - Backup System utility (DSNUTILB)
 - Implemented for very large applications (e.g. SAP)
 - Only stage one (disk copy)
 - DFSMS 1.5 or later
 - Poor integration with DB2/HSM/SMS
 - Difficult to trouble-shoot
 - DB2 domain only
- FC support for CHECK INDEX SHRLEVEL CHANGE





SYSPITR Timeline







DB2 V9 and FlashCopy

- SYSPITR
 - Dataset restore from SLB
 - Still using SMS/HSM
 - Capability to dump target volumes
 - DUMP/DUMPONLY
 - Some ICF catalog issues for datasets being moved
- FC support for CHECK INDEX SHRLEVEL CHANGE
- FC support for CHECK LOB SHRLEVEL CHANGE
- DB2 domain only





DB2 V10 and FlashCopy

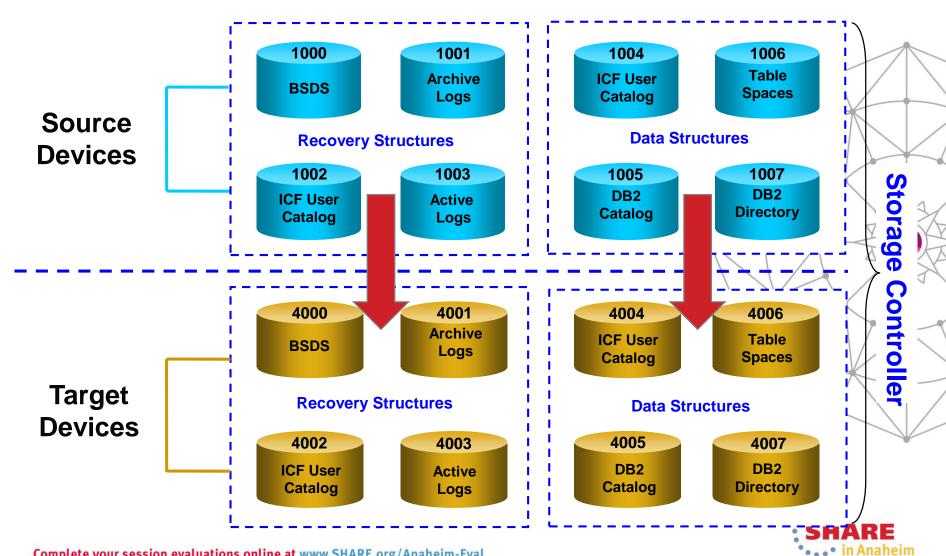
- SYSPITR
 - ICF catalog issues resolved (mostly)
 - Incremental Flash enabled
 - BACKUP SYSTEM ESTABLISH FCINCREMENTAL
 - Still using HSM/SMS
- DB2 domain only







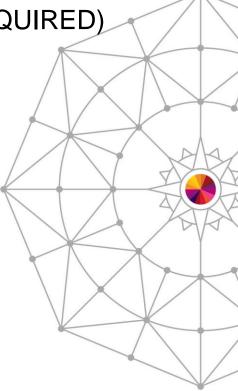
DB2 Full Volume Cloning





DB2 and Other FlashCopy Functions

- ZPARM
 - CHECK_FASTREPLICATION= (PREFERRED/REQUIRED)
- Some utilities can use FlashCopy
 - CHECK DATA
 - CHECK INDEX
 - CHECK LOB
 - REORG TS
 - REBUILD INDEX
 - REORG INDEX
 - COPY
 - LOAD
- FCIC in DB2 V10
 - With consistency!







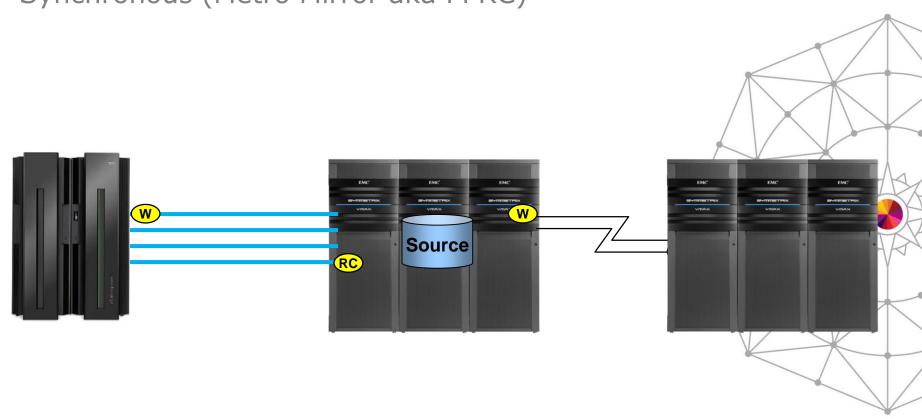
FlashCopy, DB2, and Remote Replication





Array-based Remote Replication

Synchronous (Metro Mirror aka PPRC)

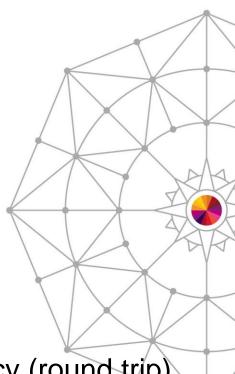




Considerations for Synchronous Replication



- Write performance
 - Log writes
 - VSAM striping can help mitigate some latency
 - Synchronous buffer pool writes
 - Page steal writes
 - Increased DISC time
- Database consistency
- Distance impact on writes
 - Every 200km miles adds 2ms additional latency (round trip)

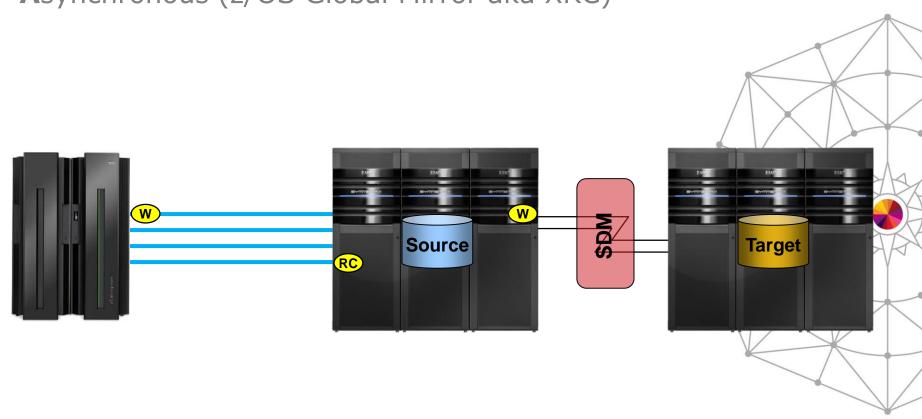






Array-based Remote Replication

Asynchronous (z/OS Global Mirror aka XRC)

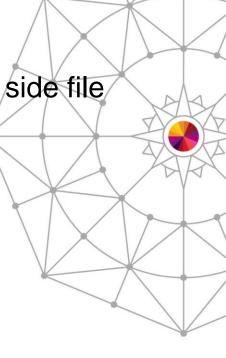




Considerations for Asynchronous Replication XRC



- Host write performance largely unaffected
- z/OS timestamps the writes
 - Writes are accumulated in a side file
 - System data mover on the target side reads the side file
- Some data loss is expected

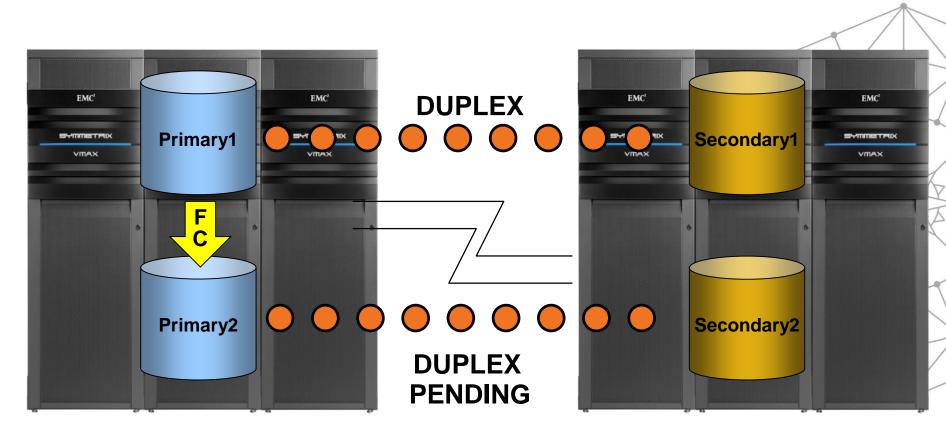






Array-based Remote Replication

Synchronous (PPRC)

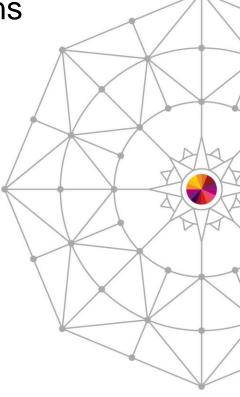






Duplex Pending Status

- Generally not acceptable in PPRC installations
- Secondary site may not be recoverable
- HyperSwap event will fail





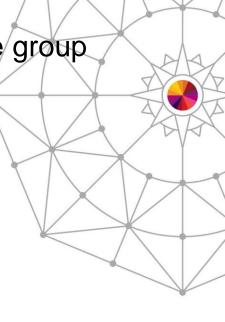


Solutions to Duplex Pending Issue

- SYSPITR
 - Set up COPY POOLs outside of PPRC
- DB2 utilities

Point temporary files at non-PPRC SMS storage group

ZPARM UTIL_TEMP_STORCLAS

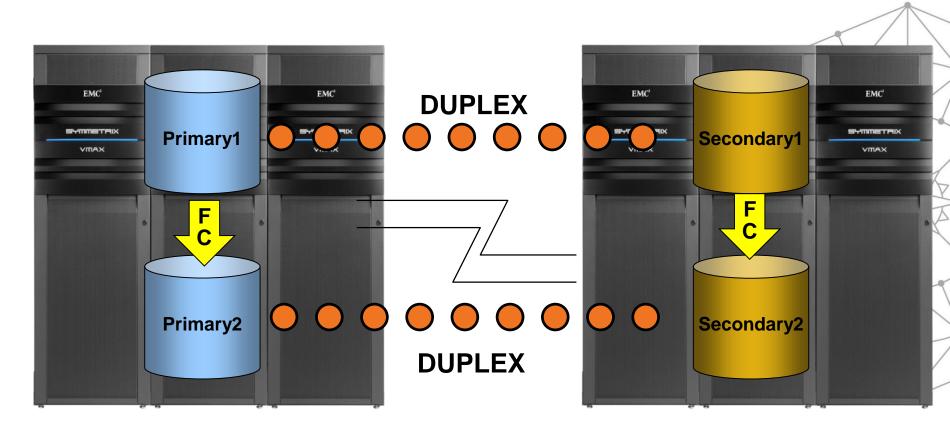






Preserve Mirror and PPRC

AKA Remote Pair FlashCopy







Preserve Mirror Considerations

- Requires specific microcode levels and APARs
- FlashCopy Source and Targets must be PPRC Primary volumes
- HyperSwap will work when Preserve Mirror is used
- Copy work performed by FlashCopy does not have to be transmitted across the network





DSNZPARM FLASHCOPY_PPRC

- Values
 - NONE results in DUPLEX PENDING
 - PREFERRED means DUPLEX PENDING is allowed
 - REQUIRED means DUPLEX PENDING is not allowed (GDPS)
 - Blank no preserve mirror command sent to DF\$MSdss
- Applies to DB2 Utilities
 - CHECK DATA/INDEX/LOB
 - REORG TABLESPACE/INDEX
 - REBUILD INDEX
 - LOAD
 - COPY/RECOVER



DB2 Utilities using DFSMShsm and Preserve Mirror

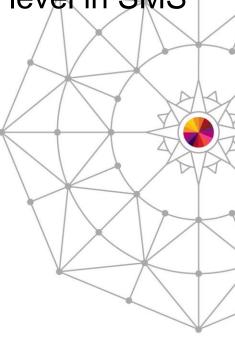


No ZPARM settings oddly

Preserve Mirror attribute set at the Copy Pool level in SMS

FRBACKUP (NO|PN|PP|PR)

FRRECOV (NO|PN|PP|PR)

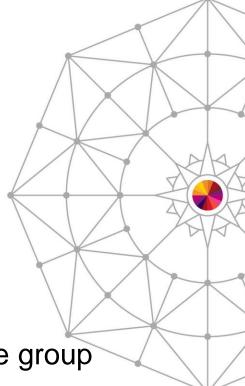






FlashCopy, DB2, and XRC

- FlashCopy to a XRC source is not allowed
 - Consider how z/OS timestamps the writes
- BACKUP SYSTEM
 - Keep copy pools separated from XRC
 - Restore System cannot use FlashCopy
 - Or disable mirroring
 - Object recovery slow replication
- DB2 utilities
 - Point temporary files at non-XRC SMS storage group
 - ZPARM UTIL_TEMP_STORCLAS

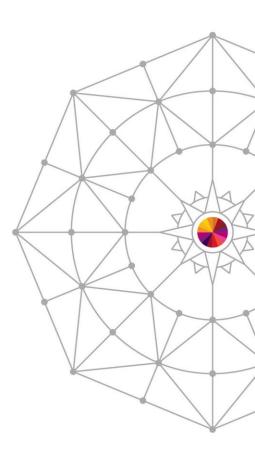






Drivers for Selecting the ACS Solution

- Restartable or recoverable
- Federated with other applications/platforms
 - z/OS
 - DB2 LUW
 - MQ
- Space efficient copies
- DB2 availability
- Volume or dataset
- Object restore requirements
- Integration with DB2 recovery
- Considerations for remote replication







Conclusions

- FlashCopy replication can enhance:
 - System backup and restore
 - Object backup and restore
- Care must be taken to deploy the correct options for a given situation
- More care is necessary when using remote replication
- Collaborate closely with system programmers and storage administrators for success







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