



IMS Catalog and IMS Open Database

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IBM – IMS Advanced Technical Sales Support

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Agenda

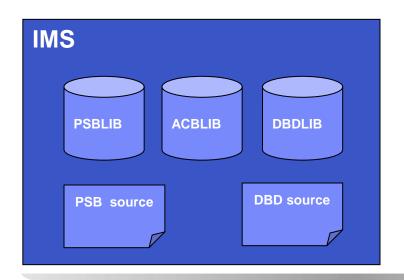
- IMS Metadata
- IMS Open Database and Universal Drivers (V11)
- IMS Catalog for Metadata (V12)
- IMS Catalog Lifecycle
- IMS Catalog Database
- Enablement and Implementation of the IMS Catalog
- Application Programming with the IMS Catalog

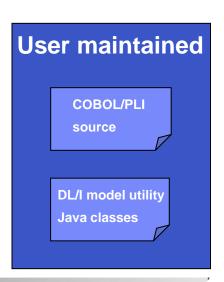


IMS Metadata



- Databases partially defined in the IMS DBD
 - Only key/searchable fields needed by applications
 - Remaining segment data is not defined
- Remaining database segment definition is within Applications
 - COBOL COPYBOOKs and PL/I INCLUDEs map all the segment data
 - Applications can have different mappings for one segment





IMS Metadata



IMS Metadata



ord# INT	l lastName CHAR	firstName CHAR		type CHAR	
			010110101011011001010101001010100101010 000011101110110		

 Defined in DBD

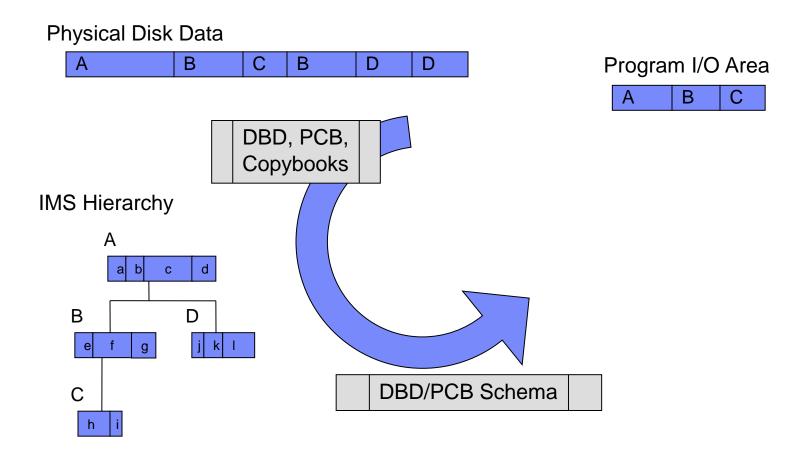
Defined in Appl Copylibs (IMS Java)

Defined in XML Schema: Local file or IMS Catalog



DBD + PSB = IMS DB Schema







Changes to DBD Statement



DBD

- ENCODING=
 - Specifies default encoding of all character data in the database defined by this DBD
 - Value can be overridden in individual segments or fields

SEGM

- EXTERNALNAME=
 - Optional alias for NAME= parameter used by Java application programs to refer to segment

FIELD

- CASENAME=
 - Name of the map case when alternative mappings are defined for fields in a segment
- DATATYPE=
 - Specifies the external data type of the field
- EXTERNALNAME=
 - Optional alias for the NAME= parameter used by Java application programs to refer to field

DFSMARSH

Specifies the DATATYPE converter routine to transform binary data to external data format

DFSMAP

Defines alternative field mappings in a segment

DFSCASE

Defines a map case for a segment type that uses DFSMAP alternative field mapping

REMARKS=

Optional user comments: 1- to 256-character field added to DBDGEN statement



Data Types



- Data types have multiple metadata elements
 - Application data type
 - Universal drivers use application data type to present data to clients
 - Physical data type
 - Universal drivers use physical data type to marshal/unmarshal data to and from the database
 - Example
 - Application data type is DECIMAL(10,2) [decimal with precision 10 and scale 2]
 - Physical data type is a signed packed decimal (AD community doesn't need to know this)
- New data type support
 - Structs (nested n levels with no constraint on element data types)
 - Accessed via SQL and DLI
 - Arrays (nested n levels with no constraint on element data types)
 - Accessed via SQL and DLI
 - User-defined
 - Name of UDT can be defined to the catalog and intended to be used at runtime by Universal drivers to marshal/unmarshal data
 - Can be part of a Struct or Array element



Changes to PSB PCB Statement



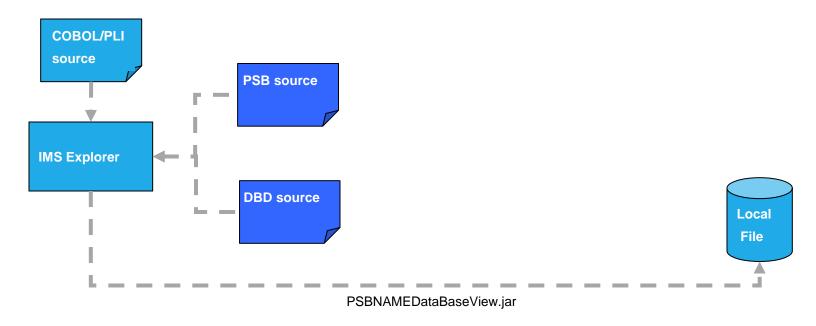
PCB

- EXTERNALNAME=
 - Optional alias for the PCB label or the PCBNAME= parameter
 - Java application programs use the external name to refer to the PCB
- REMARKS=
 - Optional user comments: 1- to 256-character field added to PSBGEN statements



Local File for IMS Java Metadata





- IMS Explorer parses DBD, PSB and COBOL or PL/I source code
 - Generates PSBNAMEDataBaseView.java and .class files
 - Export as .jar file to file system where application is deployed
- Key points
 - Metadata deployed to multiple file locations
 - Metadata offline and not guaranteed to be current



IMS Open Database (IMS V11)



- Enables access to IMS databases anywhere in the Enterprise directly from local and distributed Java clients!
 - Clients use industry standard DRDA (Distributed Relational Database Architecture) to communicate with IMS Connect
 - Universal Drivers
 - Universal DB Resource Adapter (JEE)
 - Universal JDBC Driver
 - Universal DLI Driver
 - Roll Your Own

Opens the IMS Databases

Makes IMS DB Connectivity and

Application development simpler



IMS Connect becomes the TCP/IP gateway to IMS Transactions and IMS Data



Solution Highlights – Connectivity

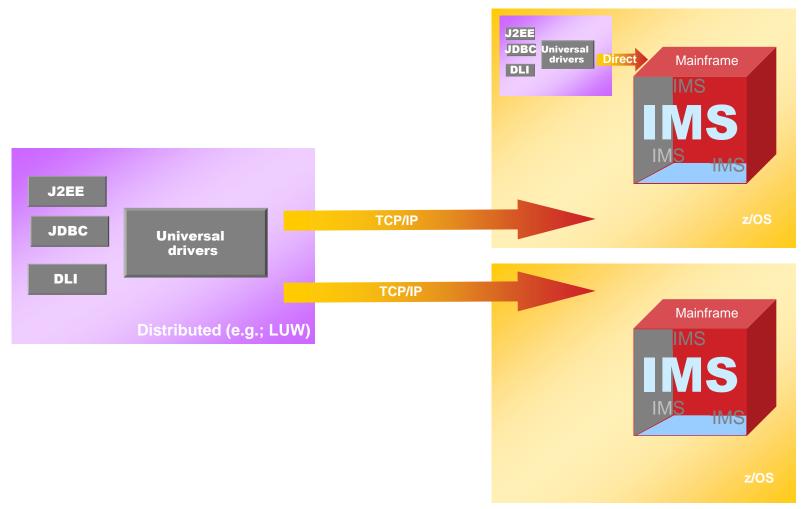


- Type 4 Driver Support
 - Universal drivers support Type 4 connectivity to IMS databases from TCP/IP enabled platforms and runtimes
 - WebSphere Application Server
 - Windows
 - zLinux
 - z/OS
 - Standalone Java SE
- Type 2 Driver Support
 - Universal drivers support Type 2 connectivity to IMS databases from z/OS runtimes
 - WebSphere Application Server for z/OS
 - IMS Java dependent regions (JMP & JBP)
 - CICS
 - All environments zAAP eligible (includes zAPP on zIIP)



IMS Open Database







Solution Highlights – Universal Drivers



- Three Universal drivers
 - Universal DB Resource Adapter
 - JEE deployment
 - Standard Java SE deployment
 - WebSphere Appl. Server
 - SQL Calls
 - Universal JDBC driver
 - Non-JEE and JEE deployment
 - Standard Java SE deployment
 - SQL Calls
 - Universal DLI driver
 - Non-JEE and JEE deployment
 - Standard Java SE deployment
 - DL/I call concepts (SSA, command codes)



Solution Highlights – JEE Deployment



- Universal DB Resource Adapter
 - JCA 1.5
 - XA transaction support
 - Manage multiple datasource connections in a single UOW
 - Local transaction support
 - Manage multiple datasource connections each in their own UOW
 - Connection pooling
 - Connections released for future use
 - Connection sharing
 - Multiple programming models available
 - JDBC (Universal JDBC driver incorporated)
 - CCI with SQL interactions
 - CCI with DLI interactions



Solution Highlights – JDBC



- Universal JDBC driver
 - Significant enhancements to classic JDBC offered in IMS 9 and IMS 10
 - Standardized SQL support for an SQL subset
 - Keys of parent segments are included in tables as foreign keys
 - XA transaction support (type 4)
 - Local transaction support (type 4)
 - Concurrency control
 - Control release of distributed locks
 - Updatable result set support
 - Batch support
 - Fetch multiple rows in a single network call
 - JDBC metadata discovery support
- Standard SQL and metadata discovery enables significant integration opportunities for IMS
 - Use metadata stored in the IMS Catalog
 - Enable JDBC tooling to work with IMS DBs



Solution Highlights – DLI



- Universal DLI driver
 - Java implementation of the DL/I API
 - Complete DL/I support for database access
 - All IMS command codes supported
 - Can mix usage of JDBC and DLI drivers in the same application
 - SQL cannot always express what DLI offers



Solution Highlights – Java Dependent Region



- Java dependent region resource adapter
 - Java framework for applications operating in an IMS container
 - Message queue processing
 - Program switching
 - Deferred and immediate
 - Transaction demarcation
 - GSAM support
 - Additional IMS call support necessary for IMS transactions
 - INQY
 - INIT
 - LOG
 - Etc
 - Shipped with Type 2 Universal drivers



Open Database Manager - ODBM



- z/OS address space
 - Common Service Layer component
- Functions
 - Receives database connection requests from IMS Connect
 - Translates incoming database requests from DDM protocol to DL/I calls
 - Manages ODBA or DRA interface to IMS
 - Sends/receives byte string to/from IMS
 - Translates responses into DDM protocol for the client
 - Send results set back to client
- Provides isolation of application containers from IMS
 - Abend of container during DL/I call does not cause IMS U0113 abend
- Distributed Syncpoint (global transaction) requires RRS on z/OS
- Use of RRS with ODBM is optional
 - If RRS=Y (default), ODBM uses ODBA interface
 - If RRS=N, ODBM uses DRA interface (like DBCTL interface)

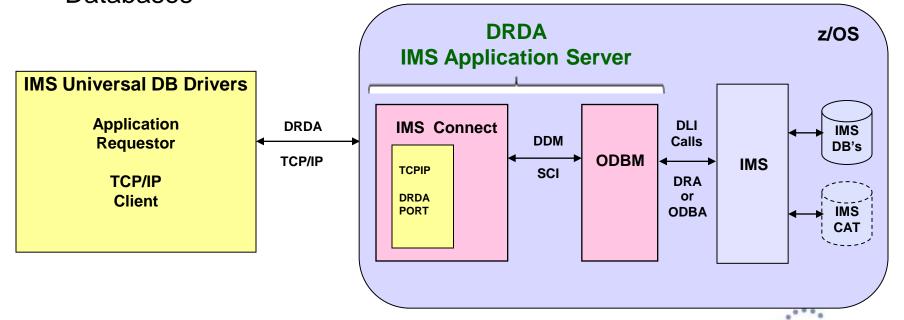


Open Database Manager - ODBM



- IMS Connect and Open Database Manager work together as a DRDA server for IMS data
- Allows distributed access to IMS Databases via TCP/IP using the IMS Universal Database Drivers

 Enables use of SQL database query language for access to IMS Databases



Open Database Manager - ODBM



- ODBM Setup and Configuration
 - PROCLIB members
 - ODBM BPE Configuration
 - ODBM BPF exit list
 - ODBM Initialization member CSLDIxxx
 - ODBM Configuration member CSLDCxxx
 - CSLODBM procedure
 - ODBM execution parameters
- New type-2 commands
 - QUERY ODBM TYPE(option)
 - UPDATE ODBM START|STOP(TRACE)
 - UPDATE ODBM START|STOP(CONNECTION)
 - UPDATE ODBM TYPE(CONFIG)
- Four new ODBM exit routines



IMS Catalog for IMS Java Metadata (IMS V12)



Contains IMS program & database resources, and relevant application metadata

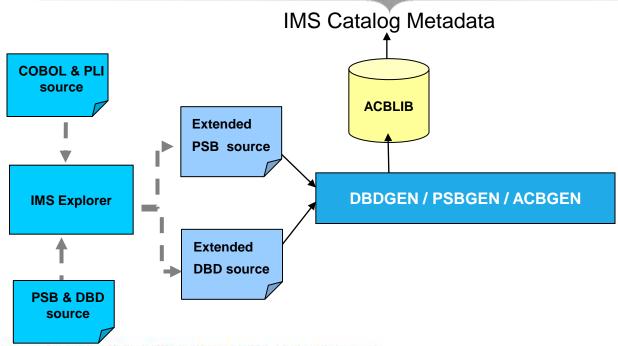


Database Definitions

- Segments
- Fields

Application Program Specifications

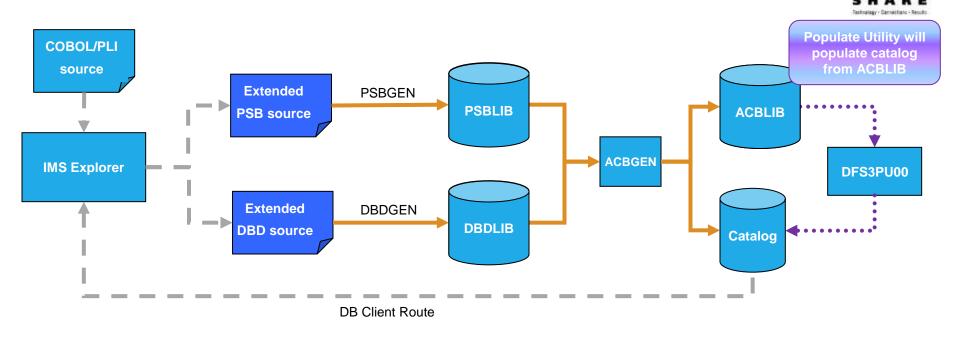
- Arrays and Structures
- Field data types and data type conversion
- Field redefines
- Alternative Field maps for a segment





IMS Catalog Lifecycle





- ACBGEN will populate ACBLIB and catalog in same UOW
 - Populates ACBLIB with <u>standard</u> ACB info and <u>extended</u> info
 - Populates the catalog with <u>extended</u> info
- Key points
 - Trusted, online, IMS metadata stored in the IMS catalog
 - Only way to update catalog is via the Populate Utility or ACBGEN process
 - Extended info is acquired via the IMS Explorer
 - Extended info stored in ACBLIB members for recoverability



The IMS Catalog Database



- Contains metadata related to an IMS system's databases & programs
 - DBD and PSB and Application information
- IMS PHIDAM/OSAM HALDB database
 - Defined with 4 Data Set Groups (DSGs)
- One Secondary Index
- Unique feature –> "Unregistered Catalog Database"
 - DBRC use is optional for the IMS Catalog database
 - Only HALDB that isn't required to be defined to DBRC
 - IMS can manage allocation/creation of catalog database
 - Done via parameters in the "CATALOG" section of DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member



The IMS Catalog Database



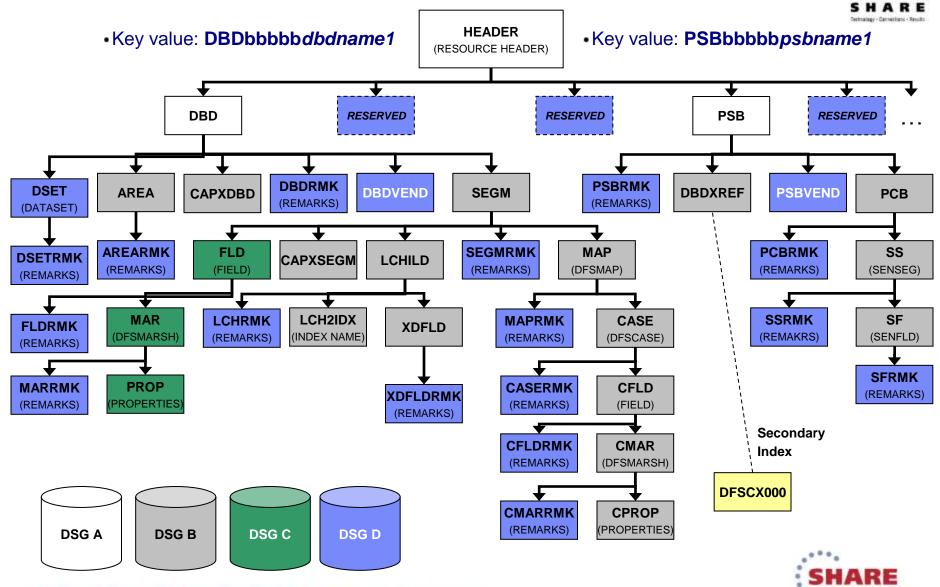
- IMS provides the DBD and PSB source code and object code for the Catalog database
- PHIDAM DBD name is DFSCD000
- PSINDEX DBD name is DFSCX000
 - Used to connect DBDs to PSBs that reference them.
- PSBs provided to access the Catalog database
 - Initial load process DFSCPL00
 - Used by the Catalog Populate Utility
 - Update access DFSCP001
 - Used by the new ACBGEN Utility
 - Read access DFSCP000 (COBOL/HLASM), DFSCP002 (PL/I), and DFSCP003 (PASCAL)
- Default catalog PCB is DFSCAT00
- ACBGEN required for all catalog PSBs

Let's look at the IMS Catalog database physical structure...



Physical Catalog Record Structure





Supported by Existing Database Utilities



- HALDB Index/ILDS Rebuild utility (DFSPREC0)
- HD Reorganization Unload utility (DFSURGU0)
- HD Reorganization Reload utility (DFSURGL0)
- Batch Backout utility (DFSBBO00)
- Database Recovery utility (DFSURDB0)
- Database Image Copy utility (DFSUDMP0 / DFSUDMT0)
 - Only batch image copies for an unregistered Catalog



New Utilities for the IMS Catalog

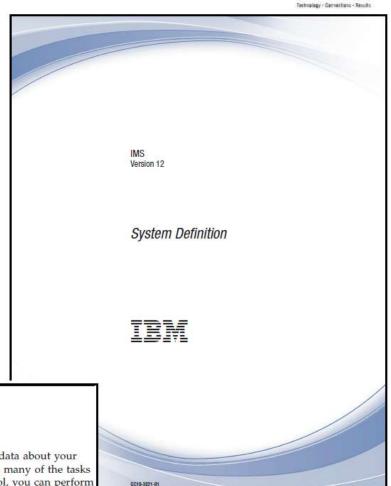


- IMS Catalog Populate utility (DFS3PU00)
 - Loads or inserts records into the IMS catalog
 - Estimates the size of the IMS catalog data sets
- ACB Generation and Catalog Populate utility (DFS3UACB)
 - Generates the ACBLIB members and loads the IMS catalog metadata in one unit of work
- IMS Catalog Alias Names utility (DFS3ALI0)
 - Defines a complete list of catalog aliases to IMS
- IMS Catalog Copy utility (DFS3CCE0, DFS3CCI0)
 - Copies IMS catalog database definitions and metadata between IMS systems
 - Migrate an IMS catalog database from a test to production environment
 - Copy a production IMS catalog database to another installation for system cloning or DR purposes (etc...)
- IMS Catalog Partition Definition Data Set utility (DFS3UCD0)
 - When DBRC is not used to manage the catalog database: creates the IMS catalog partition definition data set and populates it with information about the IMS catalog HALDB partitions
- IMS Catalog Record Purge utility (DFS3PU10)
 - Removes unnecessary versions of IMS catalog records from the IMS catalog database based on criteria that you specify

IMS Batch Processing with the Catalog



- Enabling the IMS catalog for IMS batch processing
 - Specify DFSDFxxx member on job EXEC parm
 - Requires JCL change to implement
- Exit Routine (DFS3CDX0)
 - Optional Catalog Definition user exit routine
 - Alternative to specifying DFSDFxxx member through job JCL
 - Available if users cannot or choose not to modify job JCL



Chapter 9. IMS catalog definition and tailoring

The IMS catalog is an optional system database that stores metadata about your databases and applications. As a system database, IMS performs many of the tasks required to define the catalog for you. If you need greater control, you can perform some of these tasks yourself.

The following topics provide the information you need to define and enable the IMS catalog.





- Add catalog DBDs and PSBs to your DBDLIB, PSBLIB & ACBLIB
 - Copy DBD and PSB object code from SDFSRESL to your DBDLIB and PSBLIB

ACBGEN the catalog DBD and PSB resources into your ACBLIB

```
//CATACB EXEC PGM=DFSRRC00, PARM='UPB'
//STEPLIB DD DSN=SDFSRESL, DISP=SHR
//DFSRESLB DD DSN=SDFSRESL, DISP=SHR
//IMS DD DSN=MYIMS.DBDLIB, DISP=SHR
// DD DSN=MYIMS.DBDLIB, DISP=SHR
//IMSACB DD DSN=IMS.ACBLIB, DISP=OLD
//SYSIN DD *
BUILD PSB=(DFSCPL00)
BUILD PSB=(DFSCP000)
```

N.B. The MODBLKS resources for the Catalog databases and programs do not need to be defined!



- Modify DFSDFxxx PROCLIB Member
 - New CATALOG section(s) for catalog related parameters
 - Single section format <SECTION=CATALOG>
 - Multiple section format <SECTION=CATALOGimsid>
 - Multiple IMS systems sharing one DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member
 - imsid suffix must be a four character IMS ID
 - CATALOG section parameters
 - CATALOG=N | Y
 - Catalog is disabled or enabled
 - If enabled, IMS automatically creates catalog DDIR & PDIRs at IMS startup
 - ALIAS=DFSC | xxxx (no default value)
 - Specifies any 1-4 alphanumeric value used as a Catalog database name prefix
 - Enables use of non-shared, Catalog databases within an IMSplex
 - Use in a data sharing environment where each IMS has its own Catalog database and all are registered in a single set of RECONs
 - At runtime, the alias Catalog database names are dynamically replaced with internal database names DFSCD000 and DFSCX000
 - For standalone IMS system use "DFSC" which is the standard Catalog database name prefix → DFSCD000 and DFSCX000



- DFSDFxxx PROCLIB Member
 - CATALOG section parameters (continued)
 - Information used by Catalog Populate Utility to automatically allocate the Catalog database data sets
 - DATACI AS
 - Optional data class for SMS managed data sets
 - **MGMTCLAS**
 - Optional management class for SMS managed data sets
 - **STORCLAS**
 - Required storage class for SMS managed data sets
 - **IXVOLSER**
 - Volume serial number for primary and secondary catalog indices
 - Required for non-SMS managed data sets
 - **SPACEALLOC**
 - Free space % (0 to 9999) added to the IMS-computed size of the primary & secondary data set allocations
 - **SMSVOLCT**
 - Number of volumes (1-20) created by the Catalog Populate utility for **SMS-managed**



- DFSDFxxx PROCLIB Member
 - CATALOG section parameters (continued)
 - RETENTION=(MAX=2 | nnn) or RETENTION=(PERIOD=0 | nnn)
 - Specifies retention schedule for metadata in the IMS catalog
 - By default IMS keeps only two copies of the DBD or PSB in catalog
 - MAX=2 | nnn
 - Maximum number of versions of a DBD or PSB to be stored before they are replaced first-in first-out
 - PERIOD=0 | nnn
 - Maximum number of days a version of a DBD or PSB is to be stored before it can be replaced
 - Metadata versions older than the specified retention period are not automatically deleted, but available for removal when new version of metadata is added
 - Default value of "0" disables this feature





- Definition of the HALDB structure
 - Partitioning of the catalog is the users responsibility
 - Minimum of 1 partition is required
 - Last partition must be able to contain the highest-key PSB record
 - Catalog HALDB uses the high-key selection method
 - No use of Partition Selection Exit allowed
 - Catalog Database Definition
 - For systems that use DBRC
 - Catalog database can be defined to the RECONs with the DBRC utility and commands
 - For systems that do not use DBRC
 - Catalog database must be defined to the Catalog Partition
 Definition data set using the Catalog Partition Definition Data Set utility, DFS3UCD0
 - If an ALIAS is used in the CATALOG sections of the DFSDFxxx member, each alias Catalog database must be defined





 Using DBRC DSPURX00 utility and commands to define the Catalog database to the RECONs

- If using a catalog alias prefix, replace **DFSC** in the database and partition names for the catalog and the catalog secondary index with the four character ALIAS name prefix
- You might need to define multiple alias name databases to the RECONs





 Using the Catalog Partition Definition Data Set utility, DFS3UCD0, to define the Catalog database (for systems that do not use DBRC)

```
SHARE
Technology - Connections - Results
```

```
//S1 EXEC PGM=DFS3UCDO, REGION=OM
//STEPLIB DD DSN=IMS.SDFSRESL,DISP=SHR
//DFSRESLB DD DSN=IMS.SDFSRESL, DISP=SHR
//DFSHDBSC DD DSN=..., DISP=
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//IMS DD DSN=IMS.DBDLIB, DISP=SHR
//SYSIN DD *
HALDB=(NAME=DFSCD000)
                                               Unregistered
PART= (NAME=DFSCD000, PART=partitionname,
                                               Catalog database
         DSNPREFX=dsnprefix,
         KEYSTRNG=keystring)
HALDB=(NAME=DFSCX000)
PART=(NAME=DFSCX000, PART=partitionname,
         DSNPREFX=dsnprefix,
         KEYSTHEX=FFFFFFFFFFFFFF) /*
```

- Catalog Partition Definition data set is populated with the information specified in the HALDB and PART control cards
 - RECON-like information for catalog database partition definition and structure
- The name DFSCD000 in the HALDB and PART statements contains the default catalog prefix *DFSC*. If your catalog uses an alias name prefix, substitute it in the JCL.

IMS Catalog Enablement



- After Catalog database is defined in Catalog Partition Definition Data Set
 - Identify unregistered Catalog database names
 - UNREGCATLG parameter in the DATABASE section of the DFSDFxxx member

- If using an alias name prefix, replace **DFSC** in the UNREGCATLG database names with the four character alias name prefix
- Limitations of using an unregistered Catalog database
 - NO IMS Data Sharing support
 - NO OLR support
 - NO partition definition change support
 - User must rebuild catalog partitions
 - Manual recovery required for unregistered Catalog databases



IMS Catalog Enablement



- After Catalog database is defined in Catalog Partition Definition Data Set
 - Create a new DFSMDA dynamic allocation member for the Catalog Partition Definition data set

```
//DYNALOC JOB
//*

//STEP EXEC IMSDALOC

//SYSIN DD *

   DFSMDA TYPE=INITIAL

   DFSMDA TYPE=CATDBDEF, DSNAME=dsn

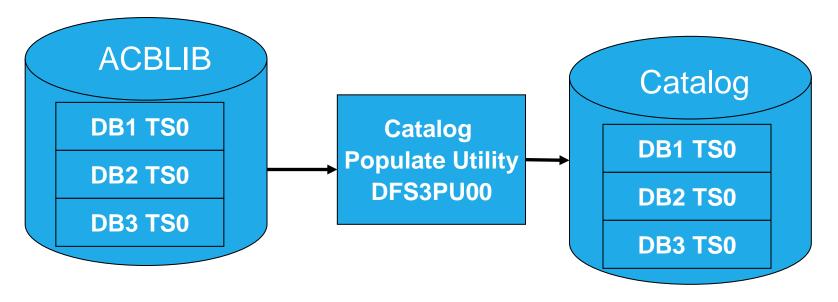
   DFSMDA TYPE=FINAL
   END
/*
```

- dsn is the name of the Catalog Partition Definition data set
 - Catalog Partition Definition data set was allocated in the DFS3UCD0 utility on the DFSHDBSC DD
- Dynamically allocate Catalog Partition Definition data set in any IMS job step



IMS Catalog Members After Populate Utility





- Start with 3 members in an ACBLIB
- Run the Catalog Populate Utility, DFS3PU00
- Created catalog members will contain timestamp TS0
- This is the same timestamp from the ACB member



Catalog Populate Utility Report



CATALOG DFSCD000
PARTITION DFSCD01
NUMBER OF SEGMENTS INSERTED INTO THE CATALOG INSERTED AVERAGE

TING	SERIED AVER	AGE			
SC	SEGMENT	SEGMENTS	DSG	PARENT	SEGS/PARENT
1	HEADER	4228	Α		
2	DBD	2530	Α	HEADER	0.6
3	CAPXDBD	7	D	DBD	0.0
5	DSET	2599	D	DBD	1.0
7	AREA	139	D	DBD	0.1
9	SEGM	16337	В	DBD	6.5
10	CAPXSEGM	1	D	SEGM	0.0
12	FLD	16426	C	SEGM	1.0
14	MAR	16426	C	FLD	1.0
17	LCHILD	2687	В	SEGM	0.2
20	XDFLD	134	В	LCHILD	0.0
33	PSB	1840	Α	HEADER	0.4
35	PCB	9190	В	PSB	5.0
37	SS	75274	В	PCB	8.2
39	SF	1105	В	SS	0.0
41	DBDXREF	8886	D	PSB	4.8

SEGMEN	T v	vithin	existing	header	duplicates	not	inserted
DBD			71			0	
PSB			72			0	
ESTIMA	TED	SPACE	REQUIREME	ENT TO H	OLD INSERTE) SEC	GMENTS
DSG	BLKS	SIZE	BLOCKS	5			
Α	4	1096	596	5			
В	4	1096	9343	3			
С	4	1096	8214	4			
D	4	1096	236	5			
DSG			RECORDS	5			
L			8886	5			
X			4230)			
SECOND	ARY	INDEX	RECORDS	5			
DFSCX0	00		8886	5			



Adding IMS Catalog Metadata

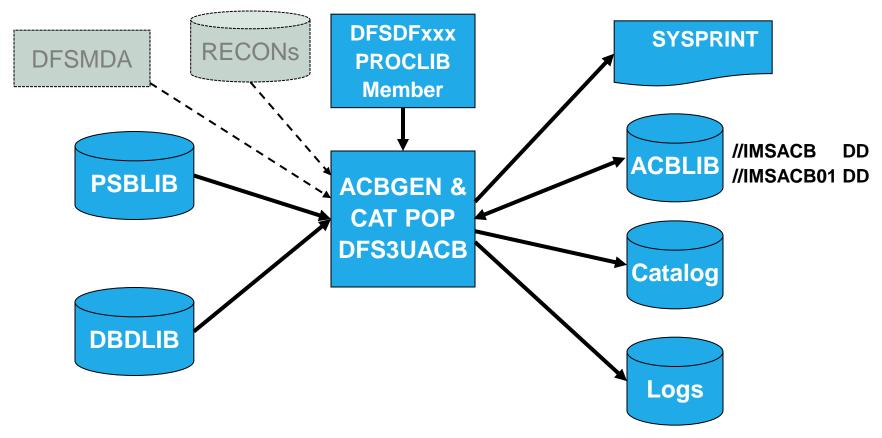


- New ACB Generation DFS3UACB
 - Replaces existing ACBGEN Utility, DFSUACB0 (if IMS catalog enabled)
 - Generate ACBLIB member and populate/create catalog metadata in a <u>single job step</u>
 - Phase 1 ACBGEN
 - DBDLIB and PSBLIB members used as input
 - Validation is unchanged
 - ACB member is written to ACBLIB with new ACBGEN timestamp
 - Phase 2 IMS catalog update
 - Generated ACB is decoded, converted to catalog segments, loaded into the catalog
 - DBD and PSB metadata created and inserted
 - Corresponding ACB member timestamp saved as timestamp in catalog DBD and PSB segments
 - ensures validity and consistency of ACBLIB and catalog
- New ACBGEN, DFS3UACB, and new Catalog Populate, DFS3PU00, utilities are the <u>only</u> updaters of the IMS catalog
 - IMS online and IMS batch regions will never update catalog data
 - IMS online and IMS batch regions will only retrieve data from the catalog



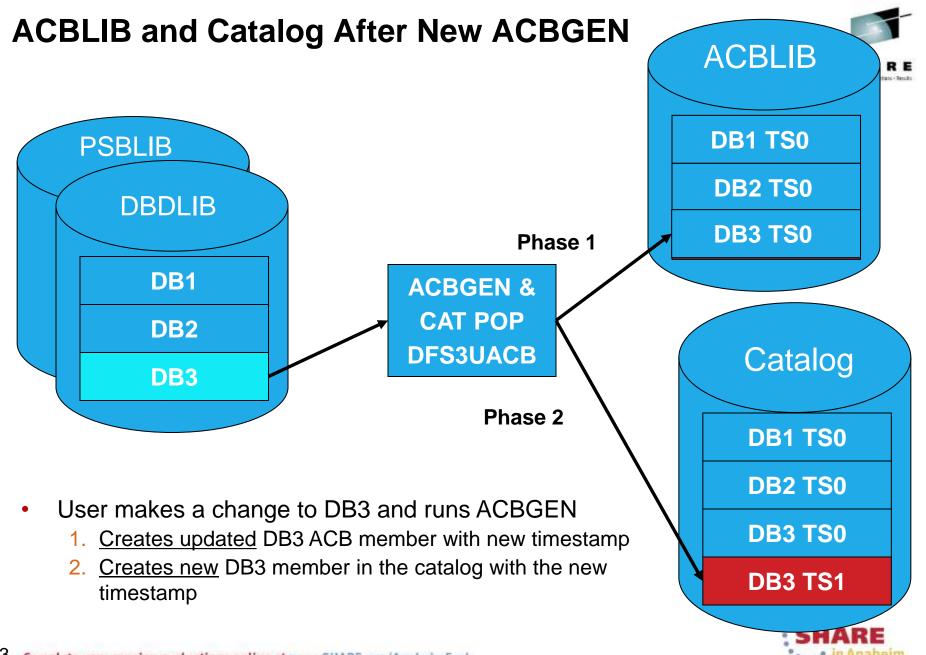
IMS Catalog Additions: New ACBGEN





- New integrated ACBGEN process includes updates to the IMS catalog
- DFSDFxxx PROCLIB member has the catalog information
- DFSMDA member used to dynamically allocate the catalog datasets

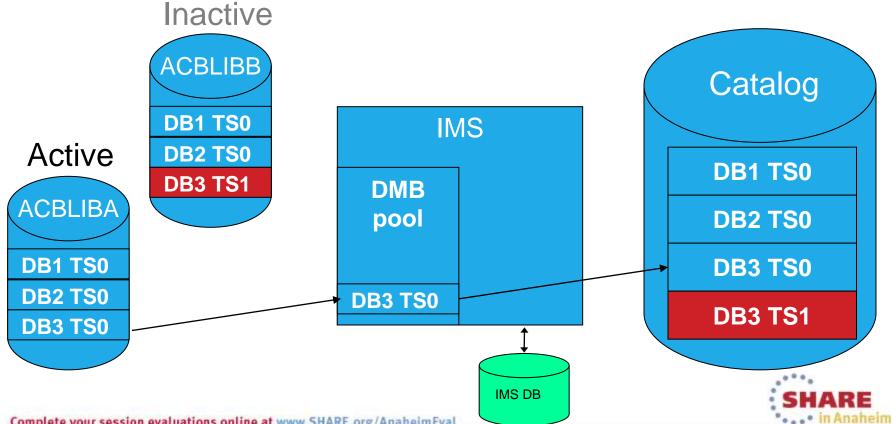




Catalog Member Timestamps



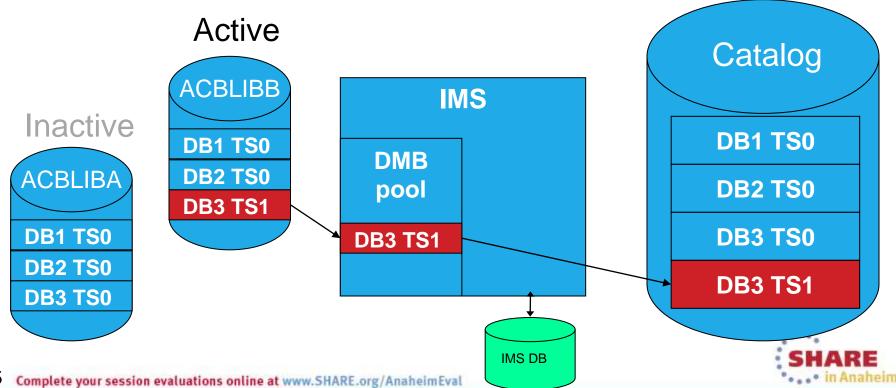
- Application request is made to read DB3
 - 1. IMS determines active DB3 member has timestamp TS0
 - 2. Internal DL/I call issued to retrieve member DB3 from IMS catalog
 - 3. IMS retrieves metadata from catalog member DB3 with timestamp TS0



Catalog Member Timestamps

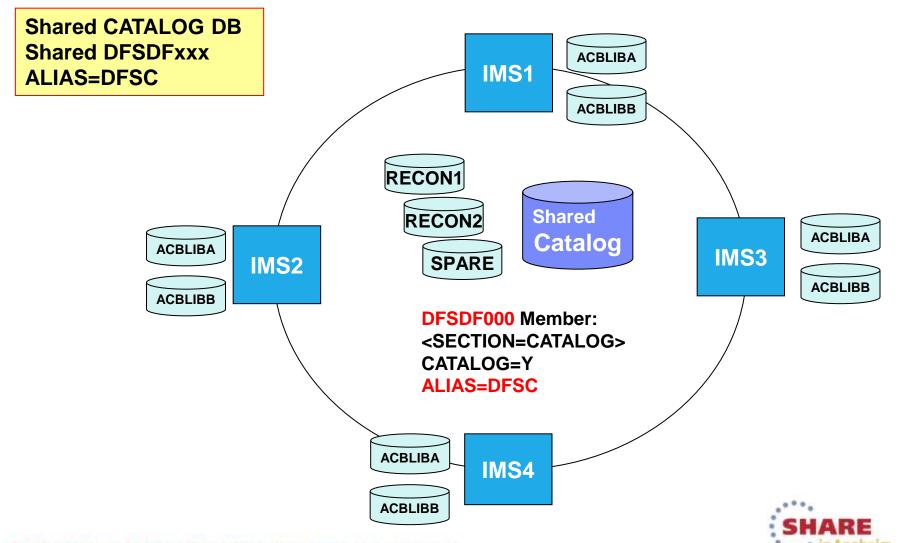


- Initiate OLC to switch from ACBLIBA to ACBLIBB
 - Activates DB3 ACB with timestamp TS1
- Application request is made to read DB3
 - 1. Internal DL/I call issued to retrieve member DB3 from IMS catalog
 - 2. IMS determines active DB3 member has timestamp TS1
 - 3. IMS retrieves metadata catalog member DB3 with timestamp TS1



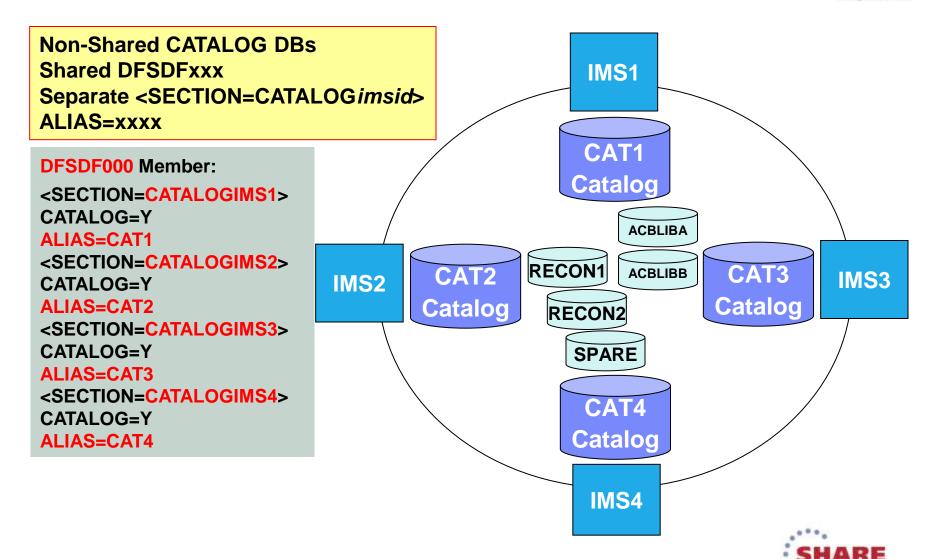
Multiple IMSes, Cloned ACBLIBs, Shared Catalog





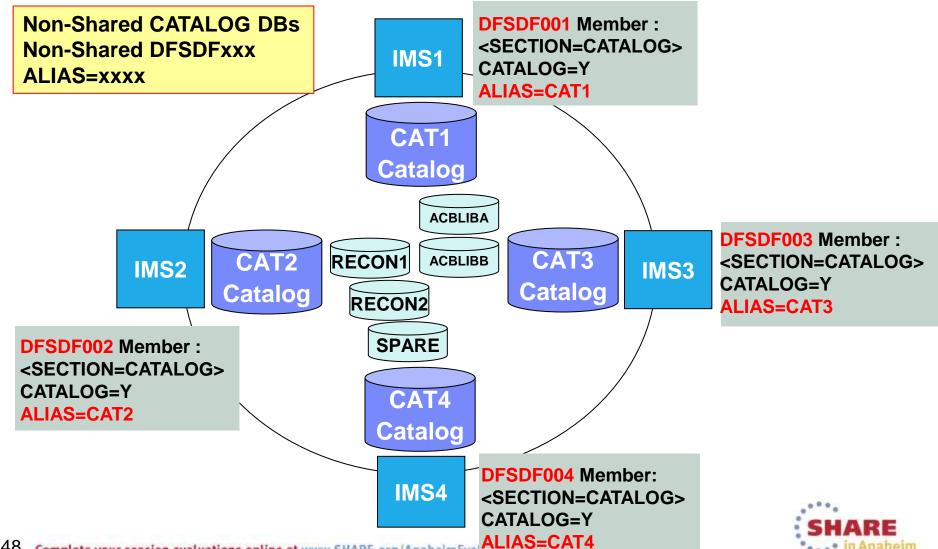
Multiple IMSes, Shared ACBLIBs, each IMS has it's own Catalog





Multiple IMSes, Shared ACBLIBs, each IMS has it's own Catalog





Application Programming with IMS Catalog



- IMS catalog PSBs resident for application programs
 - DFSCP000 High-level assembler and COBOL applications
 - DFSCP002 PL/I applications
 - DFSCP003 PASCAL applications
- PCBs included to support different catalog processing models:
 - DFSCAT00 Primary PCB to access all data in the catalog database
 - DFSCATSX Used access the catalog database via the catalog 2nd index
 - DFSCATX0 Used to access the catalog 2nd index as a database
- All catalog processing is performed with PROCOPT=G
- New "GUR" DL/I call to access Catalog DB records
 - Application programs can use the GUR call



NEW "GUR" DL/I Call



- Get Unique Record
 - Retrieves an XML formatted Catalog database "record"
 - Restricted to use with the IMS Catalog database
- Functions like a GU followed by a series of GNP calls
 - Less overhead than issuing GU & GNP to retrieve all the metadata for a catalog member
- Returns the entire database DBD or PSB record in one call
 - Using an AIB token, the call can be continued if the I/O area is too small for the entire catalog database record
- Data returned in XML format
 - The XML schemas are included in the IMS.ADFSSMPL data set:
 - DFS3XDBD.xsd (for DBD records)
 - DFS3XPSB.xsd (for PSB records)
- Support added for DFSDDLT0 and IMS REXX



IMS Catalog Benefits



- Trusted, online source for IMS metadata
- Direct access to IMS metadata in the catalog
- Leveraged by the Universal Database Drivers
- No need for "local" Java metadata classes



Summary



IMS Catalog

- Contains information about IMS database resources, program resources, and relevant application metadata
- Populate Utility and new ACBGEN
 - Used to populate and maintain the catalog metadata
- The IMS Catalog: The Next Step in Simplification and Enterprise Integration http://www-01.ibm.com/software/sw-events/teleconference/D108305C25358T22.html

IMS Enterprise Suite Explorer for Development

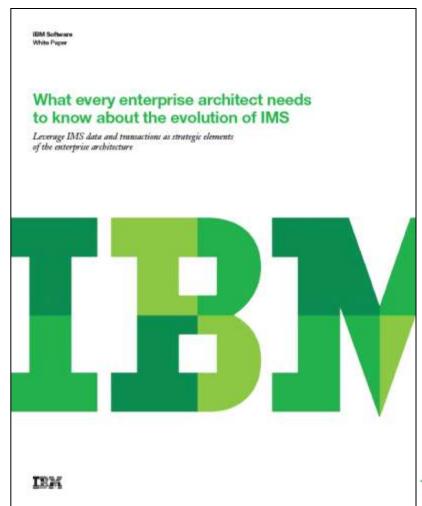
- Generates DBD/PSB source used to populate the catalog
- Enables IMS metadata discovery from the IMS Catalog
- IMS Enterprise Suite Explorer: The new face of IMS

http://www-01.ibm.com/software/sw-events/teleconference/T929253D59548D24.html



Two IMS White Papers!!







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BONUS SLIDES



SSA Command Code "O": Qualify by Position



- New SSA command code "O"
 - Non-key field definitions not required in the DBD
 - Allows fields defined in database metadata to be used
 - Search by position and length vs. field name
 - 4 byte position, hex value
 - 4 byte length, hex value
 - Valid for HDAM, HIDAM, PHDAM, PHIDAM and DEBD databases
 - Valid for GU, GHU, GN, GNP, GHNP, ISRT calls
 - Plays well with other command codes
 - "GE" status code returned if field not found
 - Support for DFSDDLT0 and IMS REXX
 - Performance will be the same as non-key field search

IMS 12
APAR PM65139
PTF UK81837 or
PTF UK81838



SSA with command code, position and length



SSA with "O" command code, position and length

HARE

DBD

Field	Pos	Len
LASTNAME	1	10

Database Segments

0	1	2	3	
1234567	890123456	7890123	35 <mark>6789012</mark>	<u>34567</u>
LAST1	FIRST1	. 55!	5-1111 19	99999
LAST2	FIRST2	555	5-2222 29	99999
LAST3	FIRST3	555	5-3333 39	99999

COBOL Copybook

Field	Pos	Len
LASTNAME	1	10
FIRSTNME	11	10
EXTENSIN	21	10
ZIPCODE	31	7

'bb' Status Code: segments returned successfully

```
GU TELEBOOK*--(LASTNAME=LAST2)

GU TELEBOOK*O-(000000100000000A=LAST3)

GU TELEBOOK*O-(000000B0000000A=FIRST1)

Position Length
```

(Position is relative to 1 vs. zero)



SSA Command Code "O": Qualify by Position



Support for IMS Universal Drivers



- Allows users to issue queries qualified on non-searchable fields and have a field's position and length generated automatically in the qualified SSA
- SQL
 - Universal Drivers will detect a non-searchable field in the where clause based on database metadata and will internally convert the SSAList qualification
- DLI
 - Universal Drivers will detect a non-searchable field in the SSAList based on database metadata and will internally convert the SSAList qualification



IMS Universal Driver Additional Enhancements



- Variable length segment support
 - VL segments contain a two byte length (LL) field that identify size of the segment instance
 - Universal Drivers are now sensitive to the LL field of a VL segment and will manage the IO area of the segment instance on all CRUD calls

Control of the Contro	Technological Control of the Control		I STATE OF THE STA		
INNER FIELD=LENGTH (2 bytes)	(30 bytes)	INNER FIELD=ADDRESS (50 bytes)	INNER FIELD=EMAIL (optional field 3 bytes)		
112	RICHARD	555 Bailey Ave	tran@abc123.com		
82	KEVIN	555 Bailey Ave	<does disk="" exist="" not="" on="" physically=""></does>		



Mapping Support



- A Map is metadata that describes how a field, or set of fields, are mapped for a particular segment instance
- Various mapping cases are captured in the metadata
 - defines the set of fields to be used for each case
- Maps can be defined in the IMS catalog
- Example:
 - Insurance segment mapped multiple ways depending on value of a 'Policy Type' field

Policy Type	Property Type	Rooms	Value	Address	Make	Model	Year	Value	Color
M	-	1	1	-	Ford	Escort	1989	2K	Red
Н	Single Family	5	500K	555 Disk Drive Way, 95141	-	-	-	-	

