

System z Flash Express

Introduction, Setup, Management, Configuration, Uses, and Benefits

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Agenda

- z/OS Customer Value Proposition
- System z Flash Express and z/OS
- Flash Performance Results
- z/OS Flash Roadmap
- Under the Covers Implementation Highlights

System z Flash Express IO Adapter



- Flash Express is a PCIe IO adapter with NAND Flash SSDs (Solid State Drives)
- Flash Express is accessed using the Extended Asynchronous Data Mover
 - Optimized software path for Flash Access based on prior learning with z expanded store
- Flash Express provides continuous availability
 - RAID 10 to cover adapter failure
 - Concurrent Firmware update to cover service
- Flash Express is fully virtualized
 - A single adapter pair can provide Flash to 60 partitions on a CEC
 - Adapter RAS (call home, recovery, etc.) done at system level, not in OS.
 - Transparent migration to new adapter technology





IBM Flash Express – Smarter Availability for Smarter Systems

- Flash Express is an innovative solution designed to help you compete effectively in today's marketplace
 - Automatically improve availability for key workloads at critical processing times
 - Drive availability and performance for workloads that cannot tolerate paging spikes or inconsistent performance
 - Slash latency for critical application processing such as diagnostics collection
- Extends IBM's expertise in memory management introducing a new tier of memory using Flash Express
- Provides a secured, resilient and immediately usable solution
- Planned Flash Express and pageable large page exploiters:

- z/OS V1.13 Language Environment -IMS 12 Common Queue Server -DB2 10 *

- Java SDK601 SR4, and Java SDK7 SR3 and by extension: - CICS Transaction Server 5.1

- WAS Liberty Profile v8.5

**Traditional WAS support is planned for a future date *DB2 date to be determined. Support for V10 with APAFIA Sanfed

Flash Express Strengthens Availability



- Innovation to drive availability to exceptional levels
 - Extends IBM's expertise in memory management introducing a new tier of memory using Flash Express
 - Is an *industry unique* application of Flash to improve availability
 - Takes the next step in advanced memory management
- Flash Express can improve availability and reduce latency
 - Improves availability during transition periods and spikes
 - Helps accelerate start of day processing batch to online
 - Enables faster snapshots of diagnostics (e.g. SVC dump, standalone dump)
 - With pageable large pages can improve performance of DB2 and Java
 - Ideal for applications with random read access and high read/write ratios
- Helps customers deliver vigorous service levels
 - Designed to help provide *exceptional* availability and fast response time
 - Delivered in tandem with pageable large pages for superior performance
- Minimal configuration- no special skills needed
 - Usable immediately; no special training required
 - Easy to set up and dynamically configurable



Representative Use Cases - Flash Express



Flash Express can reduce latency delays from paging to bring system availability to new heights and improve overall service levels

Application related errors will require collection of diagnostics. These diagnostics can be collected faster with Flash Express, reducing paging related delays that can impact your overall availability.

Having your working data resident in Flash can help accelerate start of day processing, and improve service for many industries at the busiest time of their work day- a time when they cannot afford disruptions.

DB2[®] and Java[™] in memory buffer pools work to store and process application data. DB2 and Java can benefit from 1MB pageable large pages with Flash Express, improving overall performance.



Flash Express – What is it?

FLASH Express

- Flash Express is a PCIe IO adapter with NAND Flash SSDs
- Physically comprised of internal storage on Flash SSDs
- Used to deliver a new tier of memory- storage class memory
- Uses PCIe I/O drawer
- Sized to accommodate all LPAR paging
 - Each <u>card pair</u> provides **1.4 TB** usable storage (2.8 TB total)
 - Maximum 4 card pairs (4 X1.4=5.6 TB)
- Immediately usable
 - Simplifies capacity planning
 - No intelligent data placement needed
 - Full virtualization across partitions
- Robust design
 - Delivered as a RAID10 mirrored pair
 - Designed for long life
 - Designed for concurrent firmware upgrade
- Secured

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- Flash Express adapter is protected with 128-bit AES encryption.
- Key Management provided based on a Smart Card
- Secure Cryptographic Erase meets audit requirements
 All statements regarding IBM's future directions and intent are subject to change or withdrawal without notice and represent goals and objectives only



One Flash Express Card



Flash memory (SCM) blurs the distinction between memory and storage characteristics

IBM Flash Express – Smarter Availability for Smarter Systems Outstanding Availability and Performance - Innovative Flash Express

- Companies competing for the highest quality of service in today's market must deliver outstanding availability and performance
- Changes in workload processing can impact service levels at critical processing times
- Flash Express is an innovative solution designed to help you improve availability and performance to compete effectively in today's market
 - Automatically improves availability for key workloads at critical processing times
 - Drives availability and performance for workloads that cannot tolerate paging spikes or inconsistent performance
 - Slashes latency for critical application processing such as start of day processing and also collection of diagnostics (SVC dumps, standalone dumps)
 - Delivered as a new adapter card in the PCIe I/O drawer

Benefits

- Improves availability and performance helping companies achieve highest service levels
- Delivers a secured, resilient and immediately usable solution
- Automatic, requires minimal setup, no special training needed





System z Flash and z/OS

Outline



- Introduction to zFlash
- Initial Setup
 - Customer Service Representative (CSR) Portion
 - Install Smart Cards in Support Elements (SE)
 - · Install zFlash cards if necessary
 - Create Pair
 - Customer Portion
 - No IOCDS changes
 - Allocate zFlash memory to partition(s)
 - Configure z/OS to use zFlash
- Management
 - Management of zFlash Allocations
 - zFlash PCHID details
 - View Partition to PCHID map
 - View Flash Allocations for a specific Partition
 - View Flash (details)
 - System Activity Display (SAD) / Monitors Dashboard
 - Console Events
 - Security Logs
 - Status (Service Personnel Only)
 - Configure On/Off (Service Personnel Only)
 - Service On/Off (Service Personnel Only)
- Terminating Flash
 - Change all instances of z/OS to no longer use zFlash
 - Disband all zFlash pairs
 - Remove SE Smart Cards and destroy (optional)
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Install Smart Cards in Support Elements (CSR responsibility)

- Cards will be installed by the CSR
 - During machine installation if zFlash shipped with the machine
 - Before installing the first zFlash adapters (if the machine was not shipped with zFlash)



- The data on the zFlash cards is encrypted. This is done to prevent access to the data if a zFlash card is removed from the system, such as for a repair action or thru some malicious action (i.e. theft).
- The Smart Cards are an essential part of managing the encryption keys.
- The blank Smart Card is the same one used by the TKE device.
- The Primary SE will create an authentication key using the smart card and store it on the SE.
 The Alternate SE will uses the smart card in it to store the key sent from the primary.
- The smart card, the SE hardware, the CEC, and the generated Key are tightly coupled in order to prevent access to the data on the zFlash card in any place other than the CEC it was formatted for.
- If for some reason the smart card fails on the primary an automatic switch to the alternate will happen and a service call will occur to have the smart card or the SE serviced. There are procedures to ensure the repaired SE or Smart Card is properly updated with the encryption keys.
- The keys will not be preserved during migrations/upgrades. So, persistence of data on the zFlash adapters is thus not guaranteed. The zFlash adapters are therefore good for things like paging storage but should not be used for situations where persistence is required.
- Bottom line: The Smart Cards must be installed so that the SE is prepared to store and handle the encryption keys used to protect the data on the zFlash adapters.

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Install zFlash cards if necessary (CSR responsibility)

- Installed in pairs in Seneca cages, one per I/O domain
- Pairs are cabled together with 2 SAS cables



Install zFlash cards if necessary (CSR responsibility)

• Once installed, the cards are visible on the Support Element's User Interface as a PCHID



Create pair(s) of zFlash adapters (CSR Responsibility)

- A "create pair" operation must be performed that allows the paired adapters to initialize themselves into a pair and format the storage.
- Done via a new SE task, Flash Status and Controls
- Service Personnel only

			GUSR	DAD6: Flash S	Status and Contro	ols			
🛺 Fla	sh Status	and Controls - Gl	JSRDAD6						i
Options -									
** * 2 P * Select Action \$									
Select ^	PCHID ^	Cage-Card Slot ^	Serial Number ^	Adapter State ^	Array-config State ^	Serial of Partner ^	Port A State ^	Port B State	^
۲	0300	Z01B-LG01-J.00	04001001	Online	Not formatted	0400100E	0000, Operational	0000, Opera	tional
C	032C	Z01B-LG14-J.00	0400100E	Online	Not formatted	04001001	0000, Operational	0000, Opera	tional
0	0350	Z01B-LG25-J.00	04001019	Online	Not formatted	04001021	0000, Operational	0000, Opera	tional
0	036C	Z01B-LG33-J.00	04001021	Online	Not formatted	04001019	0000, Operational	0000, Opera	tional
Refresh	Cancel	Help							



Create Pair

- Select Create Pair to create and format a pair
- Use the Refresh button to monitor the progress of the formatting.
- It takes a while (15 to 20 minutes) to complete the pairing/formatting operation.

GUSRDAD6: Flash Status and Controls								
Flash Status and Controls - GUSRDAD6								
Options -		•						
Create Pair								
Disband Pair	Participation ♀							
Unformat	age-Card Slot ^ Adapter State ^ Array-config State	e ^ Port A State ^ Port B State ^						
Configure	01B-LG01-J.00 Online Unformat Require	ed 0000. Operational 0000. Operational						
Adapter Service	01B-LG14-J.00 Online Unformat Require	ed 0000, Operational 0000, Operational						
Port B Service	01B-LG25-J.00 Online Unformat Require	ed 0000, Operational 0000, Operational						
0360	z01B-LG33-J.00 Online Unformat Require	ed 0000, Operational 0000, Operational						
Refresh Cancel	Help							

GUSRDAD6: Flash Status and Controls									
😡 Fla	sh Status	and Controls - Gl	USRDAD6						i
Options -									
₩ ₽ ₽ ► Select Action \$									
Select ^	PCHID ^	Cage-Card Slot ^	Serial Number ^	Adapter St ^	Array-config St ^	Serial of Part ^	Port A State ^	Port B State	^
۲	0300	Z01B-LG01-J.00	04001001	Online	Formatted	0400100E	0000, Operational	0000, Operation	nal
0	032C	Z01B-LG14-J.00	0400100E	Online	Formatted	04001001	0000, Operational	0000, Operation	nal
0	0350	Z01B-LG25-J.00	04001019	Online	Unformat Required	04001021	0000, Operational	0000, Operation	nal
C	036C	Z01B-LG33-J.00	04001021	Online	Unformat Required	04001019	0000, Operational	0000, Operation	nal
Refresh	Cancel	Help							



Allocate zFlash Memory to partition(s) Manage Flash Allocation SE and HMC task

- Available on both the HMC and SE.
- Displays current summary Flash information for the system.
- Displays current Flash information by partition.
- Use to Add, Change or Remove allocations to a partition.



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Manage Flash Allocation Task's Actions



- Allocation can be done for a partition defined in any IOCDS or a partition not currently defined.
- May be done after initial zFlash setup as necessary (such as when a new partition is defined).
- Example of picking an existing partition:

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ie ▼ <u>P</u>rint ▼ <u>E</u>-mail	<u> nāru → Ö</u> beu →				U
	P00E9EB6: Primary Support El	ement Workplace (V	/ersion 2.12.0)		
View	YS .	de de	CPC Con	figuration	and all the
i 🔺 💼 💻	E III 🕐	Hardware Messages	View Hardware Configuration	Cryptographic Configuration	Manage Flash Allocation
ps Exceptions Active Consol Tasks Action	e Task Books Help 1 11 P00E9EB6: Manage Flash Allocati	Operating System	Rebuild Vital	Cryptographic Management	Manage zBX Hardware
	New Flash Allocation - P00E9EB6	Perform	Nondisruptive	Customize	Prepare
CPC Wor	Partition	Model Conversion	Hardware Change	Po Network Settings	System For Discontinuance
E9EB6	● Use existing: APIVM1	Transmit Vital Product Data	MSQ Processor Test	Display Adapter ID	Send Processor Change
	Allocation Initial (GB): 16	e presente	all all a	1 1 1	Notification System
en and a substant and	Maximum (GB): 16	Edit Frame Layout	and VPD	FCP Configuration	Input/Output Configuration Analyzer
	Available (GB): 1424	System (Sysplex) Time	Channel PCHID Assignment	Flash Status and Controls	Survey Survey
e de la de		Input/output 200 (I/O)	Cleanup Discontinuance	Manage DataPower	Salara Salara
/ / / /		Configuration	Surveyord Surveyord Survey	ALGOZ AND	Samerican Streeting
		11	11		11
29EB6: Welcome to t PUUE9EB6:	Primary Supp Command Window	P00E9E86: Ma	nage Flash Captura d	y Hernansoft 08:03	:02 PM 12/11/2012
) 5 C X)	

Manage Flash Allocation - Add zFlash Allocation

Example of typing in a new partition name:

P00E9E86	5: Primary Support Elemer	nt Workplace (Version 2.	.12.0)	
Views			CPC Configuration	
🚥 🛦 💼 💷 📖	?	Hardware Messages	iew Hardware onfiguration Cryptog	raphic ation Manage Flash Allocation
Groups Exceptions Active Console Task Books Tasks Action POOPBEB6: Mar	Help age Flash Allocati	Operating System Messages	ebuild Vital 🛛 🎸 Cryptog roduct Data Manage	raphic Manage zBX ment Hardware
New Flash	Allocation - P00E9EB6 🔳	Perform	ondisruptive Customi	ze Prepare
CPC Work Partition		Model Hi Conversion Cl	ardware re Network hange Settings	System For Discontinuance
• New:	NEWPARTN	The series of the		Send
P00E9EB6	APIVM2	Vital Product Data	ISQ Display rocessor Test 😽 Adapter	ID Processor Change Notification
Allocation		as prise prise		Contemport
Initial (GB): Maximum (GB)	32 64	Edit Frame	pdate HOM FCP nd VPD 👫 Configur	ation System Input/Output Configuration
Storage increm	ent (GB): 16	the storing storing		Analyzer
Available (GB):	1408 Help	System (Sysplex) Time	hannel PCHID 🛛 😺 Flash St ssignment and Con	atus trols
tenennine tenennine tenennine tenennine		Input/output (I/O) Configuration	leanup iscontinuance III Manage XI50z	ver
	derenter derenter dere			
				<u></u>
P00E9EB6: Welcome to t P00E9EB6: Primary Supp	Command Window	P00E9EB6: Manage Flas	sh Captura by HernanSoft	08:04:16 PM 12/11/2012

Allocating z FLASH



Allocating Flash to a partition

- The initial and maximum amount of Flash Memory available to a particular logical partition is specified at the SE or HMC via a new Flash Memory Allocation panel
- Can dynamically change maximum amount of Flash Memory available to a logical partition
- Additional Flash Memory (up to the maximum allowed) can be configured online to a logical partition dynamically at the SE or HMC
 - For z/OS this can also be done via an operator command
- Can dynamically configure Flash Memory offline to a logical partition at the SE or HMC
 - For z/OS this can also be done via an operator command
- Predefined subchannels, no IOCDS

Manage Flash Allocation - P87								
Summary								
Allocated:976 GBStorage increment:16 GBAvailable:1872 GBRebuild complete:0 %Uninitialized:0 GB0 GBUnavailable:0 GBTotal:2848 GB								
Partitio	ons Colort Art							
	Select Act	ion	•					
Select	Partition Name	Status	IOCDS	Allocated (GB)	Maximum (GB)			
۲	R70	Active	A0,A1,A2,A3	48	2848			
0	R71	Active	A0.A1.A2.A3	128	2848			
-	R72	Active	A0.A1.A2.A3	48	2848			
0	D72	Active	A0,A1,A2,A3	32	2848			
0	R/3			00	00.40			
0	R73	Active	A0,A1,A2,A3	00	2848			
0 0 0	R74 R75	Active Active	A0,A1,A2,A3 A0,A1,A2,A3	80	2848 2848			
0 0 0 0	R73 R74 R75 R76	Active Active Active	A0,A1,A2,A3 A0,A1,A2,A3 A0,A1,A2,A3	80 64	2848 2848 2848			
	R75 R74 R75 R76 R77	Active Active Active Active	A0,A1,A2,A3 A0,A1,A2,A3 A0,A1,A2,A3 A0,A1,A2,A3	80 64 64	2848 2848 2848 80			
	R75 R74 R75 R76 R77 R7B	Active Active Active Active Inactive	A0,A1,A2,A3 A0,A1,A2,A3 A0,A1,A2,A3 A0,A1,A2,A3 A0,A1,A2,A3	80 64 64 128	2848 2848 2848 80 128			

z FLASH Virtualization

- Full virtualization of physical Flash PCIe cards across partitions, software sees an Abstracted Flash Storage Space...
 - Allows each logical partition to be configured with its own SCM address space
 - Allocate Flash to partitions by amount, not card size
 - Ability to change underlying technology while preserving API
 - No Hardware Specifics in Software.
 - Error Isolation, Transparent mirroring, Centralized diagnostics, etc.
 - Hardware Logging, FRU Call, Recovery: Independent of software



FLASH for z/OS Paging Value

Flash Memory is a faster paging device as compared to HDD

- •The value is NOT in replacing memory with Flash but replacing disk with Flash
- •Flash is suitable for workloads that can tolerate paging and will not benefit workloads that cannot afford to page
- •The z/OS design for Flash Memory does not completely remove the virtual storage constraints created by a paging spike in the system. (Some scalability relief is expected due to faster paging I/O with Flash Memory.)

A z/OS Flash Configuration



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Typical Customer Configurations for FLASH

- Flash card pair memory size is 1.4TB
 - Min: 1 Card Pair
 - Max: 4 Card Pairs
- •Typical customer configuration is 6 to 8 LPARs per CEC and 40GB 80GB for paging configuration dataset size
- •Even with 10 LPARs per CEC, each LPAR has 140 GB of Flash Memory available for its paging datasets, more than double the current typical customer configuration.
 - All paging data can easily reside on Flash
 - Data will preferably go to Flash and only go to disk (if any) when Flash is full
 - No intelligent placement of data on internal Flash needed

Flash vs Disk Placement Criteria



Flash vs Disk Placement Criteria

Data Type	Data Page Placement
PLPA	At IPL/NIP time PLPA pages will be placed both on Flash and disk.
VIO	VIO data will always be placed on disk (First to VIO accepting datasets with any spillover flowing to non-vio datasets)
Pageable Large Pages	If contiguous Flash space is available, pageable large page will be written to Flash. If Flash is not available in the system configuration pageable large pages will be backed with 4k page frames.
All other data	If available space exists on both Flash and disk then make a selection based on response time.

z/OS FLASH Use Cases

Paging

z/OS paging subsystem will work with mix of internal Flash and External Disk

-Self Tuning based on measured performance

-Improved Paging Performance, Simplified Configuration

•Begin Paging 1 MB Large Pages only on Flash

-Exploit Flash's random IO read rate to get CPU performance by enabling additional use of Large Pages. Currently large pages are not pagable.

•Begin Speculative Page-In of 4K Pages, 1MB Pages only on Flash

 Exploit Flash's random IO read rate to get Improved Resilience over Disruptions.

-Market Open, Workload Failover

Flash Memory Usage and Invocation

- New PAGESCM= keyword in IEASYSxx defines the amount of flash to be reserved for paging
 - Value may be specified in units of M, G, or T
 - NONE indicates do not use flash for paging
 - ALL (default) indicates all flash defined to the partition is available for paging

New messages issued during IPL indicate the status of SCM

• IAR031I USE OF STORAGE-CLASS MEMORY FOR PAGING IS ENABLED - PAGESCM=ALL, ONLINE=00065536M

OR

• IAR032I USE OF STORAGE-CLASS MEMORY FOR PAGING IS NOT ENABLED - PAGESCM=NONE

- The D ASM and D M commands are enhanced to display flash-related information/status
 - •D ASM lists SCM status along with paging data set status
 - •D ASM,SCM displays summary of SCM usage
 - •D M=SCM display SCM online/offline and increment information
 - •D M=SCM(DETAIL) displays detailed incrementlevel information

Display ASM Command

d asm

IEE200I	17.17.	.46 DI	SPLAY	ASM 944
TYPE	FULL	STAT	DEV	DATASET NAME
PLPA	100%	FULL	02E6	SYS1.PLPA.PAGCOM
COMMON	61%	OK	02E6	SYS1.COMMON.PAGCOM
LOCAL	0%	OK	098E	SYS1.LOCAL.PAGEP2
LOCAL	08	OK	0987	SYS1.LOCAL.PAGEP3
LOCAL	0%	OK	098F	SYS1.LOCAL.PAGEP4
SCM	118	OK	N/A	N/A

d asm, scm

IEE207I	17.35.02	DISPLAY ASM	947	
STATUS	FULL	SIZE	USED	IN-ERROR
IN-USE	118	16,777,21	6 2,096,144	0

Flash Related Commands

D M=SCM

IEE174I 17.57.26 DISPLAY M 230 STORAGE-CLASS MEMORY STATUS 80G DEFINED ONLINE 0G-64G 16G OFFLINE-AVAILABLE 14% IN USE SCM INCREMENT SIZE IS 16G

D M=SCM(DETAIL)

IEE174I 17.57.30 DISPLAY M 232 STORAGE-CLASS MEMORY STATUS - INCREMENT DETAIL 80G DEFINED ADDRESS IN USE STATUS 0G 55% ONLINE 16G 0% ONLINE 32G 0% ONLINE 48G 0% ONLINE 0NLINE: 64G OFFLINE-AVAILABLE: 16G PENDING OFFLINE: 0G 14% IN USE SCM INCREMENT SIZE IS 16G

CF SCM(16G),ONLINE

IEE195I SCM LOCATIONS 64G TO 80G ONLINE IEE712I CONFIG PROCESSING COMPLETE

The CONFIG ONLINE command is enhanced to allow bringing additional SCM online

- CF SCM(amount),ONLINE
 - CF SCM(16G), online
 - IEE195I SCM LOCATIONS 64G TO 80G ONLINE
 - IEE712I CONFIG PROCESSING COMPLETE

The CONFIG OFFLINE command is enhanced to allow...

- · CF SCM(*amount*),OFFLINE
- CF SCM(start_range-end_range),OFFLINE
- Requires APAR OA40968

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🛃 P87: Operating System Messa	ges						• X	
2012200 17.27.02 R71	IEE200I 17.27.	02 DISPLAY	ASM 143				P87:R71	
	TYPE FULL	STAT DEV	DATASET NAME					
	PLPA 38%	OK 2002	SYS1.R71.PLPA					
	COMMON 68	OK 2002	SYS1.R71.COMMON					
	LOCAL 0%	OK 2003	SYS1.R71.LOCAL					
	LOCAL 0%	OK 2021	SYS1.R71.LOCAL1					
	LOCAL 0%	OK 2261	SYS1.R71.LOCAL4					
	LOCAL 0%	OK 2269	SYS1.R71.LOCAL5					
	SCM 0%	OK N/A	N/A					
	PAGEDEL COMMAN	D IS NOT AC	TIVE					
2012200 17.27.45 R71	IEE207I 17.27.	45 DISPLAY	ASM 148					
	STATUS FU	LL	SIZE	USED	IN-ERROR			
	IN-USE	0%	33,554,432	13,865	0			
2012200 17.28.04 R71	IEE174I 17.28.	04 DISPLAY	M 150					
	STORAGE-CLASS 1	MEMORY STAT	US					
	2848G DEFINED							
	ONLINE							
	0G-128G							
	1872G OFFLINE-	AVAILABLE						
	0% IN USE							
	SCM INCREMENT	SIZE IS 160	;			-		
Command:						-		
Priority (select this when re	esponding to priority	(red) messag	jes)					
Cand Damand D	-1-4-							
<u>sena</u> <u>R</u> espond <u>D</u>	elete							
Close Help								

A P87: Operating System Messages		
2012200 17.30.15 R71 IEE174I 17.30.15 DISPLAY M 163 STORAGE-CLASS MEMORY STATUS - INCREMENT DETAIL 2848G DEFINED ADDRESS IN USE STATUS 0G 0% ONLINE		P87:R71
16G 0% ONLINE 32G 0% ONLINE 48G 0% ONLINE 64G 0% ONLINE 80G 0% ONLINE 96G 0% ONLINE 112G 0% ONLINE 0NLINE: 128G OFFLINE-AVAILABLE: 1872G PENDING OFFLINE: 0G 0% IN USE		
Command: d m=scm(detail) Priority (select this when responding to priority (red) messages) Send Respond Delete Close Help	•	
RMF Updates

• RMF Monitor II Page Data Set Activity Report includes SCM activity (RMF II \rightarrow Resource \rightarrow PGSP):

			R	MF - PO	SSP Page	Data Set	Activi	ty	L	ine 1	of 4
				CPU=	= 1	UIC= 65K	PR=	0	System=	4381	Tota
s	VOLUME	DEV	DEV	%SLO	'S PAG	E I/OR	EQ AVG	PAGES	10:21	:00	
т	SERIAL	NUM	TYPE	IN US	SE TRAN	TIME RAT	E PER	1/0 V	DATA SET	NAME	
P	PAGCOM	02E6	33903	100.0)		0	.000	SYS1.PLPA	. PAGCO	М
с	PAGCOM	02E6	33903	63.04	1		16	.500	SYS1.COMM	ON . PAG	COM
L	PAGEP2	098E	33903	0.00)		0	.000 Y	SYS1.LOCA	L.PAGE	P2
s	N/A	N/A	N/A	8.58	3		10	.939	N/A		

RMF Updates (cont)

RMF Monitor III STORF Report includes SCM usage in 'Aux Slots' count (RMF III \rightarrow Resource \rightarrow STORF):

		RMF V2R	1 St	torage	Frame	25			Line	e 2
Samples:	100 s	System: 4381	Date	e: 05/	09/13	Time:	10.48	.20 1	Range:	100
	Service	e Fram	e Occi	up	- Acti	lve Fra	mes -	AUX	PGIN	
Jobname	C Class	Cr TOTAL	ACTV	IDLE	WSET	FIXED	DIV	SLOTS	RATE	
J273	S SYSSTC	8332	8332	0	8332	734	0	0	0	
OMVS	S SYSTEM	6560	6560	0	6560	241	0	0	0	
HZSPROC	S SYSSTC	3996	3996	0	3996	151	0	0	0	
XCFAS	S SYSTEM	3637	3637	0	3637	872	0	0	0	
PGOUT30L	S SYSSTC	3551	0	3551	0	70	0	30	0	

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zFlash SVC Dump - RMF Page Data Set Report Example

RMF Page Data Set report: average over 6 minutes

PAGE DATA SET ACTIVITY

	z/O	S V1R	13		SYSTEM	ID P41			DATE	10/0	9/2012		INTERVA	L 05.59.585
					RPT VER	SION V1	R13 RMF	1	TIME	14.3	0.28		CYCLE 0	.050 SECONDS
NUMBER	OF SAMPL	ES =	7,190			PAGE	DATA S	ET AND) SCM	USAG	E -			
PAGE										00	PAGE		V	
SPACE	VOLUME	DEV	DEVICE	SLOTS	S	LOTS US	ED	BAD		IN	TRANS	NUMBER	PAGES I	
TYPE	SERIAL	NUM	TYPE	ALLOC	MIN	MAX	AVG	SLOTS	3	USE	TIME	IO REQ	XFER'D O	DATA SET NAME
PLPA	41PAG0	5473	33903	98999	14655	14655	14655	C) (0.00	0.000	0	0	SYS1.P41.PLPA
COMMON	41PAG0	5473	33903	89999	61	61	61	C) (0.00	0.000	2	32	SYS1.P41.COMMON
LOCAL	41PAG0	5473	33903	410399	0	0	0	C) (0.00	0.000	0	0 Ү	SYS1.P41.LOCAL
SCM	N/A	N/A	N/A	33554K	6030K	6108K	6061K	C) 4	4.24	0.000	721516	17.19M	N/A

SVC Dump Statistics

• VERBX IEAVTSFS

 Shows total dump capture time, system/task nondispatch time, page operations required to dump requested address space (real-to-real copies, page-ins, etc)

SVC Dump Statistics (cont)

Dump start

Dump end

Total dump capture time

00:00:14.357089

10/09/2012 14:30:29.867495

10/09/2012 14:30:44.224584

System	nondispatchability	start	10/09/2012	14:30:29.870030
_				

System set nondispatchable 10/09/2012 14:30:29.870048

Time to become nondispatchable 00:00:00.000017

SVC Dump Statistics (cont)

Asid 0071:

Local storage start	10/09/2012 14:30:30.424083
Local storage end	10/09/2012 14:30:43.011936
Local storage capture time	00:00:12.587853
Tasks reset dispatchable	10/09/2012 14:30:43.011944
Tasks were nondispatchable	00:00:12.587861

Defers for frame availability	0
Pages requiring input I/O	170196
Source page copied to target	16987
Source frames re-assigned	566614
Source AUX slot IDs re-assigned	15749

Manage Flash Allocation - Change zFlash Allocation

- Allocated can only be changed for inactive partitions (APIVM2) or undefined partitions (NEWPARTN)
- Changing Allocated results in loss of data
- Changing allocations for an inactive partition:

				PO	0E9EB	6: Prima	ary Support E	lement Workpla	ce (V	ersion	2.12.0)			
				Views							CPC Cont	figuration		
<u>888</u>						?		Hardware Messages	8		View Hardware Configuration	Cryptog Configur	raphic ration	Manage Flash Allocation
Groups	Exception	ns Act		P00E9EB6	: Manag	ge Flash	Allocation				an a statistica a st	prise provise	Prise	
		Ias		lanage Flash Al	location	1 - P00E9	EB6	E		19 <mark>-</mark>	Rebuild Vital Product Data	Manage	raphic ment	Manage zBX Hardware
and as price	- oterprise	oterprise	Summa Alloc Avail	ary ated: 64 GB able: 1360 GB		Stora Rebu	ge increment: ⁻ ild complete:	6 GB 0 %	9 ⁰⁰		Nondisruptive Hardware Change	Customi Network Settings	ze c _{conterprise}	Prepare System For Discontinuance
P00E9EF	36		Unini Unav Total	itialized: 0 GB railable: 0 GB : 1424 GB					ata		MSQ Processor Test	Display Adapter	ID	Send Processor Change Notification
					on.									System
			E e la et	Destition Norma	Otativa		▲ He sets al (CD)	Maximum (CD)	э	N.F	Update HOM	FCP	ration	Input/Output
			O	APIVM1	Active	A0	16	16		2		- a connigui	ution No	Analyzer
			۲	APIVM2	Inactive	AO	16	32			enterp.	e. corerer.		
			0	NEWPARTN			32	64		Ĩ.	Channel PCHID Assignment	Flash St and Con	atus trols	
			Refres	h							prise	prise prise	Prise	
			ОК	Apply Cancel	Help				ut ion		Cleanup Discontinuance	Manage DataPov XI50z	ver	
	enterprise		enter	anterprise	enterpris	e enter	prise enterprise	tenterph. tenterp						
1-	17	1-	1	T	N.	1.	2.0	and the set	Ho-	-co ^{rti}	and participant of	ption	-cpelor	.
POOFOFF		ao to t	POOEO	EB6. Primary S	lupp	Com	mand Window	POOEOERG	• Ma	pago E	lach Captura h	v HornanSoft	08.07.	27 PM 12/11/2012
FUDESEE	bo. weicon	letot	FUDE9	LDO. Fillinary 3	hupp	Com		FOOE9EBO	. Ma	паде г	Captura p	ynemanson	00:07:	27 FM 12/11/2012

Manage Flash Allocation - Change zFlash Allocation

• Changing allocations for an active partition (notice only the maximum can be altered):

			P00E9EB6	5: Primary Support E	lement Workpla	e (Versio	n 2.12.0)		
			Views				CPC Con	figuration	
	1			?	Hardware Messages	tente E	View Hardware Configuration	Cryptographic Configuration	Manage Flash Allocation
Groups	Exceptio	ns Act	P00E9EB6: Manag	e Flash Allocation		1	Debuild Vitel	Print Construction and the Print	None of PV
		Tu	Manage Flash Allocation	- P00E9EB6	E	10	Product Data	Management	Hardware
15-12-136	rectprise	rerptise	Summary Allocated: 64 GB Available: 1360 GB	Storage increment: · Rebuild complete:	16 GB 0 %		Nondisruptive ⊐ Hardware Change	Customize Network Settings	Prepare System For Discontinuance
P00E9EI	B6		Uninitialized: 0 GB Unavailable: 0 GB Total: 1424 GB			ita 😤	MSQ Processor Test	Display Adapter ID	Send Processor Change Notification
			Partitions						System
			Select Partition Name Status	IOCDS Allocated (GB)	Maximum (GB)) •	- Update HOM and VPD	FCP Configuration	Input/Output Configuration Analyzer
			APIVM2 Inactive NEWPARTN	A0 16 32	32 64		Channel PCHID Assignment	Flash Status and Controls	
			Refresh OK Apply Cancel Help]		ut ion	Cleanup Discontinuance	Manage DataPower XI50z	
			Anterna Anterna	anterprise anterprise	tenterprit tenterpri				
	-	-		· ·			e. tota	ar ar ar	
POOFQE	B6: Welco	me to t	PODEQER6: Primary Supp	Command Window		Manage	Elash Cantura h	v HernanSoft 08.00	5.57 PM 12/11/2012
TOOLOLI	bo. mercor	ne to t	roococococo annuny Supp		TOOLDEDO	manage	cuptulu b	y nemansone 00.00	

Manage Flash Allocation - Remove zFlash Allocation

- Remove Allocation can only be performed for an inactive partition
- All data will be lost
- A warning message will be issued and confirmation required before the Remove Allocation is done



Manage Flash Allocation - View Partition to PCHID Map

- Shows information for all PCHIDs
- SE and HMC

🕐 🖅 S	elect Acti	on 🗘		
Partition Nam	e Status	Adapter A PCHID	Adapter B PCHID	
LP01	Inactive	0300	032C	
LP02	Active	0300	032C	
NEWPARTN		0300	032C	
	Total:	3		



zFlash PCHID Details

- Display information for one PCHID
- SE only





View Flash Allocations Task

- Display information for one partition
- SE only



View Flash

- For the selected PCHID, shows you some physical and allocation details
- SE Only

	P00E9EB6: Primary Supp	port Element Workplace (Versior	2.12.0)	
	Views P00E9EB6: View Flash	ware	Channel Operations	
Groups Exceptions Act	View Flash - PCHID0580	ages ating	Swap Channel Path	and a starting and a starting
PCHI Serial Card I	D: 0580 I number: 26L034 Jocation: Z 22B-I G01-J 01 - 02	eages	Channel Path	
P001 Partne Serial	er PCHID: 05AC	igure On/Off	→ Reassign Channel Path	
0580 Online Operating	Iocation: Z22B-LG14-J.01 - 02	ase	Determination	
	I Select Action 🗘	t Error	View Flash Allocations	
And the second Logic Block	cal Partition Partition Address Name Number	7 LED	the state state state	
Automation Automation Automation	0 APIVM1 0 1 NEWPARTN 1	nced ities		
service service service	3 APIVM2 3 Total: 4	Enterprise Statemark		
Close	e Help	Enterprise distant		
denerty threads theready there	a. there there there the	And the state of	an aption aption aption	
P00E9EB6: Welcome to the Prim	P00E9EB6: Primary Support Ele P0	00E9EB6: View Flash	Captura by HernanSoft	09:43:08 PM 12/12/2012

System Activity Display (SAD) / Monitors Dashboard

- Zflash is not supported by System Activity Display (SAD)
- It is supported by Monitors Dashboard. Refer to the new "Adapters" table in the lower right.

anitors Dashboard									ĸ	
· ····· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·										
ggregated Processors			Processors							
Select Action 😂 🗇 Fiter			Se	lect Action	\$	Fiter				
^ Type ^ All Processor Usage (%)	A Shared Processor Usage (%)	~	Select ^	Name ^ P	rocessor Usage (*	•)	~]			
All Types	4	4		CP00			4			^
CP	4	4		CP01			4			=
Page 1 of 1 Max Page Size	Total: 2 Filtered: 2 Displayed: 2 Selected: 0			CP02			4			
				CP03			6			
				CP05			1			~
			Page 1	of 1		Max Page Size: 100	Total: 44 Filtered: 44 I	Displayed: 44 Selected: 0		
ystem Assist Processors			Logical Parti	tions						
Select Action 🗘 🗇 Filter			Se	ect Action	0	Fiter				
Select A Name A Processor Usage (%)	<u>^</u>]		Select ^	Name ^ P	rocessor Usage (*	3)	^ 2/VM Pa	ging Rate (bages/second)	~	
SAPOO	1	<u>^</u>		SAKO9			5			1
SAP01	1			SAKOA			6			
SAP02	1	=		SAK19			5			=
SAP03	1			SAK1A			7			
SAP04	1	~		SAK29			0			~
Page 1 of 1 Max Page Size:	100 Total:7 Ritered:7 Displayed:7 Selected:0		Page 1	of 1		Max Page Size: 100	Total:8 Filtered:8 Dis	played:8 Selected:0		
hannels			Adapters							
- Select Action		-	Sel	lect Action		Filter				
		-	Colord A	Channel ID A	17.00			A 11		
0.00 Shared	i usage (-a)	~	Jened A	Conso	Elach Evan	- Adapter Obage (%)				-
0.01 Shared	1	=		0340	Flash Expre	55		34		
0.02 Shared	0	-		0500	Flash Expre	ss Less		32		
0.03 Shared	0			052C	Flash Expre	ss hanna		32		
0.09 Shared	0	~	Page 1	of 1		Max Page Size: 100	Total: 4 Ellerect: 4 Dis	played: 4 Selected: 0		
Page 1 of 1 Max Page Size:	100 Total: 44 Filtered: 44 Displayed: 44 Selected:	0								
		<u>18</u>								

Console Events

• Event logs will be generated when a flash allocation is added, changed or removed:

** * <i>2</i> 2 (▼ Fitter	
Date ^	Events ^	
05/03/2012 21:05:10.080	A Flash Memory Allocation was removed for logical partition LP1.	1
05/03/2012 21:04:36.970	A Flash Memory Allocation was changed for logical partition LP1.	1
05/03/2012 20:58:36.520	Not in Service Required State.	ſ
05/03/2012 20:58:03.650	A Flash Memory Allocation was added for logical partition LP1.	
05/03/2012 20:53:44.070	Not in Service Required State.	
05/03/2012 20:53:42.110	A change of system performance values has completed successfully.	
05/03/2012 20:53:36.840	Not in Service Required State.	
05/03/2012 20:53:36.150	A change of system performance values has started that will restore performance to normal capacity.	
05/03/2012 20:53:05.220	Cleanup discontinuance ended	L
05/03/2012 20:53:05.210	Cleanup discontinuance started	L
05/03/2012 20:53:04.950	The system clock has changed.	L
05/03/2012 20:51:58.060	Rebuild of VPD is only partially complete.	
05/03/2012 20:51:58.050	Not in Service Required State.	
05/03/2012 20:51:49.080	The CP Cryptographic Assist functions have been enabled successfully.	L
05/03/2012 20:51:46.950	Rebuild VPD started.	L
05/03/2012 20:48:47.350	Not in Service Required State.	L
05/03/2012 20:48:43.080	A0 was made the active input/output configuration data set (IOCDS).	L
05/03/2012 20.48.07 760	The following disruptive operation started: Power on reset. It was requested by	
Page 1 of 1	Max Page Size: 500 Total: 266 Filtered: 266 Displayed: 266	



Security Logs

- Appropriate security logs will be generated for zFlash-related actions.
- Examples:

<u>F</u> ile •	Searc	h ▼ O <u>p</u> tions	✓ Help ▼
Select	Date	Time	Security Event
۲	4/29/12	19:03:40.320	*A Flash Memory Allocation was changed for logical partition CF01.
0	4/29/12	19:02:59.460	*A Flash Memory Allocation was added for logical partition CF01.
0	4/29/12	18:58:33.020	*A Flash Memory Allocation was removed for logical partition LP02.
0	4/29/12	18:57:16.500	A concurrent resource change has resulted in a change to the processor speed.
0	4/29/12	18:57:11.630	*Power-on reset was successful.
0	4/29/12	18:41:58.720	A1 was made the active input/output configuration data set (IOCDS).
0	4/29/12	18:41:58.680	Changed write protect of input/output configuration data set (IOCDS) STARTER in A1 to ON.
0	4/29/12	18:41:58.660	Changed write protect of input/output configuration data set (IOCDS) STARTER in A1 to OFF.
0	4/29/12	18:41:55.060	Power-on reset started.
0	4/29/12	18:41:19.250	User pedebug has logged on from the console to session id 2. The user's maximum role is "Product Engineering Tasks".
0	4/29/12	18:38:47.610	Power-on was performed.



Flash Status and Controls States (Service Personnel Only)

- Adapter States:
 - Not Installed
 - Online
 - Online in progress
 - Offline
 - Offline check stopped
 - Offline in progress
 - Online check stopped
 - Service
 - Configuration error
- Array States:
 - Not formatted
 - Format in progress #% complete
 - Unformat in progress
 - Formatted
 - Configuration error
 - Rebuild in progress #% complete
 - Exposed
 - Unformat required

- Port States:
 - Unknown
 - Operational
 - Service
 - Dangling
 - Check stopped
 - Configuration error
 - Entering service mode
 - Exiting service mode
 - Repair in progress
 - Not installed



Configure the zFlash Adapter On/Off (Service Personnel Only)

Configure the adapter online or offline.

Flash Status	and Con	trois - GU	SRDAD6			
Options -						
Create Pair Disband Pair		Select	Action 🗘			
Configure	00	rd Slot ^	Adapter State ^	Array-config State ^	Port A State ^	Port B State
Adapter Service	Off	01-J.00	Online	Unformat Required	0000, Operational	0000, Operationa
Port A Service	סוש-בנ	a14-J.00	Online	Unformat Required	0000, Operational	0000, Operationa
Port B Service	01B-L0	325-J.00	Online	Unformat Required	0000, Operational	0000, Operationa
0360	Z01B-L0	333-J.00	Online	Unformat Required	0000. Operational	0000. Operationa

Adapter Service Mode (Service Personnel Only)

Enter adapter service mode or exit adapter service mode, they are both disabled right now because the adapter status in Online.

GUSRDAD6: Flash Status and Controls											
Options -											
Create Pair Disband Pair	*	- Select	Action 🗘								
Unformat Configure	age-Carc	Slot ^	Adapter State ^	Array-config State ^	Port A State ^	Port B State					
Adapter Service	Enter Evit	-J.00 I-J.00	Online	Unformat Required	0000, Operational 0000, Operational	0000, Operationa 0000, Operationa					
Port B Service		5-J.00	Online Online	Unformat Required	0000, Operational	0000, Operationa					
Refresh Cancel	Help	5-0.00	Onine	onionnal Nequired	oooo, operational	oooo, operationa					



Port Service Mode (Service Personnel Only)

- Enter Port A service mode or exit Port A service mode, the exit is disabled currently because the port is currently in operational state.
- Port B Service behaves the same way.

GUSRDAD6: Flash Status and Controls											
Flash Status and Controls - GUSRDAD6											
Options -											
Create Pair Disband Pair		r	Select	Action 🗘							
Configure		age-Card	Slot ^	Adapter State ^	Array-config State ^	Port A State ^	Port B State ^				
Adapter Service		01B-LG01	-J.00	Online	Unformat Required	0000, Operational	0000, Operational				
Port A Starvice	Þ	Enter	I-J.00	Online	Unformat Required	0000, Operational	0000, Operational				
Port B Service	•	Exit	5-J.00	Online	Unformat Required	0000, Operational	0000, Operational				
0360	Z	UTB-LG33	3-J.00	Online	Unformat Required	0000, Operational	0000, Operational				
Refresh Cancel		Help									





Flash Express Performance Results

- All performance information was determined in a controlled environment.
- Actual results may vary.
- Performance information is provided "AS IS" and no warranties or guarantees are expressed or implied by IBM.





Flash Express Performance Test Setup

- z/OS Tests were designed to demonstrate flash performance under paging workloads that are typically encountered in a z/OS enterprise environment
 - SSD performance is not only about the number of IOPS but about steady performance over time and consistent latency
 - **Preconditioned SSDs** with random-write IO engage the device's wear leveling, error handling, and flash management algorithms
 - Comparison DASD Characteristics used current device configurations
 - DS8800 model 2107-951
 - 60 GB cache, cache hit rates of 95-100% were observed during the tests
 - DASD was not shared with any other systems and did not have any I/O traffic other than the paging traffic used for these tests
 - Configured 16 local page datasets spread across 8 LCUs



Flash Express Performance Benefits

Test Results

- FLASH paging benefits
 - Improved availability through faster paging at critical times
 - Faster workload transitions (e.g.; morning startup)
 - meaning less time to reach peak transaction rates
 - Faster SVC dumps (reduced non-dispatchable time)
 - meaning higher availability more transactions can be run
- Pageable Large Page benefit
 - Java realizes performance benefits from use of large 1MB pageable pages
 - Large pages benefits for JIT Code Cache, 31 bit Java applications
 - No authorization needed to access fixed large pages
 - Approximately 5-8% CPU improvement from PLP





Workload Configuration Block Diagram Building block – A WAS instance accessing CICS and DB2

Each WAS instance has a WAS Control Region and 3 WAS Servant Regions. Each WAS Control Region has a 0.5GB heap plus a JIT Code cache. Each WAS Servant Region has a 2GB heap plus a JIT Code Cache.

WAS Cor	WAS Control Region (0.5GB heap)								
WAS Servant Region (2GB heap)	WAS Servant Region (2GB heap)	WAS Servant Region (2GB heap)	 WAS 7 (3 servants each with two GB heap) + 1 control region (.5 GB Heap) CICS V4.2, DB210 on a zEC12 Storage: DS8800 2107-951 with 60GB cache, very fast device 						
	CICS transactions								
	 SVC dump measurements were taken for an 18 GB dump. 								



I. Morning Transition

Transition from night batch to OLTP

WAS workload to CICS and DB2 represents OLTP work which is then stopped

Simulated overnight work consumes real storage pushing other

p<u>ages out</u>



IBM

Morning Transition - Transition from night batch to OLTP

The "Night Work" is then stopped and OLTP work is started (WAS 1 and WAS 2) Measure the time needed to bring the OLTP work to full speed.





Morning Transition - Results

 During morning transition, workloads using Flash Express reached peak throughput in under 1/4th the time



Paging to DASD required about 44 seconds for the workload to reach steady state Paging to

Paging to Flash required only 10 seconds for the workload to reach steady state



Morning Transition - Results Apparent in First 45 Seconds

Transaction completion & response time	DASD	Flash	Improvement
Total Transactions within first 45 seconds	251	343	37% increase
Average response time within first 45 seconds	0.62	0.06	90% reduction

Units in seconds

Paging to Flash Express during morning transition showed up to a 10 times faster response time and up to a 37% increase in throughput within the first 45 seconds

(1) Test was for the first 45 seconds of morning transition time $_{\odot}$



II. SVC Dump

SVC dump with pages out

Three of four WAS instances were active.

One WAS instance was stopped and most pages were paged out.





SVC Dump- Diagnostics capture





SVC Dump - Results

Flash Express SVC dump elapsed time was up to 25% shorter

SVC Dump Metrics	DASD	Flash
SVC Dump size (in bytes):	18GB	18GB
% of pages from Aux storage:	50%	53%
DUMP Elapsed time:	189	143
Max address space non-dispatchable seconds	58.89	13.74
System non-dispatchable seconds	1.34	0.55

Let's graph these results....



SVC Dump - Results

In SVC dump test, steady state performance was achieved up to 4 times



* Transaction steady state was reached in 14 seconds with Flash Express, vs. 60 seconds DASD



zFlash SVC Dump – Page-in Rate

- Peak page-in rate with Dasd: 75,000 pages per sec
- Peak page-in rate with SCM: 260,000 pages per sec





zFlash SVC Dump – CPU Usage

- CPU peaks correspond to peaks in page-in rates
- Several peaks when using DASD while one peak when using SCM





zFlash SVC Dump - RMF Page Data Set Report Example

RMF Page Data Set report: average over 6 minutes

PAGE DATA SET ACTIVITY

	z/0	S V1R	13		SYSTEM	ID P41		D.	ATE 3	10/09	9/2012		INTERVA	L 05.59.585
				:	RPT VER	SION V1	R13 RMF	Т	IME 3	14.30	0.28		CYCLE 0	.050 SECONDS
NUMBER OF SAMPLES = 7,190 PAGE DATA SET AND SCM USAGE														
PAGE									9	00	PAGE		V	
SPACE	VOLUME	DEV	DEVICE	SLOTS	S	LOTS US	ED	BAD	:	IN	TRANS	NUMBER	PAGES I	
TYPE	SERIAL	NUM	TYPE	ALLOC	MIN	MAX	AVG	SLOTS	τ	USE	TIME	IO REQ	XFER'D O	DATA SET NAME
PLPA	41PAG0	5473	33903	98999	14655	14655	14655	0	0	.00	0.000	0	0	SYS1.P41.PLPA
COMMON	41PAG0	5473	33903	89999	61	61	61	0	0	.00	0.000	2	32	SYS1.P41.COMMON
LOCAL	41PAG0	5473	33903	410399	0	0	0	0	0	.00	0.000	0	0 Ү	SYS1.P41.LOCAL
SCM	N/A	N/A	N/A	33554K	6030K	6108K	6061K	0	4	.24	0.000	721516	17.19M	N/A

Stand-Alone Dump

- Improvements in Stand-Alone Dump time when dumping data that are paged out
- Overall 37 second reduction in dump time due to faster page-in of data from aux when using Flash representing approximately a 19% reduction in total dump time for an 36 GB dump

Tests	Total dump time In minutes	Paging I/O wait time In seconds	Batch read rate MB/sec	Total GB dumped	GB of data from aux
DASD Page data sets (DS8800)	00:03:12.92	00:00:41.30	438.06	36.2	17.7
Flash for paging	00:02:35.03	00:00:10.38	1612.30	36.3	16.3




z/OS V1.13 1 MB Pageable Large Page Exploitation

- Benefits of large pages:
 - Better performance by decreasing the number of TLB misses that an application incurs
 - Less time spent converting virtual addresses into physical addresses
 - Less real storage used to maintain DAT structures
- Fixed large pages vs pageable large pages:
 - Fixed large pages are backed at allocation. Pageable large pages are backed when referenced.
 - Use of fixed large pages for unathorized users is controlled by a RACF profile (IARRSM.LRPAGES). No RACF authorization to use pageable large pages.
 - Fixed large pages stay as 1 MB pages while pageable large pages may be demoted to 4K pages in certain situations.
- Performance:
 - Java: performance with pageable 1MB large pages is equivalent to 1MB fixed large pages for java heap: up to 8% ITR impact
 - IMS using pageable large pages: up to 1% system ITR improvement.
 - DB2 using pageable large pages: up to 3% system ITR improvement.

Pageable 1MB Frames – Example from IBM Brokerage Workload

All of buffer pools are backed by real storage - DB2 10

- zEC12 16 CPs, 5000-6000 tps (simple to complex transactions)
 - 120GB real storage with 70GB LFAREA configured for 1MB measurements
- 1MB Pageable frames are 2% better than 4KB pageable frames for this workload
 - 70GB buffer pools are used, 8-10 sync I/O per transaction
- 1MB frames with PageFixed is the best performer in general

Total DB2 CPU Time per Transaction



IBM System z III. WAS and Java

z/OS Java SDK 7:16-Way Performance Shows up to 60% Improvement 64-bit Java Multi-threaded Benchmark on 16-Way



Aggregate 60% improvement from zEC12 and Java7SR3

- ZEC12 offers a ~45% improvement over z196 running the Java Multi-Threaded Benchmark
- Java7SR3 offers an additional ~13% improvement (-Xaggressive + Flash Express pageable 1Meg large pages)

WAS benchmark: z/OS Performance for Pageable Large Pages

The WAS Day Trader benchmarks showed up to an 8% performance improvement using Flash Express.

Java 7 SR3	JIT	Java Heap	Multi Threaded	WAS Day Trader 2.0
31 bit	yes	yes	4%	\frown
64 bit	yes		1%	3%
64 bit		yes	4%	5%

* WAS Day Trader 64-bit Java 7 SR3 with JIT code cache & Java Heap

DETAILS

- 64-bit Java heap (1M fixed large pages (FLPs) or 1M Pageable (PLPs)) versus 4k pages Java heap 1M PLPs improve performance by about
 - 4% for Multi-Threaded workload
 - 5 % for WAS Day Trader 2.0
- 64-bit Java 7 SR3 with JIT code cache 1M PLPs vs without Flash
 - 3 % improvement for traditional WAS Day Trader 2.0*
 - 1 % improvement for Java Multi-Threaded workload
- 31-bit Java 7 SR3 with JIT code cache and Java heap 1M PLPs vs without Flash
 - 4 % improvement for Java Multi-Threaded workload

* Note: This test used 64-bit Java 7 SR3 with JIT code cache & Java Heap leveraging Flash and pageable large pages.

76 Also, tests used WAS Day Trader app that supports PLP; earlier version of 31-bit Java did not allocate 1M large pages



Performance Summary for Flash Express⁽¹⁾

WORKLOAD TRANSITION

During morning transition, workloads using Flash Express reached peak throughput in under 1/4th the time
Paging to Flash Express during morning transition showed up to a 10 times faster response time and up to a 37% increase in throughput within the first 45 seconds

WAS JAVA PERFORMANCE BENCHMARKS

The WAS Day Trader benchmarks showed up to an 8% performance improvement using Flash Express.(2)

* This test used 64-bit Java 7 SR3 with JIT code cache & Java Heap leveraging Flash and pageable large pages.

Improved Availability During Diagnostics

- In SVC dumps, availability was up to 4 times higher for workloads and up to twice as high for systems*
- In SVC dump tests, steady state performance was achieved up to 4 times faster *
- Flash Express SVC dump elapsed time was up to 25% shorter

* Transaction steady state was reached in 14 seconds with Flash Express, vs. 60 seconds DASD.

DB2

◆ Up to 28% improvement in DB2™ throughput due to faster CPU and leveraging Flash Express with Pageable Large Pages (PLP)*

• Workloads leveraging Flash Express with PLP can see up to a 8%** price performance improvement over the z196.

* PLP for DB2 helps DB2 to achieve "additional" up to 3% additional performance on top of zEC12 CPU expected throughput improvements of 25%.

- ** based on average 5% discount for zEC12 workloads under the AWLC pricing plus up to 3% more performance per MSU with Flash Express.
 - (1) All tests are comparing the use of Flash Express as compared to using DASD (DS8800)
 - (2) System non dispatchability and address space non dispatchability time were dramatically reduced enabling work to be processed that would otherwise have been stopped

z/OS Flash Roadmap



Flash Express Exploitation Flash support in z/OS sets the stage for further use



- IMS[™] 12
- z/OS V1.13 Language Environment[®]
- Other (CICS®)



Flash Express Implementation

✓ System Overview

- ✓ Data Protection Mechanisms
- ✓ Data and Key Encryption
- ✓ Non-Disruptive Service Techniques

FLASH Express System Overview













Comm links (SAS, PCIe) provide embedded protection & recovery

CEC-based hardware address protection on communication from adapter

✓ ECC on internal system memory

Data and Key Encryption

- ✓ On SSD, data is protected with inline encryption (hidden encryptKey)
- ✓ Access to SSD is via authentication key (authKey) served from SE



During Flash install, in smart card on SE:

- Create authKey (aka PIN)
- Wrap authKey in an encrypted file
- wrapKey stored in smart card
- Wrapped key file stored on SE
- $SE \rightarrow CEC$ -FW authkey service:
 - asymetric protocol pub/private
 - IOP sends public key to SE
 - In smart card, Key file unwrapped then encrypted with CEC pubKey
 - Encrypted authKey sent to CEC
 - CEC 'unwraps' authKey using its privKey

✓ AuthKey used during SSD format and subsequent power cycles

Non-disruptive Service Strategy





IBM Flash materials

Redbooks

SG24- 8049 - IBM zEnterprise System Connectivity Handbook (GRS ESCON / FICON CTCs, and FLASH Express, etc.)

SG24-5444 - IBM zEnterprise EC12 Technical Introduction (FLASH Express, and IBM zAware, etc.)

SG24-8050 - IBM zEnterprise EC12 Technical Guide (FLASH Express, and IBM zAware, etc.)

Flash Express White Paper

http://public.dhe.ibm.com/common/ssi/ecm/en/zss03073usen/ZSS03073USEN.PDF

Flash Blogs

https://www-304.ibm.com/connections/blogs/systemz/entry/flashexpress?lang=en_us https://www-304.ibm.com/connections/blogs/systemz/entry/flashexpress2?lang=en_us https://www-304.ibm.com/connections/blogs/systemz/entry/under the covers of flash express implementation

highlights13?lang=en_us



Reference Documentation

- Available from "Books" group of Classic Style UI and the Welcome page of the Tree Style UI (& IBM Resource Link: Library->zEC12->Publications)
 - IBM SC28-6919: Hardware Management Console Operations Guide (Version 2.12.0)
 - IBM SC28-6920: Support Element Operations Guide (Version 2.12.0)
 - IBM SB10-7030: Application Programming Interfaces
 - IBM SC28-2605: Capacity on Demand User's Guide
 - IBM SB10-7154: Common Information Model (CIM) Management Interfaces
 - IBM SB10-7156: PR/SM Planning Guide
 - IBM SA22-1088: System Overview
 - IBM SC27-2623 Advanced Workload Analysis Reporter (IBM zAware) Guide
- Available from IBM Resource Link: Library->zEC12->Technical Notes
 - System z Hardware Management Console Security
 - System z Hardware Management Console Broadband Remote Support Facility
 - System z Activation Profile Update and Processor Rules



System z Social Media Channels

- Top Facebook pages related to System z:
 - IBM System z
 - IBM Academic Initiative System z
 - <u>IBM Master the Mainframe Contest</u>
 - IBM Destination z
 - Millennial Mainframer
 - IBM Smarter Computing
- Top LinkedIn groups related to System z:
 - <u>System z Advocates</u>
 - <u>SAP on System z</u>
 - IBM Mainframe- Unofficial Group
 - IBM System z Events
 - <u>Mainframe Experts Network</u>
 - System z Linux
 - Enterprise Systems
 - Mainframe Security Gurus
- Twitter profiles related to System z:
 - IBM System z
 - IBM System z Events
 - IBM DB2 on System z
 - <u>Millennial Mainframer</u>
 - Destination z
 - IBM Smarter Computing
- YouTube accounts related to System z:
 - IBM System z
 - Destination z
- 91 IBM Smarter Computing

- Top System z blogs to check out:
 - Mainframe Insights
 - Smarter Computing
 - Millennial Mainframer
 - Mainframe & Hybrid Computing
 - The Mainframe Blog
 - Mainframe Watch Belgium
 - Mainframe Update
 - Enterprise Systems Media Blog
 - Dancing Dinosaur
 - DB2 for z/OS
 - IBM Destination z
 - DB2utor







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Backup Material

Backup Material



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 - If you do not have an IBM ID and password, select the "Register for an IBM ID" link in the "Your IBM Registration" menu. Return to the Resource Link sign-in page after you get your IBM ID and password.
 - Note: If you're an IBM employee, your IBM intranet ID is not an IBM ID.
 - Sign in with your IBM ID and password.
 - Follow the instructions on the subsequent page.



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zFlash Setup, Management, and Configuration

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