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Tabu	ılar Report	Example					
Filter: Includ	e only data where A=B			1			
	Column 1	Column 2		Column y			
Row 1	Measurement 1,1	Measurement 1,2		Measurement 1,y			
Row 2	Measurement 2,1	Measurement 2,2		Measurement 2,y			
Row 3	Measurement 3,1	Measurement 3,2		Measurement 3,y			
:	:	:	:	;			
:	:	:	:				
Row x	Measurement x,1	Measurement x,2		Measurement x,y			
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Table report example: Extract of LVs with worst QI instances											
	Time	VolSer	QI	s	RT	10SQ	PEND	DISC	CONN	RHR	CMR
Filter: • DASDelex	23:45	U2O239	432	133.8	3.8	0.0	0.4	2.9	0.6	0.551	0.2
• QI > 200	11:30	U10796	400	37.8	11.1	0.1	7.6	3.0	0.5	0.618	6.8
• S > 1	11:15	U10796	398	37.0	11.3	0.1	7.7	3.0	0.5	0.610	6.9
• KI > 5	23:30	U10954	381	68.7	6.3	0.0	0.4	5.1	0.7	0.452	0.3
Row:	12:15	U10796	378	36.6	10.8	0.0	7.3	3.0	0.5	0.615	6.6
Volser	11:45	U10796	375	37.9	10.4	0.0	7.0	2.9	0.5	0.630	6.4
Column	11:00	U10796	353	37.8	9.8	0.0	6.4	2.9	0.5	0.622	6.1
None	17:01	UKP252	350	46.5	15.0	0.0	0.5	7.1	7.4	0.445	0.3
(One super	19:15	U1O230	349	77.7	4.8	0.0	0.3	4.2	0.3	0.502	0.2
multiple	12:00	U10796	347	36.0	10.2	0.0	6.6	3.0	0.5	0.630	6.1
measurements)	17:01	U2O508	344	58.4	6.3	0.0	0.6	5.3	0.4	0.328	0.4
Metric:	12:45	U10796	344	34.6	10.4	0.0	7.1	2.8	0.5	0.644	6.3
• QI, S, RT	10:30	U10796	343	36.8	9.8	0.0	6.0	3.3	0.5	0.569	5.6
IOSQ, PEND, DISC. CONN	12:30	U10796	343	34.9	10.3	0.0	6.8	3.0	0.5	0.634	6.4
RHR, CMR	11:15	U10798	338	34.4	10.5	0.0	6.3	3.5	0.7	0.541	5.9
	9:15	U10798	337	111.5	3.4	0.0	1.6	1.4	0.4	0.833	1.4
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(Count
	Count: A measure of selected items
	Basic Formula: Count = (Metric_A)
	Common use is when examining the relative quality of something
	 Examples of use: Showing load : Number of X over time Where X = #transactions, #I/Os, #requests, etc
	 Showing volume : X in size over time Where X = MB of storage
	 Showing consumption: X seconds over time Where X = CPU seconds
	DrawbacksCould be difficult to draw conclusions without knowledge of what is normal
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Counts Valuable to Compare Relative Amounts													
Percentage of samples is helpful, but count of samples are more helpful													
Sample Counts for BIGBATCH													
Number of	100	25	255	30	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0
State Sampled	CPU Using	l/O Using	CPU Delay	I/O Delay	CAP Delay	Swap In Delay	MPL Delay	QMPL Delay	Private Area Paging	Common Area Paging	Xmem Area Paging	VIO Area Paging	HSP Area Paging
•	Usir	ng		No	on-Stora	age Dela	ys			Sto	age De	ays	
Sample Cour Number of Samples	nts for O	MVSPF 5	<u>2</u>	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
State Sampled	CPU Using	l/O Using	CPU Delay	l/O Delay	CAP Delay	Swap In Delay	MPL Delay	QMPL Delay	Private Area Paging	Common Area Paging	Xmem Area Paging	VIO Area Paging	HSP Area Paging
	Usin	ng		No	n-Stora	ge Dela	ys			Stor	age Del	ays	
Sample Counts for IMSMPRS													
Number of Samples	10,000	2,500	25,500	13,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
State Sampled	CPU Using	I/O Using	CPU Delay	I/O Delay	CAP Delay	Swap In Delay	MPL Delay	QMPL Delay	Private Area Paging	Common Area Paging	Xmem Area Paging	VIO Area Paging	HSP Area Paging
	Usir	ng		No	on-Stora	age Dela	ys			Sto	age De	ays	
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ι	Jtilization
	Utilization: A measure of the usage of the installed capacity or fixed quantity
	Basic Formula : Utilization(%) = ((Metric_A) / (Sum All))*100
	Common use is when how much of a fixed resource is being consumed relative to the entire amount of the resource possible
	 Examples of use: Showing percentage of resource consumed : X% utilized Where X = CPU, Storage, channel, etc.
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F	Rate									
	Rate: A measure of frequency against some other measure Many times the other measure is time (for per second rates)									
	Basic Formula Rate = (Metric_A) / (Interval Time)									
	Common use to understand the frequency of a unit of work									
	 Examples of use: Showing the rate of work Example: transactions per second, jobs per shift, etc. 									
	 Showing the rate of the usage of a resource Example: I/Os per second, service units per second, etc. 									
	 Showing the rate of a task Example: Coupling facility lock requests per second, etc. 									
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Example of Using ITR/ETR Relationship										
$ETR = \frac{\text{Units of Work}}{\text{Elapsed Time}} = \frac{\text{Units of Work}}{\text{Second}}$										
Units	s of Work U	Jnits of Wor	:k	ETR						
$IIK = \frac{1}{Processon}$	or Busy Time	CPU Second	$\frac{1}{1} = \frac{1}{1}$	Utilization						
Below example: Wa by the workloa	s a 50% increase ir d worth an 18% in Before Change	n CPU% and a nprovement in After Char	a 22% n thro	6 decrease in ughput?	efficiency of the CPU					
Elapsed Seconds	900	900	<u>↓</u>							
Processor Seconds	540	810	t							
Transaction Count	1100	1300	Ť	18%]					
CPU Utilization (%)	60%	90%	Ť	50%	-					
ETR	1.22	1.44	Ť	18%	Installation must decide					
ITR	2.04	1.60	Ļ	-22%	the value of the change.					
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