Unclog Your Systems with z/OS 2.1 – Something New and Exciting for Catalog
Part 1 and 2 (Sessions 12977/12978)

Terri Menendez
IBM Corporation
STSM RLS/VSAM/Catalog Development
San Jose, CA USA
terriam@us.ibm.com
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Unclog Your Systems with z/OS 2.1 – Part 1
Overview of Enhancements
Overview of Enhancements

- z/OS 2.1 provides new catalog functionality to:
  - Improve performance by accessing individual user catalogs using VSAM Record Level Sharing (RLS) within a parallel sysplex. Referred to as “RLS for Catalog”.
  - Improve integrity and availability with new sysplex wide commands to control access to individual user catalogs within a parallel sysplex.
Catalog Issues
Catalog Issues

- **Performance**
  - Contention on SYSIGGV2 bcsname when updating catalogs.
  - Limited catalog buffering and buffer invalidation.
  - Limited VSAM buffers/strings/storage.

- **Availability**
  - Catalogs need to be split for contention issues.
  - Catalogs unavailable for splitting, recovering, and other maintenance activities.

- **Integrity**
  - Catalogs damaged by utilities updating a catalog while catalog is opened by CAS.
  - Lack of sysplex control of closing and serializing catalogs.

- **Recovery**
  - Long/error prone forward recovery procedures.
Current Catalog Design
Current Catalog Design Overview – “NonRLS Design”

**SYSTEM1**

**CB1**
- EXEC PGM=IDCAMS
- SYSIN DD *
- DELETE DS1

**MCAT**
- ENQ MCAT SHR
- Read Sharing Subcell
- Search MLA for HLQ/UCAT
- DEQ MCAT
- OPEN UCAT1 NSR
- ENQ SYSIGGV2 DS1 EXC
- ENQ SYSIGGV2 UCAT1 SHR
  - Read Sharing Subcell
  - Update VLF pool
  - GET DS1 (VLF or i/o)
- DEQ SYSIGGV2 UCAT1
- Delete VVR(s) / DSCBs
- ENQ SYSIGGV2 UCAT1 EXC
  - Read Sharing Subcell
  - Update VLF
  - GET DS1 UPDATE (VLF or i/o)
  - Read Sharing Subcell
  - Write Sharing Subcell
  - ERASE DS1 (i/o)
- DEQ SYSIGGV2 UCAT1
- DEQ SYSIGGV2 DS1
- TCB2
- TCB180

**UCAT1**
- ECSHARING
- STRNO(xx)
- BUFND/BUFNI
- SHROPT(3,x)
- VVDS
- MCAT VVR
  - Sharing Subcell
  - (Last 90 updates)

**MCAT VVR**
- Sharing Subcell
- (Last 90 updates)

**MCTVOL**

**VCATVOL**

**VLF DataSpace**

**Buffer Pool**

**SYSTEMn**

**CB1**
- EXEC PGM=IDCAMS
- SYSIN DD *
- DELETE DS2

**MCAT**
- ENQ MCAT SHR
- Read Sharing Subcell
- Search MLA for HLQ/UCAT
- DEQ MCAT
- OPEN UCAT1 NSR
- ENQ SYSIGGV2 DS2 EXC
- ENQ SYSIGGV2 UCAT1 SHR
- WAITS

**UCAT1**
- ECSHARING
- STRNO(xx)
- BUFND/BUFNI
- SHROPT(3,x)
- VVDS
- UCAT1 VVR
  - Sharing Subcell
  - (Last 90 updates)

**MCAT VVR**
- Sharing Subcell
- (Last 90 updates)

**VLF DataSpace**

**Buffer Pool**

**TCB2**
- TCB180
New Catalog Design
New Catalog Design Overview – “RLS Design”

SYSTEM1

**JOB1**
//EXEC PGM=IDCAMS
//SYSIN DD *
DELETE DS1

**CAS TCB1**
ENQ MCAT SHR
Read Sharing Subcell
Search MLA for HLQ/UCAT
DEQ MCAT
OPEN UCAT1 RLS
ENQ SYSIGGV2 DS1 EXC
GET DS1 UPDATE
Delete VVR(s) / DSCBs
GET DS1 UPDATE
ERASE DS1
DEQ SYSIGGV2 DS1

**TCB2**

TCB180

64 bit pool
SMSVSAM

SMSVSAM Dataspace
ACB AMBL AMB
31 bit pool

SYSTEMn

**JOB1**
//EXEC PGM=IDCAMS
//SYSIN DD *
DELETE DS2

**CAS TCB1**
ENQ MCAT SHR
Read Sharing Subcell
Search MLA for HLQ/UCAT
DEQ MCAT
OPEN UCAT1 RLS
ENQ SYSIGGV2 DS2 EXC
GET DS2
Delete VVR(s) / DSCBs
GET DS2 UPDATE
ERASE DS2
DEQ SYSIGGV2 DS2

**TCB2**

TCB180

64 bit pool
SMSVSAM

SMSVSAM Dataspace
ACB AMBL AMB
31 bit pool

**CF1**

IGWLOCK00

RLSCache

RLSLOCK

**SMS Configuration**
S1 (RLSCACHE/RLSLOCK)
D1 (RLSABOVETHEBAR(YES))

**MCAT ECSHARING BUFND/I SHROPT(3,x)**

**UCAT1 LOG(NONE) RLSENABLE STORCLAS(S1) DATACLAS(D1)**

**MCTVOL**

**CATVOL**
New Catalog Design2 Overview – “RLS Design2”

SYSTEM1

JOBS
//EXEC PGM=IDCAMS
//SYSIN DD *
DELETE DS1

CAS
TCB1
GET HLQ (MCAT)
OPEN UCAT1 RLS
GET DS1 UPDATE
Delete VVR(s) / DSCBs
ERASE DS1
ENDREQ

TCB2

TCB180

64 bit pool
SMSVSAM

SMSVSAM Dataspace
ACB AMBL AMB
31 bit pool

SYSTEMn

JOBS
//EXEC PGM=IDCAMS
//SYSIN DD *
DELETE DS2

CAS
TCB1
GET HLQ (MCAT)
OPEN UCAT1 RLS
GET DS2 UPDATE
Delete VVR(s) / DSCBs
ERASE DS2
ENDREQ

TCB2

TCB180

64 bit pool
SMSVSAM

SMSVSAM Dataspace
ACB AMBL AMB
31 bit pool

MCAT
LOG(NONE)
RLSENABLE
STORCLAS(S1)
DATACLAS(D1)
MCTVOL

UCAT1
LOG(NONE)
RLSENABLE
STORCLAS(S1)
DATACLAS(D1)
CATVOL

SMS Configuration
S1 (RLSCACHE/RLSLOCK)
D1 (RLSABOVETHEBAR(YES))
New Externals
New DEFINE USERCATALOG parameters:

DEFINE USERCATALOG(NAME(bcsname) -
   LOG(NONE) -
   RLSQUIESCE/RLSENABLE –
   SUSPEND/RESUME –
   RECONNECT
   LOCK/UNLOCK
   STORCLAS(storclasname))

LOG parameter defines the catalog as non-recoverable and is eligible for RLS access.
RLSQUIESCE indicates the catalog is to be accessed by nonRLS on first access following define.
RLSENABLE indicates the catalog is to be accessed by RLS on first access following define.
SUSPEND indicates all unauthorized catalog requests will be suspended following the define*.
RESUME indicates all catalog requests will be resumed following the define*.
RECONNECT reuses the existing UCONN record (alias information).
LOCK indicates all unauthorized requests will be failed following the define*.
UNLOCK indicates all requests will be allowed following the define*.
STORCLAS specifies a RLS capable storage class (CACHESET/LOCKSET)

* Authorized users are those ids permitted to RACF facility class IGG.CATLOCK with read access. These commands apply to all catalogs (RLS and nonRLS).
New DELETE/ALTER USERCATALOG parameters:

DELETE USERCATALOG(NAME(bcsname) -
NODISCONNECT)

NODISCONNECT does not delete the UCONN record (alias information).
Catalogs accessed by RLS at the time of the delete will be closed sysplex wide prior to the delete.

ALTER ‘bcsname’ –
LOG(NONE)
RLSQUIESCE/RLSENABLE -
SUSPEND/RESUME –
LOCK/UNLOCK –
NULLIFY(LOG))

LOG parameter defines the catalog as non-recoverable and is eligible for RLS access.
RLSQUIESCE invokes a sysplex wide close of the catalog for RLS, and enables the catalog for nonRLS access on the next reference.
RLSENABLE invokes a sysplex wide close of catalog for nonRLS, and enables the catalog for RLS access on the next reference.
SUSPEND invokes a sysplex wide close of the catalog and suspends unauthorized requests in the client space.
RESUME invokes a sysplex wide resume of suspended requests.
LOCK invokes a sysplex wide close of the catalog and fails unauthorized requests.
UNLOCK invokes a sysplex wide unlock of the catalog.
NULLIFY removes the LOG attribute and resets RLS related flags. Catalog is not longer eligible to RLS access. Catalog must be closed at the time of the alter.
SHCDS CFRESETDS(bcsname) removes LOG parameter and resets RLS flags for closed catalogs.
New Catalog MODIFY Commands:

Switching between RLS and nonRLS access:

F CATALOG,RLSENABLE(ucatname*)

Sysplex wide switch to RLS access: closes catalog(s) for nonRLS and enables catalog(s) for RLS access. The catalog(s) will be opened for RLS access on the next reference.

F CATALOG,RLSQUIESCE(ucatname*)

Sysplex wide switch to nonRLS access: closes catalog(s) for RLS access and enables catalog(s) for nonRLS access. The catalog(s) will be opened for nonRLS on next reference.

F CATALOG,RLSQUIESCE,SYSTEM

Sysplex wide switch to nonRLS access: closes catalogs enabled and referenced for RLS by this system and enables the catalogs for nonRLS access. The catalog(s) will be opened for nonRLS on next reference.

F CATALOG,RLSENABLE,SYSTEM

Sysplex wide switch to RLS access: closes catalogs enabled and referenced for nonRLS by this system and enables the catalogs for RLS access. The catalog(s) will be opened for RLS on the next reference.
New Catalog MODIFY Commands (cont):

Catalog recovery commands:

F CATALOG,RECOVER,LOCK(ucatname*)

This command will quiesce and close the catalog(s) across the sysplex, LOCK the catalog(s), then fail new requests.

F CATALOG,RECOVER,UNLOCK(ucatname*)

This command will unlock the catalog(s).

F CATALOG,RECOVER,SUSPEND(ucatname*)

This command will quiesce and close the catalog(s) requests across the sysplex. Requests from permitted users will be allowed to complete.

F CATALOG,RECOVER,RESUME(ucatname*)

This command will resume waiting requests across the sysplex.

Note: The above commands apply to all catalogs (RLS and nonRLS).
Updated Catalog MODIFY Commands:

Display commands:

F CATALOG,ALLOCATED

IEC3481 Allocated Catalogs
CAS

* FLAGS -VOLSER-USER-CATALOG NAME % *
* YS-RU- XP0202 0001 USRCAT1 1 *

* Y/N-ALLOCATED TO CAS, S-SMS, V-VLF, I-ISC, C-CLOSED, D-DELETED, *
* R-SHARED, A-ATL, E-ECS, K-LOCKED,U-RLS SHARED,W-SUSPEND *

Above example shows shared usercatalog USRCAT1 as allocated and open for RLS access.
Catalog Vendor Interface:

IGGQUIES – Available for purchase in the Advanced Customization Guide

| NAME     | IGGQUIES FUNCTION=function, SPHERE=catalogname, RETCODE=retcode, RSNCODE=rsncode, ERROR_DATA=address, MF=I |

IGGQUIES FUNCTION=QUICOPY. This interface will quiesce all update requests and wait any new update requests across the sysplex for the specified RLS catalog.

IGGQUIES FUNCTION=QUICEND. This interface will resume update requests for the specified RLS catalog.

IGGQUIES FUNCTION=RLSENABLE. This interface will close a catalog across the sysplex and enable the catalog for RLS access on the next reference.

IGGQUIES FUNCTION=RLSQUIESCE. This interface will close a catalog across the sysplex and enable the catalog for nonRLS access on the next reference.

IGGQUIES FUNCTION=SUSPEND/RESUME. This interface will close a catalog across the sysplex and wait/resume unauthorized requests in the client address space.

IGGQUIES FUNCTION=LOCK/UNLOCK. This interface will close a catalog across the sysplex and fail/allow unauthorized requests.
DFDSS Parameters:

DUMP –
DATASET(INCLUDE(bcsname)) -
OUTDDNAME(DASD2))

DFDSS will invoke a Quiesce for Copy (QUICOPY/QUICEND) for catalogs opened for RLS. The QUICOPY will suspend update requests only in order to obtain a sharp copy of the catalog. The QUICEND will resume update requests. For nonRLS catalogs, DSS will use existing serialization (SYSIGGV2).

RESTORE -
INDDNAME(INDD1) OUTDDNAME(OUTDD1) -
DATASET(INCLUDE(bcsname)) BCSRECOVER(LOCK/SUSPEND)

LOCK will invoke a sysplex wide close of the catalog and lock the catalog (failing new unauthorized requests), if the catalog is not already locked or suspended. If DSS locks the catalog, it will unlock it at the end of the restore.

SUSPEND will invoke a sysplex wide close of the catalog and suspend new unauthorized requests in the client space if the catalog is not already locked or suspended. If DSS suspends requests, it will resume the Requests at the end of the restore.

Note: The catalog must be locked or suspended either through the BCSRECOVER option, or from prior commands, otherwise the restore will be failed.
Serialization Changes:

- Replace SYSIGGV2 bcsname resource with VSAM RLS record level locking (Catalog opened for RLS access).
- SMSVSAM will hold SYSIGGV2 bcsname SHARE while a catalog is opened for RLS access (ensures catalog data integrity from programs relying on SYSIGGV2 to serialize the catalog):

```
S=SYSTEMS SYSIGGV2   UCAT1
  SYSNAME   JOBNAME   ASID   TCBADDR   EXC/SHR   STATUS
  SYSTEM1   SMSVSAM   000A5   008FF270   SHARE     OWN
```
System Recovery (SMSVSAM Termination Scenario):

F CATALOG,ALLOCATED
IEC351I CATALOG ADDRESS SPACE MODIFY COMMAND ACTIVE
IEC348I ALLOCATED CATALOGS 266
*CAS******************************************************************************************
* FLAGS -VOLSER-USER-CATALOG NAME % *
* YSU-R- XP0202 0001 RLSCAT 1 *
*************************************************************************************************
* Y/N-ALLOCATED TO CAS, S-SMS, V-VLF, I-ISC, C-CLOSED, D-DELETED , *
* R-SHARED, A-ATL, E-ECS SHARED, K-LOCKED, U-RLS, W-SUSPENDED *
*CAS*******************************************************************************************
V SMS,SMSVSAM,TERMINATESERVER

*IGW408I SMSVSAM SUCCESSFULLY TERMINATED AT END OF MEMORY

(request issued to RLSCAT)

IEC251I 016-0609,CATALOG,ALLOCATE,SYS00006,,RLSCAT
IEF196i IEC251I 016-0609,CATALOG,ALLOCATE,SYS00006,,RLSCAT

(5 minutes later)

*64 IEC365D SMSVSAM ADDRESS SPACE STILL NOT AVAILABLE FOR CATALOG ADDRESS SPACE. REPLY RLSQUIESCE OR CANCEL

V SMS,SMSVSAM,ACTIVE

IGW414I SMSVSAM SERVER ADDRESS SPACE IS NOW ACTIVE. 338

IEE400I THESE MESSAGES CANCELLED - 64.

(request issued to RLSCAT)

* YSU-R- XP0202 0001 RLSCAT 1 *

RLSCAT reopened for RLS access

Should have used the FORCE SMSVSAM,ARM if workloads are not quiesced.

Catalog closed for RLS, SMSVSAM not avail.

SMSVSAM issues ENF and WTOR is cancelled

RLSCAT reopened for RLS access
**Example Catalog Forward Recovery Scenario:**

1) **Backup catalog:**

   A) DFDSS or AMS will invoke the QUICOPY/QUICEND interface for RLS eligible catalogs. For nonRLS catalogs, DSS will use existing logic (SYSIGGV2).
   
   B) OEM backup utilities must detect RLS eligible catalogs, and invoke the IGGQUIES interface to QUICOPY/QUICEND update requests. The CSI or FAMS interfaces can be used to retrieve the LOGPARM field to test if the catalog is eligible for RLS.

2) To forward recover the catalog to a different volume:

   A) Suspend catalog requests against the current target catalog: `F CATALOG,RECOVER,SUSPEND(ucat1)` or `?IGGQUIES FUNCTION=SUSPEND`. This step suspends all new catalog requests for ucat1 and closes the catalog across the sysplex.
   
   B) `DELETE ucat1 NODISCONNECT`. This step deletes the DSCBs and VVRs and saves the alias information.
   
   C) `DEFINE ucat1 RECONNECT VOL(volser2) SUSPEND` and optionally `LOG(NONE) RLSENABLE`. This step defines the catalog, using existing UCONN record and updates the volser to volser2, and ensures the SUSPEND option is still set.
   
   D) `IMPORT CONNECT VOL(volser2) ALIAS` on sharing systems with separate MCATs. This step updates the UCONN with volser2.
   
   E) **Restore backup copy:**

      a) Using DSS Restore to backup copy. DSS will detect the catalog is suspended and is a empty pre-existing target, and will proceed to copy the data from the backup file using its own i/o method. With the suspended catalog there is no need for any further serialization (i.e. sysiggv2).
      
      b) OEM restore utilities should follow DSS's example.
   
   F) **Apply SMF record updates to bring the new target up to date since last backup (if backup was done prior to suspending this catalog).** Use ICFRU or other equivalent catalog utility to apply the SMF records.
   
   G) Resume catalog requests: `F CATALOG,RECOVER,RESUME(ucat1)` or `?IGGQUIES FUNCTION=RESUME`. Catalog requests will now be allowed to open the catalog across the sysplex with either RLS or nonRLS.
RLS for AMS

- Enhance IDCAMS commands PRINT, REPRO, IMPORT and EXPORT to be able to open VSAM data sets using RLS.
- A new optional keyword `RLSSOURCE (NO|YES|QUIESCE)` and/or `RLSTARGET (NO|YES|QUIESCE)` will be implemented for the PRINT, REPRO, IMPORT and EXPORT commands:
  - PRINT: `RLSSOURCE (NO|YES|QUIESCE)` for the input data set
  - REPRO: `RLSSOURCE (NO|YES|QUIESCE)` and `RLSTARGET (NO|YES|QUIESCE)`
  - IMPORT: `RLSTARGET (NO|YES|QUIESCE)` for the target data sets
  - EXPORT: `RLSSOURCE (NO|YES|QUIESCE)` for the source data sets
Toleration Maintenance / Recommendations

- The SMSVSAM address space must be active on down level systems when opening a catalog previously accessed by RLS.
- The Following APARs are required on down level systems when accessing catalogs which may have been accessed for RLS on z/OS 2.1:
  - OA36403
  - OA36409
  - OA36916
  - OA36492
  - OA36422
  - OA36414
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- Unclog Your Systems with z/OS 2.1 – Part 2
  - Performance Options
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Performance Options
Performance Options

- Buffering/Sharing Options:
  - NonRLS
    - NSR Buffering
    - In Storage Cache (ISC)
    - Virtual LookAside Facility (VLF)
    - Enhanced Catalog Sharing (ECS)
  - RLS
    - Buffering
    - Caching
    - Locking
    - Data Set
    - Example of RLS Sysplex Configuration
Performance Options – Buffering/Sharing

Buffering/Sharing (nonRLS):

- NSR Strings/Buffers:

  - DEFINE USERCATALOG:
    - STRNO(2/n) – specifies the number of VSAM strings (i.e. number of concurrent requests per system). Max=255.
    - BUFND(n) – specifies the number of data buffers (ACBBUFND).
    - BUFNI(n) – specifies the number of index buffers (ACBBUFNI).

  - Catalog will adjust BUFND and BUFNI based on the following algorithm:
    - BUFND = MIN(32767,MAX(ACBBUFND,((32400/CISIZE) + 1 + STRNO)))
    - BUFNI   = MIN(32767,MAX(ACBBUFNI,(#IndexLevels + 1 + STRNO)))

  - Too low of a STRNO will result in contention on the SYSZRPLW resource.
Performance Options

Buffering (nonRLS):

- In Storage Cache (ISC)
  - Default buffering option.
  - Intended for non-shared catalogs or small read only catalogs.
  - Each usercat is allowed a fixed amount of space (3041 BCS records).
  - Space is reclaimed via LRU algorithm.
  - MCAT is allowed unlimited space.
  - For shared usercats, any update on a sharing system will invalidate the entire ISC.
Performance Options

- Buffering (nonRLS):
  - Virtual Lookaside Facility (VLF)
    - Intended for shared catalogs.
    - Total cache size for all catalogs determined by the MAXVIRT parameter in the COFVLFxx parmlib member.
    - Range of MAXVIRT is 256-524288 (2 gig) 4K blocks.
    - Space is reclaimed (trimmed) via LRU algorithm.
    - Catalog tracks the last 90 updates to the catalog via the sharing subcell in the catalog’s data VVR). The subcell tracks catalog updates from sharing systems and is used to keep the VLF pool coherent. More than 90 updates from sharing systems between references results in the purge of the VLF cache.
Performance Options

- Sharing (nonRLS):
  - Enhanced Catalog Sharing (ECS)
    - Intended for shared catalogs.
    - The ECS function extends the catalog sharing design by placing the catalog’s data VVR in a CF cache structure (SYSIGGCAS_ECS).
    - By placing the data VVR in the CF, the i/o to retrieve it can be avoided (at least one i/o per catalog request).
Performance Options

- **RLS**
  - **Buffering:**
    - System managed buffering via LRU algorithm.
    - Choice of 2 buffer pools (default 31 bit, optional 64 bit)
    - Catalog CIs placed in buffer pool and registered with a CF cache structure.
  - **Caching:**
    - CF Cache assigned via catalog’s storclas.
    - CF cache acts as a global buffer pool.
    - Catalog’s CIs are registered with cache for XI purposes.
    - Catalog CIs (by default) reside in the cache structure.
Performance Options

- RLS (cont.)
  - Locking:
    - CF lock structure (IGWLOCK00) assigned by default.
    - Optional lock structure assigned by storclas.
    - Contains data set level locks used to serializing splits/reclaims, spanned updates, and to communicate.
    - Contains record level locks for serializing access to individual catalog records.
    - Catalog design uses No Read Integrity (NRI) when reading catalog records (i.e. no shared locks).
Performance Options

- RLS (cont.)
  - Data Set /Catalog:
    - Dataclas controls 64 bit buffering and CF caching options.
    - CISIZE becomes important for RLS catalogs:
      - Removal of SYSIGGV2 catname resource allows for lower level contention issues such as CI split/reclaim, CI, or spanned updates.
      - Larger CISIZE recommended for high insert/erase catalogs or sequentially accessed.
      - Smaller CISIZE recommended for high update catalogs.
Example RLS Configuration

SYSTEM1

JOB1 CAS_CLIENT
JOB2 RLS_Batch

CAS
RLS.Shared.PCAT
RLS.TestCAT

HSM

CICS AOR

SMS

64 bit pool

SMS Dataspace
ACB AMBL AMB
31 bit pool

SYSTEMn

JOB1 CAS_CLIENT
JOB2 RLS_Batch

CAS
RLS.Shared.PCAT
RLS.NonSHR.PCAT

HSM

CICS AOR

SMS

64 bit pool

SMS Dataspace
ACB AMBL AMB
31 bit pool

**CF1**

IGWLOCK00
CATCACHE_PROD
IMS_CACHE
CICS_LOCK
HSM_CACHE

**CF2**

SYSLOCK
CICS_CACHE
IMS_LOCK
TESTLOCK

**RLS.SHARED.PCAT**

LOG(NONE)
RLSENABLE
STORCLAS(S1)
DATACLAS(D2)

**RLS.TESTCAT**

LOG(NONE)
RLSENABLE
STORCLAS(S2)
DATACLAS(D3)

**RLS.NONSHR.PCAT**

LOG(NONE)
RLSENABLE
STORCLAS(S1)
DATACLAS(D2)

**SMS Configuration**

S1 (CATCACHE_PROD/SYSLOCK)
S2 (CATCACHE_TEST/TESTLOCK)
S3(CICS_CACHE/CICS_LOCK)
S4(HSM_CACHE/SYSLOCK)
S5(IMS_CACHE/IMS_LOCK)
D1 (RLSABOVETHEBAR(YES))
D2 (RLSABOVETHEBAR(YES)) CFCACHE(DIRONLY)
D3 (RLSABOVETHEBAR(NO)) CFCACHE(DIRONLY)
Performance Reports
Performance Reports

- Reports common to all catalogs (RLS/NONRLS):
  - F CATALOG,REPORT,PERFORMANCE
  - F CATALOG,REPORT,CACHE
  - F CATALOG,REPORT,CATSTATS
  - F CATALOG,REPORT,CATSTATX (new!)
  - SMF 6x Records

- Reports for RLS data sets (all releases) and catalogs (z/OS 2.1):
  - RMFMON III:
    - RLS Activity by Storage Class
    - RLS Activity by Data Set
    - RLS VSAM LRU Overview
    - D SMS,CFLS
    - SMF 42 Subtypes 15-19
### Performance Reports – All Catalogs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Event Type</th>
<th>Count</th>
<th>Average Time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Entries to Catalog</td>
<td>469,827K</td>
<td>30.211 MSEC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BCS ENQ Shr Sys</td>
<td>923,098K</td>
<td>9.354 MSEC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BCS ENQ Excl Sys</td>
<td>29,951K</td>
<td>30.340 MSEC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BCS DEQ</td>
<td>1199,324K</td>
<td>0.088 MSEC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VVDS RESERVE CI</td>
<td>88,395K</td>
<td>0.338 MSEC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VVDS DEQ CI</td>
<td>88,395K</td>
<td>0.103 MSEC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VVDS RESERVE Shr</td>
<td>1027,641K</td>
<td>0.384 MSEC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VVDS RESERVE Excl</td>
<td>23,859K</td>
<td>0.566 MSEC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPHERE ENQ Excl Sys</td>
<td>30,047K</td>
<td>0.365 MSEC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPHERE DEQ</td>
<td>30,047K</td>
<td>0.068 MSEC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAXWA ENQ Shr</td>
<td>97</td>
<td>0.005 MSEC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAXWA DEQ</td>
<td>99</td>
<td>0.006 MSEC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VDSPM ENQ</td>
<td>1014,647K</td>
<td>0.202 MSEC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VDSPM DEQ</td>
<td>1014,647K</td>
<td>0.005 MSEC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RPL ENQ</td>
<td>1,146K</td>
<td>0.448 MSEC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RPL DEQ</td>
<td>1,146K</td>
<td>0.039 MSEC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BCS Get</td>
<td>5494,167K</td>
<td>0.194 MSEC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BCS Put</td>
<td>16,626K</td>
<td>1.790 MSEC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BCS Erase</td>
<td>14,175K</td>
<td>1.691 MSEC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VVDS I/O</td>
<td>1177,563K</td>
<td>0.779 MSEC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VLF Delete Major</td>
<td>22,459</td>
<td>0.054 MSEC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VLF Create Minor</td>
<td>44,914K</td>
<td>0.506 MSEC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VLF Retrieve Minor</td>
<td>486,973K</td>
<td>0.032 MSEC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VLF Delete Minor</td>
<td>31,489K</td>
<td>0.290 MSEC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VLF Define Major</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0.308 MSEC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VLF Identify</td>
<td>32,859</td>
<td>0.031 MSEC</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### ENQUEUE ACTIVITY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ENQUEUE ACTIVITY</th>
<th>GRS MODE: STAR</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>NAME</strong></td>
<td>CONTENTION TIME</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAJOR</td>
<td>MIN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MINOR</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### z/OS V1R12 - SYSTEM ID P13

- **DATE**: 06/16/2010
- **INTERVAL**: 06.07.134
- **TIME**: 18.29.00
- **CYCLE**: 1.000 SECONDS

#### ENQUEUE DETAIL ACTIVITY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SYSRPLW</th>
<th>USERCAT.DB2.MTTR</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0.000</td>
<td>0.000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **NAME**: CATALOG (E) 1 CATALOG (E) 80.0 20.0 0.0 0.0 1.20 1 2 0 0 4

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SYZZIGG2 (SYSTEMS)</th>
<th>USERCAT.DB2.MTTR</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0.000</td>
<td>5.612</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **NAME**: CATALOG(E) 17 CATALOG(S) 9.4 9.6 11.5 69.5 38.59 0 17 0 16 3472
### Performance Reports – All Catalogs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Catalog</th>
<th>Hit%</th>
<th>Records</th>
<th>Searches</th>
<th>Found</th>
<th>Deletes</th>
<th>SHR UPD</th>
<th>PURGE</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>USERCAT1</td>
<td>27%</td>
<td>9,832</td>
<td>16,543</td>
<td>4,566</td>
<td>4,268</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>(VLF)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USERCAT2</td>
<td>88%</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>350</td>
<td>310</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>(ISC)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SYS1.MVSRES.MASTCAT</td>
<td>83%</td>
<td>3,688</td>
<td>3,633</td>
<td>3,018</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>(ISC)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Hit% rate should be >20% to compensate for the overhead of using VLF.
- A high number of PURGEs is an indication of unbalanced access to the catalog. The catalog may not be a good candidate for VLF or the ISC.
Performance Reports – All Catalogs

- F CATALOG,REPORT,CATSTATS

```
*CAS******************************************************************************
*               ADDS  UPDATES     GETS   GETUPD  DELETES  BUFNI  BUFND STRNO *
*               *  *                *  *           *               *
* USRCAT2                                                                
*                2   0         2   0         0   5   9   2  *
*CAS******************************************************************************
```

- The STRNO represents the number of VSAM catalog requests (RPLs) that can run in parallel.
- Too low of a STRNO will result in contention on SYSZRPLW.
Performance Reports – All Catalogs

- F CATALOG REPORT, CATSTATX(catname*) (new via APAR OA40654 and z/OS 2.1)

*CAS*****************************************************************
* CATALOG NAME     = catname                                            *
* INSERTS (ADDS)   =  12,486                                               *
* UPDATES          =    3,758                                                     *
* RETRIEVES        =   21,816                                                   *
* RETRIEVES FOR UP =    9,760                                            *
* ERASES (DELETES) =    3,456                                             *
* CA-RECLAIMS =    16                                          * ← New stat added in APAR OA40654
* CA-REUSES =       4                                          * ← New stat added in APAR OA40654
* BUFNI SETTING    =        4                                                   *
* BUFND SETTING    =        4                                                 *
* STRNO SETTING    =        2                                                 *
* CPU TIME         =       30 USEC                                          * ← Added in z/OS 2.1
* ELAPSED TIME     =       20 MSEC                                          * ← Added in z/OS 2.1

*CAS******************************************************************
Performance Reports – All Catalogs

- **SMF Type 6x:**
  - **Type 60** - VVR Updated
  - **Type 61** - ICF Define
  - **Type 62** - VSAM OPEN
  - **Type 64** - VSAM CLOSE (new for catalogs in z/OS 1.13)
  - **Type 65** - ICF Delete
  - **Type 66** - ICF Alter
### Performance Reports – RLS Only

- F RMF MONITOR III SYSPLEX RLS Activity by Storage Class (sysplex wide)

**ERB3BUF**  
RMF V1R8  
VSAM RLS Activity - SYSPLEX  
Line 1 of 14  
Command ==> Scroll ==> CSR

**LRU Status** : Good  
**Contention %** : 0.0  
**False Cont %** : 0.0

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>StorClas</th>
<th>Access Resp</th>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Rate</th>
<th>BMF%</th>
<th>CF%</th>
<th>DASD%</th>
<th>Valid%</th>
<th>False Inv%</th>
<th>BMF</th>
<th>Write</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>STORCLAS1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Below 2G</td>
<td>DIR</td>
<td>0.004</td>
<td>0.18</td>
<td>50.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>50.0</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>SEQ</td>
<td>0.000</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Above 2G</td>
<td>DIR</td>
<td>0.000</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>SEQ</td>
<td>0.000</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Performance Reports – RLS Only

F RMF MONITOR III SYSPLEX RLS Activity by Data Set  (sysplex wide)

ERB3BUF  RMF V1R8  VSAM RLS Activity  - SYSPLEX          Line 1 of 14
Command ====>                                                  Scroll ====> CSR

LRU Status : Good
Contention % : 0.0
False Cont % : 0.0

Sphere/DS  Access Resp  ---------Read-----------  BMF  Write
                Time  Rate  BMF% CF%  DASD% Valid% False Inv%  rate

| USERCAT1 | Below 2G | DIR | 0.004 | 0.18 | 0.0  | 0.0  | 100.0 | 100  | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|          | SEQ     | 0.000 | 0.00  | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0   | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|          | Above 2G| DIR | 0.000 | 0.00  | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0   | 0.0  | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|          | SEQ     | 0.000 | 0.00  | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0   | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| USERCAT1.INDEX | Below 2G | DIR | 0.004 | 0.18 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100  | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|          | SEQ     | 0.000 | 0.00  | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0   | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|          | Above 2G| DIR | 0.000 | 0.00  | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0   | 0.0  | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|          | SEQ     | 0.000 | 0.00  | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0   | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
## Performance Reports – RLS Only

- F RMF MONITOR III SYSPLEX VSAM LRU Overview (sysplex wide)

---

**Samples:** 59  **Systems:** 6  **Date:** 07/27/06  **Time:** 12.38.50  **Range:** 10

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>System</th>
<th>Avg CPU</th>
<th>Buffer Size</th>
<th>Accel</th>
<th>Reclaim</th>
<th>Read</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Time</td>
<td>Goal</td>
<td>High</td>
<td>%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>BMF%</td>
<td>CF%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>DASD%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| SYS1   | Below 2GB | 0.1147 | 100M | 16M | 0.0 | 0.0 | 50.0 | 0.0 | 50.0 |
|        | Above 2GB  | 0.112  | 500M | 0M  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 00.0 | 0.0 | 00.0 |
Performance Reports – RLS Only

- **D SMS,CFLS (Coupling Facility Lock Structure)**

J80 12152 15:30:56.26 D SMS,CFLS

IGW320I 15:30:56 Display SMS,CFLS(IGWLOCK00)

PRIMARY STRUCTURE: IGWLOCK00 VERSION: C99DC09480021972 SIZE: 200704K

RECORD TABLE ENTRIES: 434612 USED: 984
SECONDARY STRUCTURE: IGWLOCK00 VERSION: C9A3EFBCF6FC3610 SIZE: 200704K

RECORD TABLE ENTRIES: 434612 USED: 984

LOCK STRUCTURE MODE: DUPLEXED STATUS: ENABLE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>System</th>
<th>Interval</th>
<th>LockRate</th>
<th>ContRate</th>
<th>FContRate</th>
<th>WaitQLen</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>J80</td>
<td>1 Minute</td>
<td>1239.1</td>
<td>0.065</td>
<td>0.042</td>
<td>0.33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J80</td>
<td>1 Hour</td>
<td>373.9</td>
<td>0.099</td>
<td>0.038</td>
<td>0.04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J80</td>
<td>8 Hour</td>
<td>---------</td>
<td>---------</td>
<td>---------</td>
<td>---------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J80</td>
<td>1 Day</td>
<td>---------</td>
<td>---------</td>
<td>---------</td>
<td>---------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(13)</td>
<td>1 Minute</td>
<td>344.9</td>
<td>0.029</td>
<td>0.014</td>
<td>0.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(13)</td>
<td>1 Hour</td>
<td>108.4</td>
<td>0.041</td>
<td>0.015</td>
<td>0.03</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SMF 42 Subtypes 15-19:

**Subtype 15** - RLS statistics by Storage Class

**Subtype 16** - RLS statistics by Data set

Must use `V SMS,MONDS(spherename),ON` to collect subtype 16 statistics. Must turn on data set collection when using RMF III:

**Subtype 17** - RLS locking Statistics for IGWLOCK00

**Subtype 18** - RLS caching Statistics

**Subtype 19** - BMF statistics

Note: Only one system in the sysplex collects the SMF 42 records. The system collecting the records is displayed in the `D SMS,SMSVSAM` operator command.
RLS for Catalog Benchmarks
RLS for Catalog - Benchmarks

- **SYSPLEX Configuration:**
  - Processor z10 2097-E12
  - 3 LPARs in the plex
  - 7 CPUs (Online - Dedicated for the test)
  - 1 CF (Internal with 1 dedicated CP) with 34GB

- **Relevant parameters:**
  - Catalog TASKMAX = 180 (default)
  - Catalog CISIZE(32768) and CISIZE(4096)
  - Catalog STRNO(255)
  - RLS Dataclas (RLSABOVETHEBAR(NO)) and RLSCFCACHE(ALL) – (default)
  - RLSMAXPOOLSIZE(100M) (default)
  - CF cache structure 1Gig
Comparison made:

- RLS Catalog vs VLF Catalog on z/OS 2.1

Five workloads analyzed:

1. Direct random data set delete
2. Direct random data set define
3. Generic (sequential) read
4. Direct first read
5. Direct first read sharing system
RLS for Catalog – Benchmarks (cont.)

- Workload #1 Data set DELETE:
  - Define one usercatalog (CISIZE 32768) and load with 300,000 non-VSAM data sets.
  - Each lpar runs 100 jobs (300 total).
  - Each job deletes 1000 nonvsam data sets (300,000 total).

- Results:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>NonRLS Elapse</th>
<th>RLS Elapse</th>
<th>RLS to NonRLS %Delta</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NonRLS CPU</td>
<td>1269.3 sec</td>
<td>298.7 sec</td>
<td>76.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RLS CPU</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* CPU measured in the CATALOG, GRS, SMSVSAM, and XCFAS address spaces.
Workload #2 Data set DEFINE:

- Define one usercatalog (CISIZE 32768).
- Each lpar runs 100 jobs (300 total).
- Each job defines 1000 nonvsam data sets (300,000 total).

Results:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NonRLS Elapse</th>
<th>RLS Elapse</th>
<th>RLS to NonRLS %Delta</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>48.84 min</td>
<td>21.42 min</td>
<td>56.13</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NonRLS CPU</th>
<th>RLS CPU</th>
<th>RLS to NonRLS %Delta</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>685.6 sec</td>
<td>130.8 sec</td>
<td>80.91</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* CPU measured in the CATALOG, GRS, SMSVSAM, and XCFAS address spaces.
Workload #3 Sequential (Generic) Read:

- Define one usercatalog (CISIZE 32768) and load with 300,000 non-VSAM data sets.
- Run one job that does a generic search of all 300,000 data sets (i.e. LISTC ENT(HLQ.*) ALL.

Results:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>NonRLS Elapse</th>
<th>RLS Elapse</th>
<th>RLS to NonRLS %Delta</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NonRLS Elapse</td>
<td>7.40 min</td>
<td>5.03 min</td>
<td>32.08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonRLS CPU</td>
<td>65.1 sec</td>
<td>75.2 sec</td>
<td>-15.52</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* CPU measured in the CATALOG, GRS, SMSVSAM, and XCFAS address spaces.
Workload #4 First Direct Read:

- Define one usercatalog (CISIZE 4096) and load with 300,000 non-VSAM data sets.

- Run one job from System1 that does a TSO ALLOCATE for all 300,000 data sets. Buffer pools cleared prior to running the job.

Results:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NonRLS Elapse</th>
<th>RLS Elapse</th>
<th>RLS to NonRLS %Delta</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>26.77 min</td>
<td>20.33 min</td>
<td>24.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NonRLS CPU</th>
<th>RLS CPU</th>
<th>RLS to NonRLS %Delta</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>94.0 sec</td>
<td>109.60 sec</td>
<td>-14.3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* CPU measured in the CATALOG, GRS, SMSVSAM, and XCFAS address spaces.
Workload #5 First Direct Read Sharing System:

- Run one job from System2 that does a TSO ALLOCATE for all 300,000 data sets from same catalog accessed in Workload #4. Buffer pools cleared prior to running the job.

Results:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NonRLS Elapse</th>
<th>RLS Elapse</th>
<th>RLS to NonRLS %Delta</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>26.86 min</td>
<td>20.29 min</td>
<td>24.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NonRLS CPU</th>
<th>RLS CPU</th>
<th>RLS to NonRLS %Delta</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>95.0 sec</td>
<td>109.90 sec</td>
<td>-13.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* CPU measured in the CATALOG, GRS, SMSVSAM, and XCFAS address spaces.
RLS for Catalog – Benchmarks (cont.)

- Workload #5 First Direct Read Sharing System (Cont.):
  - Results:
    - Cache hits on sharing system reduce elapse time for RLS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SYSTEM</th>
<th>NonRLS Elapse</th>
<th>RLS Elapse</th>
<th>RLS to NonRLS %Delta</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SYSTEM1</td>
<td>26.77 min</td>
<td>20.33 min</td>
<td>-24.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SYSTEM2</td>
<td>26.86 min</td>
<td>20.29 min</td>
<td>-24.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Summary

- z/OS 2.1 provides new optional method for improving catalog performance.
- Catalogs can grow without the need to be split for performance reasons.
- New sysplex wide control of catalogs to suspend or lock catalogs to improve availability.
- New vendor interface to quiesce updates or suspend lock/catalogs to improve integrity.
- New performance measurements at a catalog level.
Questions ???