



MVSS Project Opening and Keynote:

A New Frontier in the Evolution of Space Management...

Buckle In!

Jim Erdahl – U.S.Bank Glenn Wilcock - IBM

> February 4, 2013 Session 12392





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Our Purpose

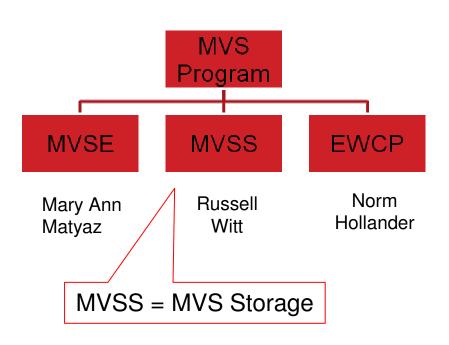


The MVSS project focuses on the management of storage resources throughout the enterprise and the facilities necessary to provide these functions. In the z/OS environments, DFSMS and all of the DFSMS components and other vendor-developed (OEM) packages for providing these services are discussed. Among the many subjects covered are storage hardware supported by z/OS, access methods (including ICF/VSAM), ICF catalog topics and installation-developed tools and techniques. In the open systems arena we discuss storage-related aspects of USS, Tivoli Storage Manager on the z/OS platforms, Storage Area Networks, storage interfaces, and other open systems storage hardware and software issues. Topics that are addressed for all platforms are disaster recovery, data storage devices, data backup and archival systems and data integrity and recovery. The primary activities of the project are: quality IBM and user experience presentations at major SHAREs, requirements generation and prioritization and ad hoc task forces that influence IBM regarding future storage management directions by providing customer input.



MVS Program Organization & Leadership





MVS Program Leadership				
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Join our Tribe



- SHARE is a Volunteer organization
- Volunteer as a CHAIR
 - You get the best seat in the house
- Submit a Requirement (your chance to get IBM to do something your way)
 - Better then asking as an individual
 - Chance to work with IBM and other clients to better articulate your request
- Submit a topic for a presentation
 - Call for Presentations for Boston will open soon.





Items Of Interest:

- 11am Sessions duration may extend to 12:15pm
- Storage Tiering EMC, IBM, Hitachi Panel
 - Session 12395, Tuesday 11am, Yosemite A
- MVSS: Free-For-All
 - Session 12394, Wednesday 6pm, Yosemite A
- Project Dinner <TBA>
 - After Free-For-All
 - Meet in Hilton Lobby about 7:15pm
 - Head Count



A New Frontier in the Evolution of Space Management... Buckle In!



Agenda

- History 101
- Information Life Management 101
- Space Management 101
- Evolution of Space Management
 - General
 - Tape
 - Disk



History 101



United States Declaration of Independence, 1776 Thomas Jefferson

"We hold these truths to be self-evident,

that all men are created equal,

that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable Rights, that among these are Life, Liberty, and the Pursuit of Happiness."





Storage Administrator's Declaration of Dependence, 1976*

"We hold this truth to be self-evident, that all data are not created equal!

That regardless of the will of the data's Creator, the Storage Administrator shall determine all data's Place of Residence, Availability, Security, and End of Life, heretofore and forever after."

^{*} Random date for affect



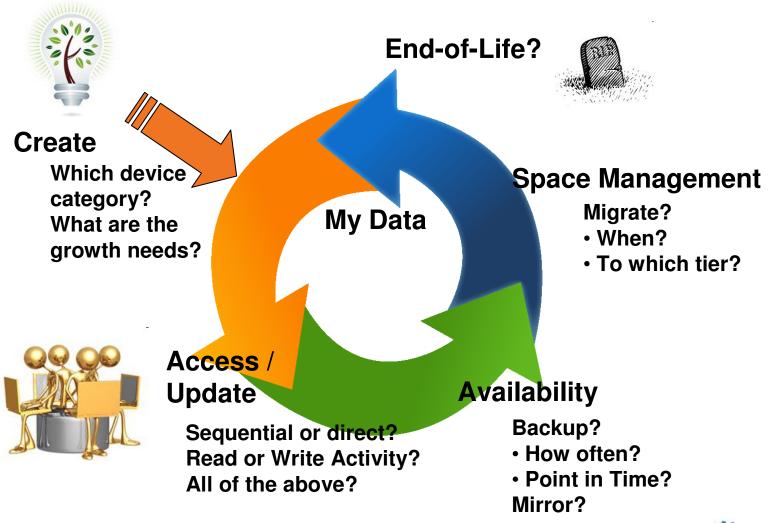
- Data has various
 Business Needs
 - Business Critical
 - Performance Intensive
 - Time Sensitive
 - Production Data
 - Development Data
 - Test Data
 - Historical Data

- Various Storage and Media Types
 - Faster
 - Cheaper
 - Portable
 - Advanced Function













Information Lifecycle Management

The process of managing information – from creation, through its useful life, to its eventual deletion – in a manner that aligns storage costs with a changing business value of information.

- DFSMS provides policy-based…
 - Data Creation
 - Backup / Recovery Management
 - Expiration
 - ★Space Management



Today, we'll focus on the evolution of Space Management



Brief History of DFSMShsm



- March 31, 2013 DFSMShsm's 35th Birthday!
 - No, there will <u>not</u> be an anniversary reduction to 1978 pricing!
 - No, I do <u>not</u> plan on ever attending an HSM retirement party!
- Developed at IBM Research Center, beginning in 1975
 - Named MASH 'MVS Automatic Storage Hierarchy'
 - MASH support (Multiple Address Space HSM) is a play on this acronym
- Released in March 31, 1978 as 'HSM' (Hierarchical Storage Manger)
 - Originally, product name was going to be 'GPA', for General Purpose Archiver
- Renamed to DFHSM in 1980's
 - Data Facility Hierarchical Storage Manager
 - Some still refer to it as 'DFHSM'
- Became priced feature of DFSMS/MVS, DFSMShsm, in early 90s
 - Data Facility System Managed Storage hierarchical storage manager

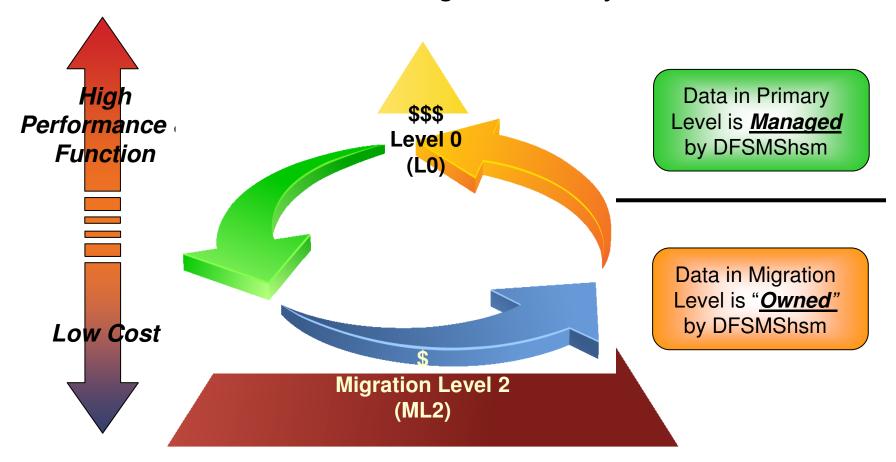


- Space Management provides automated, policy-based management of your data in order to...
 - ★ Minimize the cost of storing data
 - ★ Ensure ample free space for data creation
- The major functions are...
 - Expiration
 - Migration / Recall
 - Extent Reduction





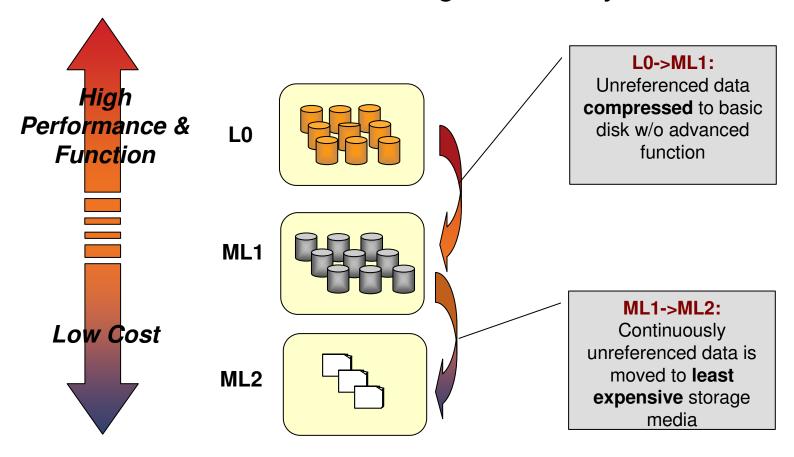
• The Classic DFSMS Storage Hierarchy (35 years old)







• The Classic DFSMS Storage Hierarchy (35 years old)







Basic Advantages of Tape

- Media longevity
 - Tape 15-30 years, Disk 4-5 years
- Portability
- Lower Energy consumption
- Total Cost of Ownership

Basic Advantages of Disk

- Advanced Functionality
- Concurrent Access to data on same media
- Immediate or Near-immediate access to data
 - i.e. No dreaded tape mount





- Space Management Balancing Act
 - True, Space Management reduces the cost of storing data, but it comes at a price:
 - CPU overhead
 - Compression
 - Run time
 - Channel overhead of moving data
 - Delay in access to migrated data
 - Software expense



The Space Management environment continually evolves as we try to find the right Return on Investment and integrate new storage technologies



Space Management Evolution General 201



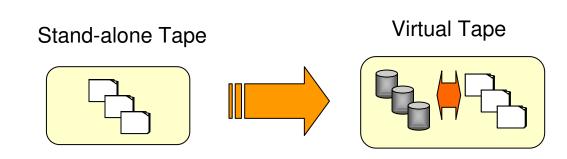
- Leave data on Level 0 longer
 - The most basic change is to compare the cost of maintaining data on Level 0 to the cost of actually migrating the data
 - Small data sets
 - Cost of L0 disk is getting so inexpensive, why not just keep these on LO?
 - Don't forget, SDSPs get up to 15:1 compaction!
 - Keep data on L0 longer
 - Extended duration of time that data must be inactive before it is eligible for migration
 - Eliminate thrashing
 - Evolve Migrate/Recall into more of an Archive function, where migrated data is not expected to be recalled





Virtual Tape

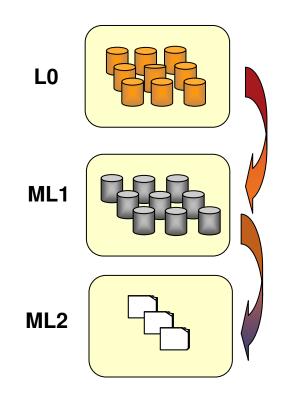
- One of the fundamental weaknesses of tape has always been the delay in access to the data due to the tape mount
- Virtual Tape addresses this by integrating a disk cache that emulates tape
 - Academically speaking, tape mount delays could be eliminated if referenced data could always be staged into the disk cache at the appropriate time

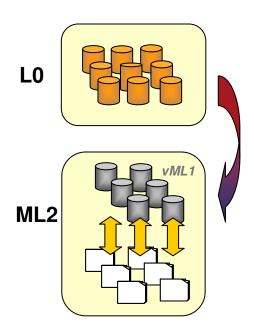






- Significant Advantages of Virtual Tape
 - ★ Disk cache essentially replaces ML1 tier
 - ★Storage controller performs compaction instead of host!
 - ★ Eliminates double data movement from L0->ML1 and then ML1->ML2!
 - ★ Many logical drives
 - Some ML1 is still needed for data that appropriately only goes to ML1 tier









- Disadvantages of Virtual Tape
 - HSM management of logical tapes does not 'play well' with the storage controller management of physical tapes
 - HSM RECYCLE function processes based on the % full of the logical tape, which does not take into account the % full of the physical tape
 - HSM access to any data on a logical tape that resides on a physical tape requires the entire logical tape to be staged back to the disk cache before the data can be accessed
 - Prior to z/OS V2R1, HSM will only span a data set across 40 tape volumes
 - Problematic for migration/backup of large data sets onto small logical tapes
 - ★V2R1 extends the limit to 254 volumes





- **Disk Only Virtual Tape**
 - Just what the doctor ordered for virtual tape and HSM!



- Disk only storage controller that emulates tape
 - ★Eliminates tape mounts / staging
 - ★Eliminates RECYCLE issues
 - \star Enables *n* copies of HSM tapes to be maintained
 - ★ Enables reduction / elimination of HSM duplexing
 - ! Caution Don't put all of your eggs in one basket. Hardware is not flawless. Make sure you have a backup copy of migrated data

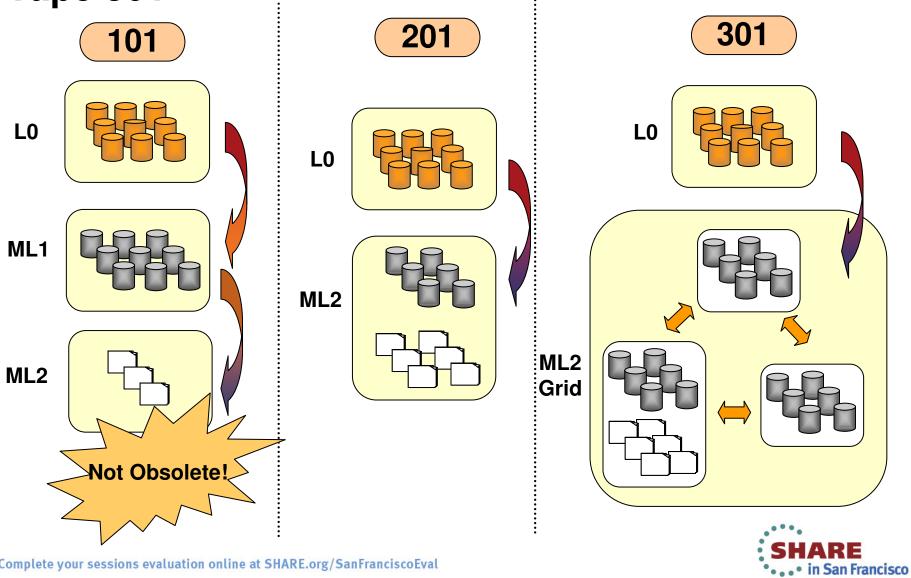




- Disk Only Virtual Tape (cont)
 - ★Storage controller performs compaction instead of host
 - ★ Eliminates double data movement from L0->ML1 and then ML1->ML2
 - ★Some vendors enable real tape to be integrated into the grid









- HSM Disk Only Virtual Tape Environment
 Actual numbers from Customer ABC who went from physical tape to DOVT
- ★ Reduced HSM's Total CPU Time by 19 hours, 45 minutes
- ★ 13% Reduction in Total CPU Time used for HSM Migration to ML2, even though the number of Megabytes transferred increased by over 6TB or 680,000 data sets
- ★ 64% Reduction in Average CPU Time used for HSM ML2 RECALLS
- ★ 91% Reduction in Average ELAPSE Time for ML2 RECALL
- * Reduction in duplicate recall requests (RC2 errors) from 2,431 to 264

Gotcha

Elapsed time for larger data sets can be degraded



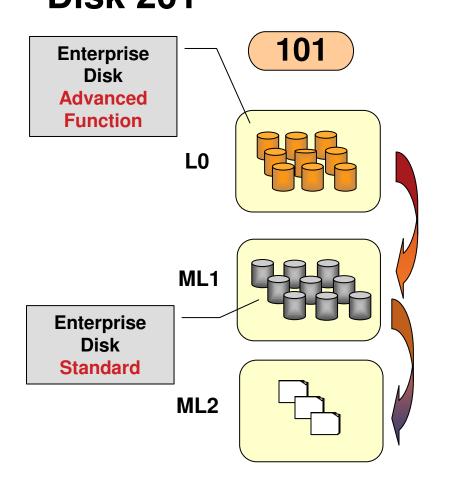


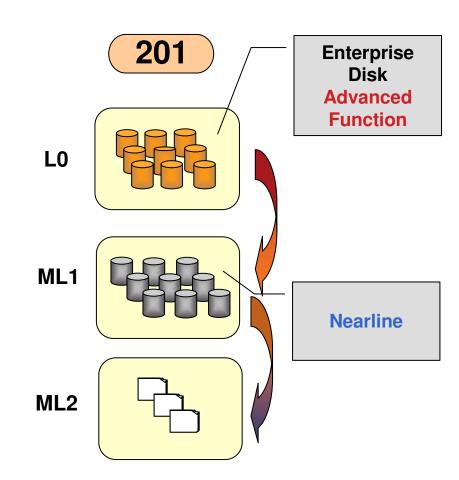
- Evolving HSM Disk Only Virtual Tape Environment <u>NOT</u> a statement of direction
 - Where do we go from here?
 - Exploit the fact that the 'tape' data is really on disk
 - Concurrent access to single tape
 - Software directed controller based data movement from volume to volume
 - Etc, etc...











Implement ML1 volumes using Nearline drives





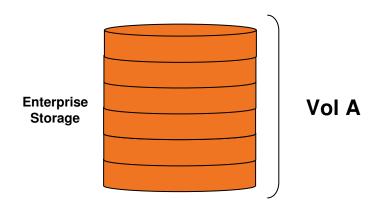
- Controller based <u>Storage Tiering</u>
 - Disk controller *transparently* moves data from tier to tier based on the data's 'heat map'
 - 'Hot' data is moved to a higher tier
 - 'Cold' data is moved to a lower tier.





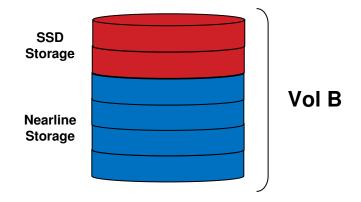


Standard Logical Volume:



- All physical extents are of the same device type
- Data statically resides on physical extents

Tiered Logical Volume:



- Physical extents are different device types (tiers)
- Data dynamically moves between tiers (physical extents) based on the 'heat map'





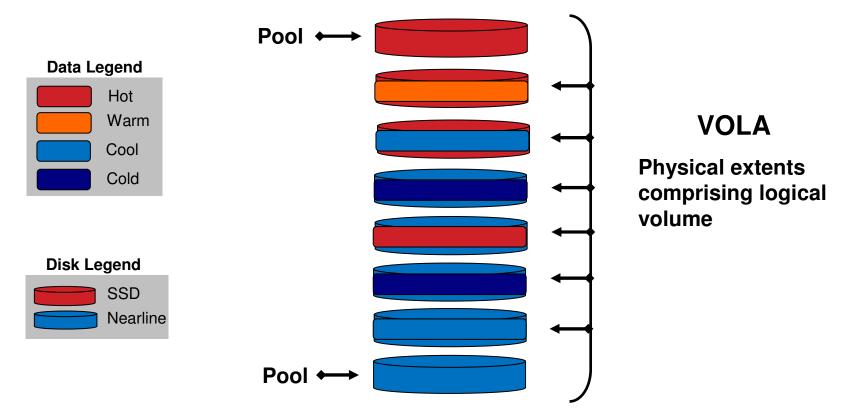
- Quick overview of existing disk tiers...
 - Enterprise Disk: Standard Fiber Channel spinning disk
 - Price point: x
 - Solid State Devices (SSD): Devices with significantly faster direct read response times and a significantly higher cost.
 - Price point: 5x
 - Nearline: Devices that are slower and less expensive
 - Price point: ½x







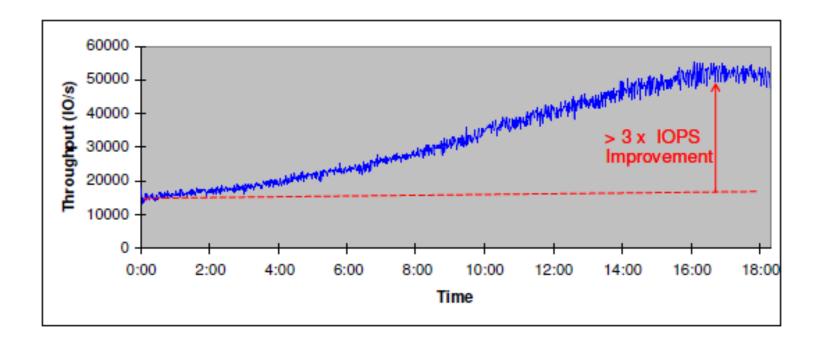
•Storage controller uses heat map to transparently move data to the most appropriate tier...







•For example...

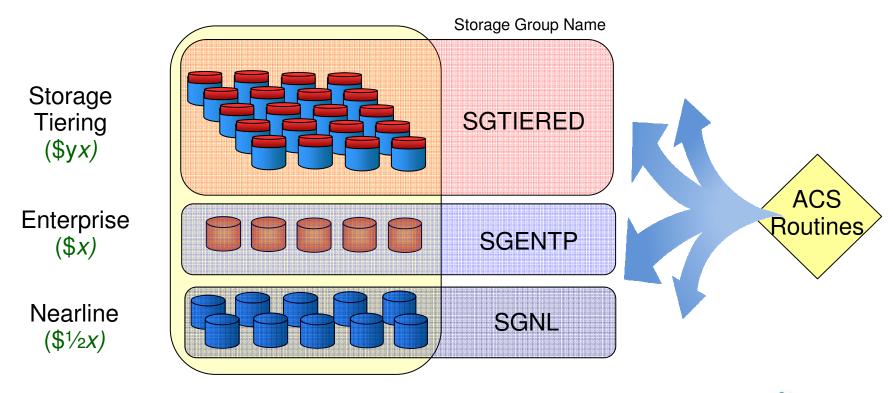


Storage performance council, IBM DS8700, 2010: http://www.storageperformance.org/results/benchmark_results_spc1#a00092





- **How do SMS and Storage Tiering work together?**
 - Group your different classes of devices by Storage Group and use ACS Routines to direct data to the appropriate tier







- Not everything is rosy...
 - New technology that has room for growth
 - Good technology for specific sets of data
 - Data that has relatively consistent data patterns that can be 'learned', such as database workloads
 - Learning 'lost' when workload changes
 - For example, if weekend workload varies from weekday, then at 8am on Monday morning, your data is on the wrong tier!
 - Reorgs, Defrags, Copies, etc
 - Movement is done at a physical extent level...
 - Not on data set boundaries
 - Disparate extent sizes across vendors





When 'Smart' Tiering is not so smart...

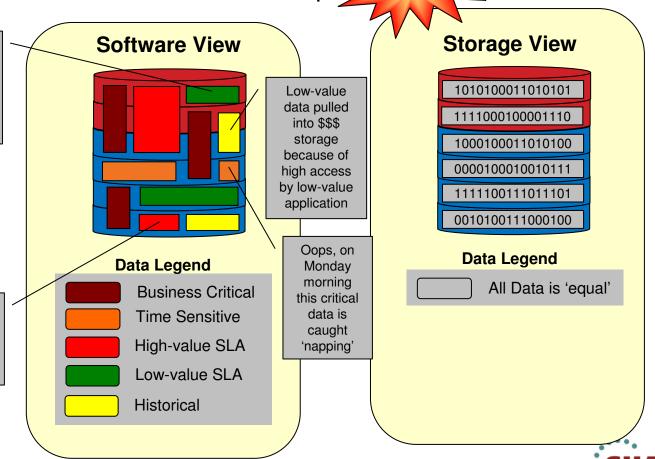
Where business value and heat maps collide.

Data related to a Low-Value SLA is in fast storage because of high access. What critical data is it keeping out??

Disk Legend



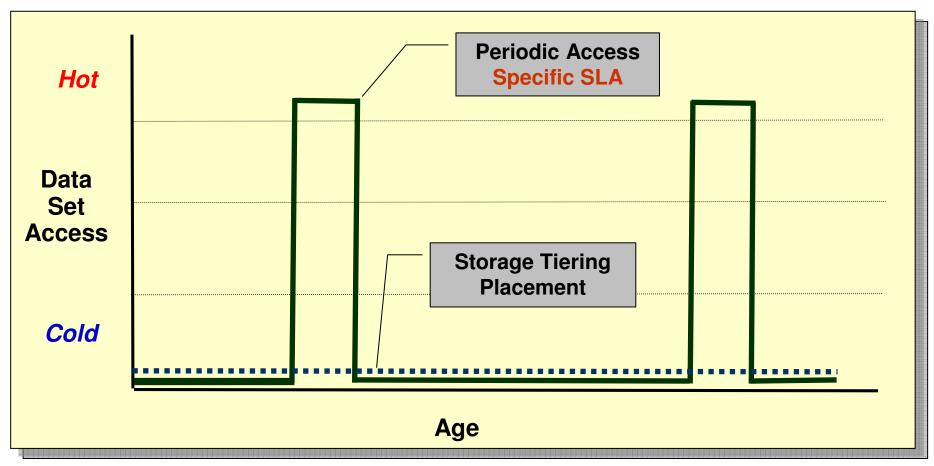
Data important to meeting a High-Value SLA is in slow storage because the access doesn't meet the threshold



• . • in San Francisco



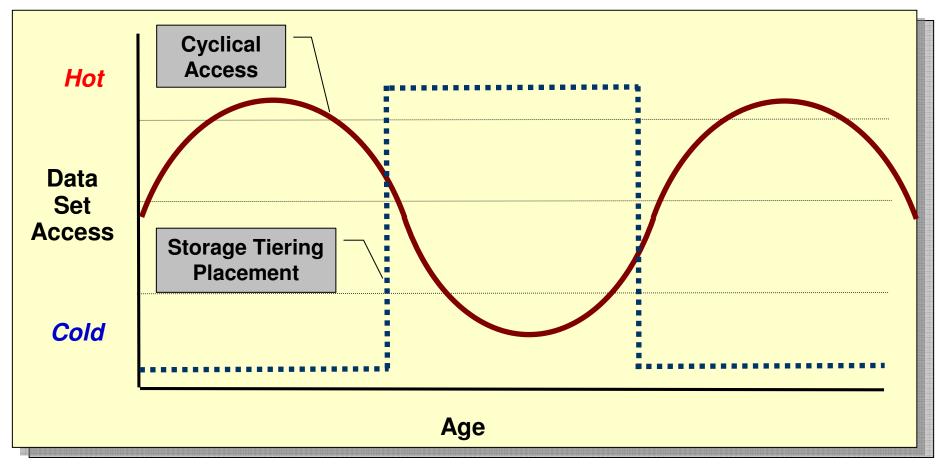
Data access patterns that don't match well with storage tiering...







Data access patterns that don't match well with storage tiering...







"The reports of my death have been greatly exaggerated" Mark Twain



Smart storage tiering does not close the book on software based Space Management, but rather opens a new chapter in storage and software synergy to

take Space Management to a whole new level!





 Just as Virtual Tape has addressed many key issues with Space Management, Smart Storage Tiering is just getting started...

Issue	Virtual Tape	Smart Tiering
CPU - Compression		
CPU – Run time		+
Channel overhead		+
Delay in access		+
Software \$\$\$*		+

^{*} Via decreased MIPS usage by space management software





- Evolving Smart Storage Tiering Environment Once again, <u>NOT</u> a statement of direction
 - Where do we go from here?
 - Direct synergy between hardware and Space Management software to drive automated, *policy-based*, transparent data movement within the storage controllers
 - Data is at the right place at 8am Monday morning
 - Data is at the right place for High-Value SLA applications
 - Dynamic, on-demand, placement
 - -- Whenever an application runs
 - -- All related data





Information Lifecycle Management

The process of managing information – from creation, through its useful life, to its eventual deletion – in a manner that aligns storage costs with a changing business value of information.

DFSMS Storage Tiers z/OS V2R1

- ★ Better align storage costs with changing business value
- ★Minimize the Total Cost of Ownership for System z Data by actively managing data on the lowest storage that meets the business needs of the data
- Address two key shortcomings of today's functionality
 - ✓ No policy-based automation for moving data within the Primary Storage Hierarchy (Level 0)
 - ✓ No policy-based management of Active (open) data



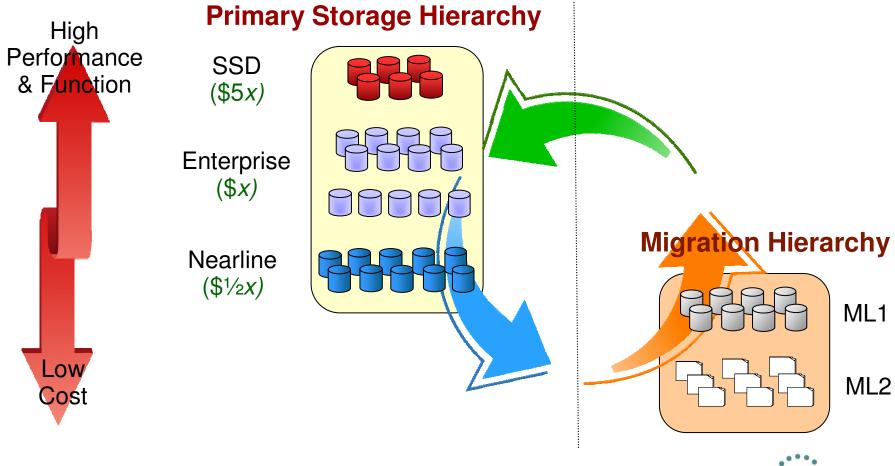


- Automated, policy-based space management that moves data from tier to tier within the Primary (Level 0) Hierarchy
- ✓ Automated movement provided via the existing DFSMShsm Space Management function
 - Movement is referred to as a 'Class Transition'
 - Data remains in its original format and can be immediately accessed after the movement is complete
- ✓ Policies implemented via existing Class Transition policies and updated Management Class policies
- ✓ Enhanced support for DB2, CICS and zFS data
 - Open data sets are temporarily closed to enable movement





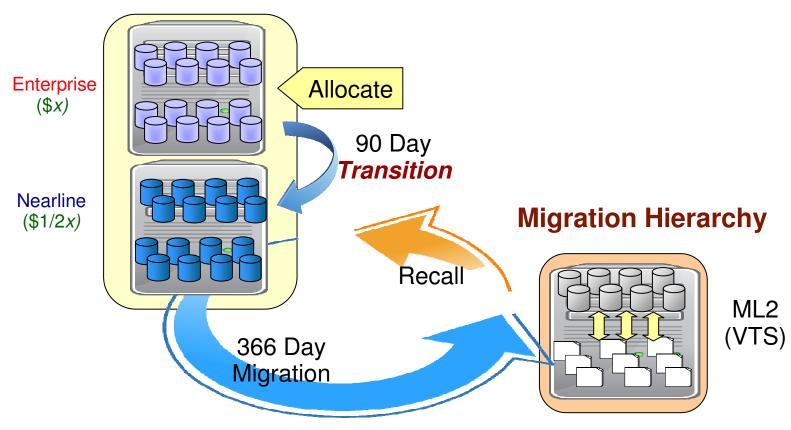
The *classic* DFSMS storage hierarchy is modified to represent distinct Primary and Migration Hierarchies...





This example environment shows data being "transitioned" from Enterprise Class storage to Nearline Class storage after 90 days, and then becoming eligible for migration after 366 days of inactivity.

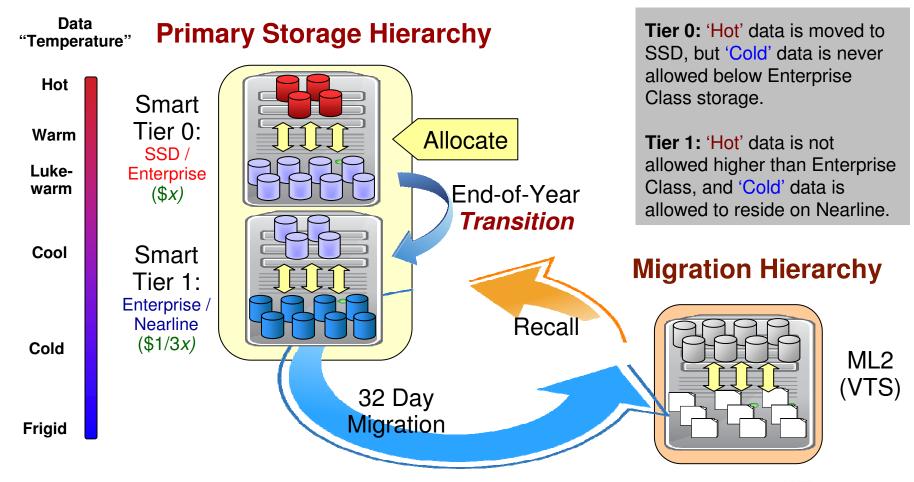
Primary Storage Hierarchy







This example environment shows data being "transitioned" from 'Smart Tier 0' to 'Smart Tier 1' at the end-of-year, and then becoming eligible for migration after 32 days of inactivity.





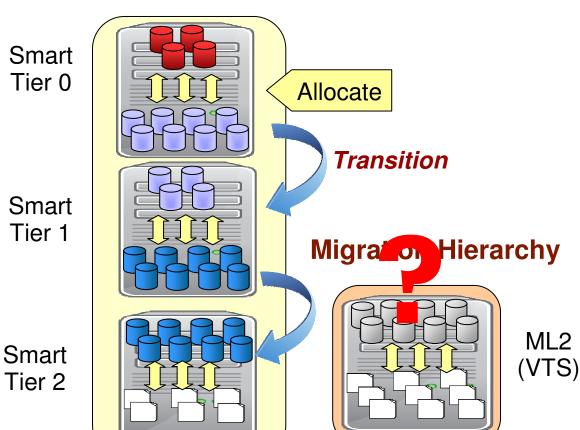


So, if a vendor introduces Tape as a Tier, I'll be able to get rid of my Migration Hierarchy, correct?

Not so Fast! Since the tape will look like a disk, before the data can be accessed. it must first be cached back to a real disk. That delay will be manifested in the I/O response time. How many of your applications can accept a 2.5 minute, or worse, I/O delay? For the most part, tape as a tier will need to be closely integrated with application behavior and storage software support.

(Remember, the delay on a Recall is on the OPEN not a read or write I/O)

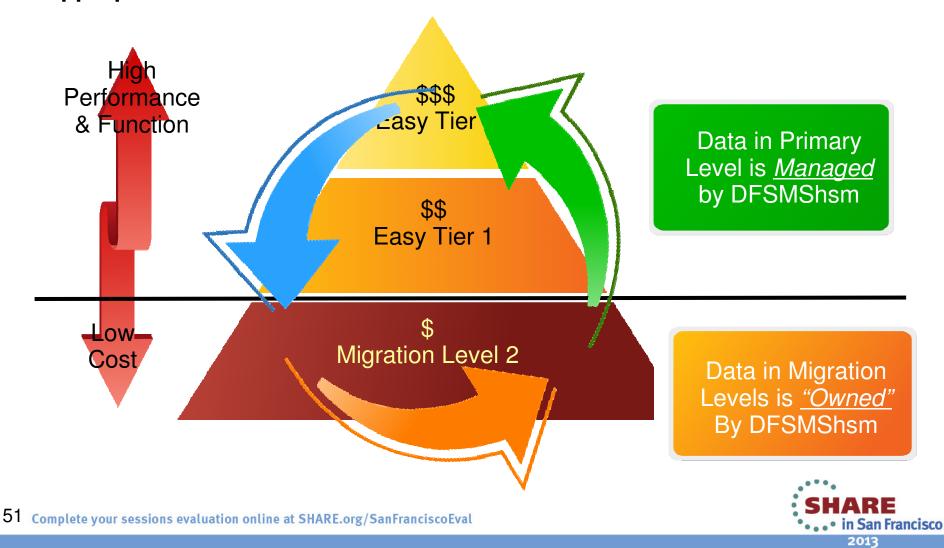
Primary Storage Hierarchy





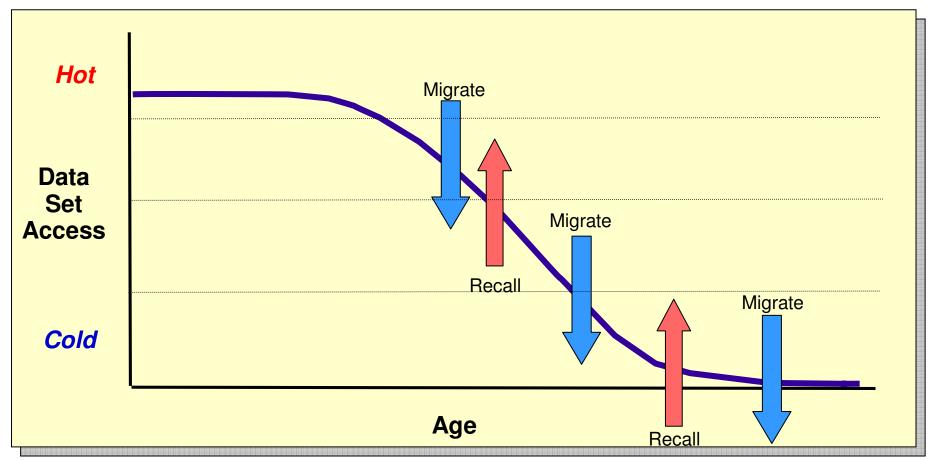


The enhanced DFSMS storage hierarchy enables "the bar" to be in the most appropriate location for each customer environment.





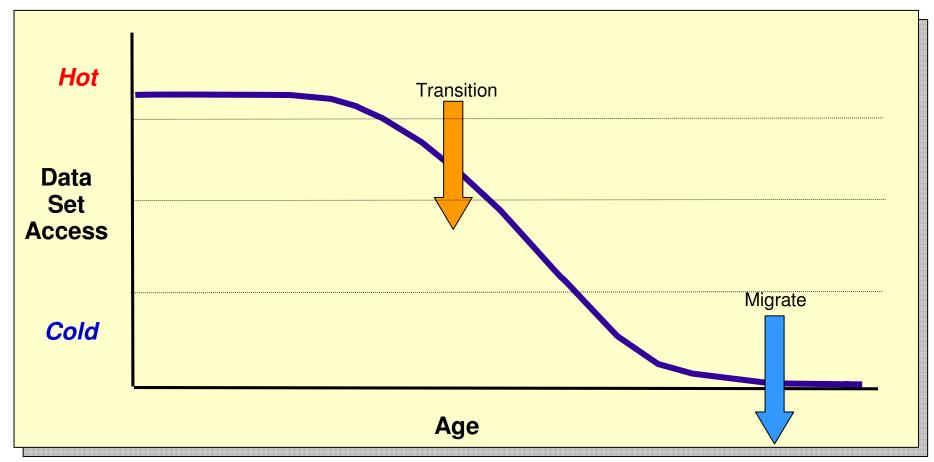
As a data set ages and goes through cycles of activity and inactivity, it can go through many migration and recall iterations.







The migration / recall iterations can be replaced with a single class transition and potentially single migration.

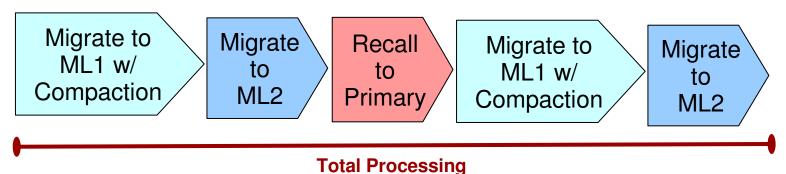




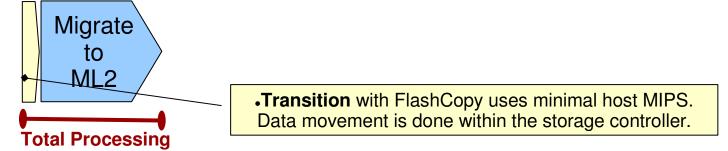


Contrast the Space Management processing required when ...

• A data set is migrated to ML1, then ML2, recalled and remigrated just once



 A data set is transitioned using FlashCopy and then migrated directly to ML2







That's all fine and dandy, but...

I DON'T KNOW MY DATA!!

 IBM has teamed up with the University of Arizona on a research project that will study data usage to develop technologies to provide recommendations for data and policy recommendations

UofA INSITE: Center for Business Intelligence and Analytics (http://insiteua.org/)

- Looking for a customer to provide VSAM related SMF records
 - Let me know if you would like to be involved...





Storage Software is uniquely positioned to integrate all of the pieces and provide automated, policy-based solutions...





Evolution of Space Management



Want to find out more??

Get all of the juicy details 8:00 am Thursday morning...

Session 12972, Yosemite A

A New Frontier in the Evolution

Of Space Management... Blast Off!!







System z Social Media Channels

- Top Facebook pages related to System z:
 - IBM System z
 - IBM Academic Initiative System z
 - IBM Master the Mainframe Contest
 - IBM Destination z
 - Millennial Mainframer
 - IBM Smarter Computing
- Top LinkedIn groups related to System z:
 - System z Advocates
 - SAP on System z
 - **IBM Mainframe- Unofficial Group**
 - **IBM System z Events**
 - Mainframe Experts Network
 - System z Linux
 - Enterprise Systems
 - Mainframe Security Gurus
- Twitter profiles related to System z:
 - IBM System z
 - IBM System z Events
 - IBM DB2 on System z
 - Millennial Mainframer
 - Destination z
 - IBM Smarter Computing
- YouTube accounts related to System z:
 - IBM System z
 - Destination z
 - IBM Smarter Computing

- Top System z blogs to check out:
 - Mainframe Insights
 - Smarter Computing
 - Millennial Mainframer
 - Mainframe & Hybrid Computing
 - The Mainframe Blog
 - Mainframe Watch Belgium
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 - Enterprise Systems Media Blog
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