



Running Linux-HA on a IBM System z

Dr. Stefan Reimbold

IBM Research & Development

Aug 10, 8:00 am Session No. 11842



Trademarks



The following are trademarks of the International Business Machines Corporation in the United States, other countries, or both.

SHARE

Not all common law marks used by IBM are listed on this page. Failure of a mark to appear does not mean that IBM does not use the mark nor does it mean that the product is not actively marketed or is not significant within its relevant market. Those trademarks followed by ® are registered trademarks of IBM in the United States; all others are trademarks or common law marks of IBM in the United States.

For a complete list of IBM Trademarks, see www.ibm.com/legal/copytrade.shtml:

* AS/400®, e business(logo)®, DBE, ESCO, eServer, FICON, IBM®, IBM (logo)®, iSeries®, MVS, OS/390®, pSeries®, RS/6000®, S/30, VM/ESA®, VSE/ESA, WebSphere®, xSeries®, z/OS®, zSeries®, z/VM®, System i, System p, System p, System x, System z, System z, System z9®, BladeCenter®

The following are trademarks or registered trademarks of other companies.

Adobe, the Adobe logo, PostScript, and the PostScript logo are either registered trademarks or trademarks of Adobe Systems Incorporated in the United States, and/or other countries.

Cell Broadband Engine is a trademark of Sony Computer Entertainment, Inc. in the United States, other countries, or both and is used under license therefrom.

Java and all Java-based trademarks are trademarks of Sun Microsystems, Inc. in the United States, other countries, or both.

Microsoft, Windows, Windows NT, and the Windows logo are trademarks of Microsoft Corporation in the United States, other countries, or both.

Intel, Intel logo, Intel Inside, Intel Inside logo, Intel Centrino, Intel Centrino logo, Celeron, Intel Xeon, Intel SpeedStep, Itanium, and Pentium are trademarks or registered trademarks of Intel Corporation or its subsidiaries in the United States and other countries.

UNIX is a registered trademark of The Open Group in the United States and other countries.

Linux is a registered trademark of Linus Torvalds in the United States, other countries, or both.

ITIL is a registered trademark, and a registered community trademark of the Office of Government Commerce, and is registered in the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office.

IT Infrastructure Library is a registered trademark of the Central Computer and Telecommunications Agency, which is now part of the Office of Government Commerce.

* All other products may be trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective companies.

Notes:

Performance is in Internal Throughput Rate (ITR) ratio based on measurements and projections using standard IBM benchmarks in a controlled environment. The actual throughput that any user will experience will vary depending upon considerations such as the amount of multiprogramming in the user's job stream, the I/O configuration, the storage configuration, and the workload processed. Therefore, no assurance can be given that an individual user will achieve throughput improvements equivalent to the performance ratios stated here.

IBM hardware products are manufactured from new parts, or new and serviceable used parts. Regardless, our warranty terms apply. All customer examples cited or described in this presentation are presented as illustrations of the manner in which some customers have used IBM products and the results they may have achieved. Actual environmental costs and performance characteristics will vary depending on individual customer configurations and conditions. This publication was produced in the United States. IBM may not offer the products, services or features discussed in this document in other countries, and the information may be subject to change without notice. Consult your local IBM business contact for information on the product or services available in your area. All statements regarding IBM's future direction and intent are subject to change or withdrawal without notice, and represent goals and objectives only.

Information about non-IBM products is obtained from the manufacturers of those products or their published announcements. IBM has not tested those products and cannot confirm the performance, compatibility, or any other claims related to non-IBM products. Questions on the capabilities of non-IBM products should be addressed to the suppliers of those products.

Prices subject to change without notice. Contact your IBM representative or Business Partner for the most current pricing in your geography.





Agenda

- High Availability
- Challenges
- Linux-HA
- Examples





Agenda

- High Availability
- Challenges
- Linux-HA
- Examples





Computer Cluster

A computer cluster consists of a set of loosely connected computers that work together so that in many respects they can be viewed as a single system.

(wikipedia: Computer Cluster)





Computer Cluster

A computer cluster consists of a set of loosely connected computers that work together so that in many respects they can be viewed as a single system.

(wikipedia: Computer Cluster)

High Availability Cluster

- When one node fails another node is taking over IP address, services, etc.
- The key of High Availability is avoiding single points of failure
- High Availability adds costs because you need redundant resources





- Amazon
 - 2005 3 hours offline first European sites spreading to amazon.com
 - 2010 30 min offline for Europe during Christmas time
- protecting mission-critical applications
- 24x7 availability
- keep interruptions as short as possible





- It is like a Magician's (Illusionist's) trick
 - When it goes well, the hand is faster than the eye
 - When it goes not-so-well, it can be reasonably visible
- Adds one 9 to the availability

99.9%	9 h	
99.99%	53 min	
99.999%	5 min	System z Application Availability
99.9999%	32 sec	
99.99999%	3 sec	





99.9% Moon

250000 miles







99.9% Moon 250000 miles 99.99% Around the world 25000 miles







99.9%	Moon	250000 miles
99.99%	Around the world	25000 miles
99.999%	New York City	2500 miles







99.9%	Moon	250000 miles
99.99%	Around the world	25000 miles
99.999%	New York City	2500 miles
99.9999%	Las Vegas	250 miles







99.9%	Moon	250000 miles
99.99%	Around the world	25000 miles
99.999%	New York City	2500 miles
99.9999%	Las Vegas	250 miles
99.99999%	LA Airport	25 miles







- It is like a Magician's (Illusionist's) trick
 - When it goes well, the hand is faster than the eye
 - When it goes not-so-well, it can be reasonably visible
- Adds one 9 to the availability

99.9%	9 h	
99.99%	53 min	
99.999%	5 min	System z Application Availability
99.9999%	32 sec	
99.99999%	3 sec	

- It's like respawn on a cluster-wide scale Like init on steroids
- HA Clustering is designed to recover from single faults





- The Three R's of High Availability
 - Redundancy





- The Three R's of High Availability
 - Redundancy
 - Redundancy





- The Three R's of High Availability
 - Redundancy
 - Redundancy
 - Redundancy





- The Three R's of High Availability
 - Redundancy
 - Redundancy
 - Redundancy
- This might sound redundant, but that's probably ok





- The Three R's of High Availability
 - Redundancy
 - Redundancy
 - Redundancy
- This might sound redundant, but that's probably ok
- Most Single Points of Failure are managed by redundancy
- HA Clustering is a technique to provide and manage redundancy





Agenda

- High Availability
- Challenges
- Linux-HA
- Examples





- Early detection
 - To keep the offline time as short as possible a failure has to be detected fast
 - Risk of false positive interpretation and unnecessary failover
 - Keep offline time as short as possible (mean-time-to-repair MTTR)
 - Reliable detection by reliable internal communication
- Split-Brain
- Quorum
- Fencing
- Data sharing





- Early detection
- Split-Brain
 - When the connection between the nodes fails, all nodes can still be active but detect the other as failing
 - The status of an unreachable node is unknown
 - Especially in geographical displaced systems
- Quorum
- Fencing
- Data sharing





- Early detection
- Split-Brain
- Quorum
 - Algorithms to decide which part of the cluster is active
 - A remote quorum server can decide more reliably
 - Quorum server is in client perspective
- Fencing
- Data sharing





- Early detection
- Split-Brain
- Quorum
- Fencing
 - Keep a node that was detected as failed from working to prevent damage
 - self-fencing
 - STONITH
- Data sharing





- Early detection
- Split-Brain
- Quorum
- Fencing
- Data sharing
 - Mirror data e.g. DRDB
 - Synchronize database





Agenda

- High Availability
- Challenges
- Linux-HA
- Examples





High Availability Solutions

- Tivoli System Automation
- Linux-HA
- HACMP for AIX





Tivoli System Automation

- Automation Manager
 - Starting
 - Stopping
 - Restarting
 - Failover
- Supports
 - Quorum
 - Dead-man switch
 - disk and network tiebreaker
- Advantages
 - Policy-based and Goal-driven automation
 - Integrated in Tivoli Systems Management Portfolio





Tivoli System Automation

- Apache
- HTTP WebServer
- IBM Tivoli Directory Server
- inetd
- MaxDB SAP 7.5
- NFS Server
- Samba
- Sendmail
- TSM
- TWS 8.3
- WAS 6.0
- WebSphere MQ 7
- DP for my SAP 5.3
- TSAM Tivoli Service Automation Manager





Tivoli System Automation

samadmin tool

- Domain Management
- Resource and Group Management
- Equivalency Management
- Relationship Management
- TieBreaker Management
- Cluster Overview



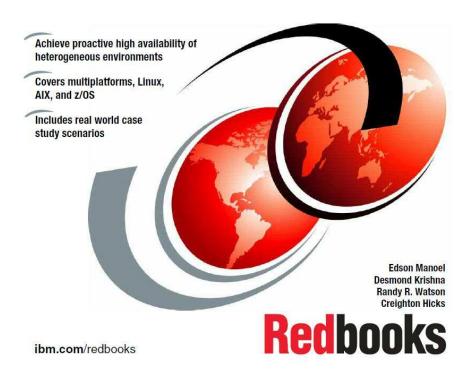
RedBooks





IBM

End-to-end Automation with IBM Tivoli System Automation for Multiplatforms





SHARE Technology · Cannections · Results

Linux-HA

- Components
 - heartbeat
 - Messaging between nodes to make sure they are available and take action if not
 - cluster-glue
 - Everything that is not messaging layer and not resource manager
 - resource-agents
 - Scripts that start/stop clustered services
 - Templates and scripts for many applications
 - pacemaker
 - cluster resource manager (CRM)



SHARE Technology · Cannections · Results

Linux-HA

- Components
 - heartbeat
 - Messaging between nodes to make sure they are available and take action if not
 - cluster-glue
 - Everything that is not messaging layer and not sesource manager
 - resource-agents
 - Scripts that start/stop clustered services
 - Templates and scripts for many applications
 - pacemaker
 - cluster resource manager (CRM)
- Optional
 - STONITH
 - Shoot The Other Node In The Head
 - Fence a node to ensure unique access to data and reliably manage shared storage



heartbeat

- Heartbeat connection between nodes
 - HiperSockets
 - VLAN
 - OSA Ethernet
- Heartbeat timeout detemines MTTR
- Integrated IP address takeover
- Integrated filesystem support





Applications

Examples

- IP address
- Webserver
- Firewall
- DNS
- DB2
- Complex scenarios can be managed with constraints and dependencies





Advantages

- Strongly authenticated communication
- Highly extensible
- Connectivity monitoring using voting protocol
- Subsecond failure detection
- SAF data checkpoint API
 - store application state to disk used to restore state in failover
 - not working if state changes to fast for disk
 - SAF provides an API to replicate data without storing to disk
- Standard init scripts as resource agents
- API for monitoring and control





Limitations

- Linux-HA can not provide 100% availability
- Applications which can not deal with the timeout need to be cluster aware
 - i.e. store the state to disk for restore
 - or use SAF data checkpoint API which provides a replication API for faster change rates
- Short outage due to failover detection
- TCP connection is broken





System is redundant and highly available already





Hardware is redundant and highly available





- Hardware is redundant and highly available
- Availability of applications
- Shared Resources in z/VM
 - Standby nodes can use overcommitment of memory and PUs
- z/VM Guests as test systems
- Use HiperSockets for reliable cluster communication





- Hardware is redundant and highly available
- Availability of applications
- Shared Resources in z/VM
 - Standby nodes can use overcommitment of memory and PUs
- z/VM Guests as test systems
- Use HiperSockets for reliable cluster communication
- Take care about scheduling issues
- Time to page in inactive guest





- Packages are available as extension for SUSE
 - SLES 10
 - SLES 11
- Packages can be compiled for RedHat
 - RHEL 4
 - RHEL 5





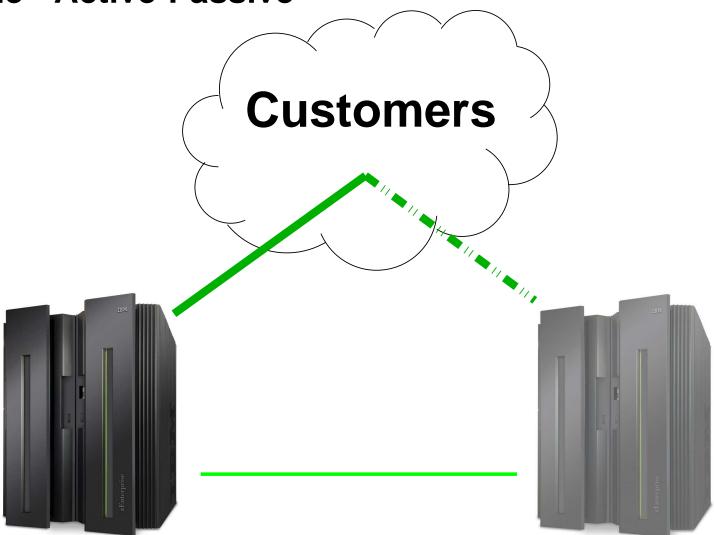
Agenda

- High Availability
- Challenges
- Linux-HA
- Examples





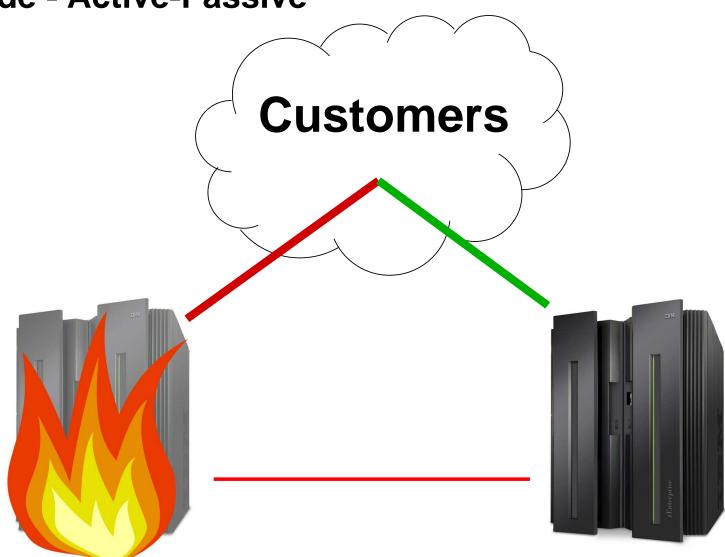
2 Node - Active-Passive







2 Node - Active-Passive







2 Node - Active-Passive

- Higher costs
- In good case
 - No idle resources

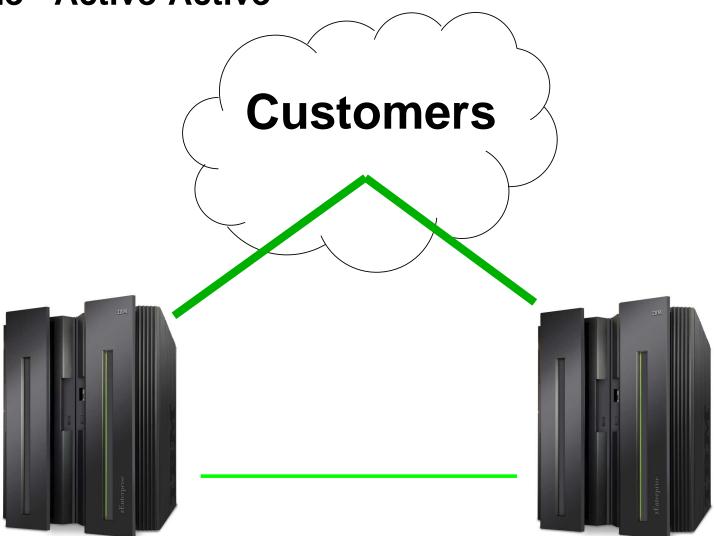


- In case of failure
 - Constant performance
 - Application topology remains unchanged





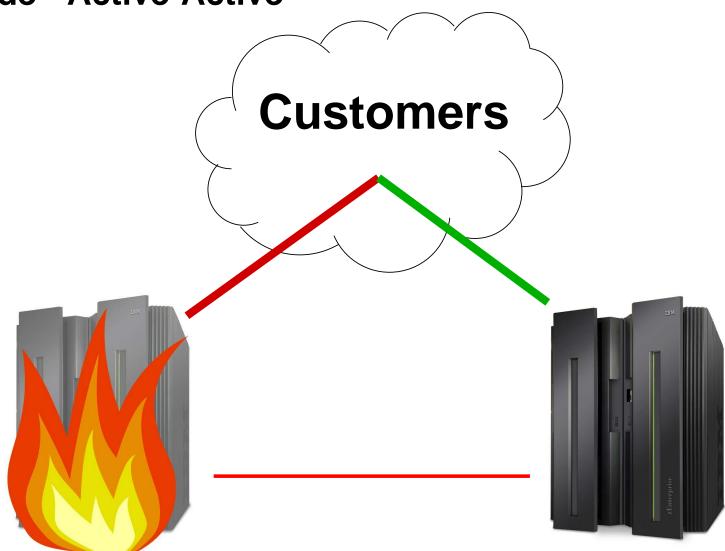
2 Node - Active-Active







2 Node - Active-Active







2 Node - Active-Active

- Lower costs
- In good case
 - No idle resources

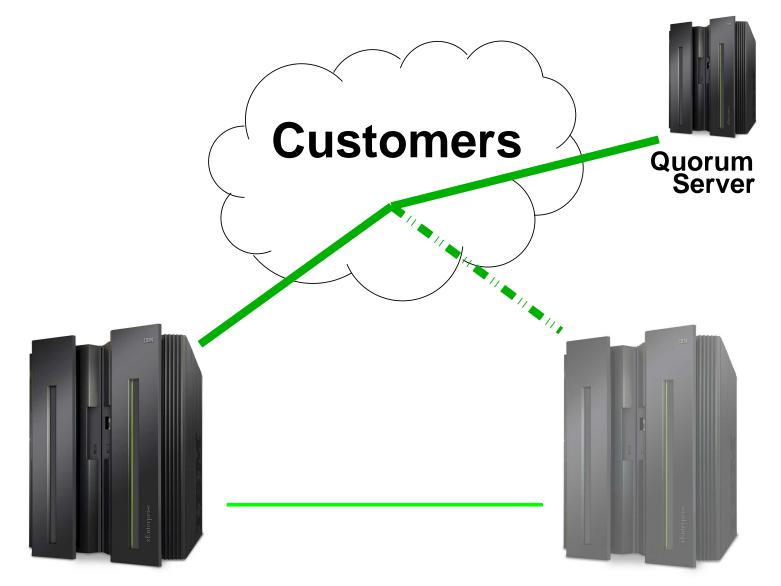


- In case of failure
 - Degradation of performance
 - Different application topology



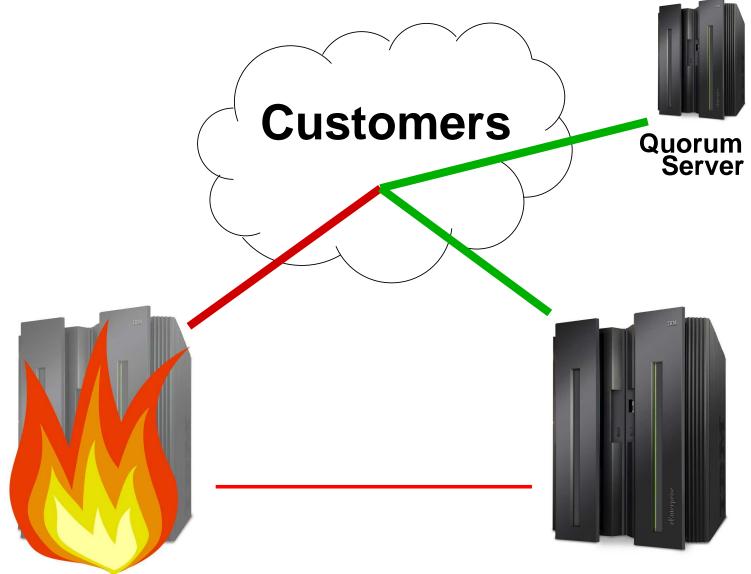


3 Nodes with Quorum





Quorum Server





Quorum Server

- Costs for Quorum server
- Monitoring from customer/service perspective



- In case of failure
 - No split brain situation
 - Application topology remains unchanged





Summary

- Linux-HA can improve application availability
- Resource Agents for many applications
- Leverage z/VM resource sharing
 - Redundant resources
 - z/VM guests as test systems
- Systems have to be carefully designed and thoroughly tested





Links

- Linux-HA Wiki Talks and Papers http://linux-ha.org/wiki/Talks_and_Papers
- IBM Redbooks http://www.redbooks.ibm.com

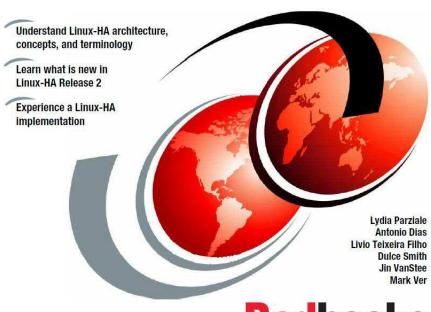


RedBooks



IBM

Achieving High Availability on Linux for System z with Linux-HA Release 2



ibm.com/redbooks







Thank You!



Alan Robertson for using his Linux-HA Tutorial





Questions?





Dr. Stefan Reimbold *Diplom-Physiker*

Linux on System z Service

Schoenaicher Strasse 220 D-71032 Boeblingen Mail: Postfach 1380 D-71003 Boeblingen

Phone +49-7031-16-2368 Stefan.Reimbold@de.ibm.com





Please Evaluate



