

CICS as a Web Service Provider or Requester

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11:00am – 12:00am

Session 11446



Agenda

- Introduction to web services in general, and in CICS
- Four methods for creating a web service provider in CICS:
 1. CICS web services assistant
 2. Rational Developer for System z (RDz) with interpretive runtime XML conversion
 3. RDz, with compiled runtime XML conversion
 4. RDz Service Flow Modeler (SFM)
- Two methods for creating a web service requester in CICS:
 1. CICS web services assistant
 2. RDz
- Diagnosing web services in CICS



Terms

Web service

- A software system designed to support interoperable machine-to-machine interaction over a network
- It has an interface described in a machine-processable format (specifically **WSDL**)
- Other systems interact with *[it ...]* using **SOAP** messages, typically conveyed using **HTTP** *[...]*

or MQ, JCA... in the examples presented here, we will use HTTP

Complete your sessions evaluation online at SHARE.org/AnaheimEval

WSDL

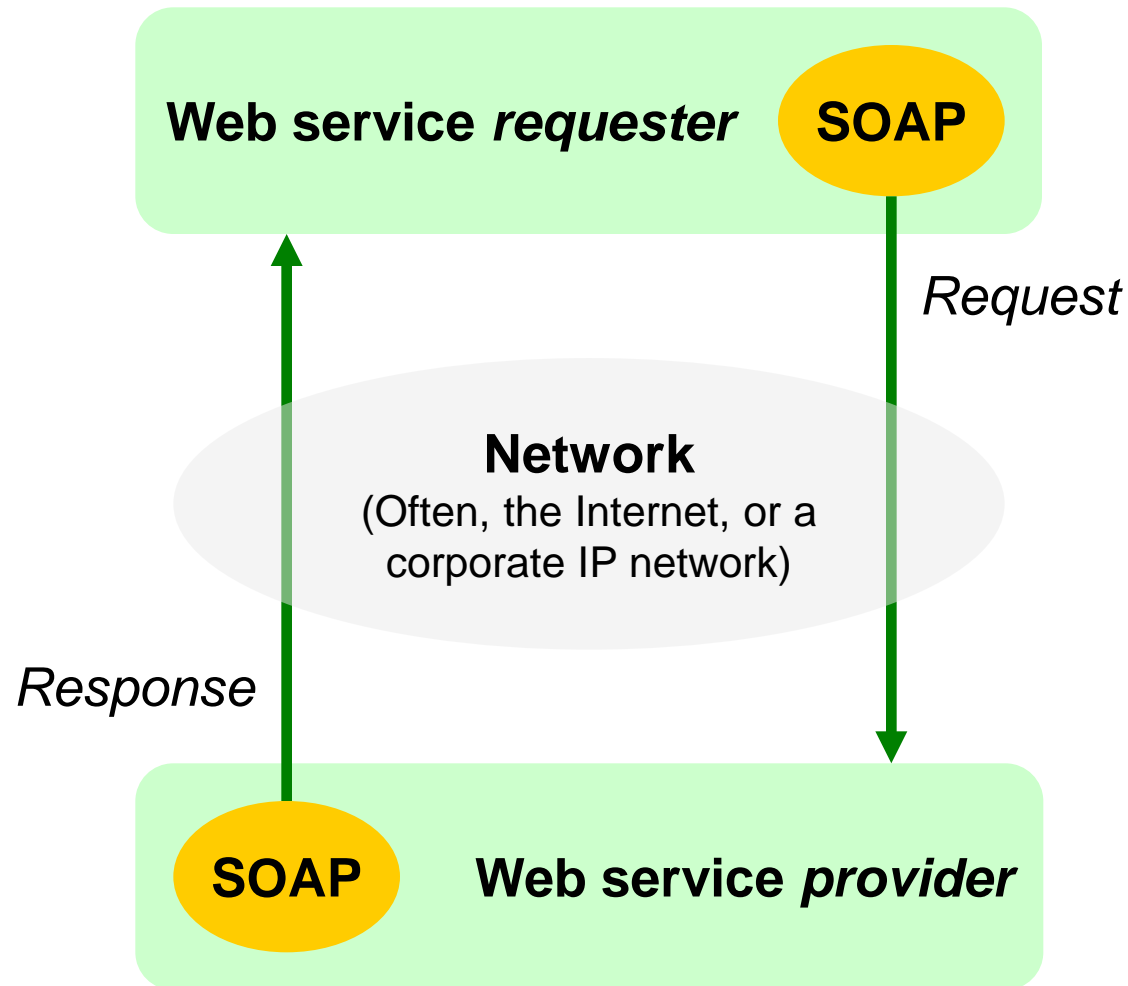
- *[Web Service Description Language is an XML vocabulary that]* describes *[...]* the messages that are exchanged between the requester and provider

SOAP

- *[A ...]* framework for packaging and exchanging XML messages

Source: *Web Services Architecture*
<http://www.w3.org/TR/ws-arch/>

Basic concept



Example SOAP request

XML defined by the SOAP standard

```
<soapenv:Envelope
  xmlns="http://www.PAYBUS.PAYCOM1.Request.com"
  xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <soapenv:Body>
    <PAYBUSOperation>
      <ws_payroll_data>
        <ws_request>DISP</ws_request>
        <ws_key>
          <ws_department>1</ws_department>
          <ws_employee_no>00001</ws_employee_no>
        </ws_key>
      </ws_payroll_data>
      ...some markup omitted for brevity...
    </PAYBUS1Operation>
  </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

Web service-specific XML
(contents of the SOAP Body) is
described in a WSDL file

In plain English:

Please “display” payroll data for
employee number 1
in department 1



Example SOAP response

```
<soapenv:Envelope
  xmlns="http://www. PAYBUS.PAYCOM1.Request.com"
  xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <soapenv:Body>
    <PAYBUSOperationResponse>
      <ws_payroll_data>
        <ws_request>DISP</ws_request>
        <ws_key>
          <ws_department>1</ws_department>
          <ws_employee_no>00001</ws_employee_no>
        </ws_key>
        <ws_name>CIRCLE COMPUTER 1 </ws_name>
        <ws_addr1>65 WILLOWBROOK BLVD </ws_addr1>
        <ws_addr2>4TH FLOOR</ws_addr2>
        <ws_addr3>WAYNE, NJ 07470 </ws_addr3>
        <ws_phone_no>890-9331</ws_phone_no>
        <ws_timestamp/>
        <ws_salary>50000.00</ws_salary>
        <ws_start_date>12312008</ws_start_date>
        <ws_remarks>CIRCLE IS MAGIC </ws_remarks>
        ...some markup omitted for brevity...
      </PAYBUSOperationResponse>
    </soapenv:Body>
  </soapenv:Envelope>
```

Response details



Web Service Description Language (WSDL) file

- WSDL 1.1 (see below) or 2.0: generated by CICS web services assistant or RDz (if you don't have one)
- Describes the request/response message XML (schema); groups messages into operations on an abstract port; binds the operations to a message transport; specifies the web service address

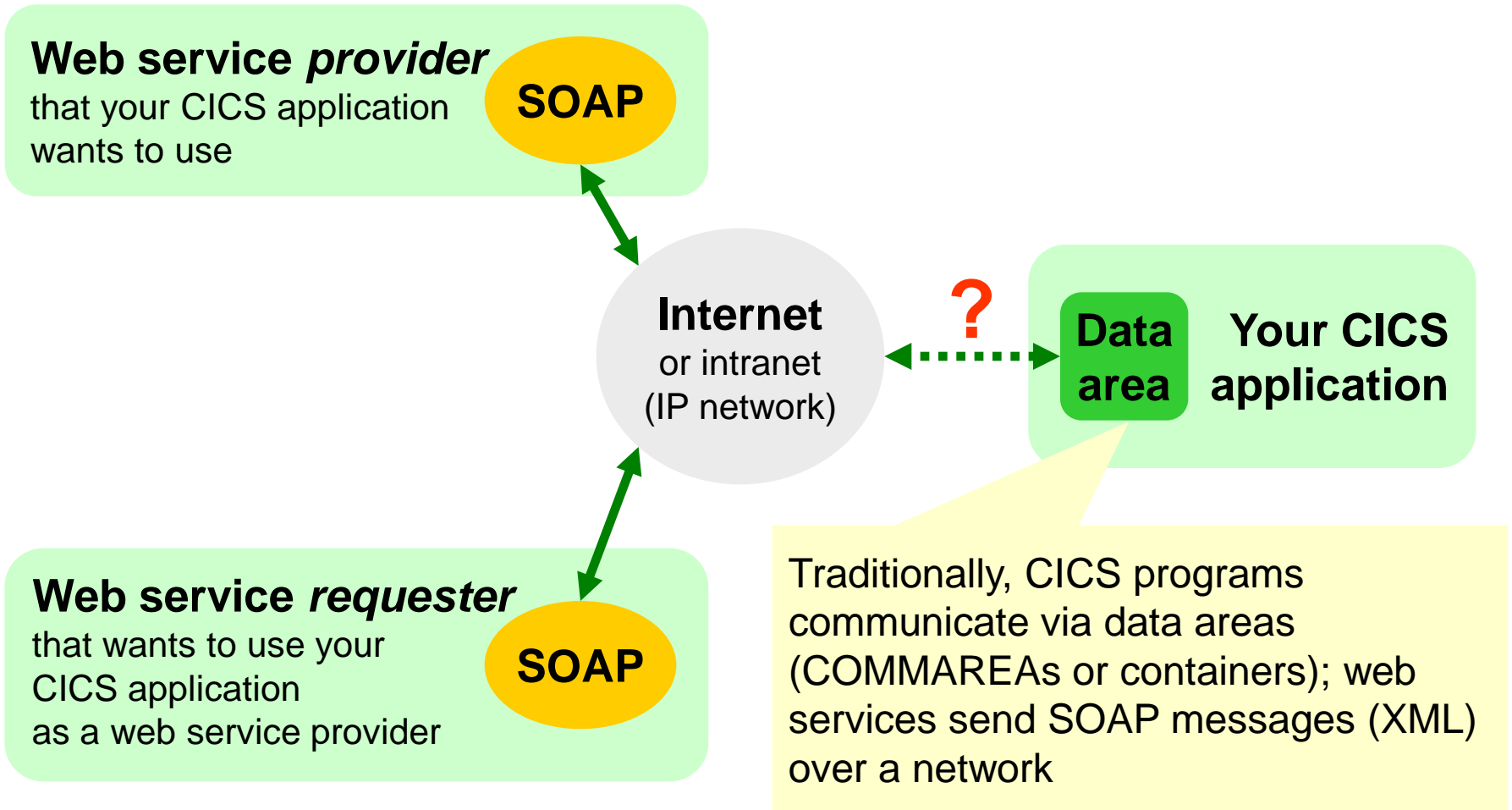
```
<definitions ... >
  <types>
    <xsd:schema ... > ... </xsd:schema>
    <xsd:schema ... > ... </xsd:schema>
  </types>
  <message name="PAYBUSOperationResponse">
    <part element="resns:PAYBUSOperationResponse" name="ResponsePart"/>
  </message>
  <message name="PAYBUSOperationRequest">
    <part element="reqns:PAYBUSOperation" name="RequestPart"/>
  </message>
```

WSDL 1.1 file, continued

```
<portType name="PAYBUSPort">
  <operation name="PAYBUSOperation">
    <input message="tns:PAYBUSOperationRequest" name="PAYBUSOperationRequest"/>
    <output message="tns:PAYBUSOperationResponse" name="PAYBUSOperationResponse"/>
  </operation>
</portType>
<binding name="PAYBUSHTTPSoapBinding" type="tns:PAYBUSPort">
  <soap:binding style="document" transport="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/http"/>
  <operation name="PAYBUSOperation">
    <soap:operation soapAction="" style="document"/>
    <input name="PAYBUSOperationRequest">
      <soap:body parts="RequestPart" use="literal"/>
    </input>
    <output name="PAYBUSOperationResponse">
      <soap:body parts="ResponsePart" use="literal"/>
    </output>
  </operation>
</binding>
<service name="PAYBUSService">
  <port binding="tns:PAYBUSHTTPSoapBinding" name="PAYBUSPort">
    <soap:address location="http://my-server:my-port/paybus1"/>
  </port>
</service>
</definitions>
```

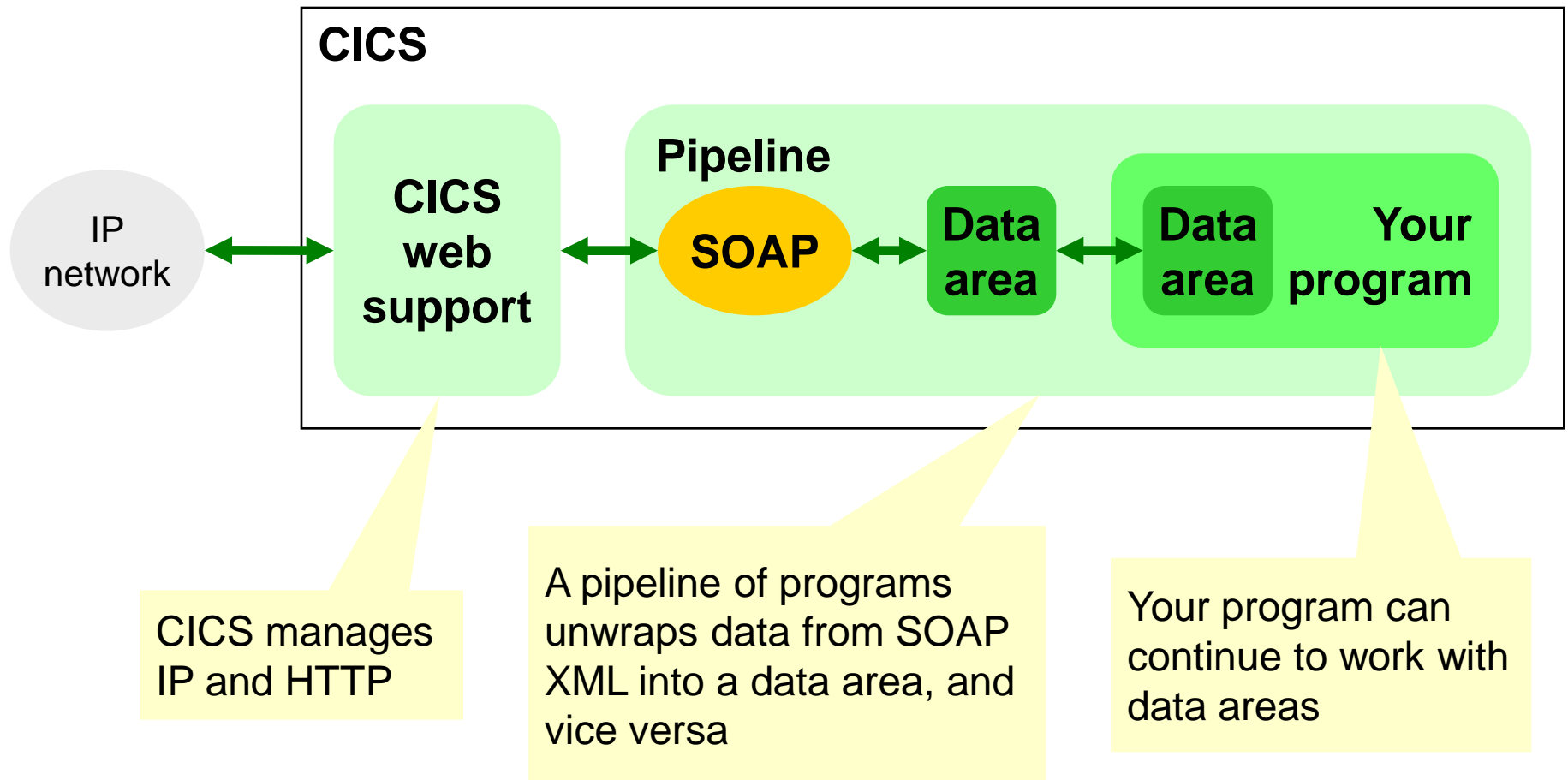


Problem



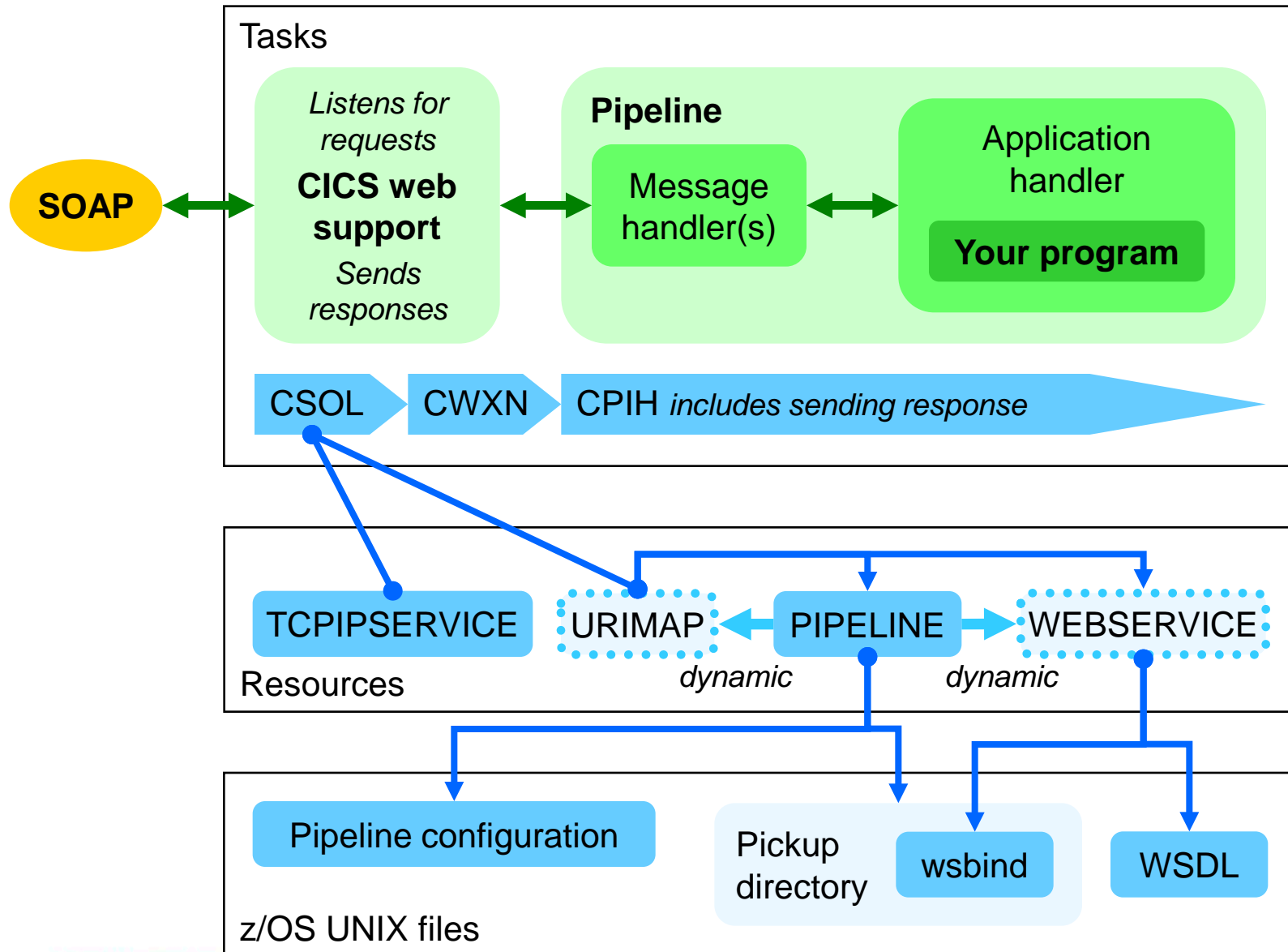


Solution



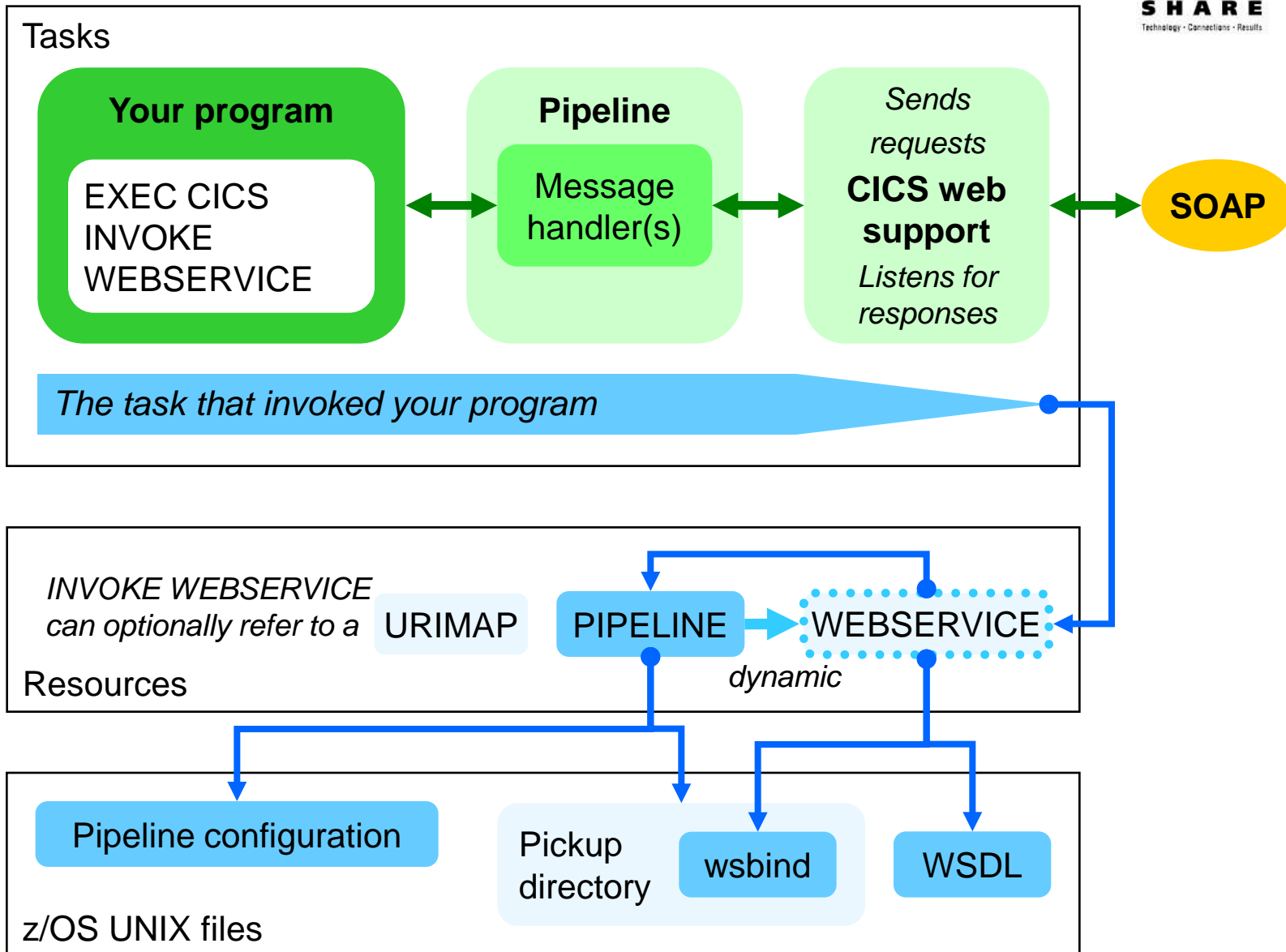


CICS as a web service provider





CICS as a web service requester



CLICS resources

- You must manually create:
 - **Provider only:**
TCPIPSERVICE: Specifies which port to listen to for requests. (This assumes HTTP message transport. For WebSphere MQ, you would create an MQCONN.)
 - **PIPELINE:** Points to a pipeline configuration file, which specifies the sequence of handler programs in the pipeline.
- **CLICS dynamically creates** when PIPELINE is installed (or when you run the PIPELINE SCAN command):
 - **Provider only:**
URIMAP: Specifies which pipeline and web service to use for this request. (For a requester, the INVOKE (WEB)SERVICE can optionally refer to a URIMAP for the provider address.)
 - **WEBSERVICE:** Points to a WSDL file and a wsbind file.

Pipeline configuration file

- Defines the handlers that constitute the pipeline (in these examples, the single handler wraps/unwraps the contents of the SOAP message body in the SOAP envelope)
- If you do not require special processing, you can use these IBM-supplied sample files unchanged:

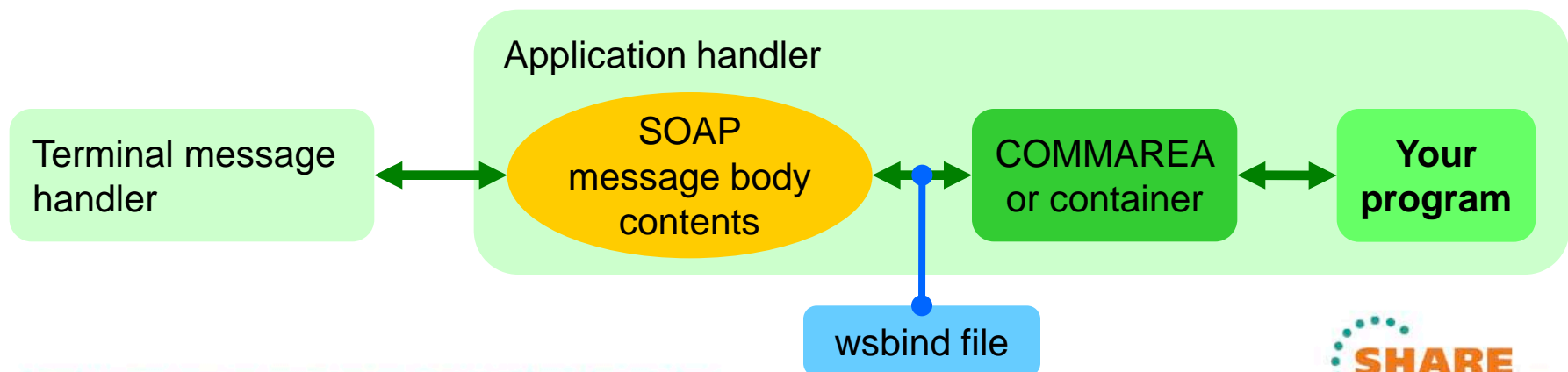
```
<provider_pipeline ... >
  <service>
    <terminal_handler>
      <cics_soap_1.1_handler/>
    </terminal_handler>
  </service>
  <apphandler>DFHPITP</apphandler>
</provider_pipeline>
```

```
<requester_pipeline ... >
  <service>
    <service_handler_list>
      <cics_soap_1.1_handler/>
    </service_handler_list>
  </service>
</requester_pipeline>
```

Also known as a “wrapper” program. Extracts data from XML, calls your CICS application program, converts returned data back into XML.

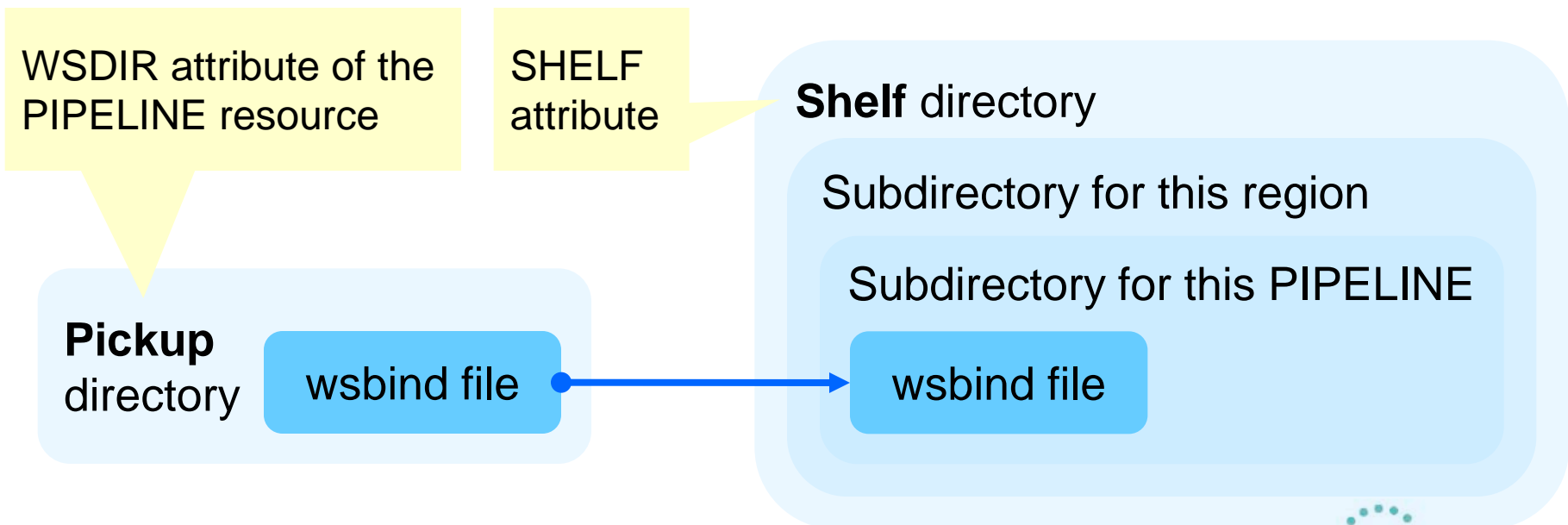
Web service binding (wsbind) file

- Generated by CICS web services assistant or RDz
- Proprietary to CICS web services
- Contains web service-specific information, such as how to map between the fields in a COMMAREA or container and the XML in a SOAP message body
- Enables you to use the CICS-supplied application handler (DFHPITP) for different web services

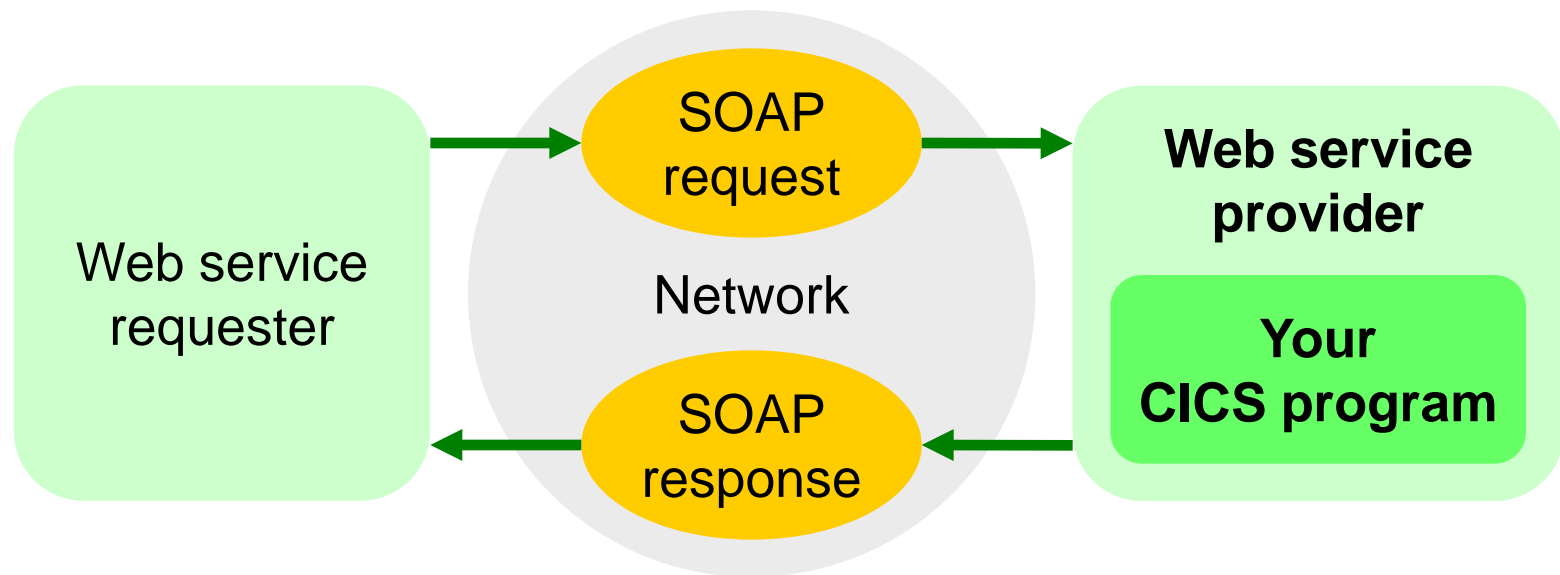


wsbind file: pickup and shelf directories

- When you install the PIPELINE resource, or when you issue a PIPELINE SCAN command, CICS copies the wsbind file from the pickup directory to the shelf directory.
- At runtime, CICS refers to the copy in the shelf directory.



Creating a web service provider in CICS



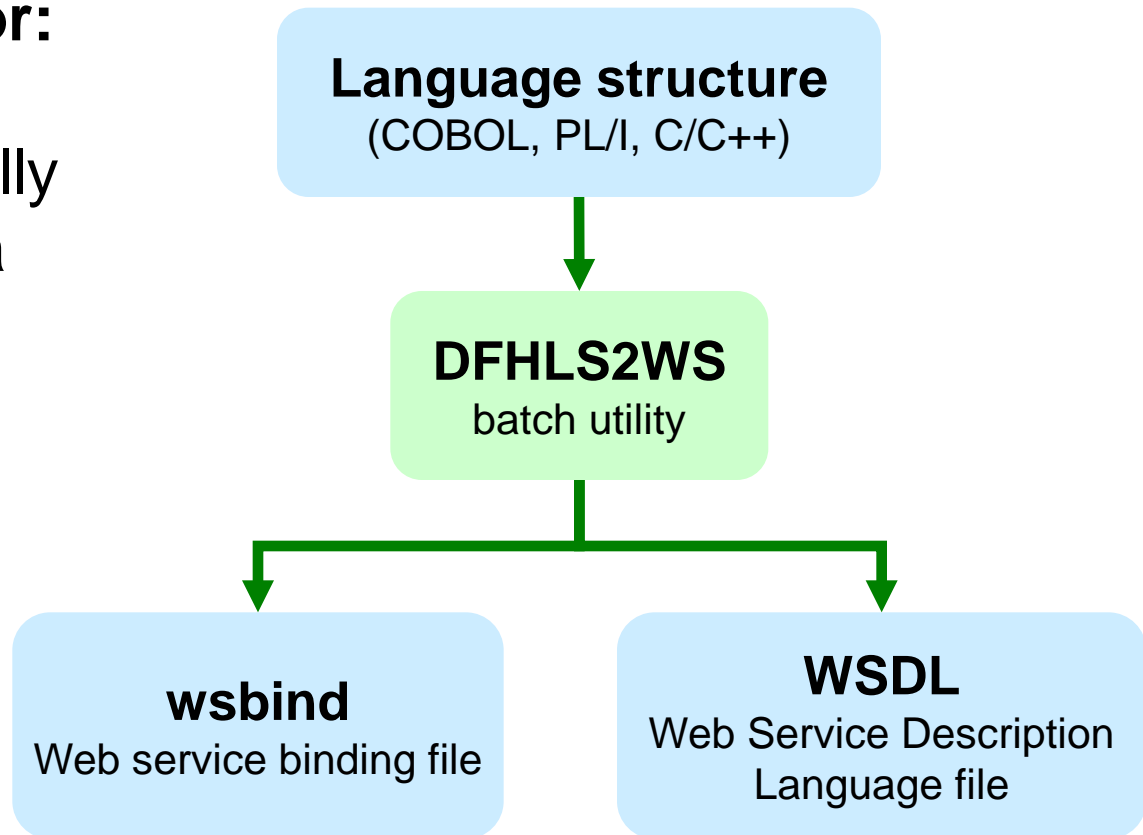


Methods for creating a web service provider in CICS

1. **CICS web services assistant** (batch utilities supplied with CICS) from a copybook, using the DFHLS2WS batch utility (generates a WSDL file and a wsbind file)
2. **Rational Developer for System z (RDz)** from a copybook (using a wizard), with *interpretive* runtime XML conversion (as per DFHLS2WS, above)
3. **RDz** as above, but with *compiled* runtime XML conversion (in addition to WSDL and wsbind files, also generates a bespoke COBOL program to convert XML)
4. **RDz Service Flow Modeler** from a recording of an interactive CICS terminal user interface (and using a wizard)

Creating a provider using the CICS web services assistant

- **Use this method for:** an existing CICS application that is fully functional and has a COMMAREA or channel interface
- **You will need:** a COBOL copybook (or PL/I, C/C++ equivalent)



Creating the CICS infrastructure for a provider

- These steps apply to any method for creating a provider.
 1. Create a **TCPIP SERVICE** resource.
 2. Create a **pipeline configuration file**.
 3. Create a **PIPELINE** resource.
 4. Unless you use autoinstalled PROGRAM definitions, create a **PROGRAM** resource for each program in the pipeline.



Creating a provider using the CICS web services assistant

1. Run the **DFHLS2WS** batch utility (for example, specifying a COBOL copybook as the input file).
2. Copy the generated **wsbind** file to the pickup directory (the z/OS UNIX path specified by the WSDIR attribute of the PIPELINE resource).
Optionally, copy the generated **WSDL** file to the same path (if you want to validate the SOAP messages).
3. Install the **PIPELINE** (dynamically creates the WEBSERVICE and URIMAP resources).

The provider is ready for testing.

JCL to run DFHLS2WS

```
//SYSEGXLS JOB (39248C,A,T),'LS2WS',  
// MSGCLASS=A,NOTIFY=&SYSUID,REGION=0M  
// SET QT=''''  
//WHERE SMA JCLLIB ORDER=CIRCLE.CICSWS.PROCLIB  
//JAVAPROG EXEC DFHLS2WS,  
// JAVADIR='Java601_64/J6.0.1_64',PATHPREF='/u',TMPDIR='/u/tmp',  
// TMPFILE=&QT.&SYSUID.&QT,USSDIR='cicsts42'  
//INPUT.SYSUT1 DD *  
PDSLIB=CIRCLE.CICSWS.COPYLIB  
REQMEM=PAYCOM1  
RESPMEM=PAYCOM1  
PGMINT=COMMAREA  
MAPPING-LEVEL=3.0  
MINIMUM-RUNTIME-LEVEL=CURRENT  
LANG=COBOL  
PGMNAME=PAYBUS  
URI=/paybus1  
WSBIND=/u/usr/lpp/cicsts/cicsts42/samples/webservices/wsbind/provider/p*  
aybus1.wsbind  
WSDL=/u/usr/lpp/cicsts/cicsts42/samples/webservices/wsd1/paybus1.wsd1  
LOGFILE=/u/sysegx0/paybus  
/*
```

Input COBOL copybook PDS members:
one for the request, another for the
response (same in this case)

Your existing CICS program

Output wsbind and
WSDL files

DFHLS2WS log

DFHPI9609I Parameter "LOGFILE" has value "/u/sysegx0/paybus".

...

DFHPI9609I Parameter "PDSLIB" has value "//CIRCLE.CICSWS.COPYLIB".

DFHPI9609I Parameter "PGMINT" has value "COMMAREA".

DFHPI9609I Parameter "PGMNAME" has value "PAYBUS".

DFHPI9609I Parameter "REQMEM" has value "PAYCOM1".

...

DFHPI9609I Parameter "RESPMEM" has value "PAYCOM1".

...

DFHPI9609I Parameter "URI" has value "/paybus1".

...

DFHPI9629I The minimum runtime level required for this Web service is "3.0".

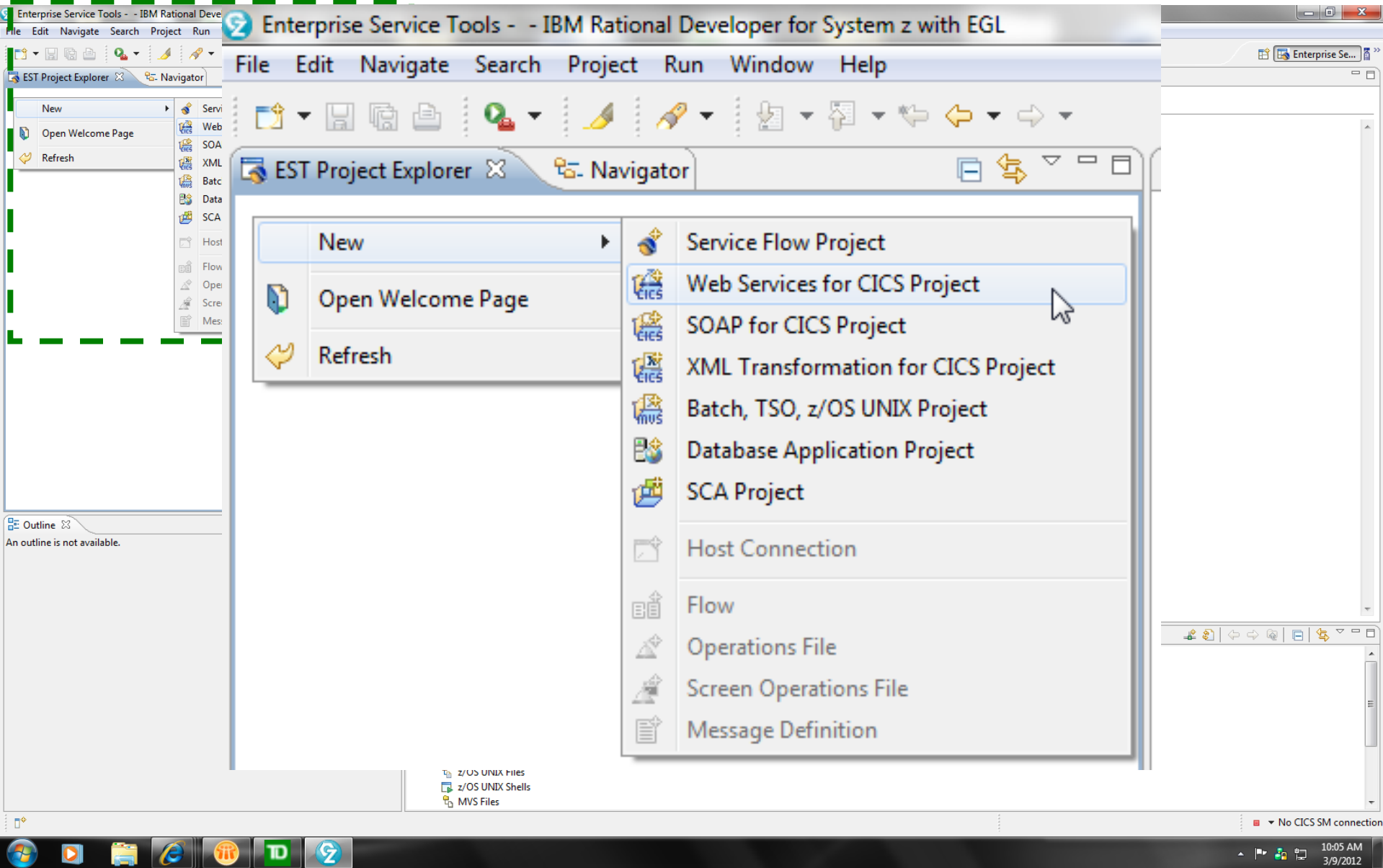
DFHPI9640I This Web service should be installed into a PIPELINE that uses SOAP version "1.1".

DFHPI9587I Program "DFHLS2WS" has completed SUCCESSFULLY.

Testing the provider using RDz Web Services Tester

- The following slides demonstrate using the RDz Web Services Tester to test the provider:
 1. Create a CICS web service project in RDz
 2. Import the WSDL file
 3. Run the Web Services Tester
 4. Use the GUI to create and send a request to the provider

Testing the provider using RDz (1 of 8)



The screenshot displays the IBM Rational Developer for System z with EGL interface. The main window is titled "Enterprise Service Tools - - IBM Rational Developer for System z with EGL". The menu bar includes File, Edit, Navigate, Search, Project, Run, Window, and Help. The toolbar contains various icons for file operations and development. The "EST Project Explorer" and "Navigator" tabs are visible. The "New" menu is open, showing a list of project types. A mouse cursor is hovering over the "Web Services for CICS Project" option.

Icon	Project Type
	New
	Open Welcome Page
	Refresh
	Service Flow Project
	Web Services for CICS Project
	SOAP for CICS Project
	XML Transformation for CICS Project
	Batch, TSO, z/OS UNIX Project
	Database Application Project
	SCA Project
	Host Connection
	Flow
	Operations File
	Screen Operations File
	Message Definition

At the bottom of the screen, the taskbar shows the Windows Start button and several application icons. The system tray in the bottom right corner displays the time as 10:05 AM on 3/9/2012 and a status message: "No CICS SM connection".

Testing the provider using RDz (2 of 8)

Enterprise Service Tools - IBM Rational I

File Edit Navigate Search Project R

EST Project Explorer


Outline

An outline is not available.

New Web Services for CICS Project

Create a Web Services for CICS Project

You can use this project to hold Web Services for CICS application components.
You can also use this project as part of a service flow project.

 Project name: DFHLS2WSTest

Options


Development scenario: Create New Service Implementation (top-down)

Application mode: Service Requestor

Conversion type: Interpretive XML Conversion

Scenario description:

Generate high level language data structures and runtime specific XML message processing from a Web service description. You can use this option to (1) Create a new service provider application program (2) Expose an existing application program as a service provider or (3) Construct a new service requester application program.

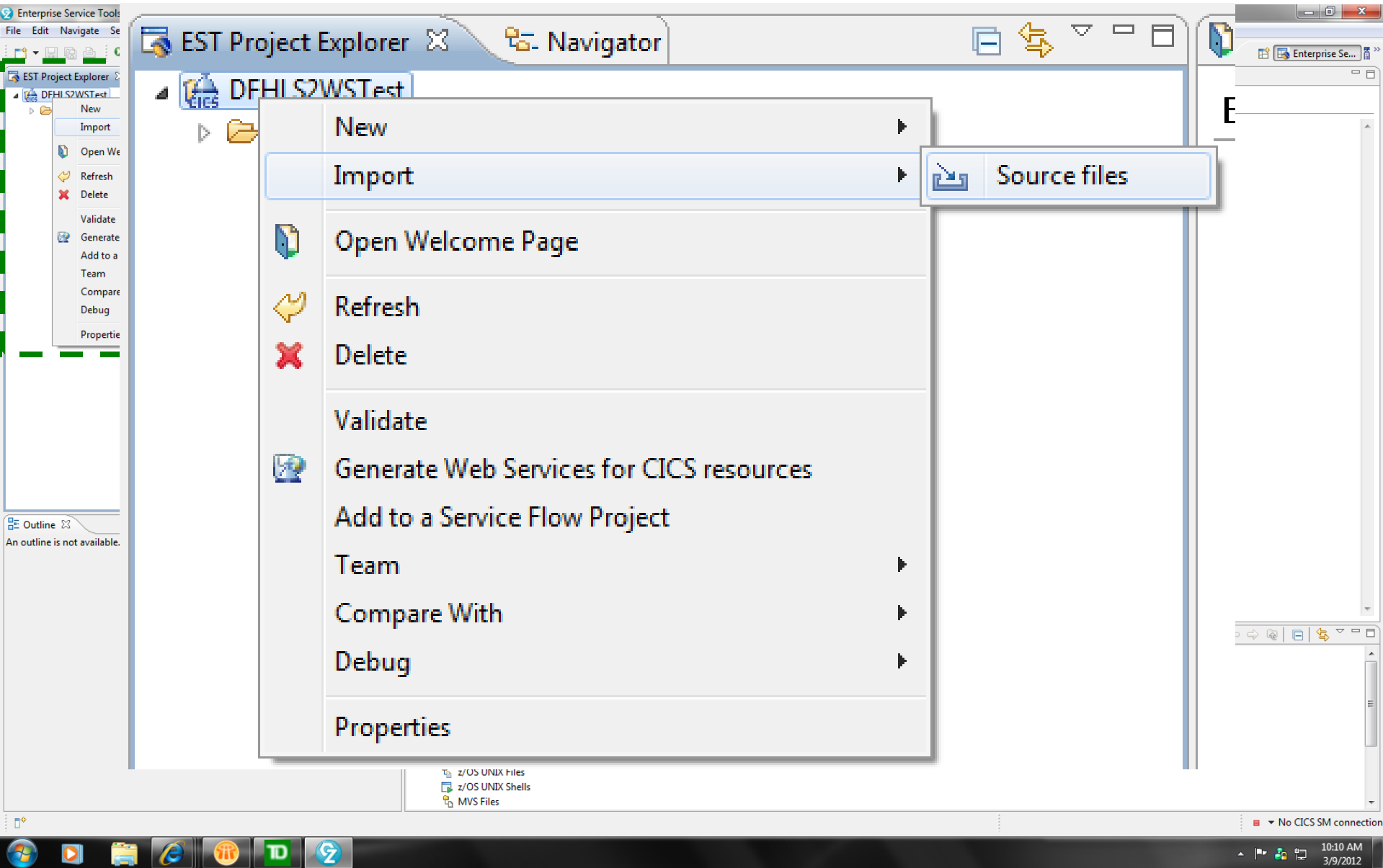
 < Back Next > Finish Cancel

Enterprise Se...

No CICS SM connection

10:09 AM
3/9/2012

Testing the provider using RDz (3 of 8)



The screenshot displays the IBM Enterprise Service Tools (EST) Project Explorer interface. The main window shows a project named **DFHLS2WSTest** under the **CICS** node. A context menu is open over the project, listing various actions:

- New
- Import (highlighted, with a sub-menu open showing **Source files**)
- Open Welcome Page
- Refresh
- Delete
- Validate
- Generate Web Services for CICS resources
- Add to a Service Flow Project
- Team
- Compare With
- Debug
- Properties

The left sidebar shows the **Enterprise Service Tools** menu with options like File, Edit, Navigate, and Search. The bottom status bar indicates **No CICS SM connection** and the system time is **10:10 AM 3/9/2012**.

Testing the provider using RDz (4 of 8)

Enterprise Service Tools - IBM Rational Dev

File Edit Navigate Search Project Run

EST Project Explorer

DFHLS2WSTest

Generation

Outline

An outline is not available.

Import Source Files Wizard

Import source files from the workspace, file system, or remote z/OS system.

Source files to import

Y:\WORK\PAYBUSWSDL.wsdl

Import from:

File system...

Workspace...

Remote...

Remove

☐ Overwrite existing resources without warning

?

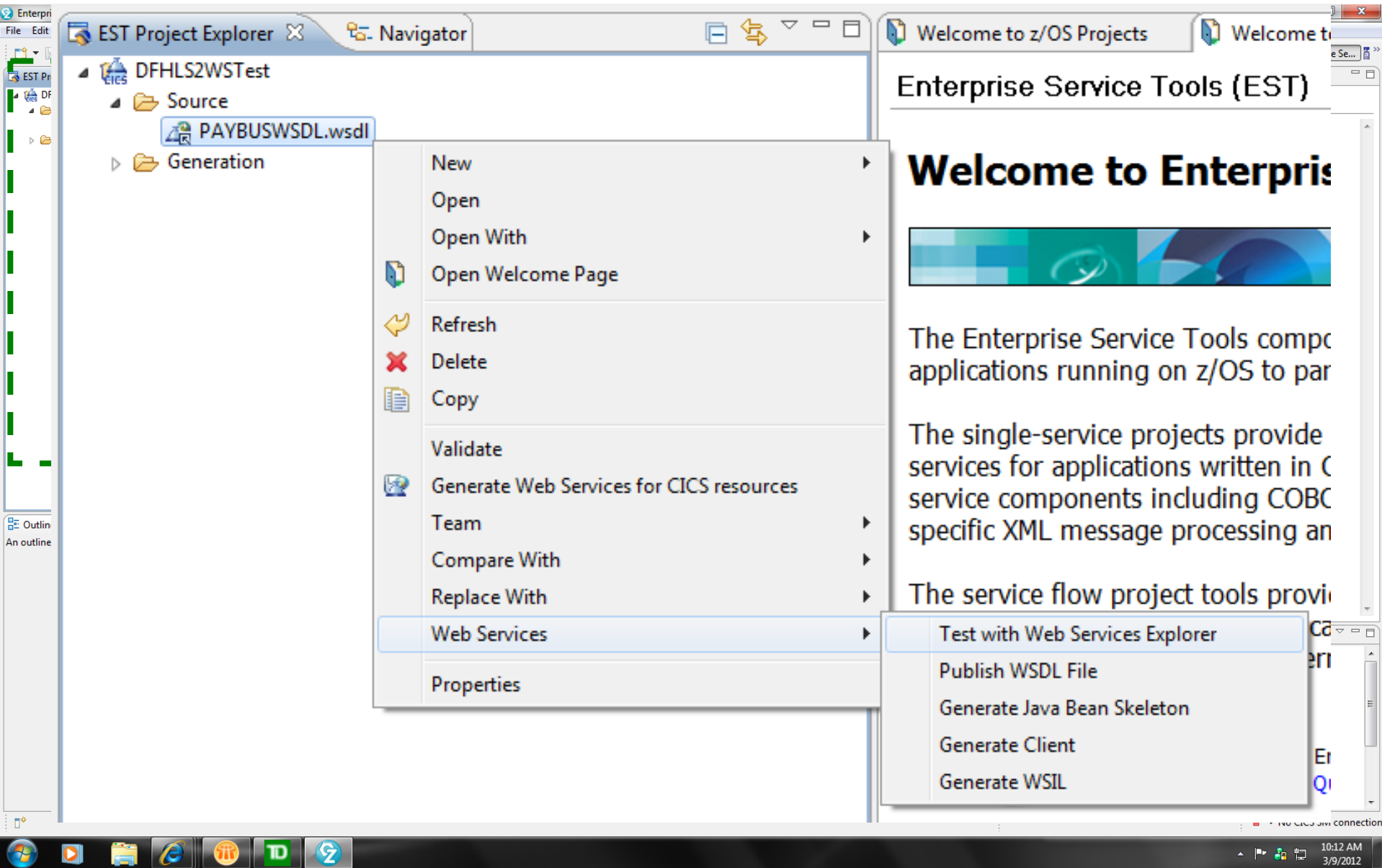
Finish Cancel

Enterprise Se...

No CICS SM connection

10:11 AM
3/9/2012

Testing the provider using RDz (5 of 8)



The screenshot displays the IBM Enterprise Service Tools (EST) interface. On the left, the 'EST Project Explorer' shows a project named 'DFHLS2WSTest' with a 'Source' folder containing 'PAYBUSWSDL.wsdl'. A right-click context menu is open over this file, listing actions such as 'New', 'Open', 'Open With', 'Open Welcome Page', 'Refresh', 'Delete', 'Copy', 'Validate', 'Generate Web Services for CICS resources', 'Team', 'Compare With', 'Replace With', 'Web Services', and 'Properties'. The 'Web Services' option is selected, which has opened a sub-menu on the right. This sub-menu contains the following options: 'Test with Web Services Explorer', 'Publish WSDL File', 'Generate Java Bean Skeleton', 'Generate Client', and 'Generate WSIL'. In the background, a 'Welcome to z/OS Projects' dialog is visible, featuring the title 'Enterprise Service Tools (EST)' and a large 'Welcome to Enterprise' heading. The dialog also contains introductory text about the tools and their capabilities.

EST Project Explorer

DFHLS2WSTest

- Source
 - PAYBUSWSDL.wsdl
- Generation

Context Menu:

- New
- Open
- Open With
- Open Welcome Page
- Refresh
- Delete
- Copy
- Validate
- Generate Web Services for CICS resources
- Team
- Compare With
- Replace With
- Web Services
 - Test with Web Services Explorer
 - Publish WSDL File
 - Generate Java Bean Skeleton
 - Generate Client
 - Generate WSIL
- Properties

Welcome to z/OS Projects

Enterprise Service Tools (EST)

Welcome to Enterprise

The Enterprise Service Tools compo applications running on z/OS to par

The single-service projects provide services for applications written in C service components including COBC specific XML message processing an

The service flow project tools provi

10:12 AM
3/9/2012

Testing the provider using RDz (6 of 8)

Welcome to EST Web Services Explorer

Web Services Explorer

Navigator

- WSDL Main
 - file:/Y:/WORK/PAYBUSWSDL.wsdl
 - PAYBUSService
 - PAYBUSHTTPSoapBinding**

Actions

WSDL Binding Details

Shown below are the details for this **SOAP** <binding> element. Click on an operation to fill in its endpoints.

Operations

Name	Documentation
PAYBUSOperation	--

Endpoints [Add](#) [Remove](#)

Endpoints
<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> http://my-server:my-port/paybus1

Go Reset

Local ...
Unix ...
z/OS ...
Local
204.90.115.165
z/OS UNIX Files
z/OS UNIX Shells
MVS Files

No CICS SM connection

10:13 AM
3/9/2012

Testing the provider using RDz (7 of 8)

Welcome to EST Web Services Explorer

Web Services Explorer

Navigator

- WSDL Main
 - file:/Y:/WORK/PAYBUSWSDL.wsdl
 - PAYBUSService
 - PAYBUSHTTPSoapBinding

Actions

WSDL Binding Details

Shown below are the details for this **SOAP** <binding> element. Click on an operation to fill in its endpoints.

Operations

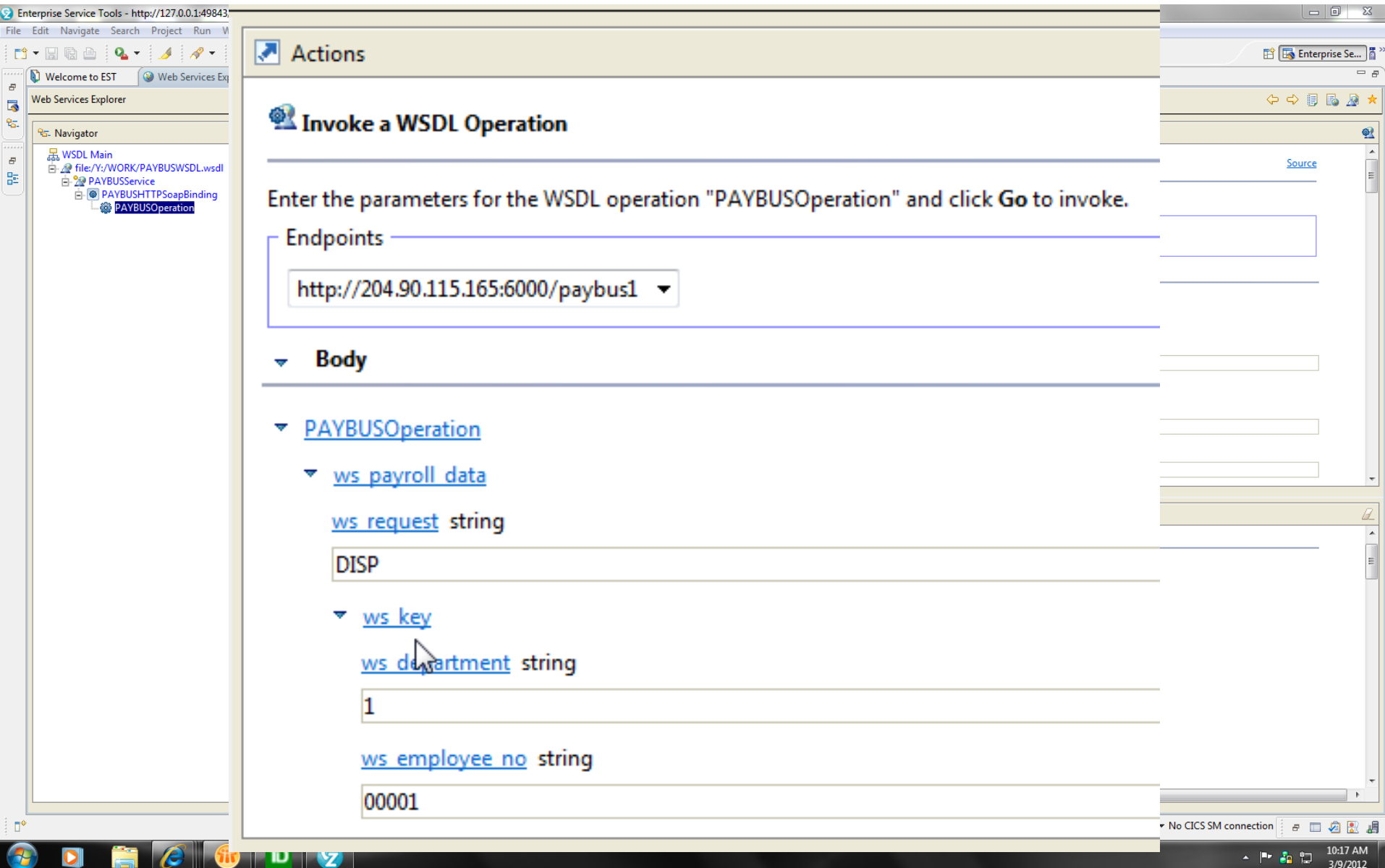
Name	Documentation
PAYBUSOperation	--

Endpoints [Add](#) [Remove](#)

Endpoints
<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> http://my-server:my-port/paybus1
<input type="checkbox"/> http://204.90.115.165:6000/paybus1

Go Reset

Testing the provider using RDz (8 of 8)



The screenshot displays the Enterprise Service Tools (EST) application. The main window is titled 'Enterprise Service Tools - http://127.0.0.1:49843'. The 'Web Services Explorer' on the left shows a tree view with 'WSDL Main' expanded, containing 'file/Y:/WORK/PAYBUSWSDL.wsdl', 'PAYBUSService', 'PAYBUSHTTPSoapBinding', and 'PAYBUSOperation'. The 'Actions' pane on the right is titled 'Invoke a WSDL Operation' and contains the following text: 'Enter the parameters for the WSDL operation "PAYBUSOperation" and click Go to invoke.' Below this, there are input fields for 'Endpoints' (containing 'http://204.90.115.165:6000/paybus1') and 'Body'. The 'Body' section is expanded, showing a tree view with 'PAYBUSOperation' expanded, containing 'ws_payroll_data' expanded, containing 'ws_request' (string) with value 'DISP', 'ws_key' expanded, containing 'ws_department' (string) with value '1', and 'ws_employee_no' (string) with value '00001'. The bottom status bar indicates 'No CICS SM connection'.

Enterprise Service Tools - http://127.0.0.1:49843

File Edit Navigate Search Project Run V

Welcome to EST Web Services Explorer

Web Services Explorer

Navigator

- WSDL Main
 - file/Y:/WORK/PAYBUSWSDL.wsdl
 - PAYBUSService
 - PAYBUSHTTPSoapBinding
 - PAYBUSOperation

Actions

Invoke a WSDL Operation

Enter the parameters for the WSDL operation "PAYBUSOperation" and click Go to invoke.

Endpoints

Body

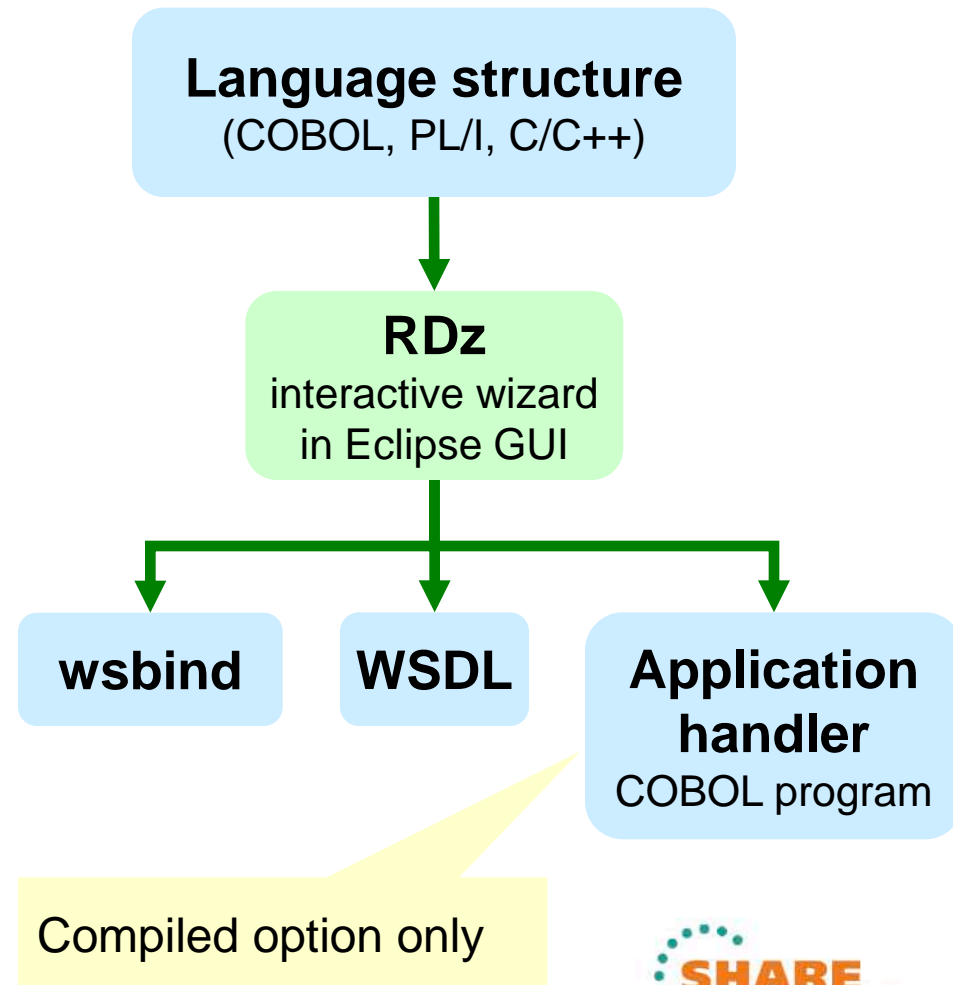
- PAYBUSOperation
 - ws_payroll_data
 - ws_request string
 - ws_key
 - ws_department string
 - ws_employee_no string

No CICS SM connection

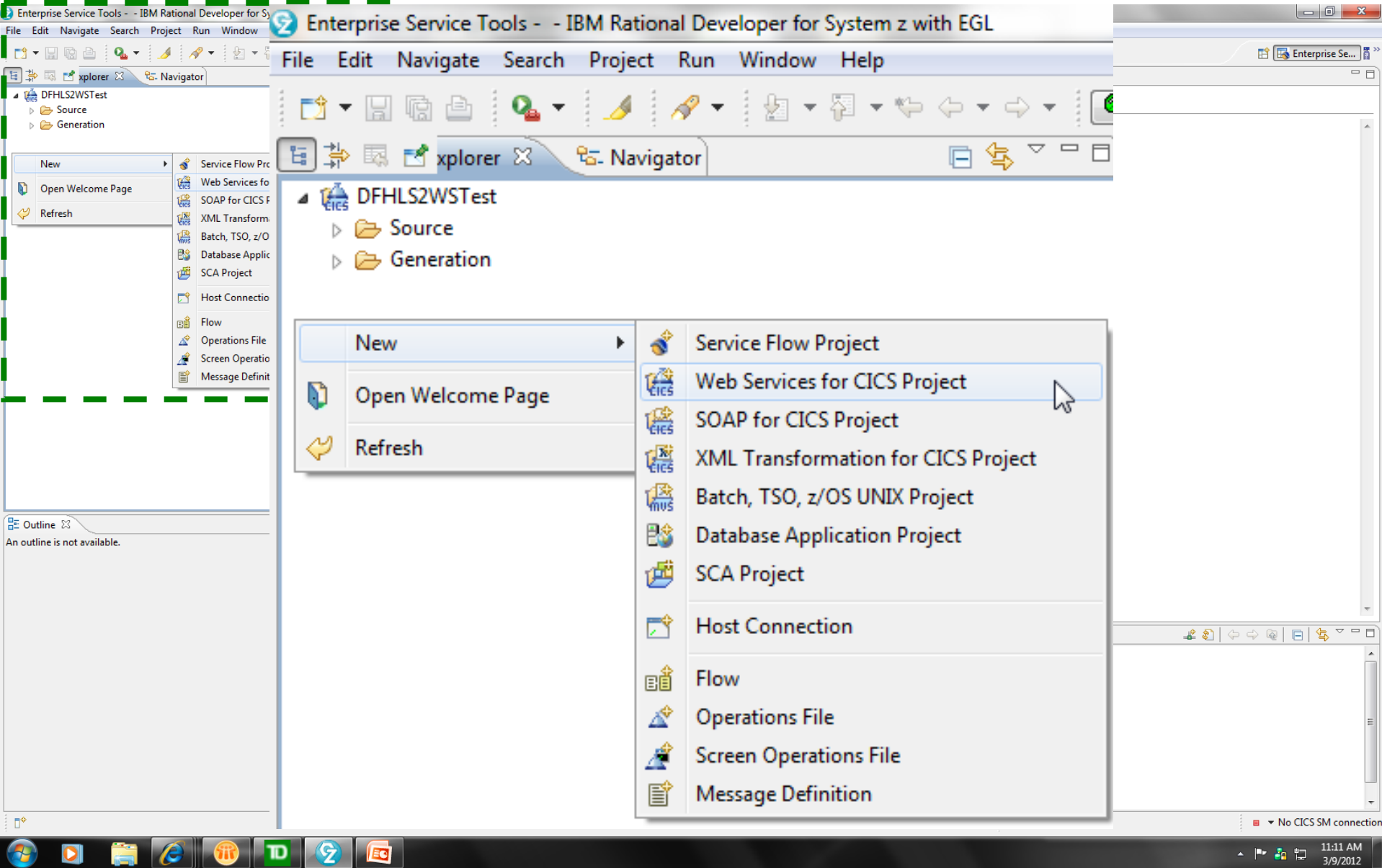
10:17 AM 3/9/2012

Creating a provider using Rational Developer for System z (RDz)

- Step-by-step wizard, with two options for runtime XML conversion:
- **Interpretive** uses a standard wrapper program, as per the CICS assistant
- **Compiled** generates a bespoke COBOL application handler (wrapper program)



Creating a provider using RDz: interpretive (1 of 9)



The screenshot displays the IBM Rational Developer for System z with EGL interface. The main window shows a project named 'DFHLS2WSTest' with subfolders 'Source' and 'Generation'. The 'New' menu is open, showing options for creating various types of projects and files. The 'Web Services for CICS Project' option is highlighted by the mouse cursor.

Enterprise Service Tools - - IBM Rational Developer for System z with EGL

File Edit Navigate Search Project Run Window Help

DFHLS2WSTest

- Source
- Generation

New

- Service Flow Project
- Web Services for CICS Project**
- SOAP for CICS Project
- XML Transformation for CICS Project
- Batch, TSO, z/OS UNIX Project
- Database Application Project
- SCA Project
- Host Connection
- Flow
- Operations File
- Screen Operations File
- Message Definition

Outline
An outline is not available.

11:11 AM
3/9/2012

Creating a provider using RDz: interpretive (2 of 9)

Enterprise Service Tools - IBM Rational Developer for WebSphere

File Edit Navigate Search Project Run

Explorer Navigator

- DFHLS2WSTest
 - Source
 - Generation


Outline

An outline is not available.

New Web Services for CICS Project

Create a Web Services for CICS Project

You can use this project to hold Web Services for CICS application components.
You can also use this project as part of a service flow project.

 Project name:

Options


Development scenario:

Application mode:

Conversion type:

Scenario description:

Generate a Web service description and runtime specific XML message processing from a high level language data structure. You can use this option when you expose an application program as a service provider.

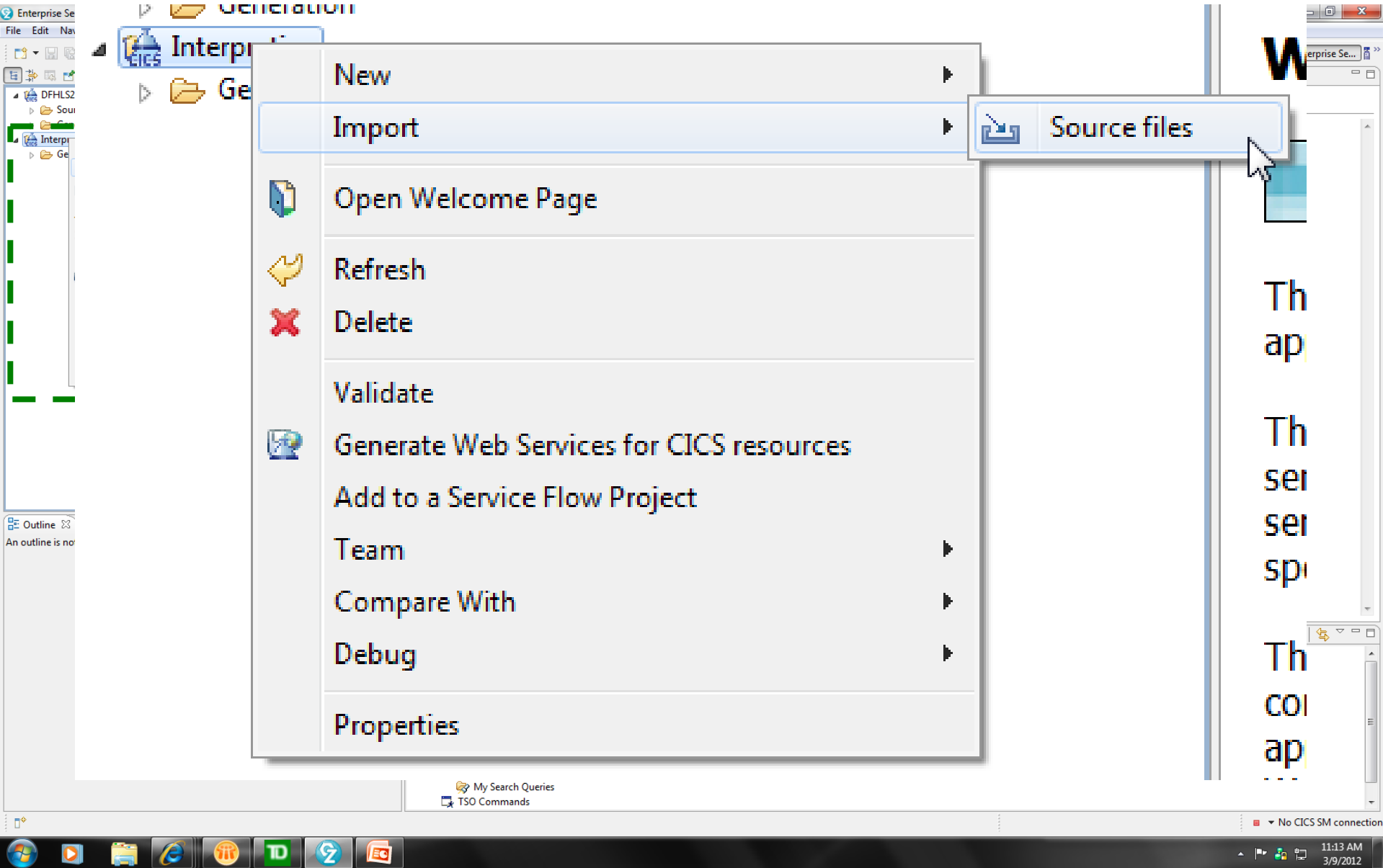


Enterprise Se...

No CICS SM connection

11:12 AM
3/9/2012

Creating a provider using RDz: interpretive (3 of 9)



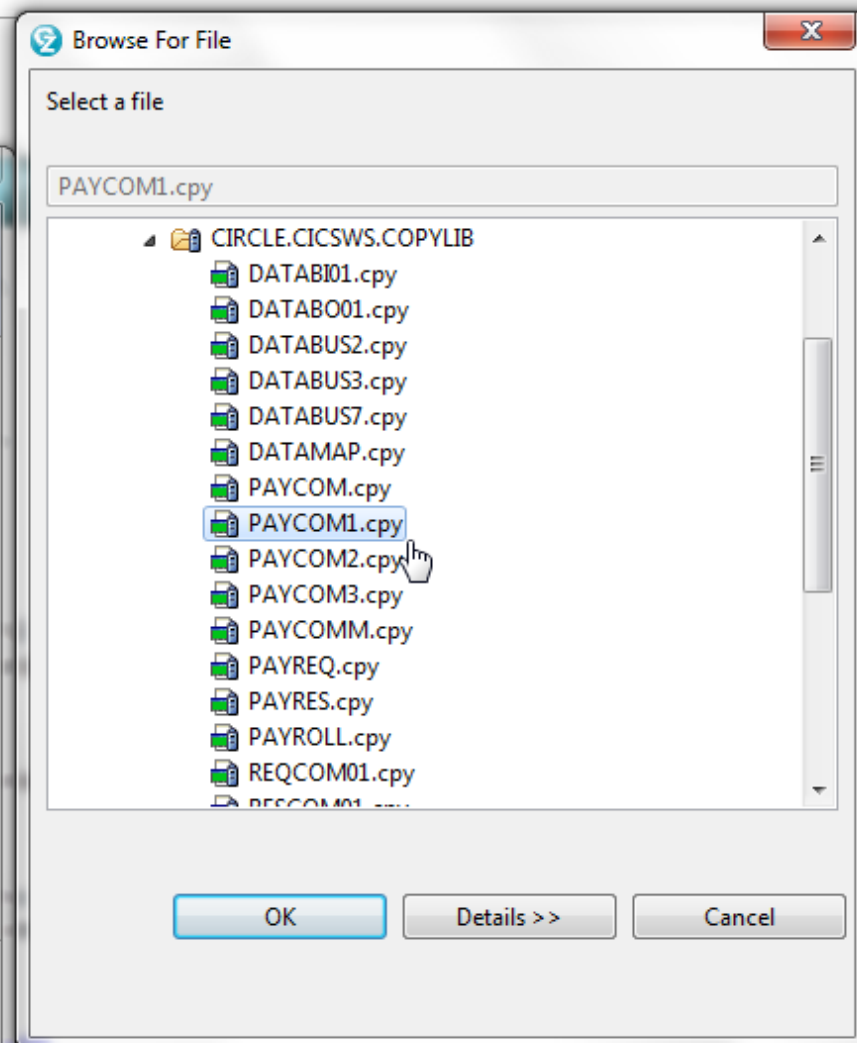
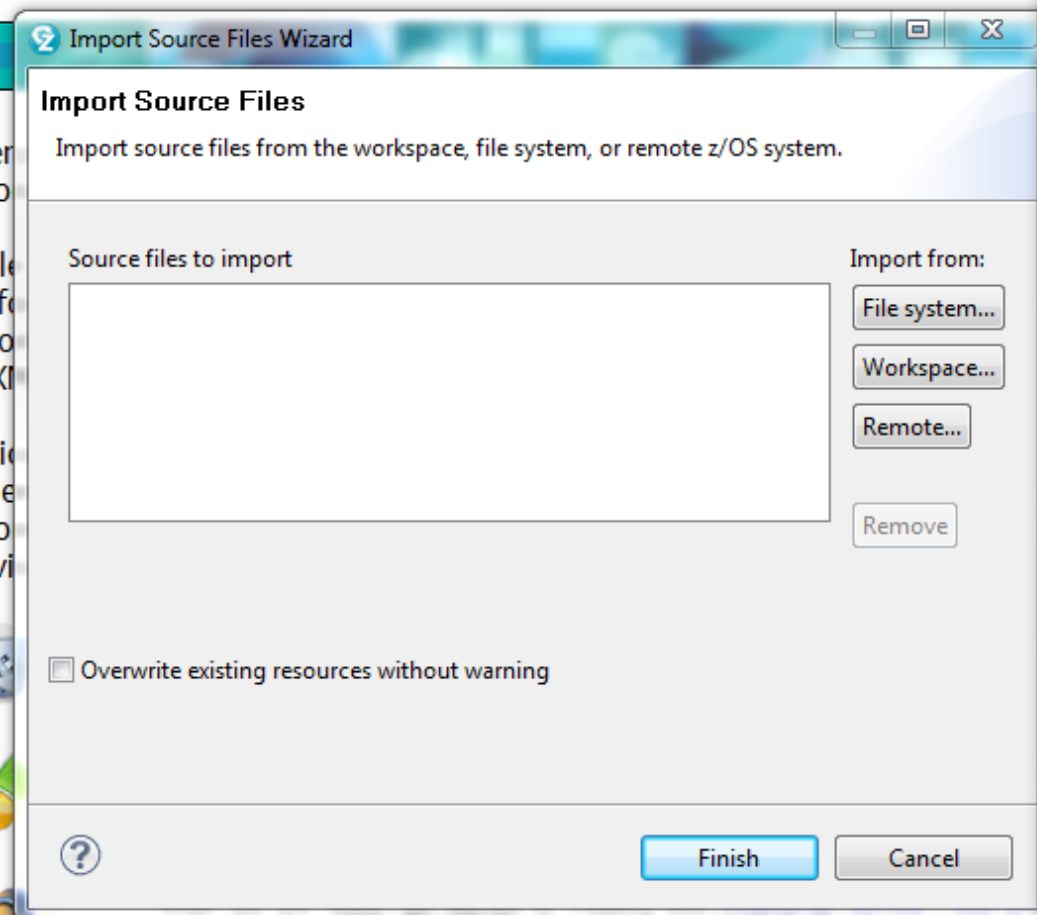
The screenshot displays the IBM Enterprise Service Architect (ESA) interface. A context menu is open for an 'Interpretive' resource. The menu options are:

- New
- Import
- Open Welcome Page
- Refresh
- Delete
- Validate
- Generate Web Services for CICS resources
- Add to a Service Flow Project
- Team
- Compare With
- Debug
- Properties

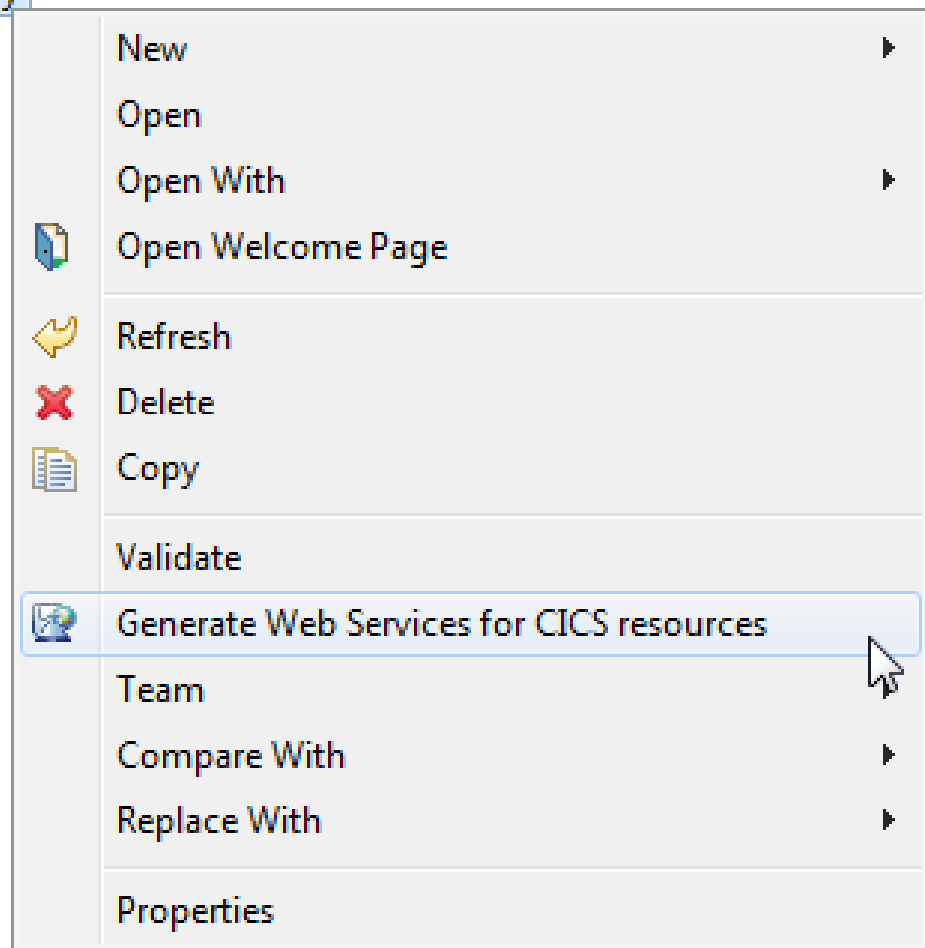
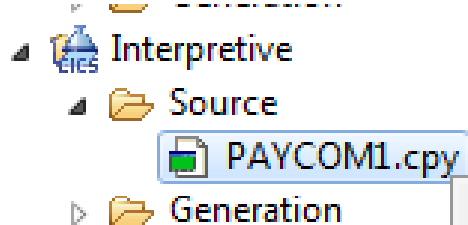
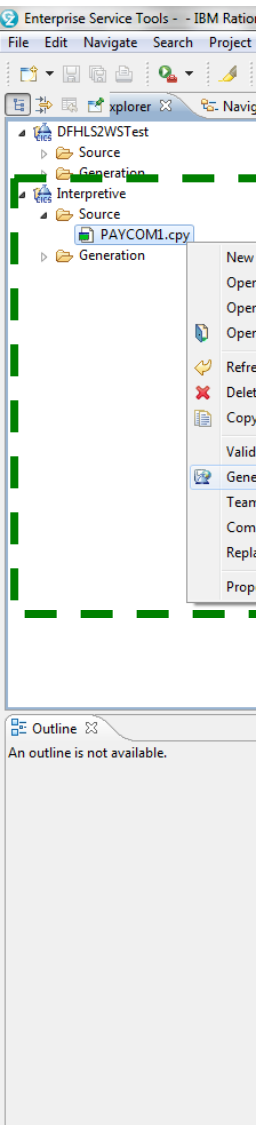
The 'Import' option is selected, and a sub-menu is visible with the option 'Source files'. The background shows the ESA workspace with a project tree on the left and a search bar at the bottom.

Creating a provider using RDz: interpretive (4 of 9)

Home to Enterprise Service Tools



Creating a provider using RDz: interpretive (5 of 9)



Creating a provider using RDz: interpretive (6 of 9)

Enterprise Service Tools - IBM Rational Developer for

File Edit Navigate Search Project Run Window

DFHLS2WSTest

- Source
- Generation
- Interpretive
 - Source
 - PAYCOM1.cpy
 - Generation

Outline

An outline is not available.

Web Services for CICS - Create New Service Interface (bottom-up)

Language Structures

The language structures have been imported.
Specify request, response, or both language structures.

☒ Request language structure ☐ Response language structure

Select a language structure for the request message.

- ☒ ☒ ws-payroll-data
 - ☒ ☒ ws-request
 - ☒ ☒ ws-key
 - ☒ ☒ ws-department
 - ☒ ☒ ws-employee-no
 - ☐ ☐ ws-name
 - ☐ ☐ ws-addr1
 - ☐ ☐ ws-addr2
 - ☐ ☐ ws-addr3
 - ☐ ☐ ws-phone-no
 - ☐ ☐ ws-timestamp
 - ☐ ☐ ws-salary
 - ☐ ☐ ws-start-date
 - ☐ ☐ ws-remarks
 - ☐ ☐ ws-msq

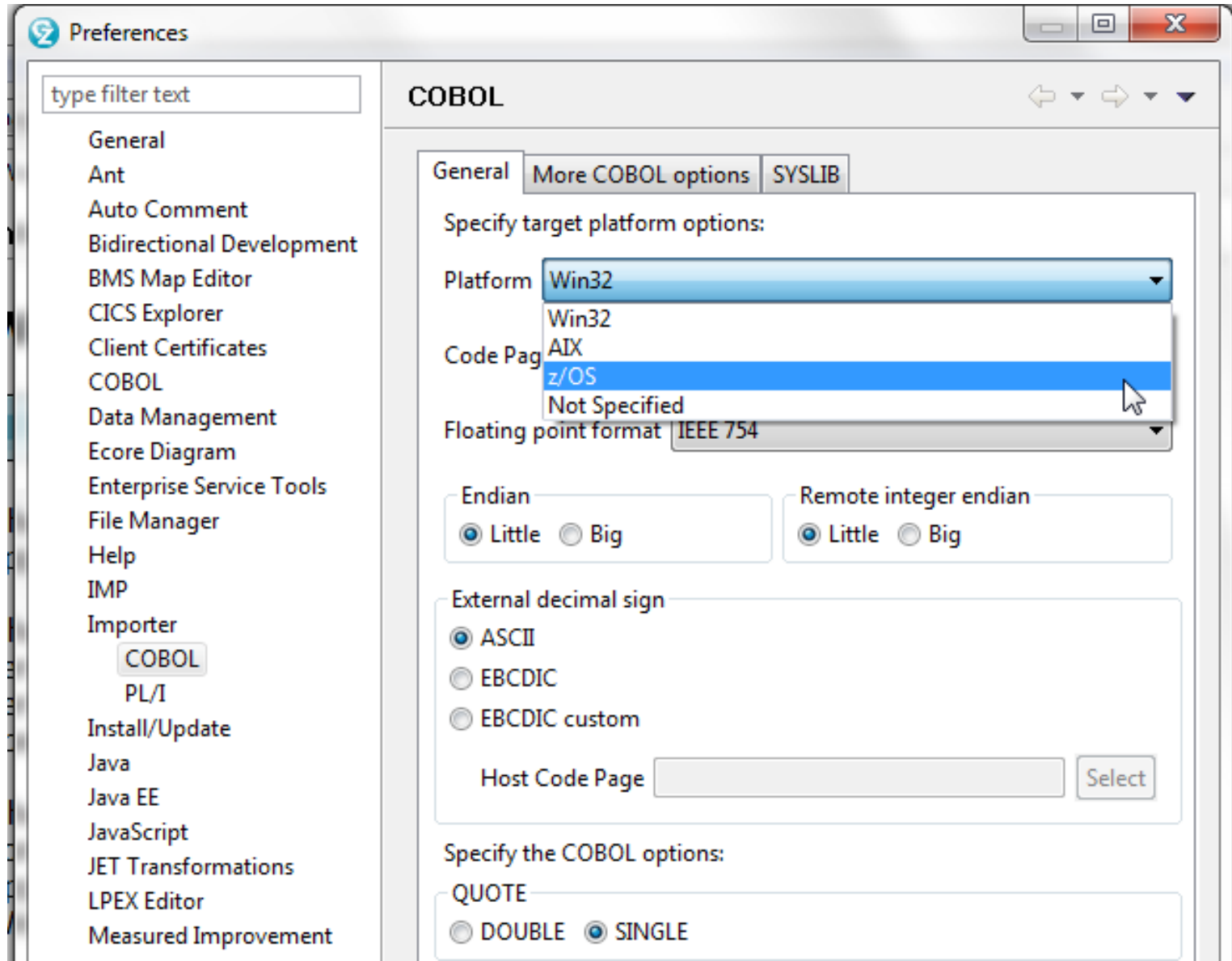
[Change COBOL preferences](#)

Enterprise Se...

No CICS SM connection

11:15 AM
3/9/2012

Creating a provider using RDz: interpretive (7 of 9)



Creating a provider using RDz: interpretive (8 of 9)

Enterprise Service Tools - IBM Rational Developer for z/OS

File Edit Navigate Search Project Run

DFHLS2WSTest

- Source
- Generation
- Interpretive
 - Source
 - PAYCOM1.cpy
 - Generation

Outline

An outline is not available.

Web Services for CICS - Create New Service Interface (bottom-up)

Language Structures

The language structures have been imported.
Specify request, response, or both language structures.

☒ Request language structure ☐ Response language structure

Select a language structure for the response message.

- ☒ ws-payroll-data
 - ☒ ws-request
 - ☒ ws-key
 - ☒ ws-department
 - ☒ ws-employee-no
 - ☒ ws-name
 - ☒ ws-addr1
 - ☒ ws-addr2
 - ☒ ws-addr3
 - ☒ ws-phone-no
 - ☒ ws-timestamp
 - ☒ ws-salary
 - ☒ ws-start-date
 - ☒ ws-remarks
 - ☒ ws-msq

Enterprise Se...

No CICS SM connection

11:16 AM
3/9/2012

Creating a provider using RDz: interpretive (9 of 9)



Welcome to EST PAYCOM1.wsbind X

CICS Web Service Binding File (WSBind) Viewer

▼ Maintenance Information

Timestamp: 201203091117

Product: Interpretive XML Conversion

▼ Required Runtime and Mapping Levels

Mapping level: 3.0

Runtime level: 3.0

▼ Service Interface and Pipeline Properties

Service mode: Service Provider

Provider URI: /cics/services/PAYCOM1

Requester URI:

WSDL binding name: PAYCOM1HTTPSoapBinding

Operations: PAYCOM1Operation

Transaction ID:

User ID:

Syncpoint: false

▼ Target Program Interface and Properties

Program name: PAYCOM1

Program interface: COMMAREA

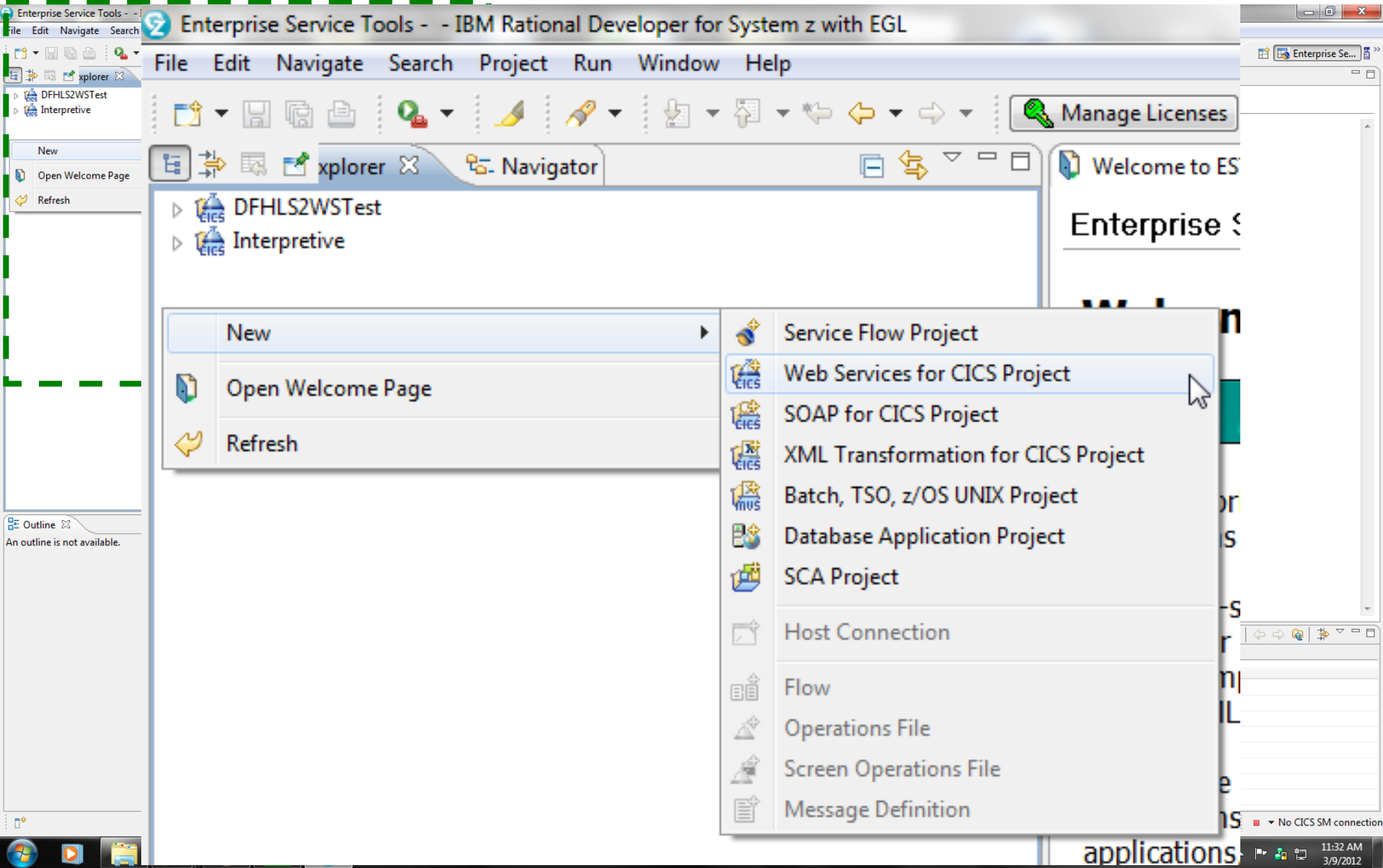
Container name:

Request Channel:

Response Channel:

Vendor Converter name:

Creating a provider using RDz: compiled (1 of 6)



The screenshot displays the IBM Rational Developer for System z with EGL interface. The 'New' menu is open, showing various project types. The 'Web Services for CICS Project' option is highlighted by the mouse cursor.

Enterprise Service Tools - - IBM Rational Developer for System z with EGL

File Edit Navigate Search Project Run Window Help

Manage Licenses

Welcome to ES

Enterprise S

DFHLS2WSTest
Interpretive

New
Open Welcome Page
Refresh

New

- Service Flow Project
- Web Services for CICS Project
- SOAP for CICS Project
- XML Transformation for CICS Project
- Batch, TSO, z/OS UNIX Project
- Database Application Project
- SCA Project
- Host Connection
- Flow
- Operations File
- Screen Operations File
- Message Definition

Outline
An outline is not available.

applications

11:32 AM
3/9/2012

Creating a provider using RDz: compiled (2 of 6)

Enterprise Service Tools - IBM Rational Dev

File Edit Navigate Search Project Run


DFHLS2WSTest
Interpretive

Outline
An outline is not available.

New Web Services for CICS Project

Create a Web Services for CICS Project

You can use this project to hold Web Services for CICS application components.
You can also use this project as part of a service flow project.

 Project name:

Options


Development scenario:

Application mode:

Conversion type:

Scenario description:

Generate a Web service description and runtime specific XML message processing from a high level language data structure. You can use this option when you expose an application program as a service provider.



Enterprise Se...

No CICS SM connection

11:33 AM
3/9/2012

Creating a provider using RDz: compiled (3 of 6)

Import Source Files Wizard

Import Source Files

Import source files from the workspace, file system, or remote z/OS system.

Source files to import

204.90.115.165\CIRCLE\CIRCLE.CICSWS.COPYLIB\PAYCOM2.cpy

Import from:

File system...

Workspace...

Remote...

Remove

Creating a provider using RDz: compiled (4 of 6)

- Compiled
 - Source
 - PAYCOM2.cpy
 - Generation
- DFHLS2WSTest
- Interpretive

- New
- Open
- Open With
- Open Welcome Page
- Refresh
- Delete
- Copy
- Validate
- Generate Web Services for CICS resources
- Team

Creating a provider using RDz: compiled (5 of 6)

Web Services for CICS - Create New Service Interface (bottom-up)

Language Structures

The language structures have been imported.
Specify request, response, or both language structures.



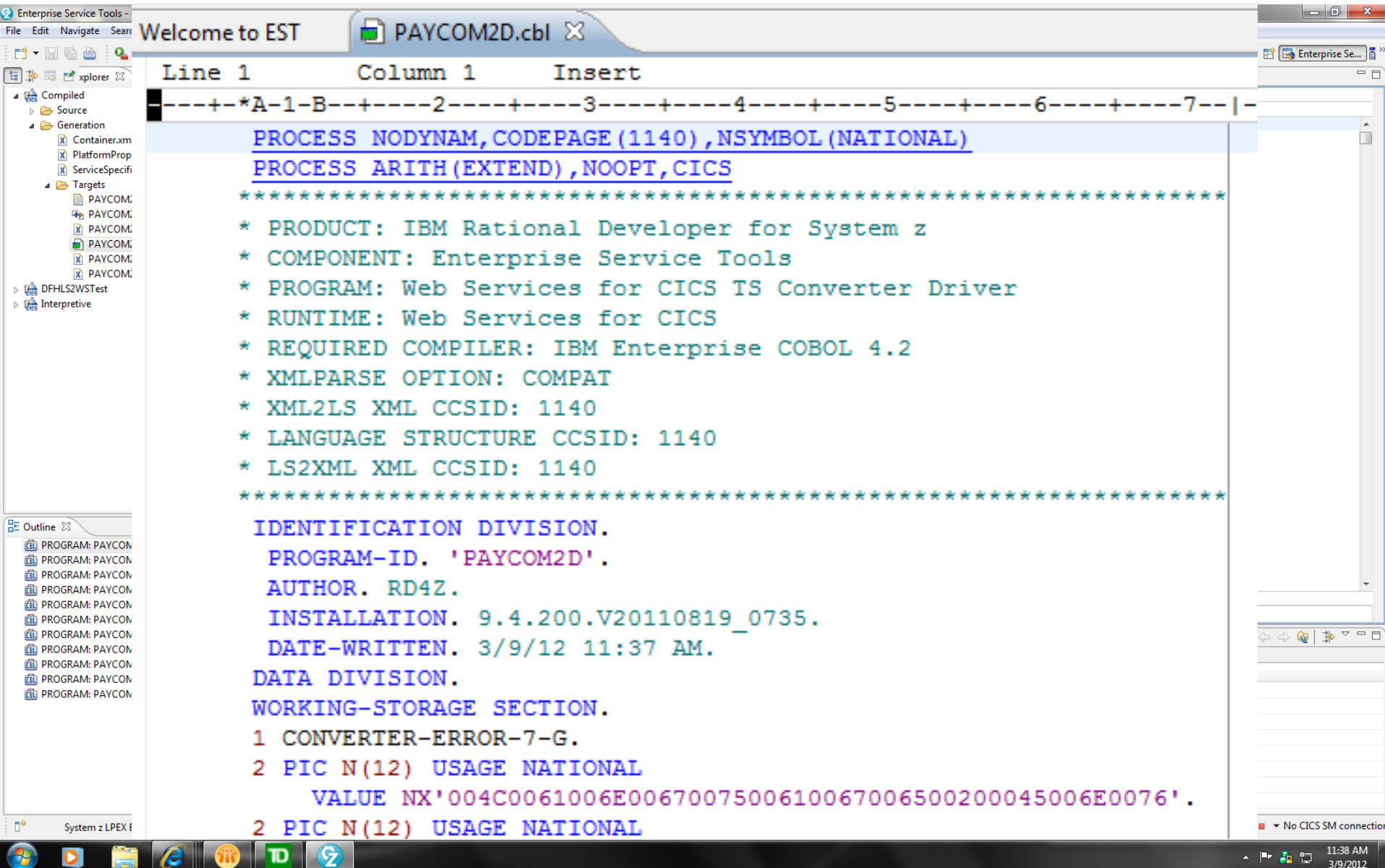
☒ Request language structure

☐ Response language structure

Select a language structure for the request message.

- ☒ ☒ ws-payroll-data
 - ☒ ☒ ws-request
 - ☒ ☒ ws-key
 - ☒ ☒ ws-department
 - ☒ ☒ ws-employee-no
 - ☐ ☒ ws-name
 - ☐ ☒ ws-addr1
 - ☐ ☒ ws-addr2
 - ☐ ☒ ws-addr3

Creating a provider using RDz: compiled (6 of 6)



The screenshot displays the Enterprise Service Tools (EST) environment. The main window shows the source code for a COBOL program named PAYCOM2D.cbl. The code is organized into several sections: PROCESS, IDENTIFICATION DIVISION, DATA DIVISION, and WORKING-STORAGE SECTION. The PROCESS section includes comments about the product, component, program, runtime, and compiler. The IDENTIFICATION DIVISION contains program identification details. The DATA DIVISION and WORKING-STORAGE SECTION define data structures and variables.

Enterprise Service Tools - Welcome to EST

PAYCOM2D.cbl

Line 1	Column 1	Insert
1	----	----
2	----	----
3	----	----
4	----	----
5	----	----
6	----	----
7	----	----

```
PROCESS NODYNAM, CODEPAGE (1140), NSYMBOL (NATIONAL)
PROCESS ARITH (EXTEND), NOOPT, CICS

*****

* PRODUCT: IBM Rational Developer for System z
* COMPONENT: Enterprise Service Tools
* PROGRAM: Web Services for CICS TS Converter Driver
* RUNTIME: Web Services for CICS
* REQUIRED COMPILER: IBM Enterprise COBOL 4.2
* XMLPARSE OPTION: COMPAT
* XML2LS XML CCSID: 1140
* LANGUAGE STRUCTURE CCSID: 1140
* LS2XML XML CCSID: 1140
*****

IDENTIFICATION DIVISION.
    PROGRAM-ID. 'PAYCOM2D'.
    AUTHOR. RD4Z.
    INSTALLATION. 9.4.200.V20110819_0735.
    DATE-WRITTEN. 3/9/12 11:37 AM.

DATA DIVISION.

WORKING-STORAGE SECTION.
    1 CONVERTER-ERROR-7-G.
    2 PIC N(12) USAGE NATIONAL
        VALUE NX'004C0061006E0067007500610067006500200045006E0076'.
    2 PIC N(12) USAGE NATIONAL
```

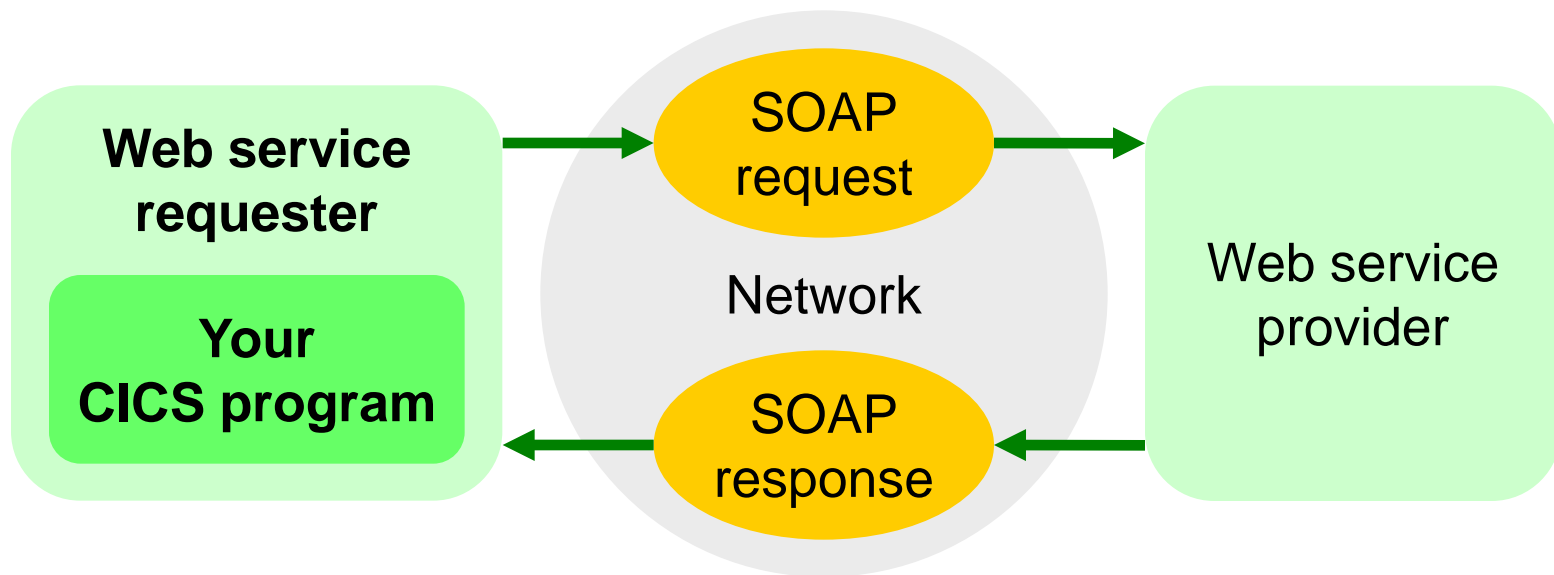
Creating a provider using RDz: after running the RDz wizard

1. Transfer the wsbind file to the z/OS UNIX pickup directory. Optionally, transfer the WSDL file to the same directory.
2. Compiled option only (generated wrapper program):
 - Compile and link the COBOL source program
 - Create a PROGRAM resource
3. Issue a PIPELINE SCAN command.

Creating a provider using RDz Service Flow Modeler

1. In RDz, create a Service Flow Project. This starts a wizard that directs you to:
2. Define a host connection (to the z/OS system mainframe that hosts your CICS application).
3. Navigate to the “start” screen (signon to CICS, start the transaction, clear the screen).
4. Start recording the “flow” (your input, and the transaction output).
5. For each input field (request data), specify a variable name.
6. For each output field (response data), highlight the item on the screen, and specify a variable name.
7. Stop recording. This generates a .seqflow file.
8. Right-click the .seqflow file, and select New Generation Properties File to generate a WSDL file.
9. Click Generate Runtime code. (This wizard can submit the compile JCL on z/OS for you.)
10. The generated code includes a web service provider COBOL program that drives your original CICS application.

Creating a web service requester in CICS



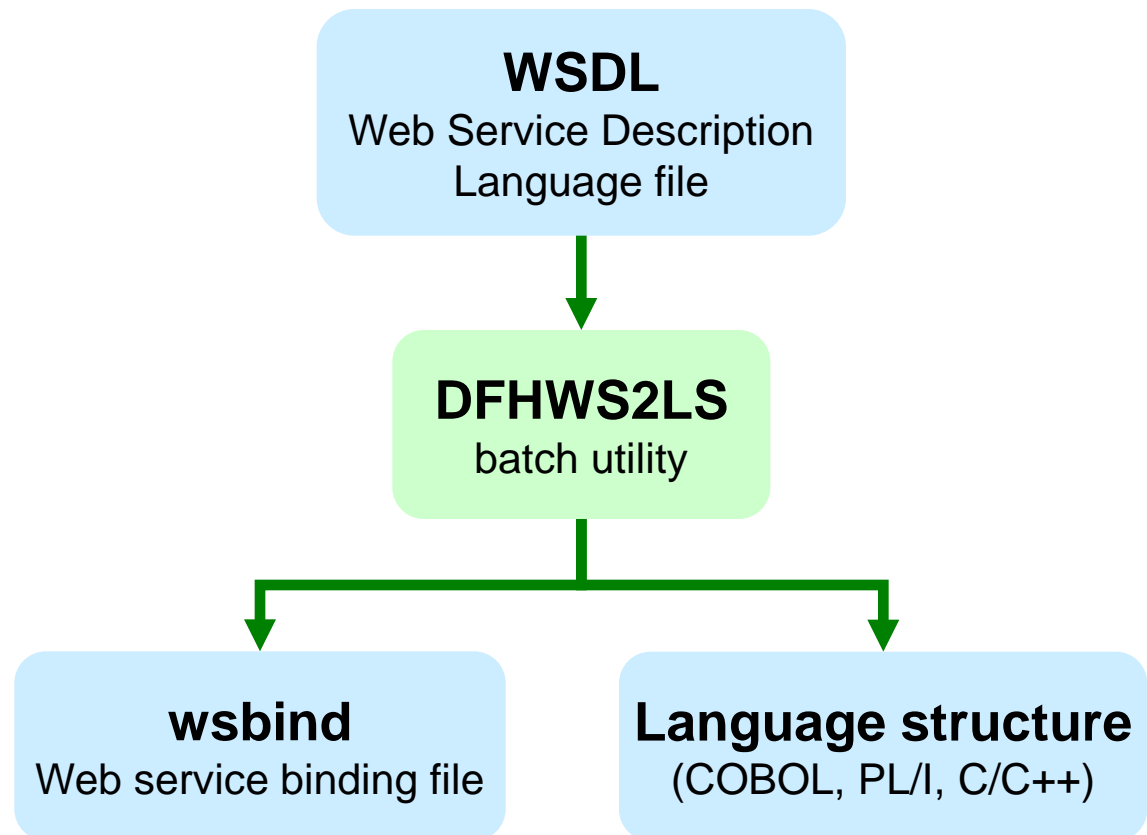


Methods for creating a web service requester in CICS

- 1. CICS web services assistant** from a WSDL, using the DFHWS2LS batch utility
 - 2. RDz** from a WSDL (using a wizard), with interpretive runtime XML conversion, as per DFHWS2LS, above (no compiled option for a requester)
- Both methods generate copybooks and a wsbind file. However, the RDz also generates COBOL source for a requester program, demonstrating how to use the EXEC CICS INVOKE WEBSERVICE command.

Creating a requester using the CICS web services assistant

- **You will need:** the WSDL for the web service that you want to use



Creating the CLCS infrastructure for a requester

- Identical to the steps for a provider, except that a requester does not require a TCPIP SERVICE or a URIMAP resource
 1. Create a **pipeline configuration file**.
 2. Create a **PIPELINE** resource.
 3. Unless you use autoinstalled PROGRAM definitions, create a **PROGRAM** resource for each program in the pipeline.

Creating a requester using the CICS web services assistant

1. Run the **DFHWS2LS** batch utility (for example, specifying a COBOL copybook as the input file).
2. Copy the generated **wsbind** file to the pickup directory (the z/OS UNIX path specified by the WSDIR attribute of the PIPELINE resource).
Optionally, copy the generated **WSDL** file to the same path.
3. Install the **PIPELINE** (dynamically creates the WEBSERVICE resource).
4. Add an **EXEC CICS INVOKE WEBSERVICE** command to your COBOL program to send the request, and additional code to process the response.

The requester is ready for testing.

JCL to run DFHWS2LS

```
//SYSEGXLS JOB (39248C,A,T),'LS2WS',  
// MSGCLASS=A,NOTIFY=&SYSUID,REGION=0M  
// SET QT=''''  
//WHERE SMA JCLLIB ORDER=CIRCLE.CICSWS.PROCLIB  
//JAVAPROG EXEC DFHWS2LS,  
// JAVADIR='Java601_64/J6.0.1_64',PATHPREF='/u',TMPDIR='/u/tmp',  
// TMPFILE=&QT.&SYSUID.&QT,USSDIR='cicsts42'  
//INPUT.SYSUT1 DD *  
PDSLIB=CIRCLE.CICSWS.COPYLIB  
REQMEM=REQCOM  
RESPMEM=RESCOM  
MAPPING-LEVEL=3.0  
MINIMUM-RUNTIME-LEVEL=CURRENT  
LANG=COBOL  
WSBIND=/u/usr/lpp/cicsts/cicsts42/samples/webservices/wsbind/requester/*  
paybus6.wsbind  
WSDL=/u/usr/lpp/cicsts/cicsts42/samples/webservices/wsd1/paybus.wsdl  
LOGFILE=/u/sysegx0/paybus6  
/*
```

Output COBOL copybook PDS members:
one for the request, another for the
response

Output wsbind file

Input WSDL file



COBOL copybook generated by DFHWS2LS

```
03 PAYBUSOperation.  
  06 wsXpayrollXdata.  
    09 wsXrequest      PIC X(4).  
    09 wsXkey.  
      12 wsXdepartment  PIC X(1).  
      12 wsXemployeeXno PIC X(5).  
    09 wsXname          PIC X(20).  
    09 wsXaddr1         PIC X(20).  
    09 wsXaddr2         PIC X(20).  
    09 wsXaddr3         PIC X(20).  
    09 wsXphoneXno      PIC X(8).  
    09 wsXtimestamp     PIC X(8).  
    09 wsXsalary        PIC X(8).  
    09 wsXstartXdate    PIC X(8).  
    09 wsXremarks       PIC X(32).  
    09 wsXmsg           PIC X(60).  
    ...
```

Corresponding XML snippet

```
<wsXpayrollXdata>  
  <wsXrequest>DISP</wsXrequest>  
  <wsXkey>  
    <wsXdepartment>1</wsXdepartment>  
    <wsXemployeeXno>00001</wsXemployeeXno>  
  </wsXkey>  
  <wsXname>CIRCLE COMPUTER 1 </wsXname>  
  ...
```

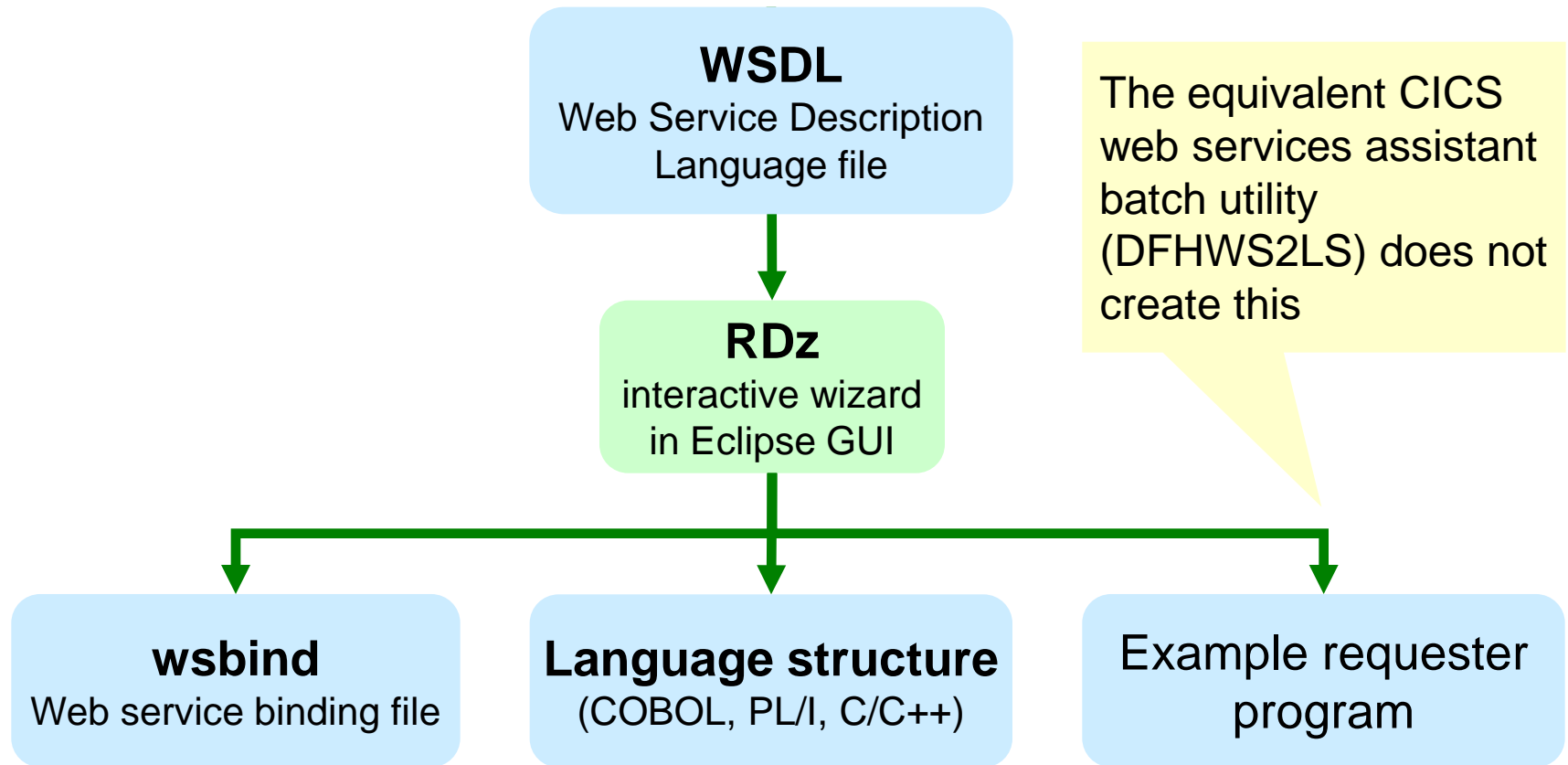
XML allows hyphens in element names, but some applications and programming languages interpret such hyphens as minus signs (mathematical operators), with undesirable results

Sending a request to a web service from a CICS COBOL program

```
EXEC CICS INVOKE  
  WEBSERVICE(CV-WEBSERVICE)  
  CHANNEL(CV-CHANNEL-NAME)  
  OPERATION(CV-OPERATION)  
  URI(CV-URI)  
  RESP(WS-EIB-RESP)  
END-EXEC.
```

The RDz wizard generates a sample CICS COBOL program that does this

Creating a requester using RDz



Creating a requester using RDz (1 of 8)

Enterprise Service Tools - - IBM Rational Developer for System z with EGL

File Edit Navigate Search Project Run Window Help



Explorer Navigator

- ▶ Compiled
- ▶ DFHLS2WSTest
- ▶ Interpretive

Welcome to EST

Enterprise S

Welcom

New

Open Welcome Page

Refresh

Service Flow Project

Web Services for CICS Project

SOAP for CICS Project

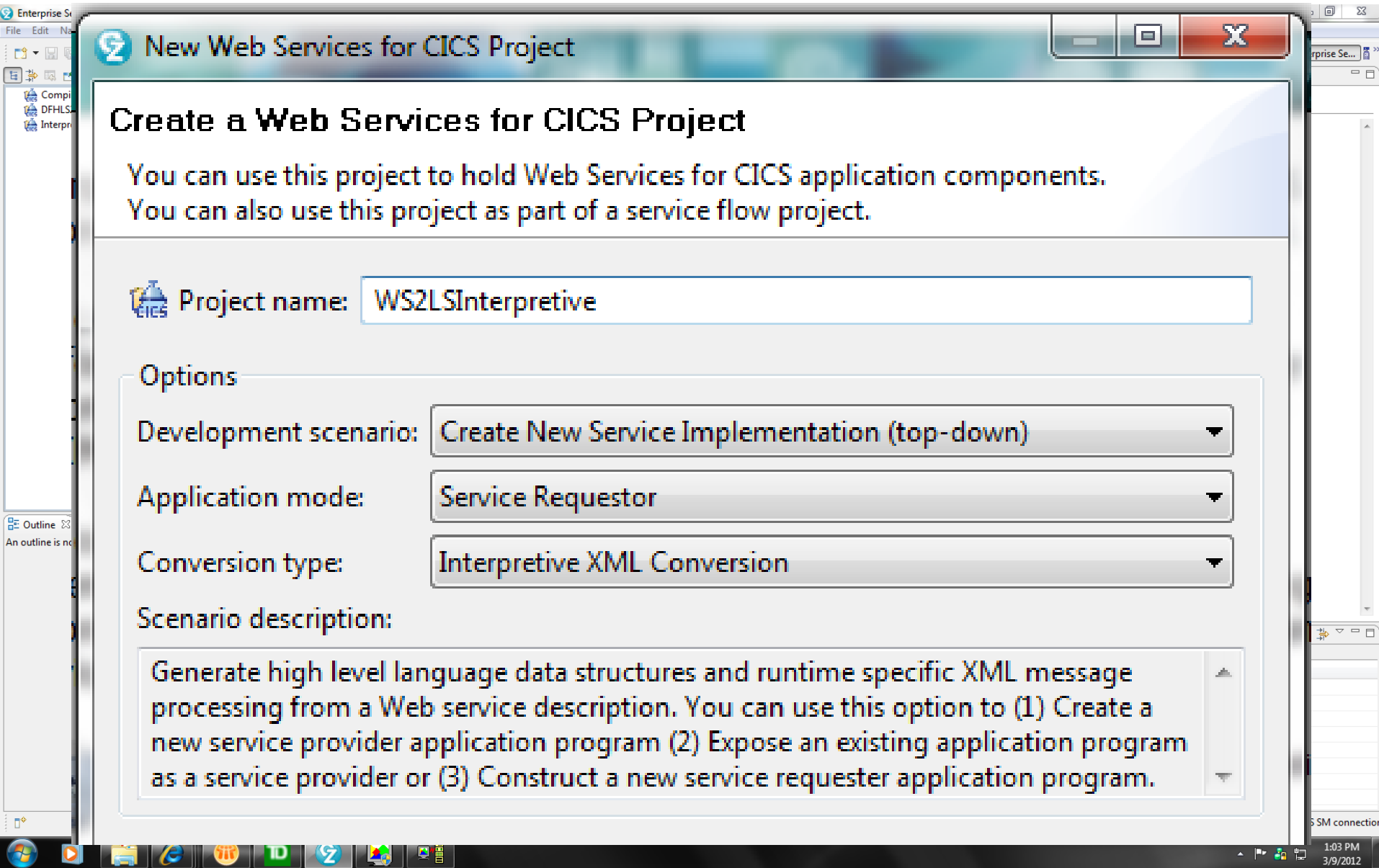
XML Transformation for CICS Project

Batch, TSO, z/OS UNIX Project

Database Application Project

SCA Project

Creating a requester using RDz (2 of 8)



The screenshot shows the 'New Web Services for CICS Project' dialog box. The title bar reads 'New Web Services for CICS Project'. The main heading is 'Create a Web Services for CICS Project'. Below this, a text block states: 'You can use this project to hold Web Services for CICS application components. You can also use this project as part of a service flow project.' The 'Project name' field is set to 'WS2LSInterpretive'. Under the 'Options' section, three dropdown menus are visible: 'Development scenario' is set to 'Create New Service Implementation (top-down)', 'Application mode' is set to 'Service Requestor', and 'Conversion type' is set to 'Interpretive XML Conversion'. A 'Scenario description' text area at the bottom contains the following text: 'Generate high level language data structures and runtime specific XML message processing from a Web service description. You can use this option to (1) Create a new service provider application program (2) Expose an existing application program as a service provider or (3) Construct a new service requester application program.'

New Web Services for CICS Project

Create a Web Services for CICS Project

You can use this project to hold Web Services for CICS application components.
You can also use this project as part of a service flow project.

Project name: WS2LSInterpretive

Options

Development scenario: Create New Service Implementation (top-down)

Application mode: Service Requestor

Conversion type: Interpretive XML Conversion

Scenario description:

Generate high level language data structures and runtime specific XML message processing from a Web service description. You can use this option to (1) Create a new service provider application program (2) Expose an existing application program as a service provider or (3) Construct a new service requester application program.

Creating a requester using RDz (3 of 8)



New Web Services for CICS Project

Import Source Files

Import source files from the workspace, file system, or remote z/OS system.

Source files to import

Y:\WORK\PAYBUSWSDL.wsdl

Import from:

File system...

Workspace...

Remote...

Remove

Creating a requester using RDz (4 of 8)

Enterprise Service Tools - IBM

File Edit Navigate Search Pr

Explorer

- Compiled
- DFHLS2WSTest
- Interpretive
- WS2LSInterpretive
- Source
- PAYBUSWSDL.wsdl
- Generation

Outline

An outline is not available.

Web Services for CICS - Create New Service Implementation (top-down)

DFHWS2LS: Application and Service Properties

Generate high level language structures and a Web service binding file from a Web service description.

Application properties Service properties

Application language: COBOL

Program name: PAYBUSWS

Change WSBind preferences

Enterprise Se...

No CICS SM connection

1:14 PM
3/9/2012

Creating a requester using RDz (5 of 8)

Web Services for CICS - Create New Service Implementation (top-down)

DFHWS2LS: Application and Service Properties

Generate high level language structures and a Web service binding file from a Web service description.

Application properties | **Service properties**

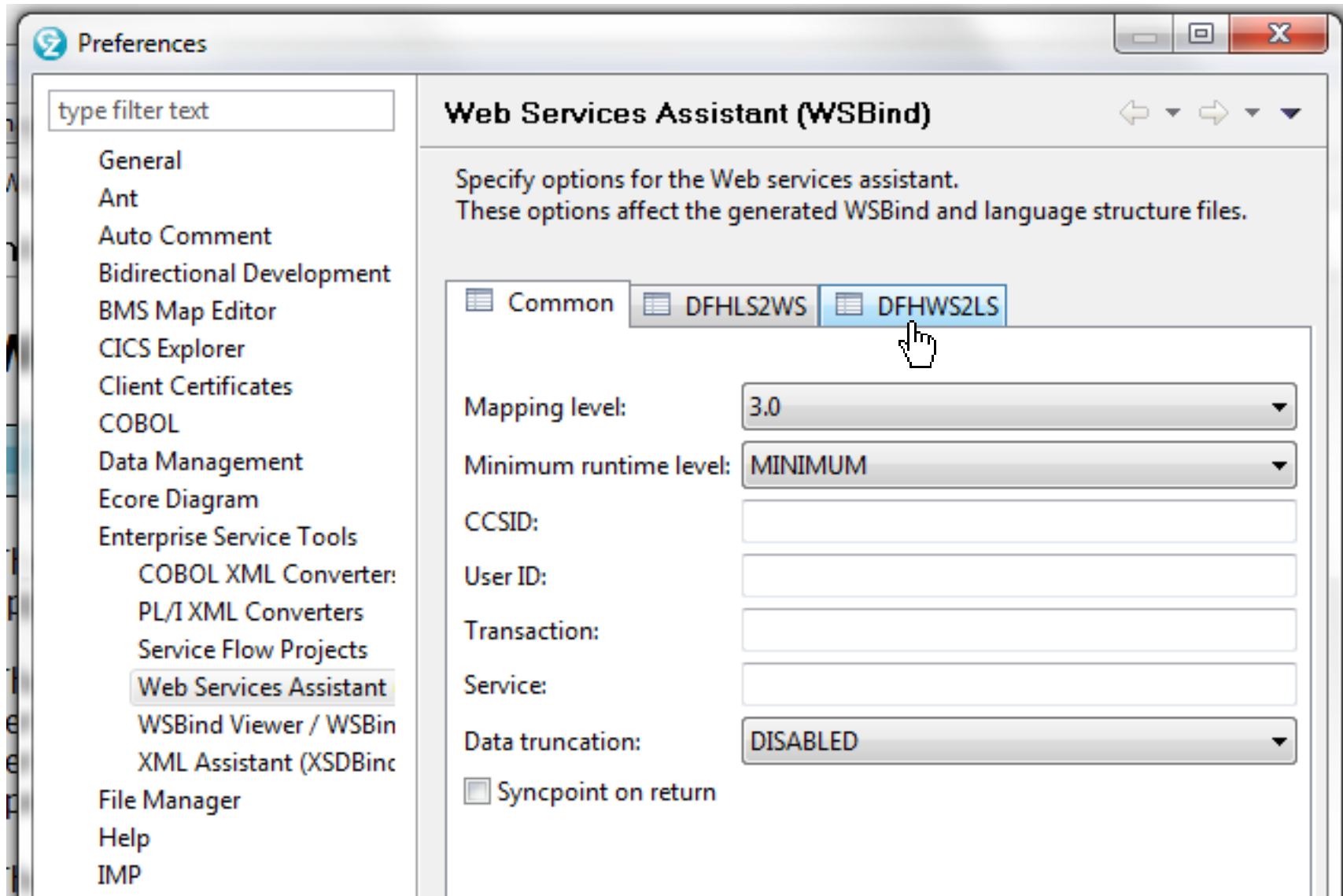
Local URI:

WSDL service:

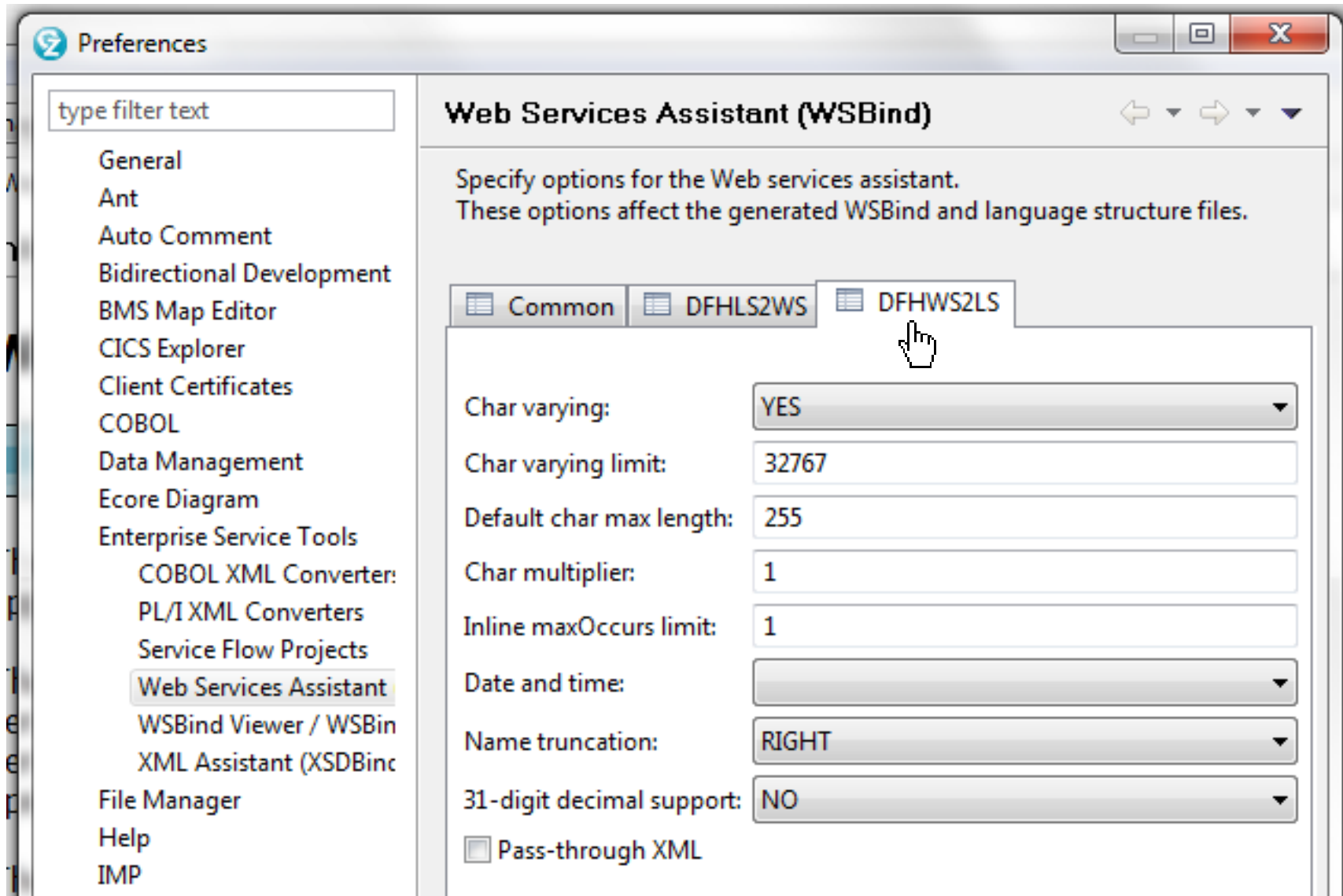
Binding element:

Available operations: ☒ PAYBUSOperation

Creating a requester using RDz (6 of 8)



Creating a requester using RDz (7 of 8)



Creating a requester using RDz (8 of 8)

Enterprise Ser
File Edit Nav

Welcome to EST

PAYBUSWS.cbl

Line 1	Column 3	Insert
--	+	*A-1-B-+---2---+---3---+---4---+---5---+---6---+---7---
<u>PROCESS CICS,NODYNAM,NSYMBOL(NATIONAL),TRUNC(STD)</u>		
* ++++++		
* New CICS TS Web Service Requester		
* ++++++		
IDENTIFICATION DIVISION.		
* Begin Identification Division		
PROGRAM-ID. 'PAYBUSWS'.		
AUTHOR. RDZ.		
INSTALLATION. 9.4.200.V20110819_0735.		
DATE-WRITTEN. 3/9/12 1:15 PM.		
* End Identification Division		
DATA DIVISION.		
* Begin Data Division		
WORKING-STORAGE SECTION.		
* Begin Working-Storage Section		
* ++++++		
* Operations Available on the Remote Web Service		
* ++++++		
1 OPERATION-NAME-1.		
2 PIC X(15) USAGE DISPLAY		
VALUE 'PAYBUSOperation'.		

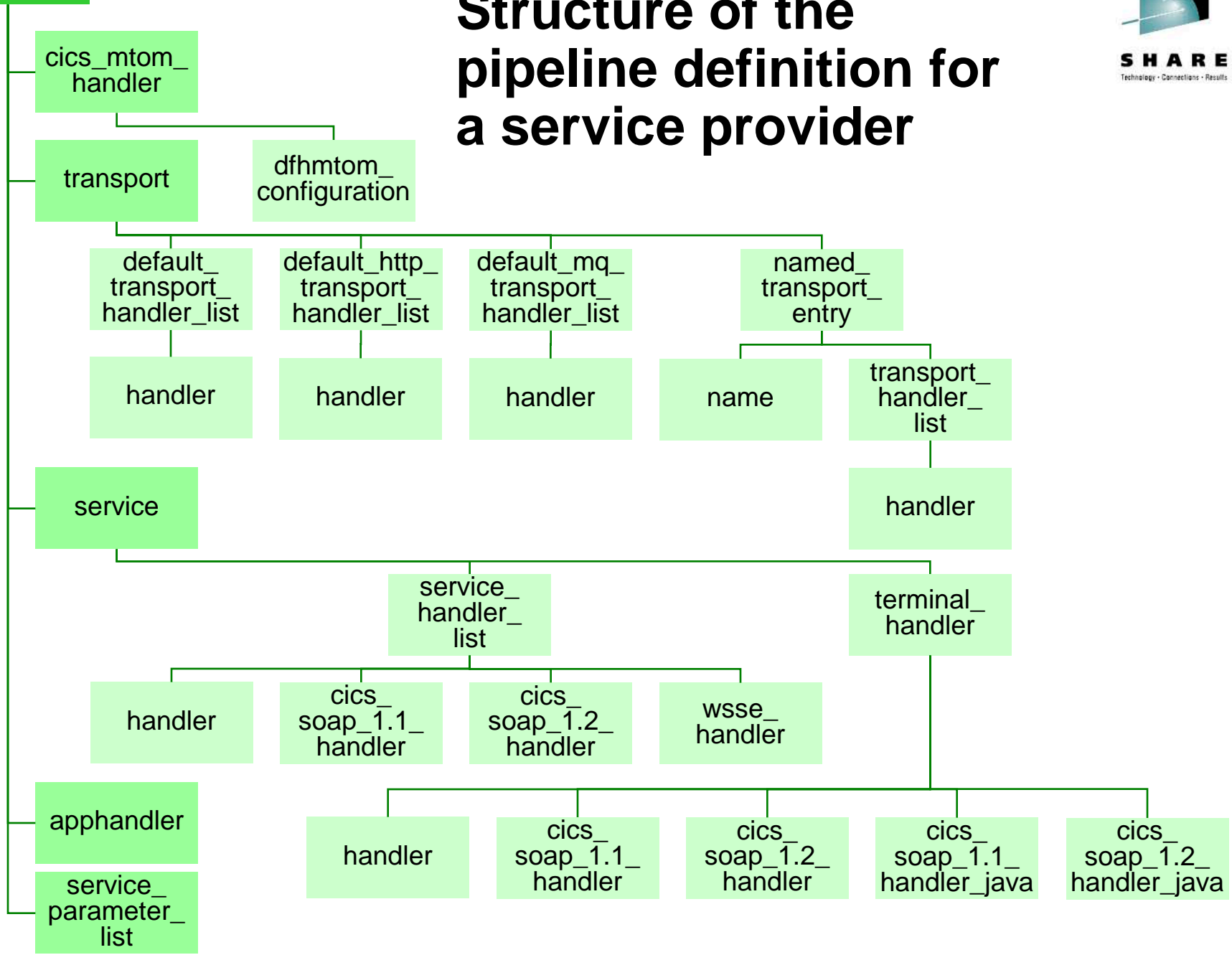
Outline

- PROGRA
- IDEN
- DAT.
- V
- L
- PROI

Sys

IS SM connection

Structure of the pipeline definition for a service provider



Diagnosing web services in CICS: sniffing containers in the pipeline

- The IBM Redbook *Implementing CICS Web Services*, SG24-7206, presents a simple “sniffer” program that displays (in tdqueue CESE) the contents of the containers available in the pipeline.
- To use the sniffer, you add it to the pipeline (configuration file) as a message handler.
- For example, in a provider pipeline:

```
<provider_pipeline>
<service>
  <service_handler_list>
    <handler>
      <program>SNIFFER</program>
      <handler_parameter_list/>
    </handler>
  </service_handler_list>
  <terminal_handler>
    <cics_soap_1.1_handler/>
  </terminal_handler>
</service>
<apphandler>DFHPITP</apphandler>
</provider_pipeline>
```

Sniffer output (1 of 5)

```
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : *** Start ***
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : >=====<
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Container Name      : DFHFUNCTION
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Content length    : 00000016
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Container content: RECEIVE-REQUEST
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Containers on channel: List starts.
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : >=====<
```

```
...
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Container Name      : DFHFUNCTION
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Content length    : 00000016
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Container content: RECEIVE-REQUEST
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : >=====<
```

```
...
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Container Name      : DFHWS-URI
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Content length    : 00000008
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Container content: /paybus1
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : >=====<
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Container Name      : DFHREQUEST
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Content length    : 00002928
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Container content:
```

```
<SOAP-ENV:Envelope ... >
  <SOAP-ENV:Body ... >
    <PAYBUSOperationRequest>
      <ws_payroll_data>
        <ws_request>DISP</ws_request>
        <ws_key>
          <ws_department>1</ws_department>
          <ws_employee_no>00001</ws_employee_no>
        </ws_key>
```

```
...
  </SOAP-ENV:Body>
```

```
</SOAP-ENV:Envelope>
Complete your session evaluation online at SHARE.org/AnaheimEval
```

Sniffer output (2 of 5)



```
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : >=====<
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Container Name      : DFHWS-PIPELINE
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Content length   : 00000008
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Container content: CICSWSS
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : >=====<
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Container Name      : DFHWS-USERID
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Content length     : 00000008
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Container content: CICSTS41
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : >=====<
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Container Name      : DFHWS-TRANID
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Content length     : 00000004
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Container content: CPIH
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : >=====<
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Container Name      : DFHWS-WEBSERVICE
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Content length     : 00000032
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Container content: paybus1
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : >=====<
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Container Name      : DFHWS-APPHANDLER
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Content length     : 00000008
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Container content: DFHPITP
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Containers on channel: List ends
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : DFHRESPONSE        container deleted
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : **** End ****
```

Sniffer output (3 of 5)



```
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : *** Start ***
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : >=====<
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Container Name      : DFHFUNCTION
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Content length    : 00000016
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Container content: SEND-RESPONSE
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Containers on channel: List starts.
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : >=====<
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Container Name      : DFHWS-OUTACTION
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Content length      : 00000067
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Container content:
C"http://www.PAYBUS.PAYCOM1.com/PAYBUSPort/PAYBUSOperationResponse"
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : >=====<
...
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Container Name      : DFHWS-WSDL-CTX
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Content length      : 00000116
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Container content:
http://www.PAYBUS.PAYCOM1.com PAYBUSOperation
http://www.PAYBUS.PAYCOM1.com
http://www.PAYBUS.PAYCOM1.com PAYBUSPort
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : >=====<
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Container Name      : DFHWS-OPERATION
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Content length      : 00000015
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Container content: PAYBUSOperation
```

Sniffer output (4 of 5)



```
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : >=====<
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Container Name      : DFHRESPONSE
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Content length   : 00002446
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Container content:
```

```
<SOAP-ENV:Envelope ... >
  <SOAP-ENV:Body>
    <PAYBUSOperationResponse ... >
      <ws_payroll_data>
        <ws_request>DISP</ws_request>
        <ws_key>
          <ws_department>1</ws_department>
          <ws_employee_no>00001</ws_employee_no>
        </ws_key>
        <ws_name>SHARE</ws_name>
        <ws_addr1>QUEENSBURY HSE</ws_addr1>
        <ws_addr2>BRIGHTON</ws_addr2>
        <ws_addr3>SUSSEX</ws_addr3>
        <ws_phone_no>75529900</ws_phone_no>
        <ws_timestamp></ws_timestamp>
        <ws_salary>1234.56</ws_salary>
        <ws_start_date>28101984</ws_start_date>
        <ws_remarks>CIRCLE IS MAGIC</ws_remarks>
        <ws_msg></ws_msg>
        <ws_upd_inds>
          <ws_upd_name></ws_upd_name>
```

...

Sniffer output (5 of 5)



```
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : >=====<
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Container Name      : DFHFUNCTION
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Content length   : 00000016
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Container content: SEND-RESPONSE
```

....

```
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : >=====<
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Container Name      : DFHWS-WEBSERVICE
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Content length     : 00000032
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Container content: paybus1
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : >=====<
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Container Name      : DFHWS-APPHANDLER
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Content length     : 00000008
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Container content: DFHPITP
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : Containers on channel: List ends
CPIH 20120314113934 SNIFFER : *** End ***
```

Summary



- To create a service provider or requester in CICS:
 - Create a PIPELINE resource and pipeline configuration file.
 - *Provider only*: create a TCPIP SERVICE resource.
 - Use CICS web service assistant or RDz to create wsbind (and WSDL) files. You will need a COBOL copybook (or other language structure) or a WSDL file.
 - Install the PIPELINE (or issue a PIPELINE SCAN command if already installed).
- Consider Service Flow Modeler for applications that do not have separate presentation and business logic structures.
- Add a sniffer program to the pipeline to diagnose problems.