SUSE. Linux Enterprise Server for System z Installation Options and Software Lifecycle Management

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Session 10739

Agenda

- Installation And Repositories
- Lifecycle Management

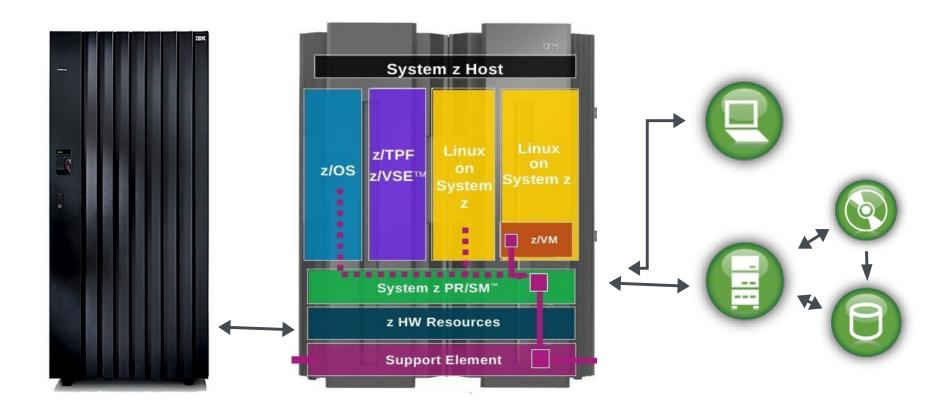


Installation And Setup

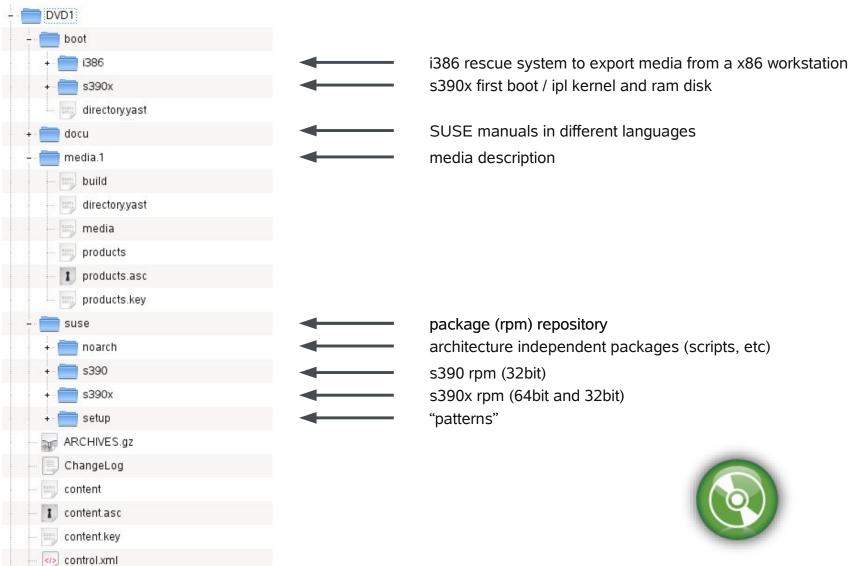
Installation And Setup

- Different options to deploy Linux: LPAR and/or z/VM
- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ Different ways to perform the initial OS installation
 - LPAR: Load from HMC / DVD or tape
 - z/VM: IPL from RDR, disk, or tape
 - IPL from an zFCP SCSI DVD
 - Installation via network from a server: ftp, nfs, http, smb
 - SLES Starter System
 - Cloning
 - KIWI images and CMSDDR (z/VM) or dd (Linux)
- SUSE Installation and Configuration Tool: YaST

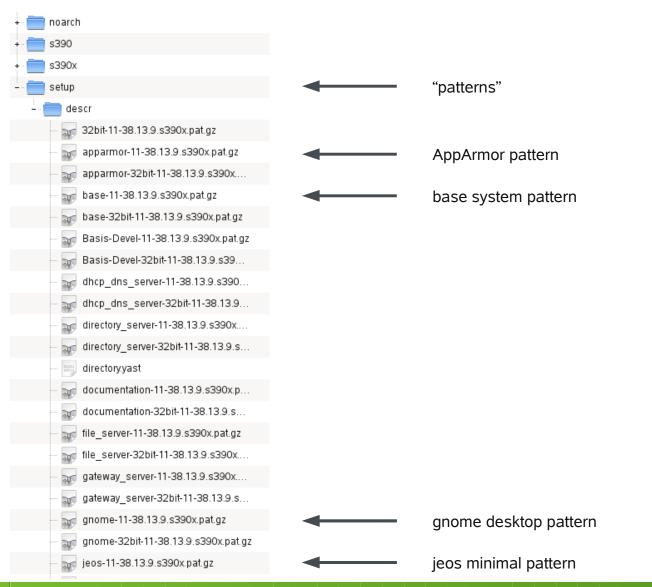
Installation Environment



Installation Repository Tree



Installation Repository: Patterns





Installation Repository: Packages

20	nas (root)						×
Date	i Bearbeiten	Ansicht	Verlauf	Lesezeichen	Einstellungen	Hilfe	
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2059							
nas:/	data/space/i	nstall/sl	esllspl	z/suse/s390x	#		^

Installation Server Example

Different options are available

- nfs, ftp, smb, http
 - Either use DVD or copy DVD content to a directory
 - Windows: export DVD via smb shares
 - Linux: nfs, ftp, http, samba server (nfs from rescue disk)
- Example: ftp
 - Create and export target directory on ftp server
 - eg. /srv/ftp/sles11sp1s390x/
 - Copy all (hidden) files and subdirectories to target directory
 - Test ftp access to target dir and list files (also in sub dirs)
 - Note down TCP/IP address of ftp server, and target dir
- Alternative: SLES Starter System
 - Download images, use with z/VM

Resource Recommendations (1)

Memory

- Different install methods, other memory requirements
 - 512 MB RAM for installation with text UI (ssh)
 - 1 GB RAM for installation with GUI (X11, vnc)
- Use kernel parameter cio_ignore to mask out devices
 - The number of devices visible to the z/VM guest or LPAR image affects memory requirements.
 - Installation with hundreds of accessible devices (even if unused for the installation) may require more memory
 - After installation is completed, adjust memory to workset size if using an z/VM guest

Resource Recommendations (2) Disk Storage

- Disk requirements depend on installation type
 - Text based or GUI (X11, vnc)
- Minimal requirements
 - 0.6 GB for JeOS (just enough operating system)
 - 2.6 GB for default installation
 - 3.6 GB recommended (with graphical desktop, development packages and java)
- Add space for logs, data and updates
- Add space for additional packages
- Commonly, you need more space than the installation software itself needs to have a system that works properly.

Installed System: File System Stats

	Home scanne	n 🦲 🛅		0 2			
esan	ntkapazität des Da	ateisystems: 5,9 G	B (Genutzt:	4,4 GB Verfü	gbar: 1,5 GB)		Als Ringdiagramm anzeigen
Drdn	ner	Nutzung		Größe 木	Inhalt		
1			100 %	4,2 GB	20 Elemente		
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Þ	opt		5,7 %	248,4 MB	1 Element		
Þ	var] 4,7 %	202,1 MB	13 Elemente		
Þ	home] 4,6 %	199,4 MB	1 Element		
Þ	etc] 1,6 %	67,4 MB	275 Elemente		
Þ	lib	[] 0,7 %	32,2 MB	72 Elemente		
⊳	lib64	L	0,4 %	19,2 MB	91 Elemente		X
⊳	boot	0	0,4 %	17,7 MB	11 Elemente	3	
⊳	root	E] 0,3 %	14,2 MB	33 Elemente		
⊳	sbin	[0,3 %	13,2 MB	224 Elemente	(en	
	bin	[] 0,2 %	9,0 MB	80 Elemente	(en	
Þ	srv	C] 0,0 %	88,0 KB	2 Elemente		
Þ	dev	C.] 0,0 %	84,0 KB	8 Elemente		
Þ	tmp		0,0 %	32,0 KB	7 Elemente		
	lost+found] 0,0 %	16,0 KB	0 Elemente		
	media	0] 0,0 %	4,0 KB	0 Elemente		
	selinux] 0,0 %	4,0 KB	0 Elemente		
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Another File System Layout

- # df -h
- Filesystem Size Used Avail Use% Mounted on /dev/dasda1 388M 119M 250M 33% /dev/dasda2 97M 4.2M 88M 5% /home /dev/dasda3 74M 21M 50M 30% /opt ·/dev/dasdb1 291M 17M 260M 6% /tmp ·/dev/dasdb2 1.2G 915M 183M 84% /usr ·/dev/dasdb3 245M 69M 164M 30% /var ·/dev/dasdc1 1.2G 1.1G 100M 92% /srv

High Level Installation Workflow (1)

First stage

- IPL kernel, parmfile and initial ram disk are loaded into memory via rdr, kernel decompress itself and initializes the system
- Initial RAM disk is mounted (lives in memory), contains linuxrc
- Linuxrc takes over (small environment incl. scripts)
- Interactive scripts prompt for network configuration
- Establish access to installation server via network
- Network connection info is posted for remote login

Second stage

- ...

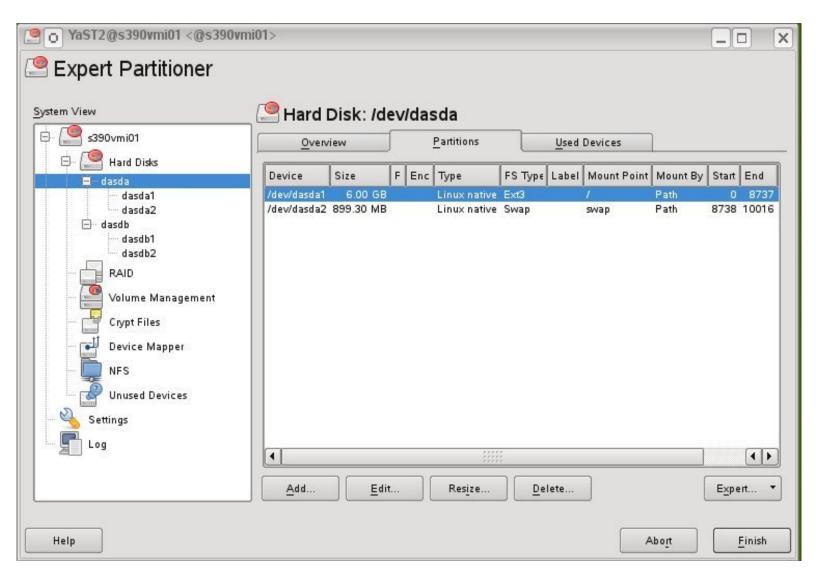
High Level Installation Workflow (2)

Second stage

- ...

- Remote access using text based terminal or graphical GUI
- YaST (text based or GUI) takes over
- User enters system settings (language, keyboard, ...)
- User enters system config data (disk storage, software patterns, etc)

YaST



YaST

File Package Configuration Dependencies Options Extras Help View Search RPM Groups Installation Summary Package Groups Pattern Pattern Pattern Package Summary Installed (Available) Size Basissystem Package Summary Installed (Available) Size ConsoleKit System daemon for tracking users, se 0.2.10-64.65.1 326.0.1 ConsoleKit System daemon for tracking users, se 0.2.10-64.65.1 326.0.1 OpenIPMI OpenIPMI 2.0.16-0.3.29 5.3.1 OpenIPMI OpenIPMI 0.9.14.34.9 453.0.1 SuSEfirewall2 Stateful Packet Filter Using iptables 3.6.5VNI208-2.5.1 234.0.1 SuSEfirewall2 Stateful Packet Filter Using iptables 3.6.5VNI208-2.5.1 234.0.1 SuSEfirewall2 Stateful Packet Filter Using iptables 3.6.5VNI208-2.5.1 234.0.1 Minimales System (Appliances) attr Commands for Manipulating POSIX 2.2.47-30.34.29 200.0.1 attri Commands for Manipulating Extend 2.4.431.18 158.0.1 150.0.1 </th <th><u></u></th>	<u></u>
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🗹 🗙 X Window System	
Primäre Funktionen Description Technical Data Dependencies Versions File List Change Log	
Dateiserver ConsoleKit - System daemon for tracking users, sessions and seats	
	- 17
Druckserver ConsoleKit is a system daemon for tracking what users are logged into the system and how they interact with the computer (e.g. which keyboard and mouse they use).	
Supportability: Stufe 3	
Webserver und LAMP-Server	
Internet-Gateway	
DHCP- und DNS-Server	

High Level Installation Workflow (3)

Second stage

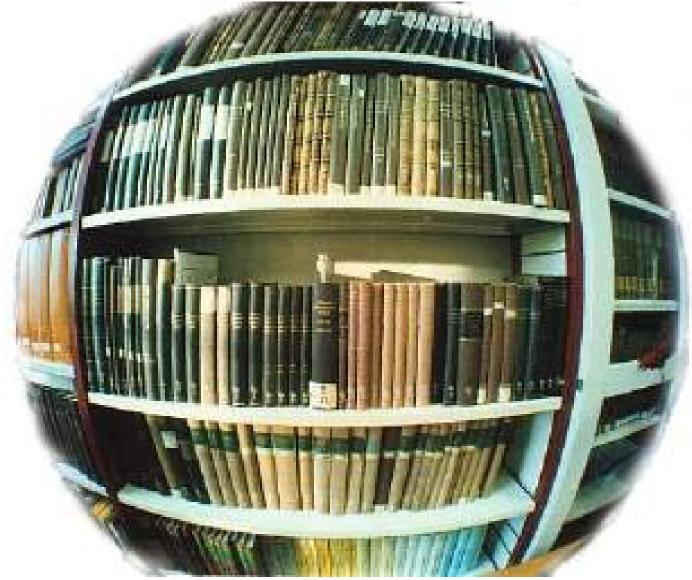
- ...

- Software packages are fetched from installation server
- Packages are unpacked, installed, post processed
- Final system config settings are prompted (eg. user/password)
- Boot loader is written (zipl), YaST terminates
- Initial reboot to new system
- Login prompt ... done.

First Login, what is next?

📃 👩 x3270-4 s390z14.s	use.de
File Options	
Starting service gdm. Starting CRON daemon. Starting smartdunus Starting INET services Master Resource Contro Skipped services in ru	done sed
Welcome to SUSE Linux efault (ttySO). s390vmi01 login:	Datei Bearbeiten Ansicht Verlauf Lesezeichen Einstellungen Hilfe mkraft@x201:~> ssh -Y root@s390vmi01.suse.de Last login: Wed Oct 26 15:36:40 2011 from mkraft.openvpn.suse.de s390vmi01:~ # uname -a Linux s390vmi01 2.6.32.46-0.3-default #1 SMP 2011-09-29 17:49:31 +0200 s390x s390 x s390x GNU/Linux s390vmi01:~ #
	↓vmi01.suse.de (root)

RTFM – Read The Fine Manual



Let's do it again – with less interaction

- Parmfile automating the initial system configuration
 - The installation process can be partly automated by specifying the crucial parameters in the parmfile.
 - The parmfile contains all the data required for network setup and disk storage configuration. In addition to that, it can be used to set up the connection to the installation server.
 - User interaction is thus limited to the actual YaST installation controlled by YaST dialogs.

Parmfile Entries

- Scope And Usage
 - The number of lines in the parmfile is limited to 10.
 - Specify more than one parameter on a line.
 - Parameter names are not case-sensitive.
 - Separate the parameters by spaces. Any order is allowed.
 - ramdisk_size=131072 root=/dev/ram1 ro init=/linuxrc TERM=dumb HostIP=10.11.134.65 Hostname=s390zvm01.suse.de Domain=suse.com Gateway=192.168.1.3 Nameserver=192.168.1.4 InstNetDev=osa Netmask=255.255.255.0 Broadcast=192.168.255.255 OsaInterface=qdio OsaMedium=eth PortNo=1 ReadChannel=0.0.0524 WriteChannel=0.0.0525 DataChannel=0.0.0526 Portname=FEF400 UseSSH=1 SSHPassword=testing

Install=nfs://server/directory/sles11sp1/ AutoYaST=<URL> Manual=0 Info=<URL>

Recycle

- First stage
 - Kernel vmrdr.ikr
 - Parmfile
 - Initial RAM Disk
- Second Stage
 - Linuxrc reads parmfile
 - YaST / user interaction on various settings ...
 - Fetch from repositories, install, post processing, reboot

parmfile

initrd

- Login ... done.

Once again ...



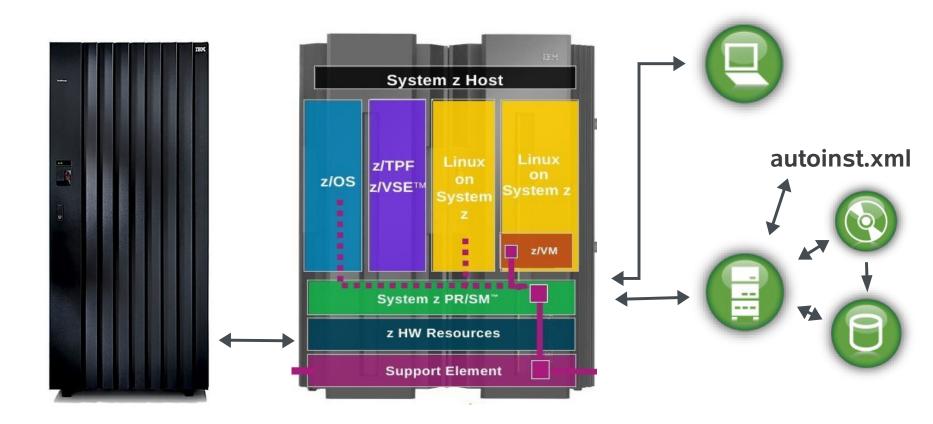
AutoYaST – even more efficient

Unattended Automated Installation



- AutoYaST
 - AutoYaST is a system for installing one or more SUSE systems automatically and without user intervention.
 - AutoYaST is rules based and can suite different types of hardware resources and system purposes
 - AutoYaST installations are performed using an autoyast profile with installation and configuration data (eg. autoinst.xml) and can be provided to YaST2 during installation in different ways. (eg. retrieved from a remote location).
 - The profile can be created using the configuration interface of AutoYaST or command line tools
 - Use vnc (GUI) 'mode' for unintended installation
 - parmfile: AutoYaST=<URL> Info=<URL> linuxrclog=/dev/console usevnc=1 vncpassword=testing

Installation Environment (2)



autoinst.xml (1)

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<!DOCTYPE profile>
<profile xmlns="http://www.suse.com/1.0/yast2ns" xmlns:config="http://www.suse.com/1.0/configns">
  <add-on>
    <add on products config:type="list"/>
  </add-on>
  <ca mqm>
  <dasd>
    <devices config:type="list">
      <listentry>
        <bus>None</bus>
        <bus hwcfg>none</bus hwcfg>
        <channel>0.0.0150</channel>
        <class id config:type="integer">262</class id>
        <detail>
        <dev name>/dev/dasda</dev name>
        <dev names config:type="list">
          <listentry>/dev/dasda</listentry>
         stentry>/dev/disk/by-path/ccw-0.0.0150</listentry>
        </dev names>
        <dev num>
        <device>DASD</device>
        <device id config:type="integer">276880</device id>
        <driver>io subchannel</driver>
        <drivers config:type="list">
        <formatted config:type="boolean">true</formatted>
        <hotpluggable config:type="boolean">true</hotpluggable>
        <model>IBM DASD</model>
        <old unique key>N5EP.r0ENMk3aQ50</old unique key>
        <partition info>/dev/dasdal (Linux native), /dev/dasda2 (Linux native)/partition info>
        <prog if config:type="integer">l</prog if>
        <resource>
          <disk log geo config:type="list">
            <listentry>
              <cylinders config:type="integer">10017</cylinders>
              <heads config:type="integer">15</heads>
              <sectors config:type="integer">12</sectors>
            </listentry>
          </disk log geo>
                           100
```

autoinst.xml (2)

<runlevel> <default>5</default> </runlevel> <software> <patterns config:type="list"> <pattern>Minimal</pattern> <pattern>apparmor</pattern> <pattern>base</pattern> <pattern>documentation</pattern> <pattern>file server</pattern> <pattern>qnome</pattern> <pattern>kde</pattern> <pattern>print server</pattern> <pattern>sdk kernel</pattern> <pattern>x11</pattern> </patterns> <packages config:type="list"> <package>bonnie</package> <package>cmsfs</package> <package>ConsoleKit-32bit</package> <package>mc</package> <package>kernel-docs</package> <package>kernel-syms</package> <package>Mesa-32bit</package> <package>PolicyKit-32bit</package>

AutoYaST Tools

- Clone exisiting configuration
 - At the end of the initial installation (reuse for reproduction)
 - Later in a configured and operational system
 - # yast2 clone_system \rightarrow autoinst.xml
- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ Edit and Modify
 - # yast2 autoyast \rightarrow load autoinst.xml \rightarrow edit \rightarrow save
 - autoinst.xml is just the default file name

AutoYaST GUI

ups P Novell AppArmor Hardware	Modules Allgemeine Optionen Energieverwaltung	Details Mouse
he Verfügbarkeit Verschiedenes Netzwerkdienste Sicherheit und Benutzer Software Support System	Ausgabe und Protokollierung System wiederherstellen Nunlevel-Editor Image: Sprache	NONE Confirm installation? No Second Stage of AutoYaST Yes Halting the machine after stage one No Signature Handling Accepting unsigned files Accepting files without a checksum Not accepting failed verifications
		Clone Edit Apply to system Clear



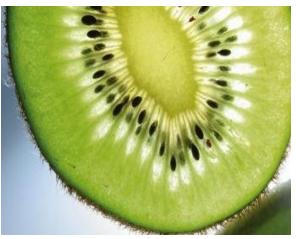
Let's do it once again – cloning

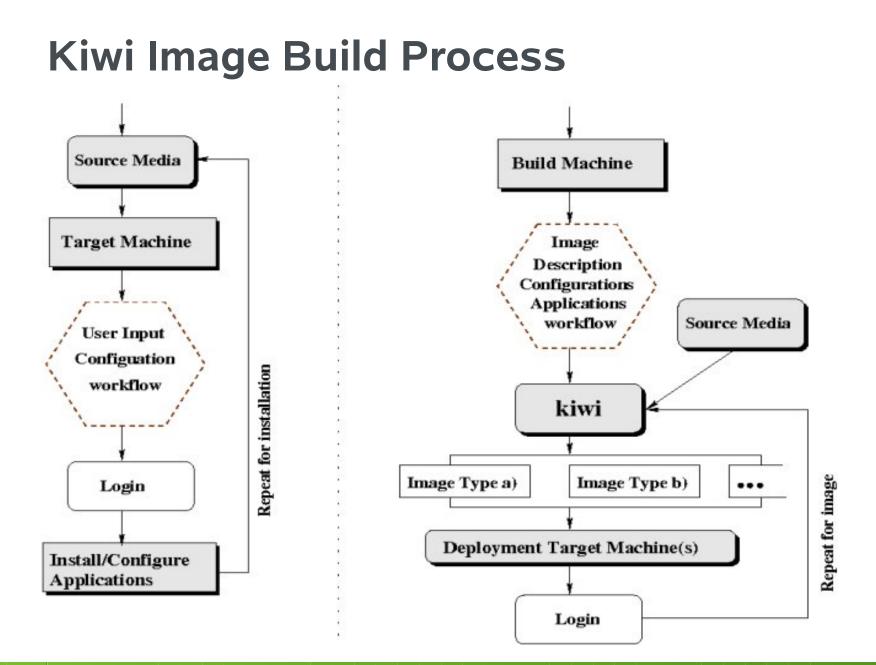
Most used, proven, fast

- Cloning
 - Based on already installed and configured system
 - Done at z/VM level or with a dedicated Linux system
 - Advantages
 - Prepared 'golden' images of different types ("image warehouse")
 - Configuration parameters can be stored 'outside' the system for self customization at IPL
 - Fast, due to disk storage copying speed
 - Drawbacks
 - Images need to be customized before production, fixed disk storage size
 - Software updates of golden images requires care
 - Logging / tracking of changes if golden images evolve over time

Let's do it different Cold Install

- kiwi
 - Scriptable command line tool that builds software images from a description file and repositories
 - Generate suitable image format for different deployment types
 - Reproducible
 - To access kiwi & documentation, add SDK as a repository and issue 'zypper se kiwi'





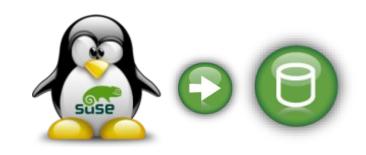
Kiwi Image Types

- Supported x86-64 image types
 - Virtual disk formats (vmx, usb, iso)
 - Virtual disk OEM images: able to repartition to real disk size
- Supported s390x image types
 - Virtio disk with kvm_s390x
 - DASD disk with Linux, z/VM and/or LPAR
 - SCSI/zFCP disk with Linux, z/VM and/or LPAR



Kiwi Image Disk Storage Deployment

- \cdot Using z/VM
 - Transfer image to z/VM via FTP
 - CMSDDR
 http://www.vm.ibm.com/download/packages/cmsddr.vmarc
- Using existing Linux system
 - dasd_configure <target_dasd> 1
 - dd if=Appliance_image.dasd of=/dev/<target_device> bs=4k
 - sync
 - dasd_configure <target_dasd> 0
- IPL from target device



Lifecycle Management

How to build an operating system ?

Things need to work together

- Kernel
- Device drivers
- Userland
 - Tools
 - Applications
 - Documentation

- Where to place file?
 - FHS, LFS
- And updates ?

Delivery: Archives

Grouping applications, configs, and docs

- \cdot Multiple files
 - Combine to single archive
 - cpio, tar, zip, zap, zoom, ...
- Multiple locations
- Fire & forget ?
- Updates ?

- Where to place ?
- Prerequisites
 - Build environment
- Dependencies
 - Execution environment

The Quartermaster

Knowing where files are to be placed

- Red Hat Package Manager (rpm)
 - Source code packages to build applications (w/ spec file & change log)
 - Executables, config files and documentation included in rpm to deploy and uninstall applications
 - Meta data management by rpm
 - rpm database
 - file locations
 - requirements and dependencies tracking
 - Install, Update and delete
 - Changes and check sum tracking
 - Key management (signed packages, authentication)
 - ... (see man rpm)

rpm -qa list all installed packages

🛅 👩 s390vmi01.suse.de (root)				
Datei Bearbeiten Ansicht Verlau	f Lesezeichen	Einstellungen	Hilfe	
rsync-3.0.4-2.38.1				^
ConsoleKit-32bit-0.2.10-64.65.1				
apparmor-parser-2.3.1-8.18.7				
kdelibs4-4.3.5-0.6.1 gnome-media-lang-2.28.5-1.7.8				
kdebase4-SLED-lang-11-25.16.3				
kio sysinfo-11-25.16.3				
misc-console-font-3.5.10-20.31				
kdebase3-3.5.10-20.31				
openssl-certs-0.9.8h-27.3.1				
glibc-2.11.1-0.32.1 libuuidl-32bit-2.16-6.13.1				
libtdb1-32bit-3.4.3-1.32.1				
ppp-2.4.5.git-2.27.1				
libsndfile_1.0.20-2.4.1				
libxml2-32bit-2.7.6-0.9.1				
yast2-core-2.17.35.3-0.3.1				
util-linux-2.16-6.13.1 yast2-2.17.92.2-0.3.1				
evolution-data-server-2.28.2-0.2	2 1			
samba-3.4.3-1.32.1				
popt-32bit-1.7-37.29.29.1				
libqt4-32bit-4.6.3-5.10.1				
kpartx-0.4.8-40.44.1				
cups-libs-32bit-1.3.9-8.44.1				
libqt4-sql-4.6.3-5.10.1 mozilla-nss-3.12.11-3.2.2.1				
libnotify-0.4.4-173.29.28.1				
MozillaFirefox-3.6.23-0.3.1				
1305				
s390vmi01:~ #				0
s390vmi01:~ # ls R / wc l				
235372				
s390vmi01:~ #				0

rpm -qaV list all changes

🛅 👩 s390vn	ni01.suse.de (root)		×
Datei Bearb	oeiten Ansicht Verlauf Lesezeichen Einste	ellungen Hilfe	
s390vmi01:~ #			^
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		T %Teautite Teautite tile	
S.5T c, S.5T c, L c, L c, L c, L c, L c, S.5T c, S.5T c, S.5T c, S.5T c, S.5T c, S.5T c,	<pre>/etc/cups/cupsd.conf /etc/fonts/suse-font-dirs.conf /etc/modprobe.conf /etc/modprobe.d/unsupported-modules /usr/lib64/xulrunner-1.9.2.23/.autoreg /etc/pam.d/common-account /etc/pam.d/common-auth /etc/pam.d/common-password /etc/pam.d/common-session /usr/share/fonts/100dpi/fonts.dir /usr/share/fonts/100dpi/fonts.scale /usr/share/fonts/Speedo/fonts.dir /usr/share/fonts/Speedo/fonts.scale /usr/share/fonts/Typel/fonts.dir /usr/share/fonts/Typel/fonts.scale /usr/share/fonts/Typel/fonts.scale /usr/share/fonts/Typel/fonts.scale</pre>		
T C ,	/usr/share/fonts/cyrillic/fonts.scale		
S.5T c ,	/usr/share/fonts/truetype/fonts.dir /usr/share/fonts/truetype/fonts.scale /usr/lib64/xulrunner-1.9.1.19/.autoreg /usr/lib64/gconv/gconv-modules.cache	<i>S file Size differs M Mode differs 5 MD5 sum differs</i>	
	/usr/share/man/manl/kfind.l.gz	D Device major/minor # mismatch	
T c, S.5T c, S.5T c, .MU	/etc/xinetd.d/vnc /etc/YaST2/control.xml /etc/X11/xdm/Xservers /etc/X11/xdm/xdm-config /var/log/gdm /etc/cups/client.conf	L readLink(2) path mismatch U User ownership differs G Group ownership differs T mTime differs	
s390vmi01 :~ #	#		\$

rpm -q sysstat -R list all requirements for package sysstat

Who Instructs The Quartermaster ?

Resolving dependencies and managing software installations

- · Zypper (zmd & yum & package & patch management)
 - Software management and command line interface to libzypp
 - Manage, query and refresh repositories
 - Resolve dependencies across all attached repositories
 - Install & uninstall packages
 - Manage patterns (predefines groups of packages)
 - Logging
 - Consult zypper manual page for more details
 - Check for size of /var/cache/zypp, set keeppackages=0

zypper Ir – list all repositories

🖹 👩 s390t06.suse.de (root)				×
Datei Bearbeiten An		zeichen Einst	tellungen Hilfe		
390t06:/etc/zypp # z	Name		Aktualisieren		Â
SLE-11-SP2-SDK_1 SLES-11-SP2	SLE-11-SP2-SDK	Ja	Nein Nein		
390t06:/etc/zypp # 390t06:/etc/zypp # 390t06:/etc/zypp #					
390t06:/etc/zypp # z Alias	Name		Aktualisieren		
SLE-11-SP2-SDK_1 SLES-11-SP2	SLE-11-SP2-SDK	Ja Ja	Nein Nein	ftp://schnell.suse.de/CD-ARCHIVE/SLE11/SLE-11-SP2-SDK-GM/s390x/DVD1 ftp://schnell.suse.de/CD-ARCHIVE/SLE11/SLES-11-SP2-GM/s390x/DVD1	
390t06:/etc/zypp # 390t06:/etc/zypp #		·			
390t06:/etc/zypp # 390t06:/etc/zypp # t	ree .				
credentials.d					
` NCCcredential repos.d	s				
SLE-11-SP2-SD SLES-11-SP2.rd	K_l.repo				
services.d	epu				
systemCheck zypp.conf					
zypper.conf					
directories, 6 file 390t06:/etc/zypp #	s				
390t06:/etc/zypp # 390t06:/etc/zypp #					
390t06:/etc/zypp # c SLES-11-SP2]	at repos.d/SLES-1	l-SP2.repo			
ame=SLES-11-SP2					
nabled=1 utorefresh=0					
aseurl=ftp://schnell ath=/	.suse.de/CD-ARCHI	VE/SLE11/SLES	5-11-SP2-GM/s390	x/DVD1	
ype=yast2 eeppackages=0					
390t06:/etc/zypp # 390t06:/etc/zypp #					
390t06:/etc/zypp # 390t06:/etc/zypp # d ,7M /var/cache/zy		zypp/			Π
390t06:/etc/zypp #	Ph1				
			90t06.suse.de (roo		~
🔳90t06.suse.de (root					

zypper cache 8-32MB /var/cache/zypp

🛅 👩 s390t06.suse.de (root)		
<pre>S390t06.suse.de (root) Datei Bearbeiten Ansicht Verlauf Le S390t06:/etc/zypp # tree -d /var/cac /var/cache/zypp/ packages</pre>	-	
I90106.suse.de (root)	90t06.suse.de (root)	\$

2nd zypper cache example

8-32MB /var/cache/zypp

	mkraft : bash							×
Datei	Bearbeiten	Ansicht	Verlauf	Lesezeichen	Einstellungen	Hilfe		
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	ar/cache/z	ypp #						÷
🛅 mk	raft:bash							

Novell Customer Center

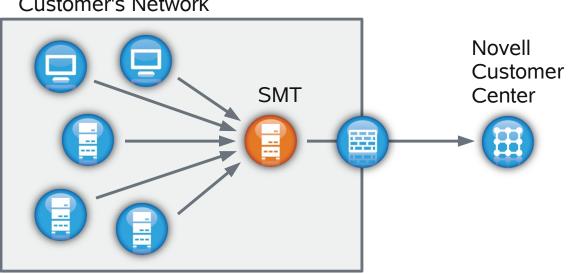
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		System								
Customer Center My Profile	Home *	These are the syst	ems that are a	tivated against v	our subscriptions. I	Double-click on any li	ine item to view detail	ls.		
My Products My Support My Training	5 5 5				Filter this view	System Name	🖨 Contains			• • •
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	🔟 Needs Activ		da2400	No Da		sle-11-x86_	64	20 Oct 2011, 8:38 AM	•	
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		•								3 Items
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upport.novell.co	m									
Find Local Num Request call Buy	bers									
100										

Subscription Management Tool **Overview**

SMT is a proxy and auditing tool that mirrors the Novell Customer Center update channels and tightly integrates with it.

It allows you to accurately register and manage an entire SUSE Linux Enterprise deployment and subscriptions.

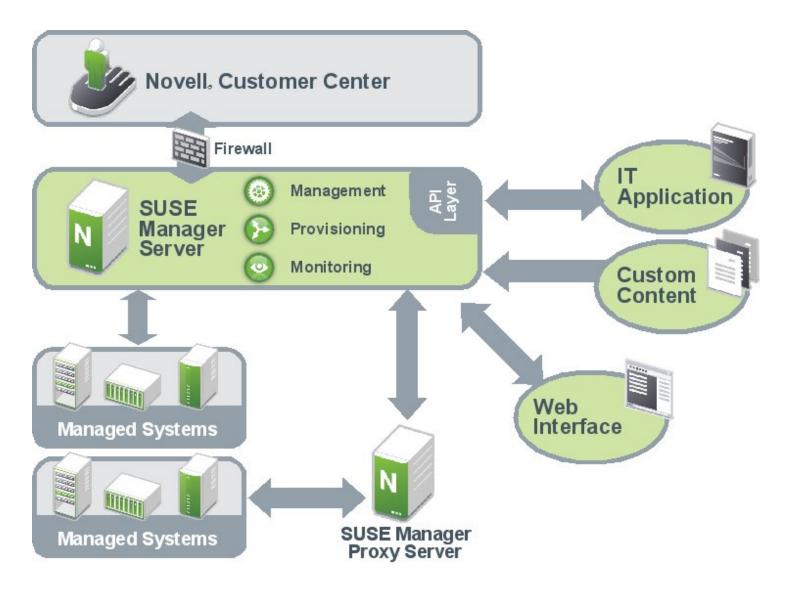
It allows for retrieving and staging of updates to support the deployment process workflow.



Customer's Network

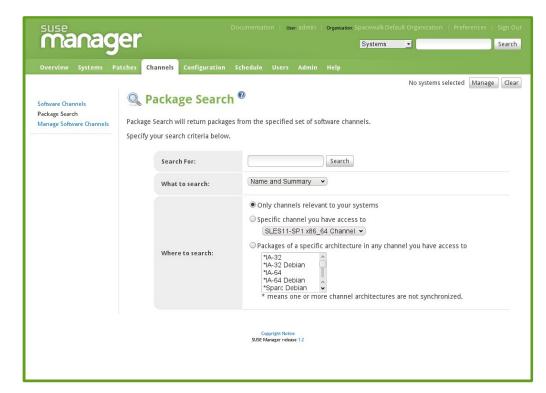


SUSE Manager

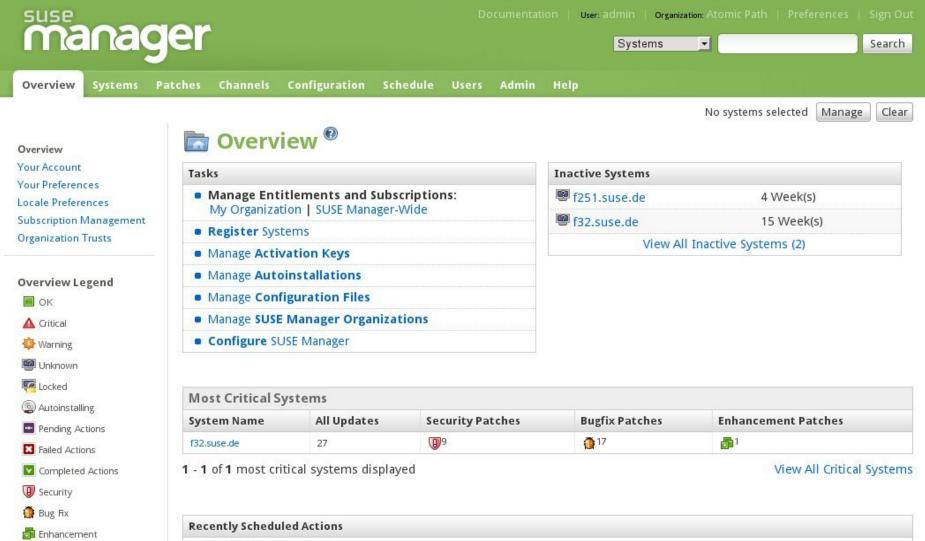


SUSE. Manager Management Module

- NCC integration
- ZYpp update stack
- Server groups
- Custom repositories
- SUSE Manager API
- Scheduler
- Role-based access control
- Search



Virtual guest, appliance and System z management



No recently scheduled actions.

You have scheduled no actions within the past thirty days. You may view a list of past completed actions at Schedule > Completed Actions and a list of past failed actions at Schedule > Failed Actions.

Relevant Security Patches		Systems	Updated
RHSA-2010:0839	Moderate: kernel security and bug fix update	1	09.11.10
RHSA-2010:0819	Moderate: pam security update	(1	01.11.10
RHSA-2010:0811	Important: cups security update	1	28.10.10

Package Management

- Channels (package repositories)
 - Tree-like structure
 - Private channels
- Package operations
 - View
 - Verify
 - Install
 - Update
 - Delete
- Profiles



Patch and Update Management

- \cdot View pending updates
- Notifications
- Manual or automatic update
- Scheduled reboots



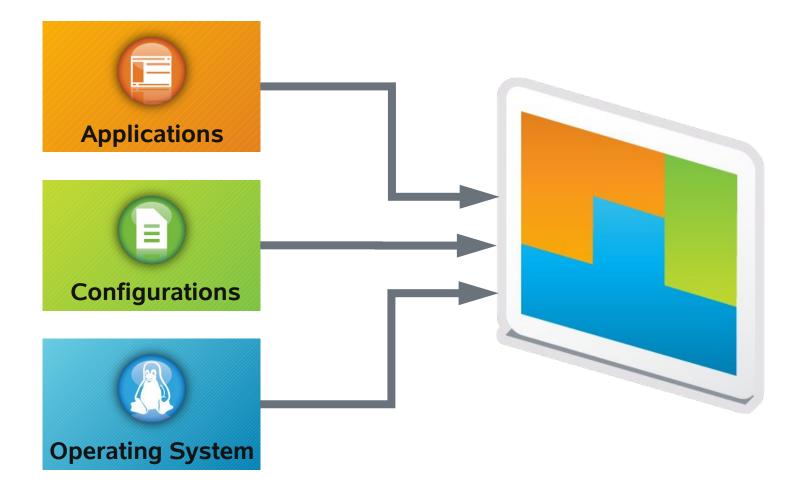
SUSE_® Studio[™]

SUSE Studio is a service that makes it possible to create customized software appliances by combining your software with the SUSE Linux Enterprise operating system.

http://susestudio.com/



Why Not Do All This Just Once?



SUSE Studio[™] Components



SUSE Studio Core Engine

Behind firewall stand-alone version of SUSE Studio

Kiwi Support:

Fully supported, command line scriptable appliance creation behind the firewall, integrates with SUSE Studio

WebYaST:

Manage

Provides YaST functionality through a web interface SUSE Lifecycle

Maintain

SUSE Lifecycle Management Server:

Serves updates, includes access control to restrict access to repositories, allows for multiple update streams or channels

Manage with WebYaST

Web-based management interface for full visibility into the configuration, health and performance of your SUSE_® Linux Enterprise

Configuration of software appliances (Modules include: storage, bootloader, timezone, software appliance management updates, user management, hardware customization)

Administration of installed system (Modules include: Status, soft-shutdown, reboot, monitoring, license/EULA and registration, service start/stop/status)



WebYast

Web based System Management Interface

🝸 webya	ast			My Appliance	e: English (US) Connected host: localhost User: root Control panel Logout
Status Your syste Registration 	m is up to date	•			System actions Reboot Shutdown
Config Q Updates	guration	n Estem Services	Users	Software Repositories	
Registration	Network	Language	Groups	Mail Settings	
Time	Firewall	Administrator Settings			

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WebYaST

webyast My			
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		Comparison of the state of	స్ట్ 🕶 🚺 Google
Status		SE 🔻 🥠 Getting Started 🔊 Latest Headlines 🔻 📄 Mozilla Firefox 🔻	
	😗 WebYaST	+	
🔹 🌑 Network	webyast	My Appliance	A Home & root US English (US)
eth0			
Show last 5 Minutes 🔻		Status	?
		Status	Ð
MByte/s		> 🛞 Network	
C received			
8 Sent		👻 🎯 Memory	
		Memory	
		Show last 5 Minutes -	
6		MByte	
		517 cached	
3		used	
		188	
		259	
14:23:16 14:24:06 14:24:55 14:25:45 14:26:34 14:27:24 14:28:1	3		
		129	
🕨 🔵 Memory			
Disk		0	
		>) Disk	
🕨 💮 СРИ			
		> 🔴 CPU	
		→ System messages	
	Done	Frlit Limits	

Maintain with SUSE Lifecycle Management Server

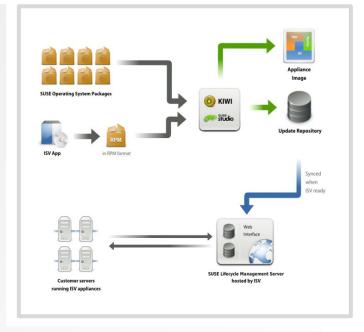
Update and maintenance of deployed software appliances.

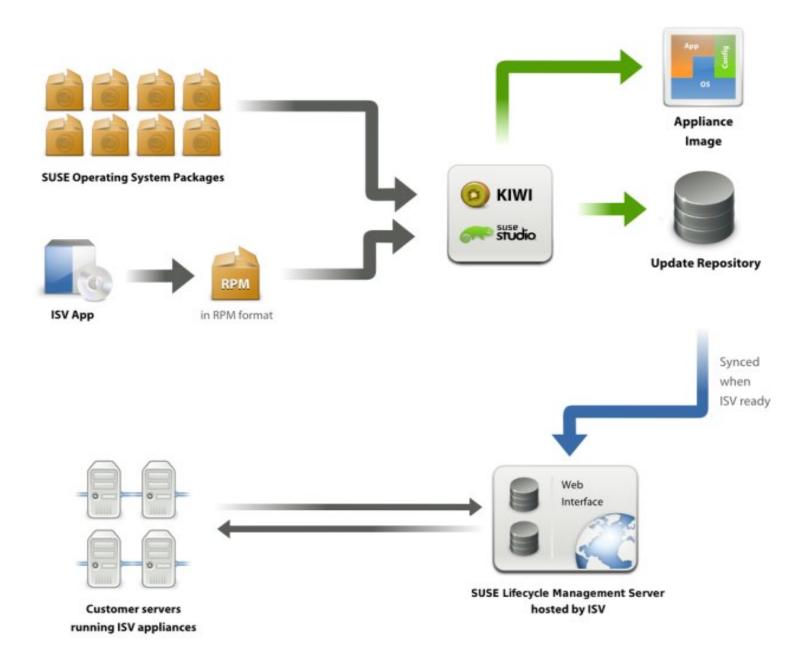
Unified update mechanism, federating updates for all components of the appliance.

Repository management, staging repositories support for quality assurance

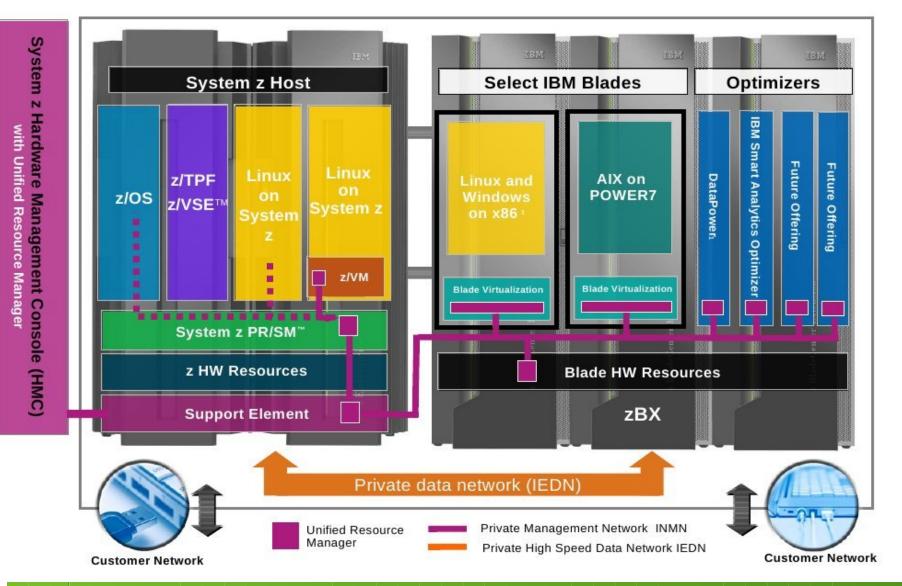
Authentication, entitlement and access control required to distribute updates.

Management of essential customer data, interface to CRM systems





IBM zEnterprise



Questions & Answers

- "An expert is someone who knows some of the worst mistakes that can be made in his subject, and how to avoid them."
 - Werner Heisenberg (1971)
 Physics and Beyond: Encounters and Conversation





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Resources

- SUSE Linux Enterprise Server for System z
 http://www.suse.com/products/systemz/
- SUSE Linux Enterprise Server and IBM zEnterprise http://www.novell.com/docrep/2010/11/suse_linux_enterprise_server_and_ibm_zenterprise_system.pdf
- zBX entitlement for SUSE Linux Enterprise Server offering http://www.suse.com/promo/zbx.html
- SUSE Manager
 http://www.suse.com/products/suse-manager
- SUSE Studio
 http://www.susestudio.com
- Chalk Talk: Server consolidation on IBM System z
 http://www.novell.com/media/content/chalktalk-server-consolidation-on-system-z.html
- IBM zEnterprise Success Story: Sparda-Datenverarb

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