



z/OS PARMLIB Successful Practices User Experience

Jack Schudel
University of Florida
schudel@ufl.edu



Online Session Evaluation



Atlanta.SHARE.org/SessionEvaluation

Tuesday, 3:00pm

Session # 10648

Title: z/OS PARMLIB Successful Practices

- User Experiences



D PARMLIB



IEE251I 05.00.41 PARMLIB DISPLAY

PARMLIB DATA SETS SPECIFIED

AT IPL

ENTRY	FLAGS	VOLUME	DATA SET	
1	S	MVSIP1	SYS1.SYSRES.PARMLIB	on SYSRES
2	D	SYS901	SYS1.PARMLIB	SHARED
3	S	MVSIP1	SYS1.CPAC.PARMLIB	on SYSRES
4	S	MVSIP1	SYS1.IBM.PARMLIB	on SYSRES



Why multiple PARMLIBs?



- SYS1.CPAC.PARMLIB
 - Provided as part of ServerPac
 - Contains tailored members IFAPRD00 and others
 - No SMP/E DDDEF
- SYS1.IBM.PARMLIB
 - Maintained by SMP/E
 - Release specific IPCS, DAE and other members
 - Currently recommended settings, subject to change



Why multiple PARMLIBs?

(cont'd)



SYS1.SYSRES.PARMLIB

- Release or maintenance specific members
- Empty except during migration to new release or maintenance level

SYS1.PARMLIB

- Installation specific members
- Common across all lpars
- Use system symbolics in suffix for lpar specific members



Why SYS1.SYSRES.PARMLIB?



- New release or maintenance may require new or different options, datasets or OMVS filesystems.
- New release may have renamed something.
- With a local, overriding PARMLIB, rolling any changes required for a new z/OS release into a plex just requires changing the IPL address.
- Even in a mono-plex, having release dependant options on the res pack makes it simple to switch between releases, especially if you need to go back several releases to reproduce a customer problem.



What's in SYS1.SYSRES.PARMLIB?



- For z/OS 1.11 to 1.12 Conversion:
 - COMMNDxx

```
• COM='S CSF, ICSFPROG=CSFMMAIN' (1.11)
```

- COM='S CSF, ICSFPROG=CSFINIT' (1.12)
- BPXPRMnF
 - <...>
 - MOUNT FILESYSTEM('SYS1.OMVS.&SYSR1..JAVA6461')
 - MOUNTPOINT('/usr/lpp/java/J6.0.1_64')
 - TYPE(HFS) MODE(RDWR)
 - <...>



How long does it stay there?



- Normally the production SYSRES.PARMLIB is empty
- Merged into shared PARMLIB once all members of the sysplex are stable at the new level.



Where do you specify multiple PARMLIBs?



SYS1.IPLPARM(LOADxx) (subset)

IEASYM (00,L)

SYSPARM 00

NUCLST 00

PARMLIB SYS1.SYSRES.PARMLIB

PARMLIB SYS1.PARMLIB

PARMLIB SYS1.CPAC.PARMLIB

PARMLIB SYS1.IBM.PARMLIB

SYS1.PARMLIB must be in the list or MVS will add it



How does IPL find LOADxx?



MVS IPL LOADPARM (ddddxxM.) specifies:

- dddd IODF and SYSn.IPLPARM device address
- xx LOADxx suffix
- M | P | A Messages, Prompt, or both

See "Loading the System Software" in MVS System Commands for details



Placement of LOADxx



During IPL, the system looks for LOADxx and NUCLSTxx in the first dataset that it finds, using the following order:

- SYS0.IPLPARM through SYS9.IPLPARM on the IODF volume.
- SYS1.PARMLIB on the IODF volume.
- SYS1.PARMLIB on the sysres volume.

see "Placement of LOADxx" in MVS Initialization and Tuning Reference



Placement of LOADxx



"Once the system opens the master catalog, the system reads all other members from the SYS1.PARMLIB data set that is pointed to by the master catalog. This SYS1.PARMLIB might be different from the SYS1.PARMLIB data set to which the LOAD parameter points."

see "Loading the System Software" in MVS System Commands





Other Approaches



Jim Petersen, Home Depot



SYS1.PARMLIB On release catalog volume

CPAC.PARMLIB On release catalog volume

SYS1.IBM.PARMLIB On SYSRES

- New master catalog created for each z/OS Release.
- SYS1.PARMLIB copied from old release and updated as needed.



Jim Petersen, Home Depot



- Heavy use of Symbolics for such things as:
 - Each CA Product Release Level (such as R120)
 - Each CA Product Runtime Level (maintenance rollout Level – RT1, RT2, RT3, up to RT5)
- Symbolics for zOS Release Level (ZOS112)
- Symbolics used for DB2 names and volumes the libraries for that DB2 live on.



Jim Petersen, Home Depot



- When doing maintenance code new member such as PROG02N which has changes in it.
 - Then rename PROG02 to PROG02\$ and PROG02N to PROG02 before IPLing LPAR2
 - Rename IEASYM00 to IEASYM0\$ and IEASYM0N to IEASYM00
- This is just a couple of examples of how we maintain SYS1.PARMLIB at Home Depot
- It is an evolving work as we discover new ways to make our job easier.



Frank Lawrence, SunTrust



```
APLEX1 SYS1.ATLA.ATLPLEX.PARMLIB
```

APLEX1 SYS1.SUNTRUST.ATLPLEX.PARMLIB

PIORAP SYS1.IBM.PARMLIB

VSAMA1 SYS1.PARMLIB

- We still build a new Master Cat for each new release.
- 'SYS1.SUNTRUST.ATLPLEX.PARMLIB' is the production SYSPLEX parmlib of everything that is identical throughout the PLEX, and is shared by all members of the PLEX.
- 'SYS1.ATLA.ATLPLEX.PARMLIB' is for each specific LPAR (one unique to each LPAR). There are six LPARS in the PLEX (ATLA, ATLB, PRPC, PRPD, PRNA, and PRNB).



Sam Knutson, GEICO



```
SYS1.PARMLIB <-- Shared across Sysplex SYS1.GEICO.PARMLIB <-- Shared across Sysplex SYS1.IBM.PARMLIB <-- on IPL volume
```

- We update the existing master catalog.
- Our PARMLIB's are concatenated in front of the IBM SMP/E maintained PARMLIB on the sysres.
- We use System Symbols to use different members for different releases/LPARs in the same Sysplex.
- SYS1.PARMLIB for config data.
- GEICO.PARMLIB for slip traps and other data managed by non-systems staff.



Skip Robinson, SCE



ENTRY	FLAGS	DATA SET	Sysres?	Source/Content
1	D	SYS1.PARMLIB	No	Tailored content shared across sysplex
2	S	SYS1.CPAC.PARMLIB	Yes	ServerPac/user, not defined to SMPE
3	S	SYS1.IBM.PARMLIB	Yes	ServerPac misc, SMPE target
4	S	SYS1.SHASPARM	Yes	ServerPac JES2 IPCS, SMPE target





SCE PARMLIB Data Sets

- Shared/customized installation library placed first
- Avoids unexpected collision with IBM supplied likenamed members
- OTOH must watch out for release changes
- We use CPAC.PARMLIB as 'our sysres PARMLIB'
 - Already supplied in ServerPac on sysres
 - Already has appropriate RACF profiles everywhere
 - E.g. Contains tailored IBM PROGxx members





PARMLIB Data Sets – War Story

- In a previous shop we placed the one and only SYS1.PARMLIB on sysres. That sounds sensible, but in practice no one can control the rest of the environment.
- We once had a near disaster when the network guy renamed a VTAM library and updated APF list in the current PARMLIB. The next time we migrated maintenance, PARMLIB contained the old name. VTAM would not come up. The data center was 400 miles away. Fixing the problem remotely was a nightmare ;-(((





Member Naming Conventions

- Use &SYSCLONE for system specific members
 - IEFSSN&SYSCLONE
- Use '#' suffix for new version, '@' for old version
- Place #/@ as far right as possible within name
 - E.g. successive versions of IEFSSN00
 - IEFSSN0# → IEFSSN00 → IEFSSN0@
- Use rename or copy to manage versions, not edit
 - Preserves ISPF statistics for tracking purposes
 - PDF Ver.Mod embedded in line numbers
 - E.g. nnnnnn23 indicates a line changed in 01.23
- Useful not just for PARMLIB





Specifying Member Lists

- Follow the bouncing ball
- In LOADxx: IEASYM (01,02,03,L)
- In IEASYM02: SYSPARM(X1)
 - Determined by Hardware Name plus LPAR Name
 - &SYSCLONE set to 'X1'
- In IEASYSX1:
 - PAGE=(SYS1.PAGELPA0.\$SYS&SYSCLONE,
 - SYS1.PAGECOM0.\$SYS&SYSCLONE,
 - SYS1.PAGELOC0.\$SYS&SYSCLONE,
 - SYS1.PAGELOCn.\$SYS&SYSCLONE,L)





Special handling for PROGxx

- In IEASYS00: PROG=(I1,U1,I2,U2,I3,U3)
- PROGIx in CPAC.PARMLIB contains all IBM entries
 - Derived from ServerPac supplied PROG00
 - 11: Prolog plus IBM-supplied APF entries
 - Includes "DYNAMIC" and "DEFAULTS" statements (R13)
 - I2: IBM-supplied linklist entries
 - I3: "LNKLST ACTIVATE NAME(LNKLST00)"
- PROGUX in SYS1.PARMLIB contains non-IBM entries
 - U1: ISV and local APF entries
 - U2: ISV and local linklist entries
 - U3: Dynamic exit definitions





Handling System Version Differences

Problems with handling multiple versions of the same PARMLIB member in multiple PARMLIB data sets

- 1.Multiple members may have to be kept in sync for long periods. Who remembers to edit them all every time an update needs to be made?
- 2. Who remembers to collapse 'temporary' differences back into a single shared member?
- 3. When is the right time to reconsolidate?



References



- z/OS V1R12.0 MVS System Commands
 - SA22-7627-24
 - Loading the System Software
 - Displaying PARMLIB Information
- z/OS V1R12.0 MVS Initialization and Tuning Reference
 - SA22-7592-21
 - LOADxx (system configuration data sets)
 - Placement of LOADxx
 - Symbolic Parmlib Parser





Questions?





Appendix



SYS1.PARMLIB(IEASYM00)



```
/* NER1 system using MVSPROD partition */
SYSDEF LPARNAME(MVSPROD) SYSNAME(NER1)
SYSDEF LPARNAME(MVSPROD) SYMDEF(&NERSYSID.='P')
SYSDEF LPARNAME(MVSPROD) SYMDEF(&NERTCPIP.='NER')
/* NER2 system using MVSALT partition */
SYSDEF LPARNAME(MVSALT) SYSNAME(NER2)
SYSDEF LPARNAME(MVSALT) SYMDEF(&NERSYSID.='A')
SYSDEF LPARNAME(MVSALT) SYMDEF(&NERTCPIP.='NERA')
/* NER5 system using MVSYES partition */
SYSDEF LPARNAME(MVSYES) SYSNAME(NER5)
SYSDEF LPARNAME(MVSYES) SYMDEF(&NERSYSID.='Y')
SYSDEF LPARNAME(MVSYES) SYMDEF(&NERTCPIP.='NERY')
/* all system defaults */
                                                      /* 1 character system id
SYSDEF SYSCLONE(&SYSNAME(-1:1))
SYSDEF SYMDEF(&SYSR2='&SYSR1(1:4).S&SYSR1(6:1)')
                                                      /* 2nd IPL volume
                                                      /* 3rd IPL volume
SYSDEF SYMDEF(&SYSR3='&SYSR1(1:4).T&SYSR1(6:1)')
                                                      /* GRS default
SYSDEF SYMDEF(&NERGRSRP.='JOIN')
                                                       /* RMF default
SYSDEF SYMDEF(&NERRMFCH.='NOCACHE')
/* NER1 exceptions to override defaults */
SYSDEF LPARNAME(MVSPROD) SYMDEF(&NERRMFCH.='CACHE')
                                                      /* CACHE stats only 1
/* NER5 exceptions to override defaults */
SYSDEF LPARNAME(MVSYES) SYMDEF(&NERGRSRP.='NONE')
                                                      /* GRS=NONE on sandbox
```



SYS1.PARMLIB(IEASYS00)



```
ALLOC=&SYSCLONE.0,
CMD=(&SYSCLONE.0,00),
CON=(&SYSCLONE.0,L),
COUPLE=&SYSCLONE.0,
GRS=&NERGRSRP,
LOGREC=SYS1.&SYSNAME..LOGREC,
OMVS=(&SYSCLONE.0,&SYSCLONE.F),
PROD=(00,&SYSCLONE.0),
PROG=(00,L0,E0),
SMF=&SYSCLONE.0,
PAGE=(SYS1.&SYSNAME..PAGE.PLPA,
              SYS1.&SYSNAME..PAGE.COMM,
              SYS1.&SYSNAME..PAGE.LOCAL01,L)
```

