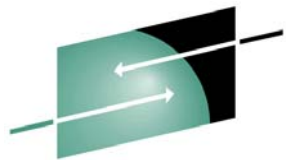




IBM Americas ATS, Washington Systems Center

S9303 Crypto And Disaster Recovery



S H A R E

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Share/Orlando, FL
August 11, 2011



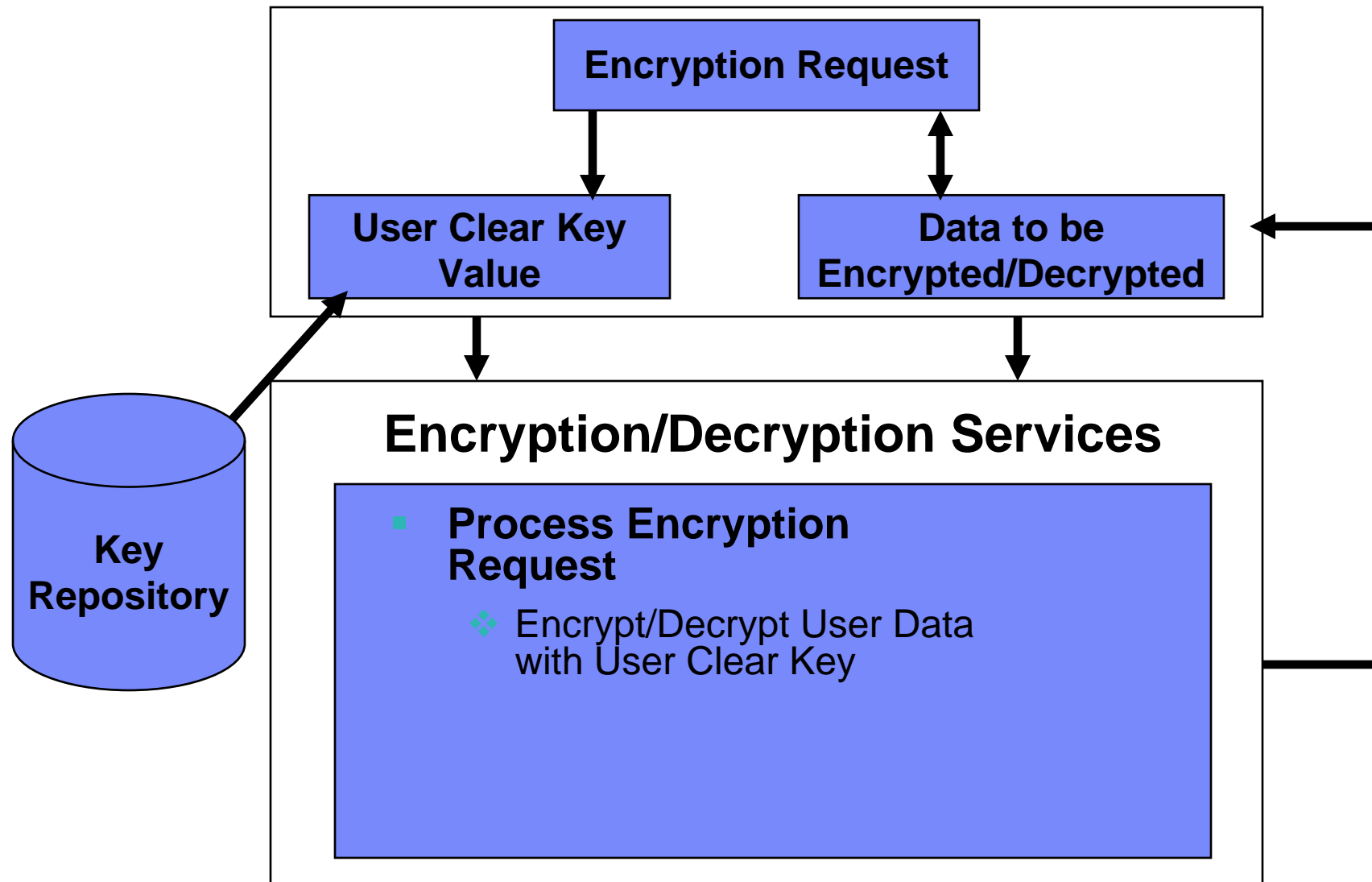
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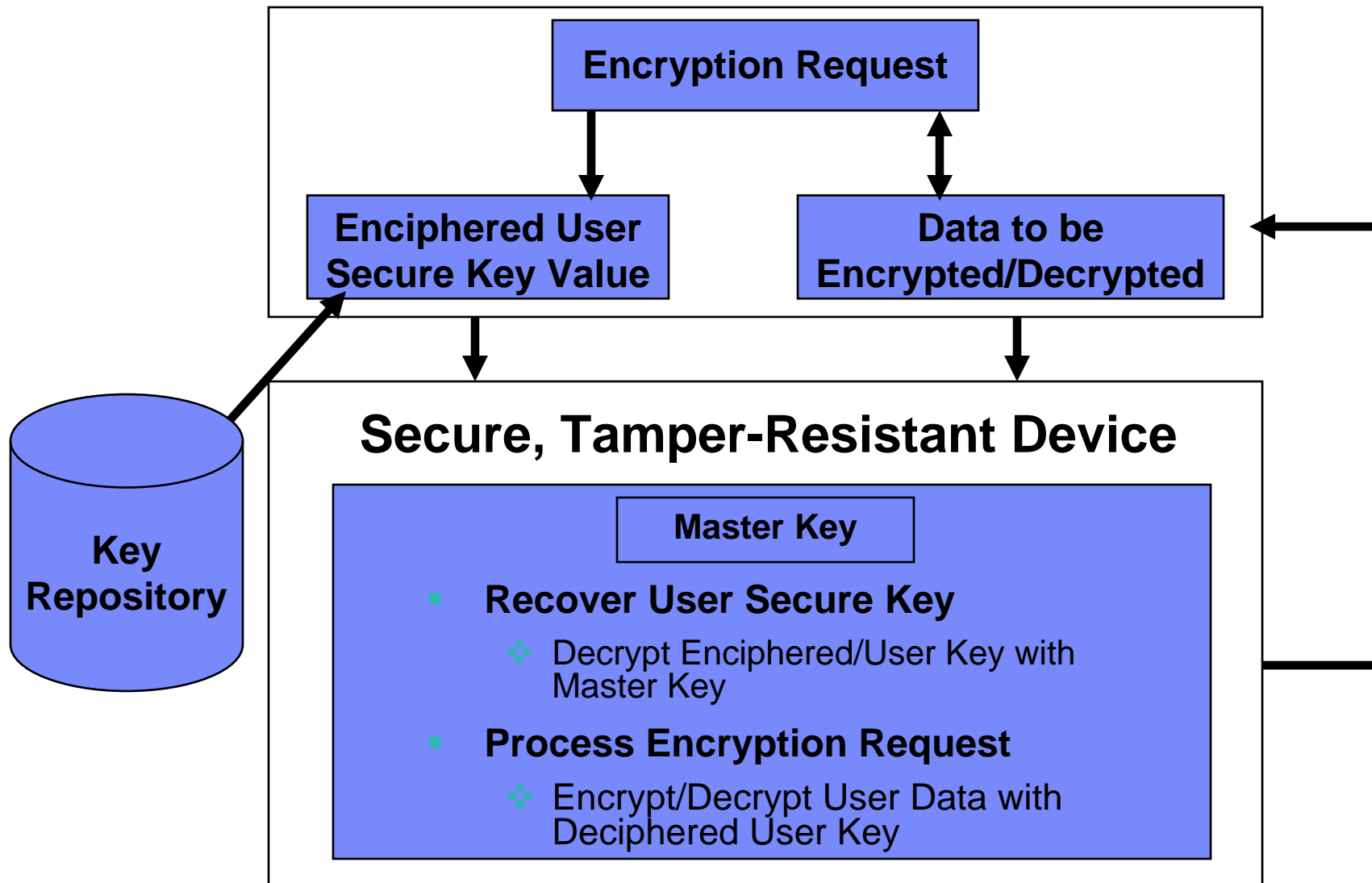
Agenda

- **Clear key / Secure key / Protected key**
- **Hardware**
 - CCF/CPACF/PCI
 - Usage Domains
 - Implications of Different Architectures
- **Who is using crypto hardware/software**
- **Restoring the DR environment**
 - Encrypting tape drives
 - Encryption Facility
 - Master Keys
- **TKE**

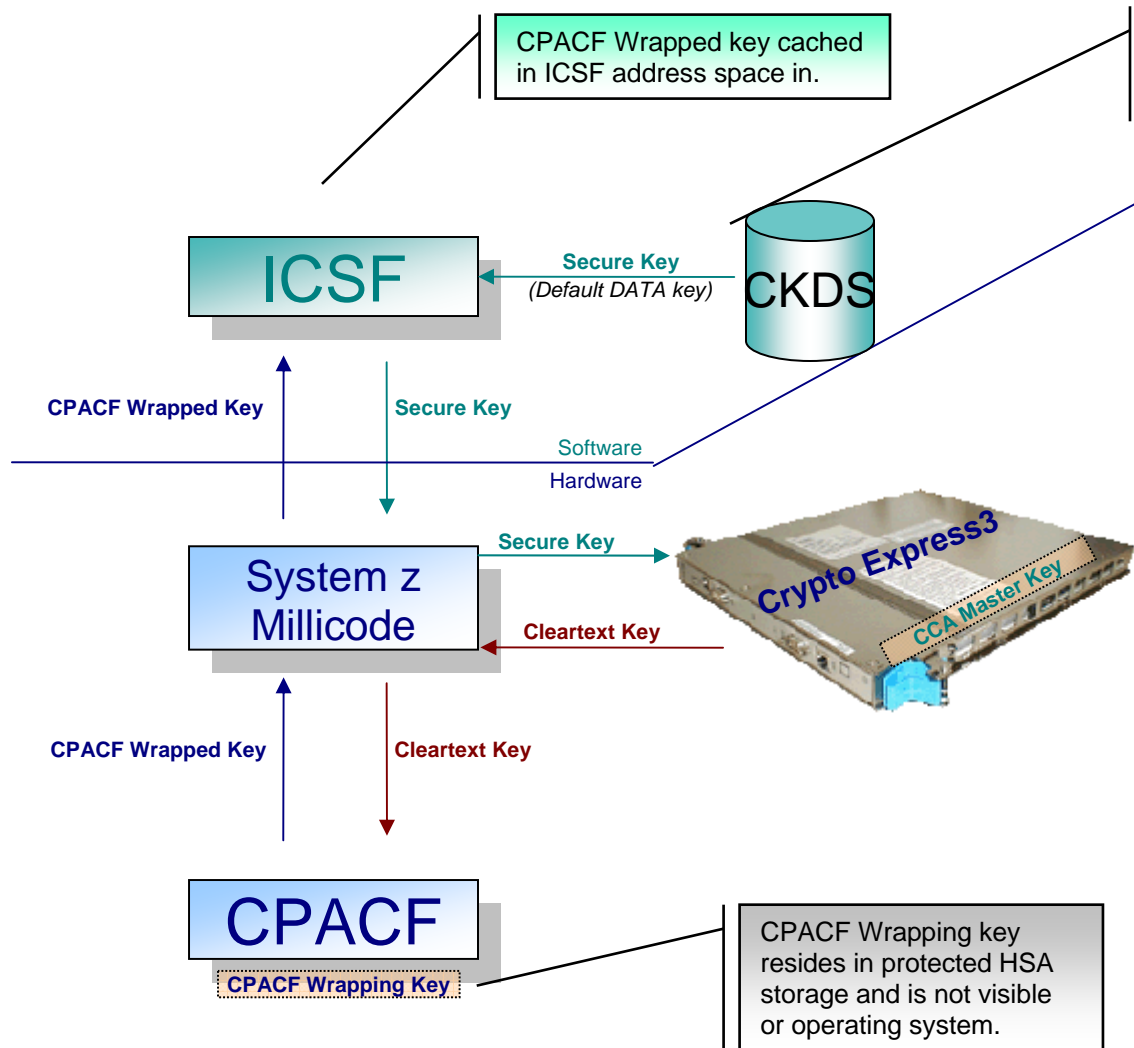
Clear Key Processing



Secure Key Processing



CPACF Protected Key - Key Wrapping



- Create a key 'ABCD', store as secure key (i.e. encrypted under Master Key, MK)
 - $E_{MK}(x'ABCD') \Rightarrow x'4A!2'$
- Execute CSNBSYE (clear key API) with that key and text to be encrypted of 'MY MSG '
- ICSF will pass key value $x'4A!2'$ to CEX3, recover original key value, then wrap it using wrapping key
 - $D_{MK}(x' 4A!2') \Rightarrow x' ABCD'$
 - $E_{WK}(x'ABCD') \Rightarrow x'*94E'$
- ICSF will pass wrapped key value to CPACF, along with message to be encrypted
- In CPACF, unwrap key and perform encryption
 - $D_{wk}(x' *94E') \Rightarrow x' ABCD'$
 - $E_{x'ABCD'}('MY MSG ') \Rightarrow$
ciphertext of x'
 $81FF18019717D183'$

Clear Key / Secure Key / Protected Key

- **Clear Key** – key may be in the clear, at least briefly, somewhere in the environment
- **Secure Key** – key value does not exist in the clear outside of the HSM (secure, tamper-resistant boundary of the card)
- **Protected Key** – key value does not exist outside of physical hardware, although the hardware may not be tamper-resistant



TechDoc WP100647 – A Clear Key / Secure Key / Protected Key Primer

System z Clear Key Cryptographic Hardware – z890/z990, z9 (EC & BC), z10 (EC (GA3) & BC (GA2)), z196/z114

- **CP Assist for Cryptographic Function (CPACF)**
 - DES (56-, 112-, 168-bit), **new chaining options**
 - AES (128-, -192, 256-bit), **new chaining options**
 - SHA-1, **SHA-256, SHA-512 (SHA-2)**
 - **PRNG**
 - **Protected Key**



TechDoc WP100810 – A Synopsis of System z Crypto Hardware

System z Secure Key Crypto Hardware

PCIXCC/PCICA

Crypto Express2 (CEX2) / Crypto Express2-1P (CEX2-1P)

Crypto Express3 (CEX3) / Crypto Express3-1P (CEX3-1P)

- **Secure Key DES/TDES**
- **Secure Key AES**
- **Financial (PIN) Functions****
- **Key Generate/Key Management****
- **Random Number Generate / Generate Long**
- **SSL Handshakes (2048-, 4096- bit keys)**
- **Protected Key Support**
- **ECC** (z196/z114 only)



TechDoc WP100810 – A
Synopsis of System z Crypto
Hardware

**** Add'l functionality on later machines**

Must Production Hardware = DR Hardware?

■ Platform

- Microcode installed
- LPAR Activation Profile
- z/OS Toleration Support
- ICSF Version
- Native instructions



?=?



■ Crypto Function

- Equivalent Function
- Crypto Products/Apps that can adapt
 - System SSL – the App that Adapts!
 - Encryption Facility (CLRTDES on a z900 will use the secure APIs on the CCF)
- Performance Expectations

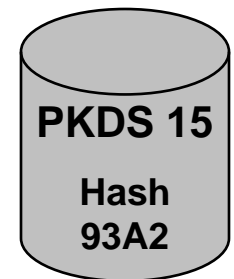
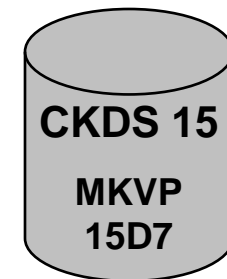
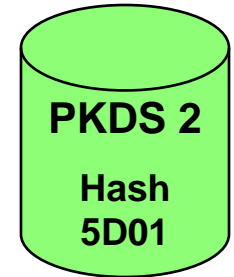
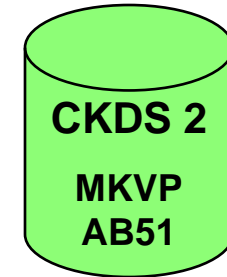
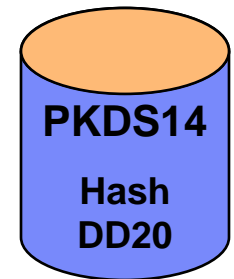
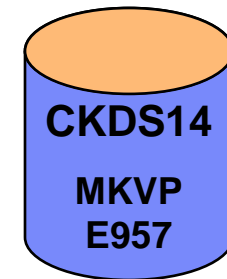
Secure key on production site will require secure key at DR site

Clear key on production site may require clear key at DR site

Usage Domains

Options => DOMAIN=n

LPAR & Domain	DES Master Key	PKA Master Key	AES MK	ECC MK
LP1 UD1	ABC (MKVP=E957)	XYZ (Hash=DD20)
LP2 UD2	LP2KEY (MKVP=AB51)	PKAMST (Hash=5D01)
LP3				
LP4 UD4	ABC (MKVP=E957)	XYZ (Hash=DD20)
LP5				
...				
LP15 UD9	LP15KY (MKVP=15D7)	AKEY (MKVP=93A2)



Crypto Support in the VM Directory

- **CRYPTO – authorizes guest machine to use crypto**
 - APVIRTual – provides access to clear key devices (PCICA, CEX2A, CEX3A) – for Linux and VSE Guests
 - APDEDicated ap, ap ... – assigns specific secure key devices
 - DOMAIN n – assigns a domain(s) to the guest
 - *CSU 0,1,* – assigns zero, one or both CCFs*
 - *KEYENTRY – PCCF functions*
 - *SPECIAL – Enable Special Secure Mode*
 - *MODIFY – provides access to a TKE from this guest*
- **OPTION CRYMeasure – authorizes access to crypto measurement data on the crypto hardware**

System Keys – Where was the CKDS Initialized?

- **CKDS System keys are not required in a PCIXCC/CEX2C environment**
 - NOCV-enablement keys
 - ANSI System keys
 - Extended System keys (ESYS)



IDCAMS => PRINT INDATASET('ckds dsn') COUNT(20)

TechDoc PRS1953 – Utility to allow migration from a CPACF/PCI based CKDS back to a CCF (9672/z800/z900) system

Where was the PKDS Initialized?

- **CCF => Signature Master Key (SMK) & Key Management Master Key (KMMK)**
- **PCICC/PCIXCC/CEX2C => Asymmetric Master Key (ASYM-MK)**

The PKDS Header Record contains the hash pattern of the KMMK at +108 and the hash pattern of the SMK at +124

See ICSF Admin Guide 'Steps for setting the SMK equal to the KMMK'

Consider your crypto users

- **DB2 BIF**
- **Data Encryption Tool for IMS and DB2**
- **System SSL**
- **Encryption Facility**
- **Encryption Key Manager (EKM)**
- **OEM products**
- **Applications**



TEST!

Master Keys on the DR System

- **Hot-site (DASD mirroring)**
 - CKDS/PKDS are mirrored, master key changes are made on the production system and DR system

- **Warm/Cold-site (Tapes restored)**
 - System Volumes Encrypted - If the keys are stored on the z/OS system, then the driver system that restores the tapes, must have access to those keys
 - Application Data Encrypted – DR system may be used to recover data

Recovering Master Keys

- **Master Keys**

- Passphrase Initialization, PPINIT (Master Key Only)
- ISPF Panels for ICSF (Master Key Only)
- Trusted Key Entry Workstation



- **Master keys are installed into secure hardware**

- Once loaded, no way to retrieve them!
- Master keys must be available to the DR hardware

- **Use the MKVP (SYM-MK/CKDS) and the Hash Pattern (ASYM-MK/PKDS) to ensure you're loading the right keys**

- **Weak keys cannot be loaded in a PCICC/PCIXCC/CEX2C (see the Admin Guide)**

Restoring the DR environment – Encrypted Tape Drives

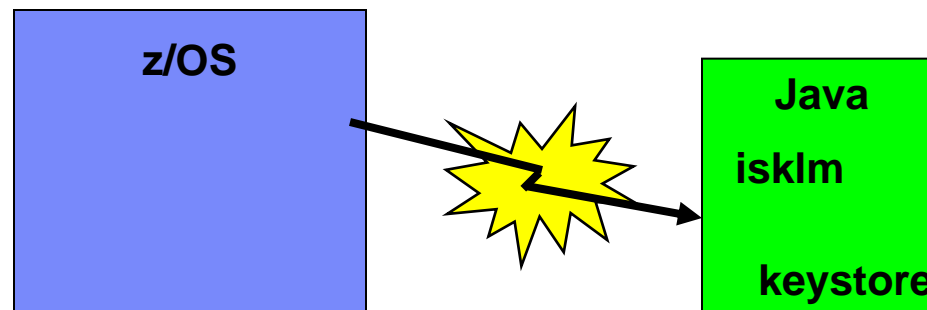
- **If your backups are encrypted – where is your key repository?**
 - IBM Security Key LifeCycle Manager (ISKLM) under Unix System Services (USS) and key repository using RACF, or ICSF or RACF and ICSF
 - Plus – key security provided by RACF, ICSF and secure key hardware
 - Minus – must make the RSA keys available on the driver system, where the tapes are restored

z/OS	USS
ICSF, RACF, or RACF/ICSF	I S K L M

If the RSA keys are stored in ICSF, then the PKDS must be available to the driver system, which means the driver system must have secure hardware and the associated ASYM-MK must be loaded

Restoring Tapes – Encrypted Tape Drives (cont.)

- **If your backups are encrypted – where is your key repository?**
 - ISKLM on a remote system (z/OS or not)
 - Plus – driver system can connect to the production ISKLM and key repository
 - Minus – key protection provided by the non-z/OS platform



Restoring tapes – Encryption Facility

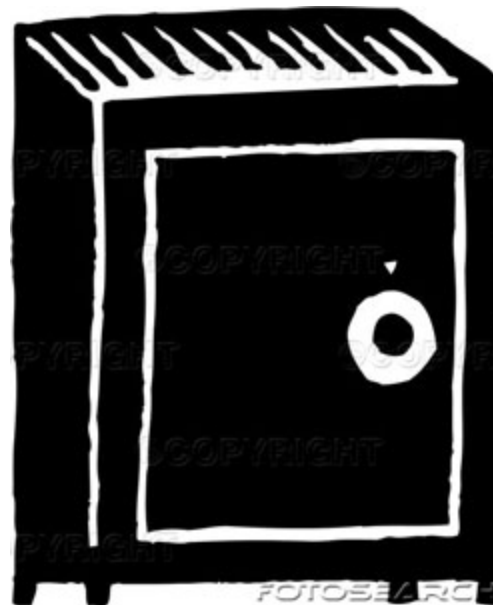
- **Password option – the password must be provided to the restore job on the driver system**
- **RSA Option – RSA keys in the PKDS must be available on the driver system, along with the ASYM-MK that is associated with that PKDS**

AND

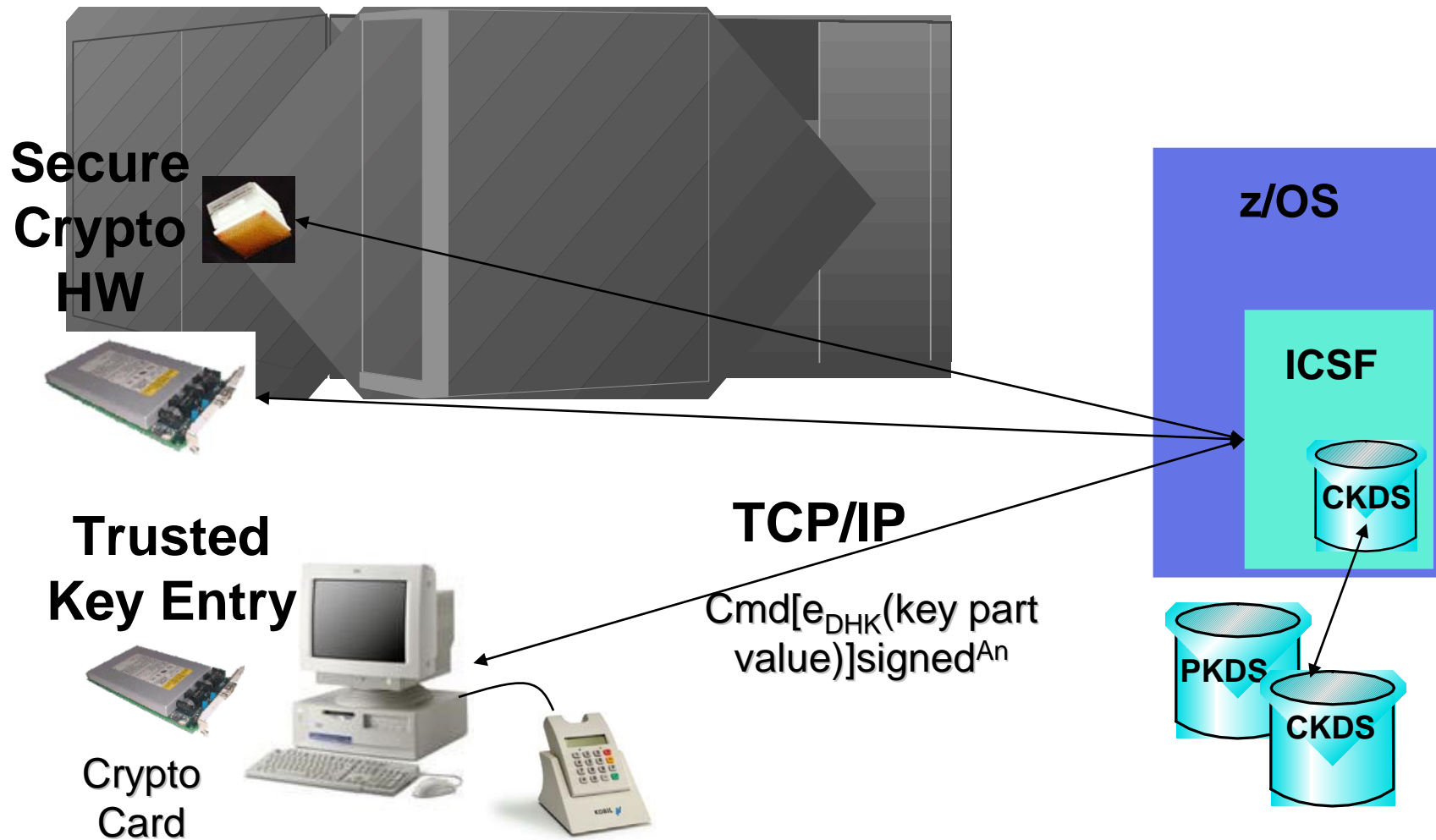
- **Specific hardware may be required**
 - microcode must be installed
 - CLRAES – potential performance issues if the driver system doesn't provide AES hardware
 - ENCTDES – driver system must have secure hardware
 - RSA Keys > 1048-bits in length require PCICC, PCIXCC or CEX2C

Restoring tapes – OEM Products

- **Where is the key repository?** If it uses the CKDS or PKDS, then the CKDS and/or PKDS must be available on the driver system



TKE – Trusted Key Entry Workstation

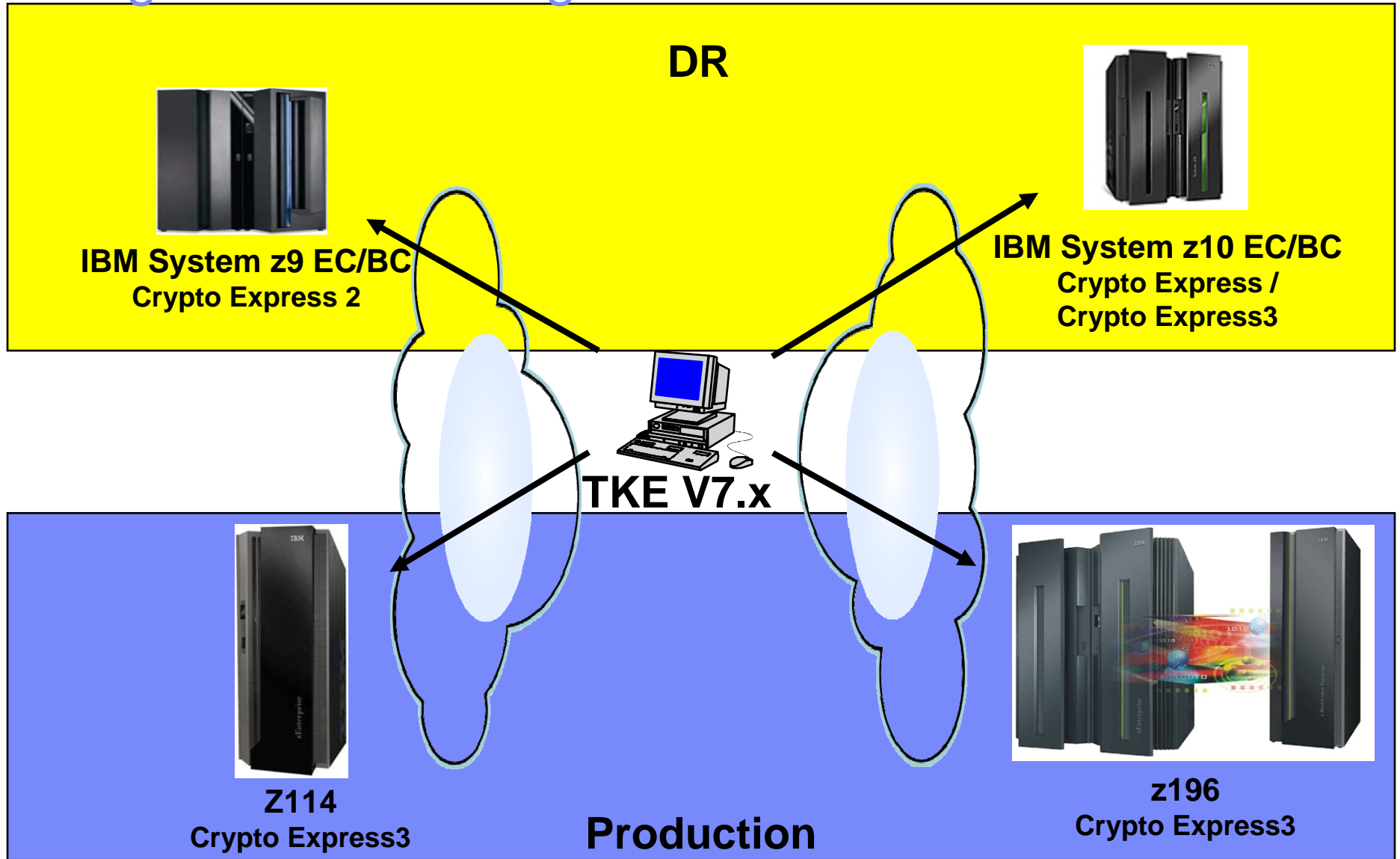


TKE Configuration for Backup and Recovery

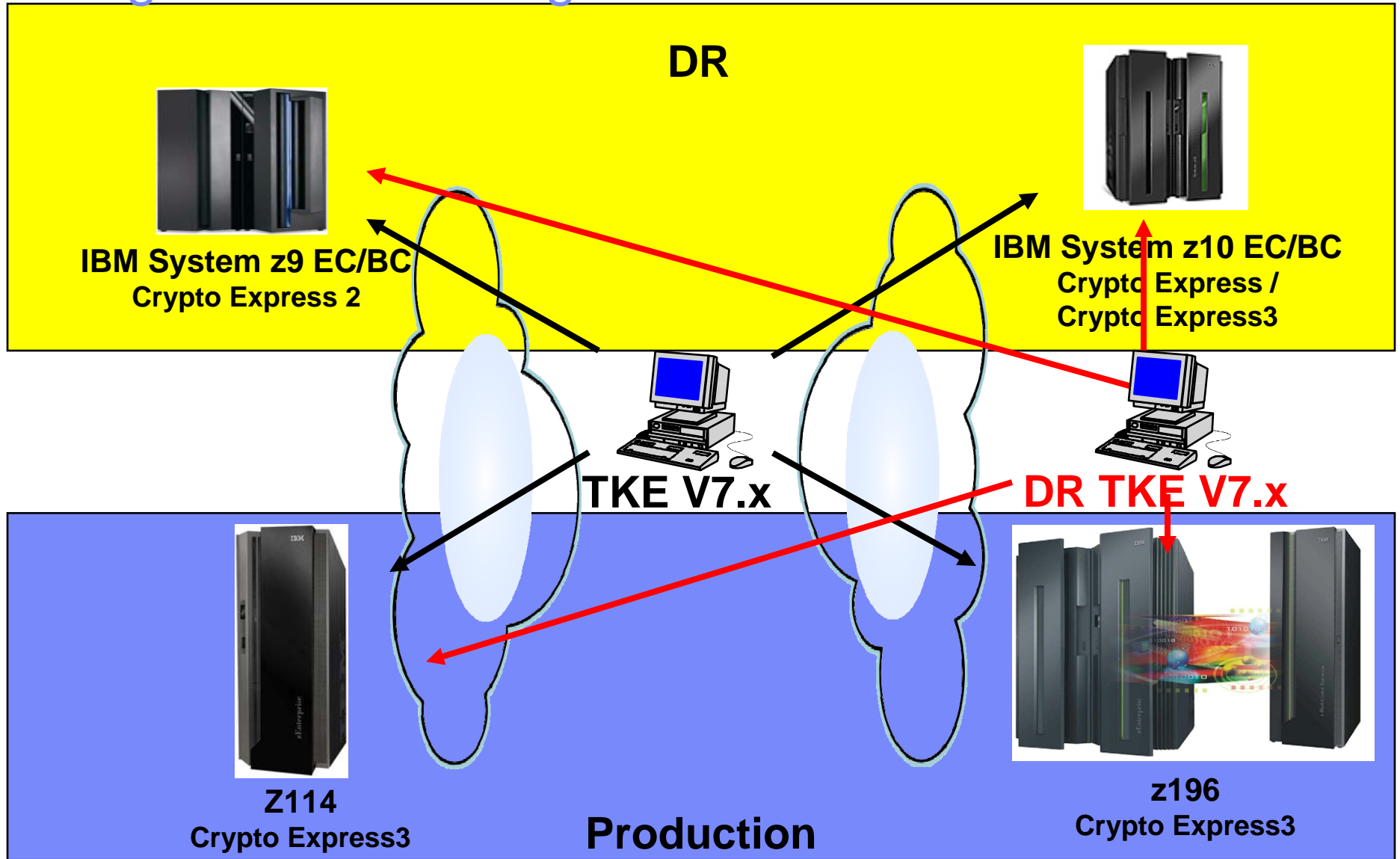
- **TKE Workstation Crypto Adapter**
 - Profiles
 - Roles
- **Host Crypto Adapter**
 - User/Authority
 - Roles



Using a TKE to manage the DR site



Using a TKE to manage the DR site



TKE Migration Wizard

Wizard is the implementation of a
secure protocol

**for collecting, saving, and installing data
from one cryptographic adapter to another.**

Data includes Key Material!

TKE Backup/Recovery for Host Files

- **TKECM – Crypto Module Data set defined to the Host Transaction Program**
 - Contains info about TKE application windows
 - Crypto module notebooks (descriptions, domain descriptions, authority information)
 - Backup for recovery purposes, but may need to be recreated at a DR site if the crypto modules and configuration are not identical
- **Host Configuration – IP Addresses configured properly**



TKE Backup/Recovery for Workstation Files

- **Backup Critical Console Data**
 - intended for protecting from a failed harddrive, applicable for DR **IF** the TKEs are identical
- **Backup Utility (TKE Prior to V5)**
- **TKE File Management Utility (TKE V5 and later)**

Workstation Files

- **host.dat – definitions for host sessions and related data, includes CMID and public modulus for each crypto module**
- **group.dat – group definitions**
- ***.rol & *.pro – smart card and passphrase roles and profiles**
 - Changes to the defaults and
 - New ones, unique to the customer
- **desstore.dat & desstore.NDX**
- **pkastore.dat & pkastore.NDX**

TKE Backup/Recovery of Keys

- **Keys**
 - Master Keys
 - Operational Keys
 - Signature Keys
- **Storage**
 - Smart Card
 - Floppy
 - Keystore
 - Print

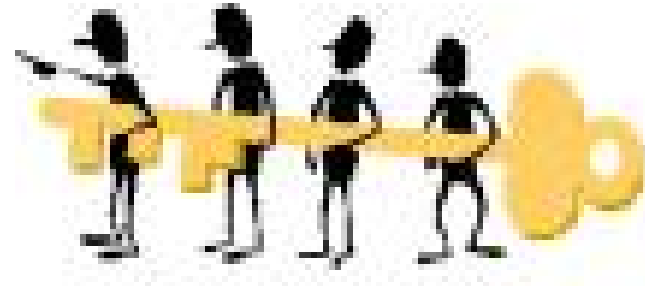


One final note

- **After a DR – exercise or the real thing**
 - Clear your master keys at the DR site

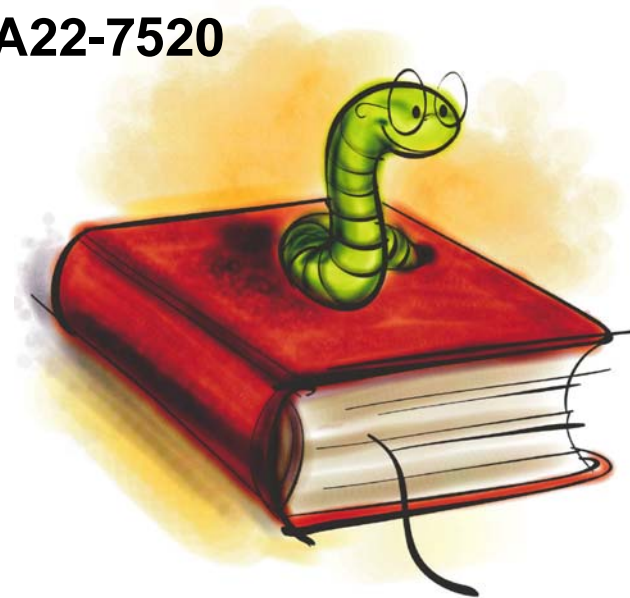
OR

- Change your master keys



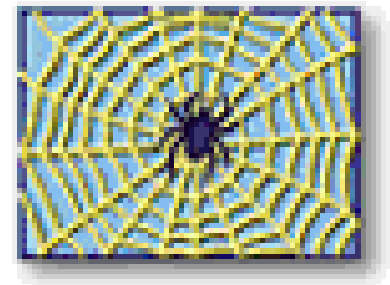
IBM Pubs

- **ICSF Overview, SA22-7519**
- **ICSF Administrator's Guide, SA22-7521**
- **ICSF Application Programmer's Guide, SA22-7522**
- **ICSF System Programmer's Guide, SA22-7520**



IBM Resources (on the web)

- **ATS TechDocs Web Site** www.ibm.com/support/techdocs
(Search All Documents for keyword of 'Crypto')
 - WP100647 – A Clear Key / Secure Key / Protected Key Primer
 - WP100810 – A Synopsis of System z Crypto Hardware
 - WP100700 – Encryption Facility for z/OS – Performance and Sizing
- **Redbooks** – www.redbooks.ibm.com on **'Crypto'**
 - System z Crypto and TKE Update, SG24-7848
 - IBM zEnterprise System Technical Introduction, SG24-7832
 - IBM zEnterprise System Technical Guide, SG24-7833
 - IBM zEnterprise 196 Configuration Setup, SG24-7834
- **'How to Setup TKE for Disaster Recovery' in Hot Topics Aug. 2007 Issue 17**
 - <http://publibz.boulder.ibm.com/epubs/pdf/e0z2n180.pdf>.



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